

Google Cloud and Hybrid Network Architecture

## Learning objectives

- Design VPC networks to optimize for cost, security, and performance.
- Configure global and regional load balancers to provide access to services.
- Leverage Cloud CDN to provide lower latency and decrease network egress.
- Evaluate network architecture using the Network Intelligence Center.
- Connect networks using peering, VPNs and Cloud Interconnect.



## Agenda

### Designing Google Cloud Networks

Design Activity #8

**Connecting Networks** 

Design Activity #9

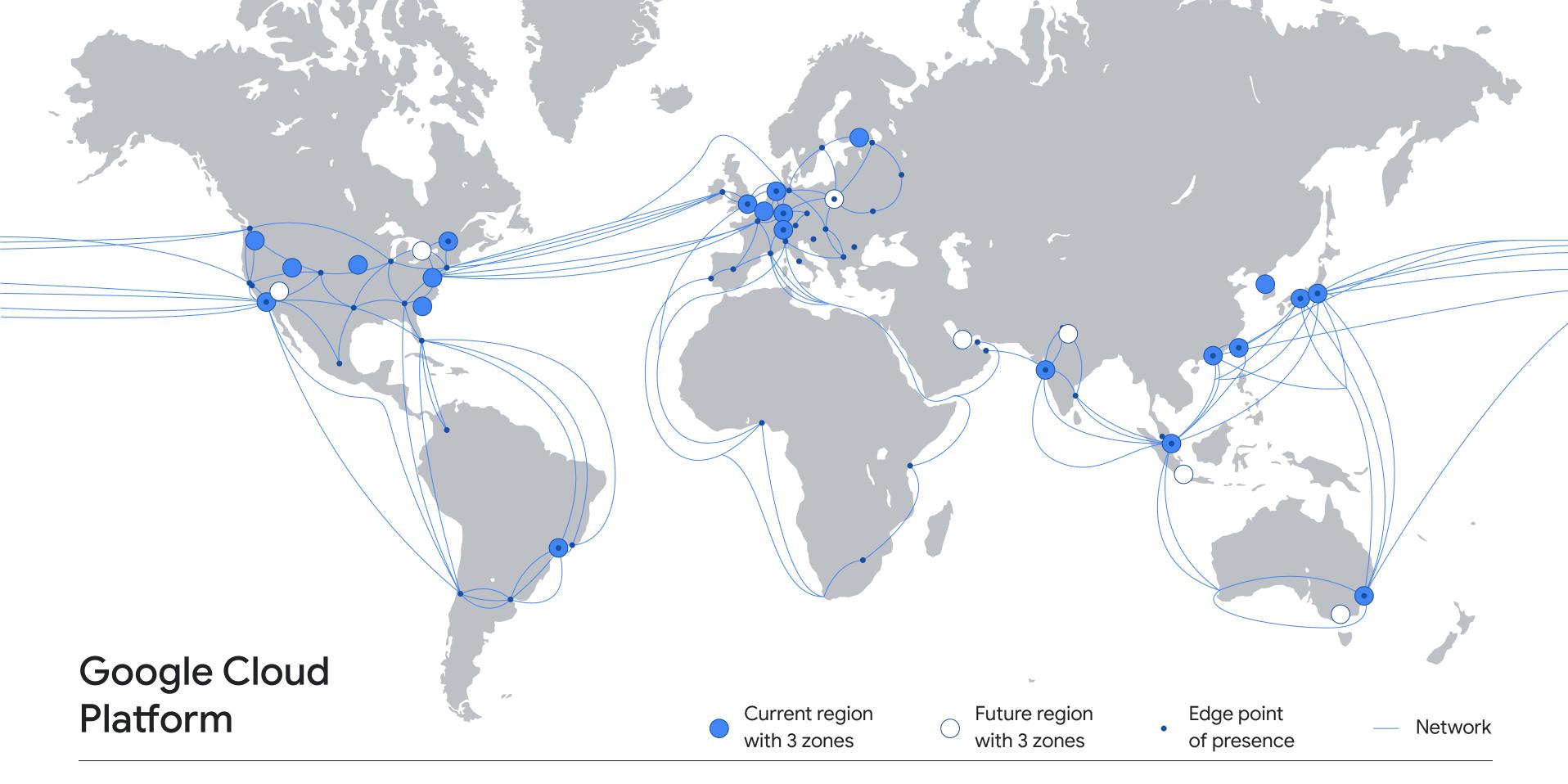


# Google runs a worldwide network that connects regions all over the world

Design your networks based on location, number of users, scalability, fault tolerance, and other service requirements.



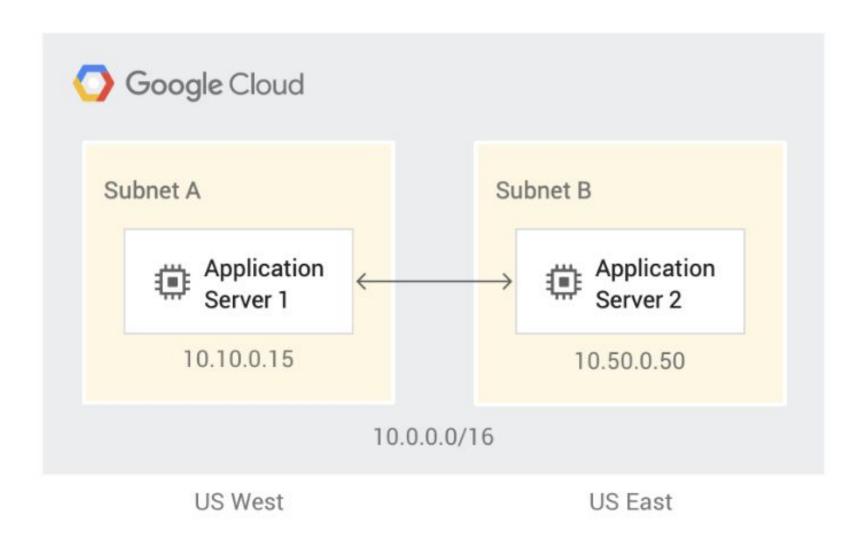




Regions, PoPs, and network

### In Google Cloud, VPC networks are global

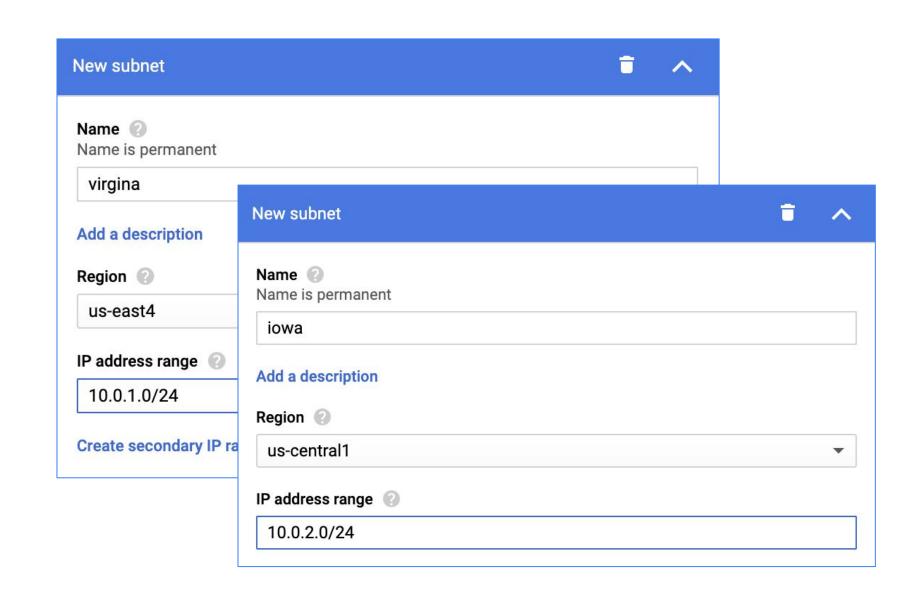
- When creating networks, create subnets for the regions you want to operate in.
- Resources across regions can reach each other without any added interconnect.
- If you are a global company, choose regions around the world.
- If your users are close together, choose the region closest to them plus a backup region.
- A project can have multiple networks.





# When creating custom subnets, specify the region and the internal IP address range

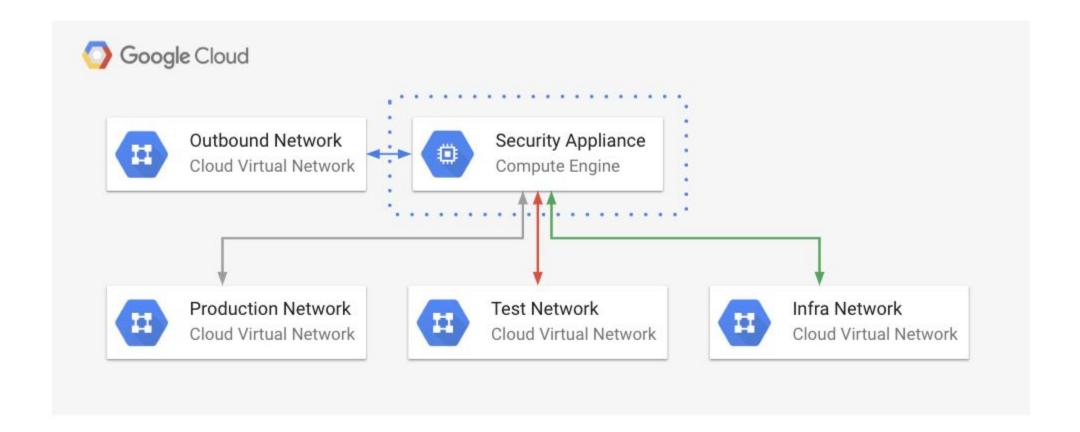
- IP address ranges cannot overlap.
- Machines in the same VPC can communicate via their internal IP address regardless of the subnet region.
- Subnets don't need to be derived from a single CIDR block.
- Subnets are expandable without down time.
- IP Aliasing or Secondary range can be set on the subnet.





# A single VM can have multiple network interfaces connecting to different networks

- Each network must have a subnet in the region the VM is created in.
- Each interface must be attached to a different VPC.
- Maximum of 8 interfaces per VM.

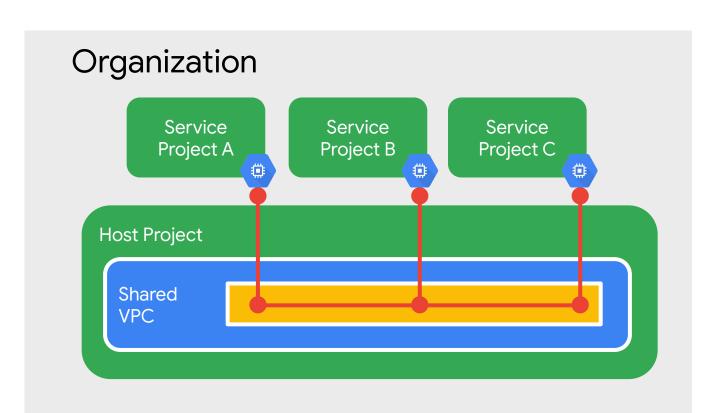




# A Shared VPC is created in one project, but can be shared and used by other projects

### Requires an organization

- Create the VPC in the host project.
- Shared VPC admin shares the VPC with other service projects.



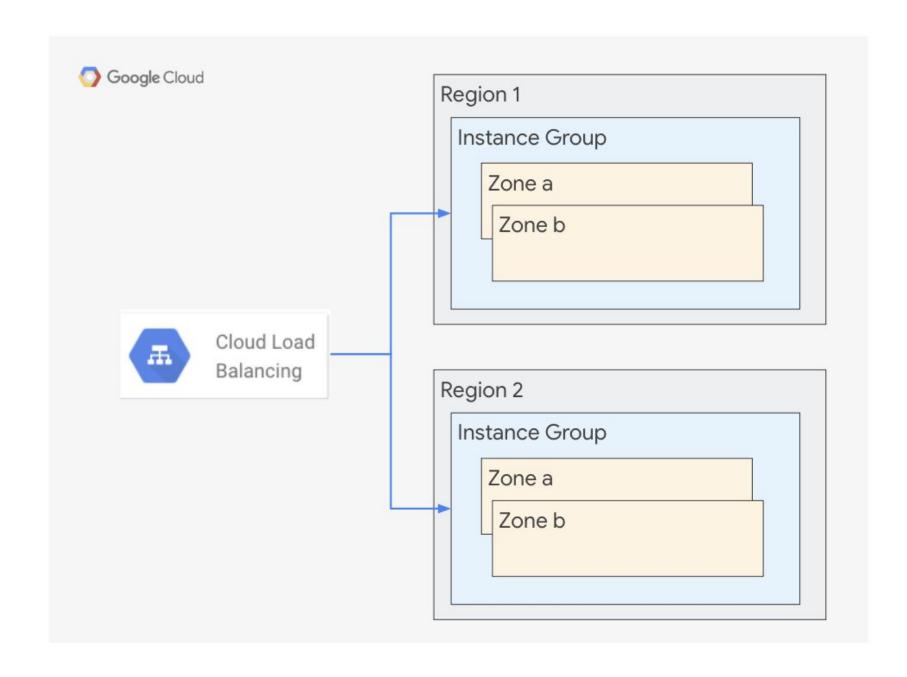
Allows centralized control over network configuration

- Network admins configure subnets, firewall rules, routes, etc.
- Remove network admin rights from developers.
- Developers focus on machine creation and configuration in the shared network.
- Disable the creation of the default network using an organizational policy.



# Use a global load balancer to provide access to services deployed in multiple regions

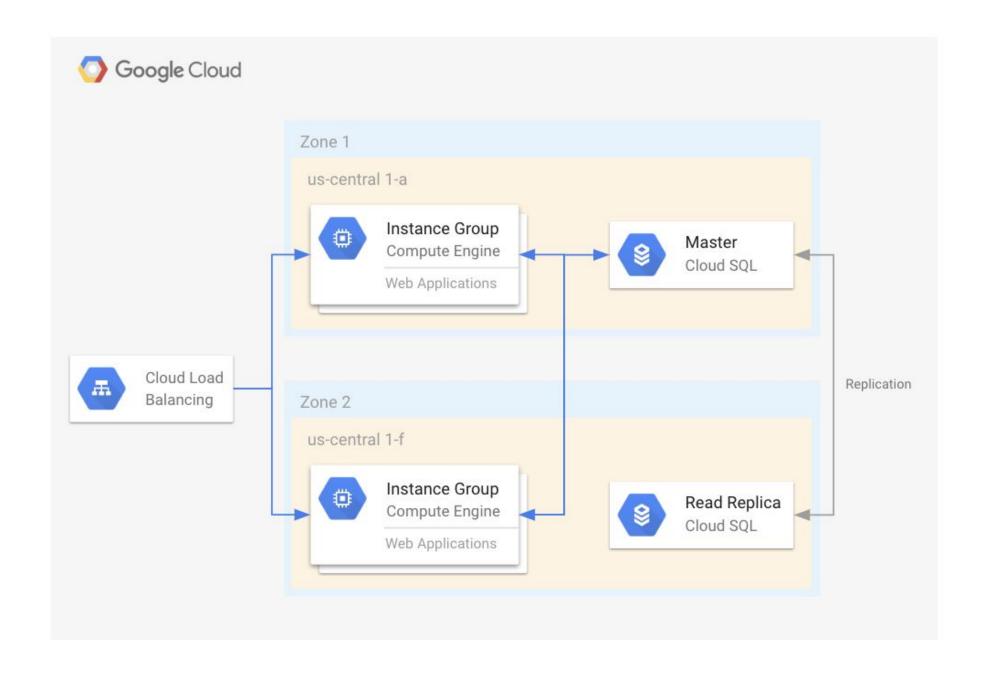
- Global load balancing supported by HTTP load balancer and TCP and SSL proxies.
- HTTP load balancer routes requests to the region closest to the user.
  - Uses a global, anycast IP address.





# Use a regional load balancer to provide access to services deployed in a single region

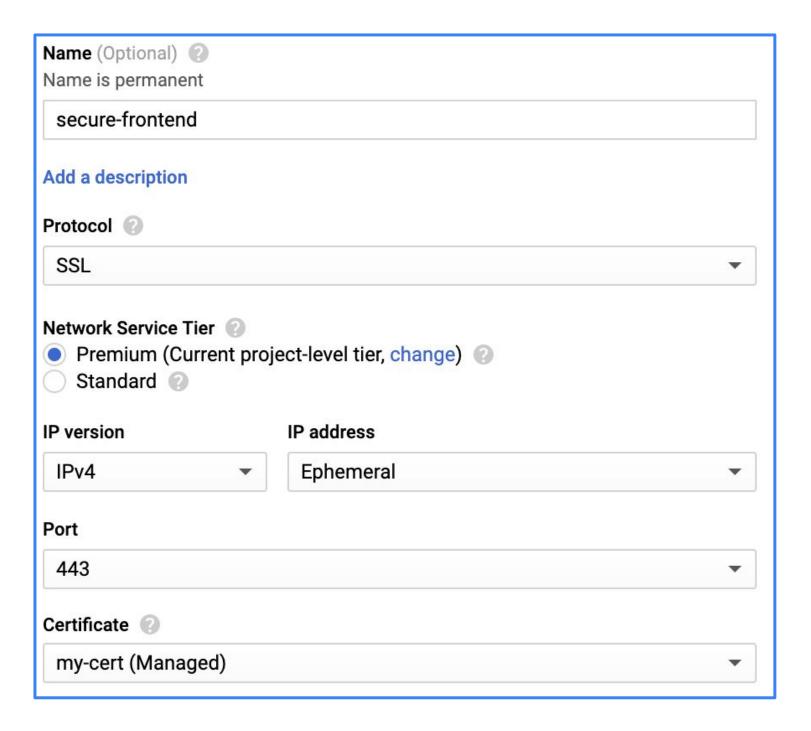
- Supported by HTTP, TCP, and UDP load balancers.
- Can have a public or private IP address.
- Can use any TCP or UDP port.





# If your load balancers have public IPs, secure them using SSL

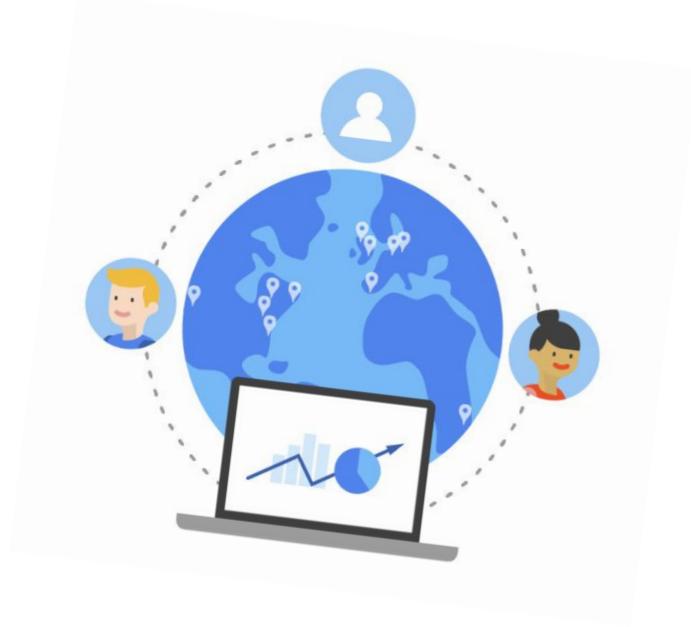
- Supported by HTTP and TCP load balancers
- Self-managed and Google-managed SSL certificates





# For lower-latency and decreased egress cost leverage Cloud CDN

- Can be enabled when configuring the HTTP global load balancer.
- Caches static content worldwide using Google Cloud edge-caching locations.
- Cache static data from web servers in Compute Engine instances, GKE pods, or Cloud Storage buckets.





### Google Cloud load balancer types and capabilities

### HTTP(S) Load Balancing

Layer 7 load balancing for HTTP and HTTPS applications Learn more

#### Configure

HTTP LB
HTTPS LB (includes HTTP/2 LB)

#### **Options**

Internet-facing or internal Single or multi-region

Start configuration

### TCP Load Balancing

Layer 4 load balancing or proxy for applications that rely on TCP/SSL protocol Learn more

### Configure

TCP LB SSL Proxy TCP Proxy

#### **Options**

Internet-facing or internal Single or multi-region

Start configuration

### **UDP Load Balancing**

Layer 4 load balancing for applications that rely on UDP protocol Learn more

### Configure

UDP LB

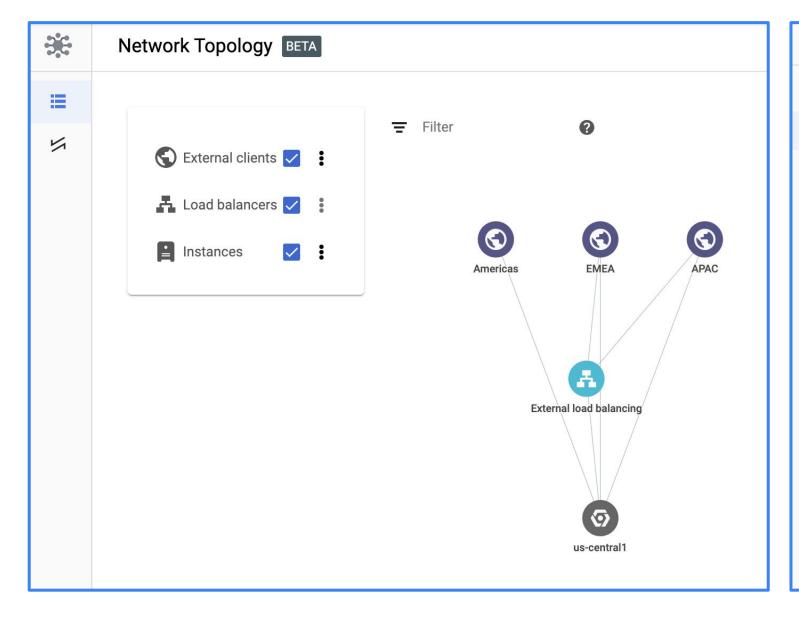
#### **Options**

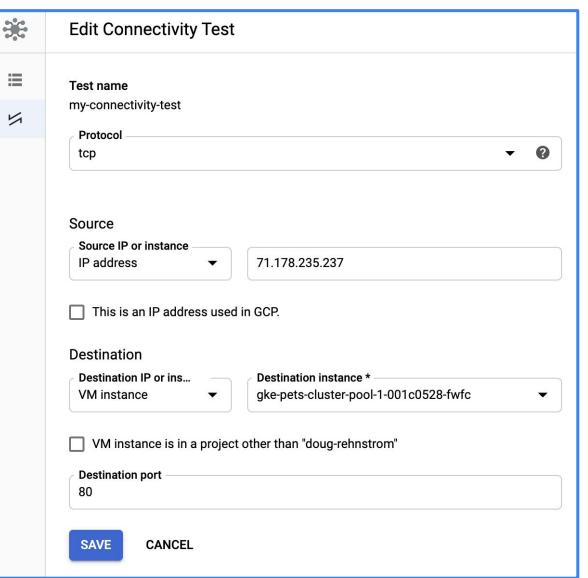
Internet-facing or internal Single-region

Start configuration



# Network Intelligence Center can be used to visualize network topology and test network connectivity







## Activity 8: Defining network characteristics

Refer to your Design and Process Workbook.

- Specify the network characteristics for your case study VPC.
- Choose the type of load balancer required for each service.





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Design Activity #8

**Connecting Networks** 

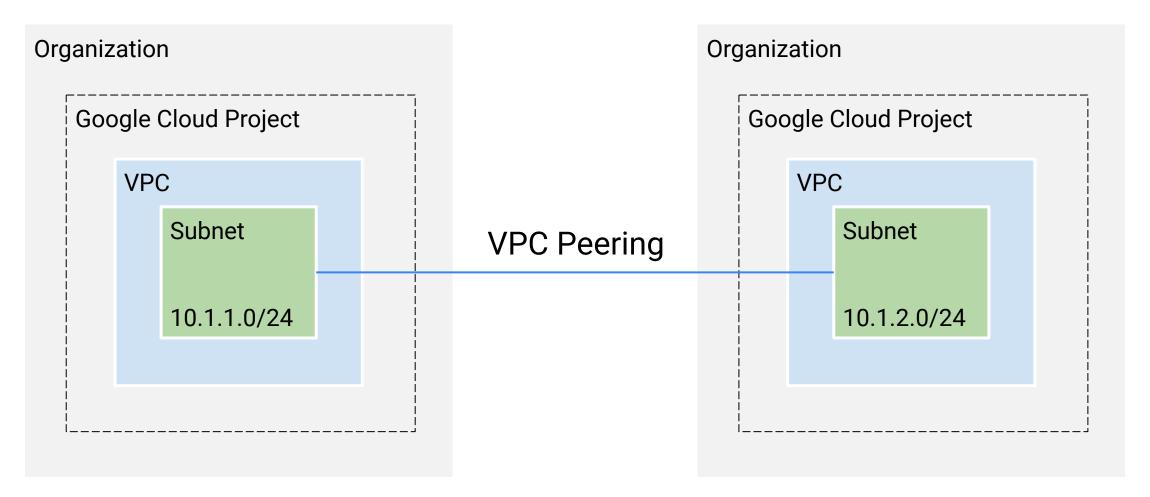
Design Activity #9





# Use VPC peering to connect networks when they are both in Google Cloud

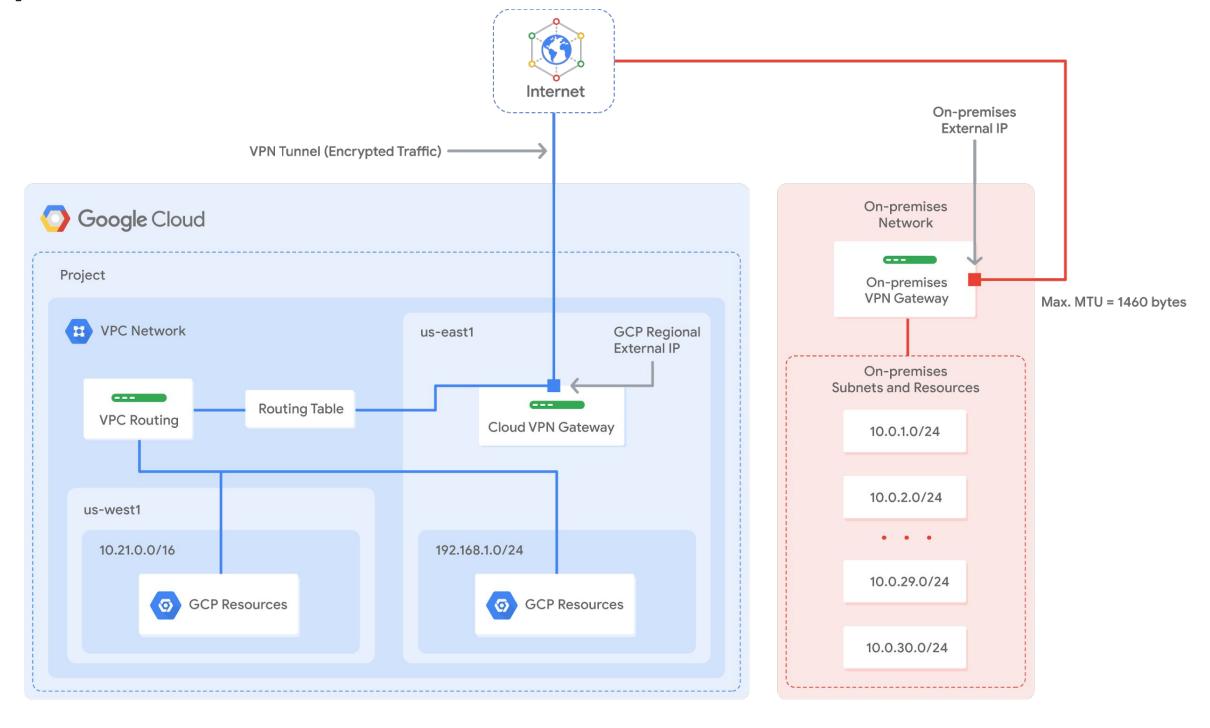
- Can be the same or different organizations.
- Subnet ranges cannot overlap.
- Network admins for each VPC must approve the peering requests.





# Use Cloud VPN to connect a Google Cloud network to a network on-premises or in another cloud

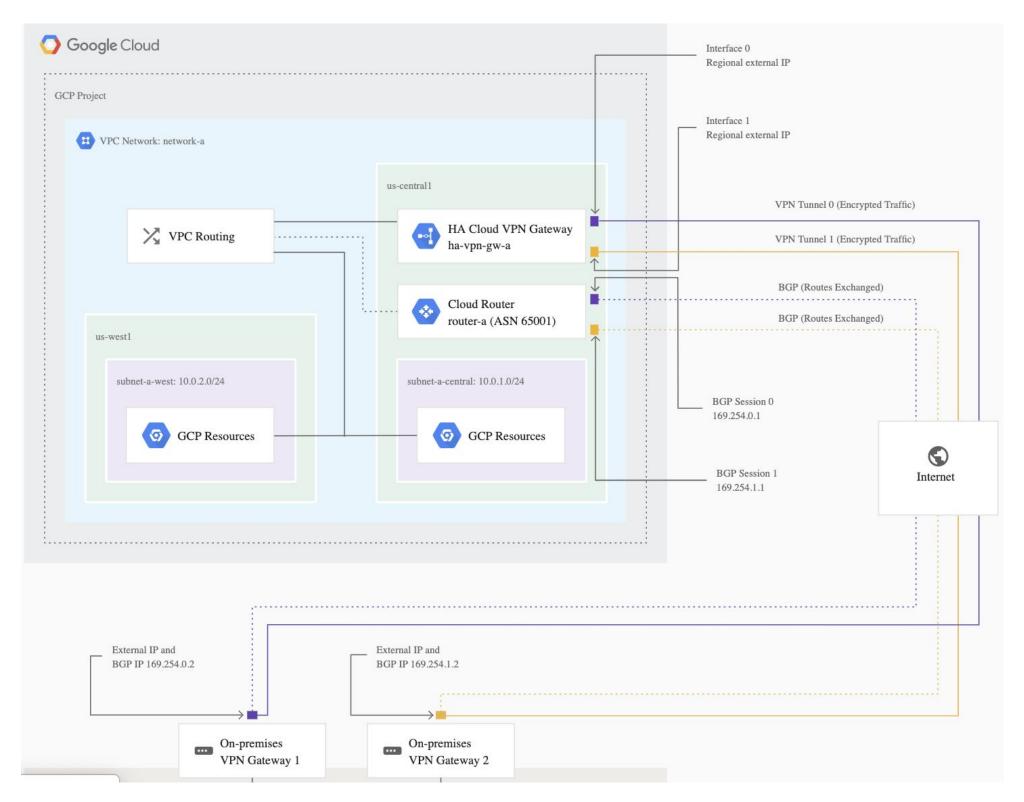
- 99.9% SLA
- For low-volume data connections
- Can configure static or dynamic routes using BGP (Border Gateway Protocol)





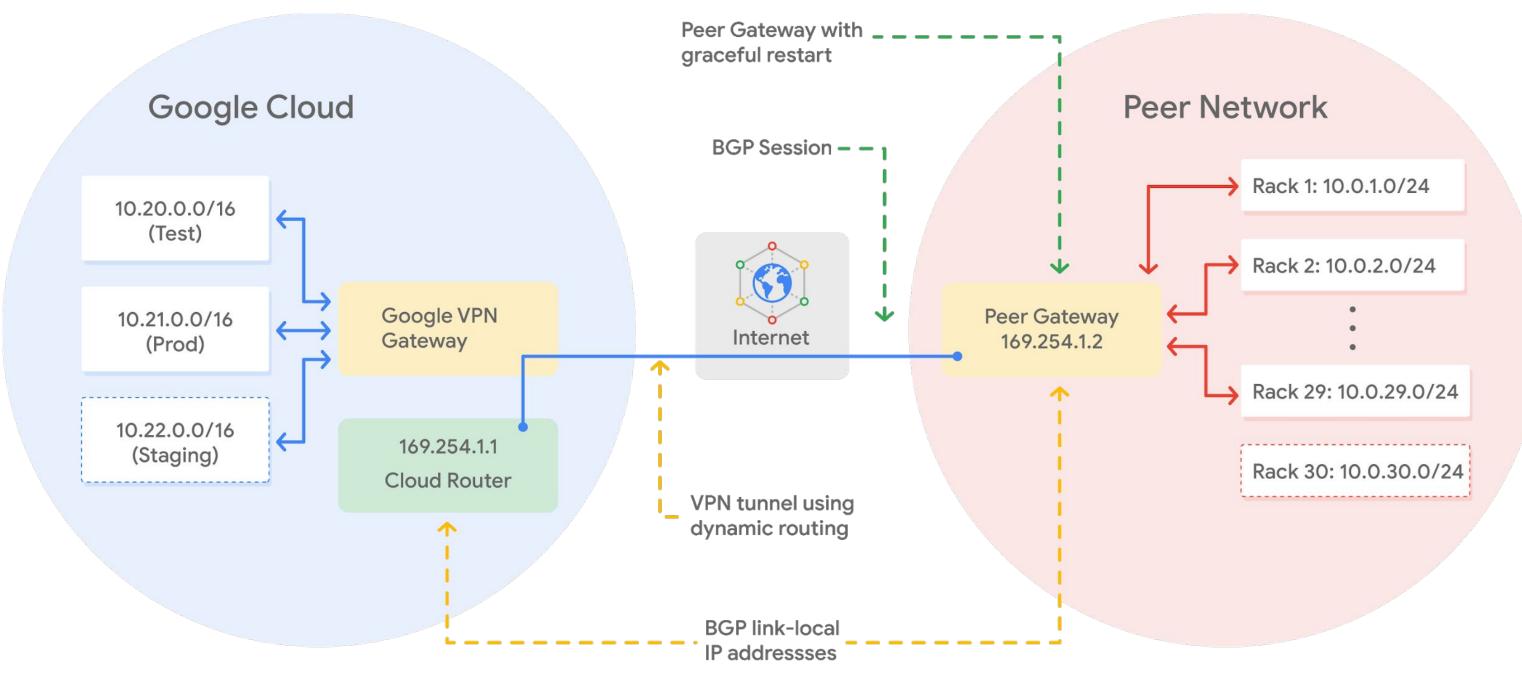
### High availability VPN ensures 99.99% availability

- VPN gateway has 2 network interfaces.
- Creates two IP addresses.
- Each gateway supports multiple VPN tunnels.





## Cloud Router enables dynamic discovery of routes between connected networks



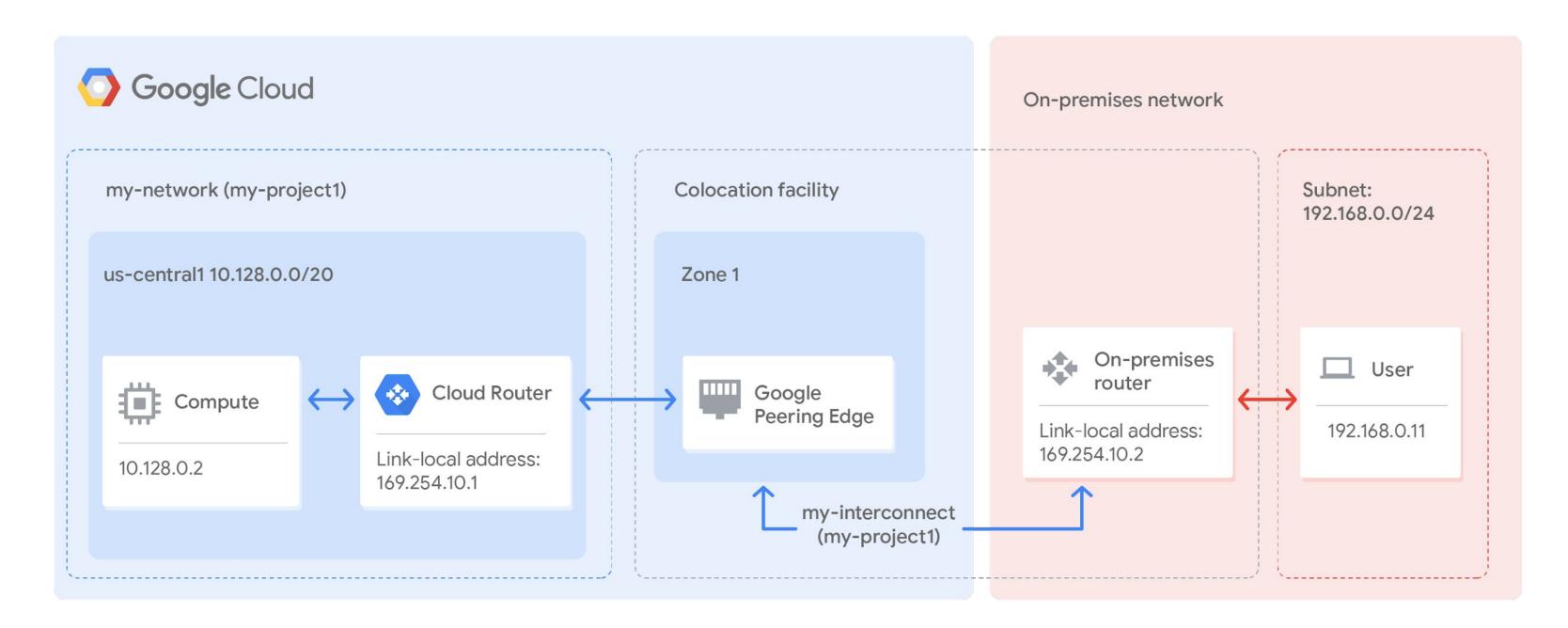


### Use Cloud Interconnect when a dedicated highspeed connection is required between networks

- Dedicated Interconnect provides a direct connection to a colocation facility.
  - From 10 to 200 Gbps
- Partner Interconnect provides a connection through a service provider.
  - Can purchase less bandwidth from 50 Mbps
- Allows access to VPC resources using internal IP address space.
- Private Google Access allows on-premises hosts to access Google services using private IPs.

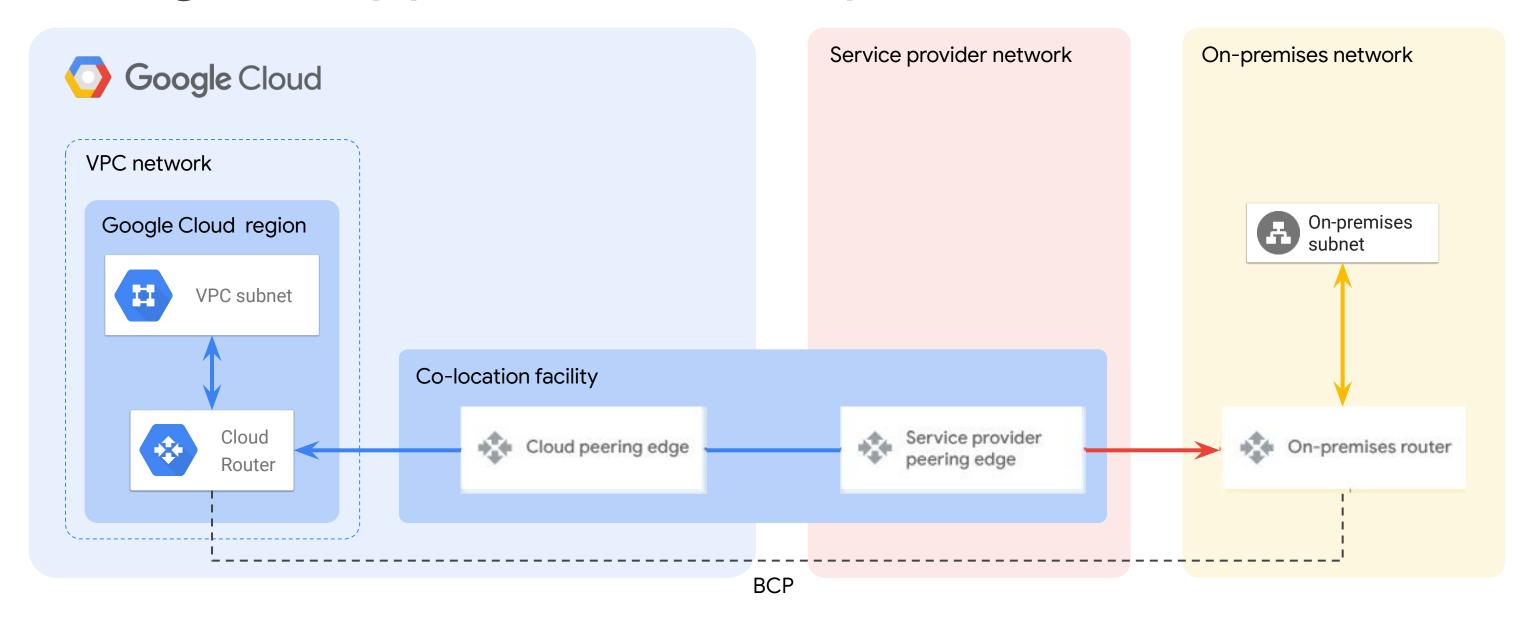


## Dedicated Interconnect provides direct physical connections





# Partner Interconnect provides connectivity through a supported service provider



# Activity 9: Diagramming your network

Refer to your Design and Process Workbook.

 Draw a diagram that depicts your network requirements.





You are deploying a large-scale web application with users all over the world and a lot of static content. Which load balancer configuration would likely be the best?

- A. TCP load balancer with SSL configured
- B. HTTP load balancer with SSL configured
- C. HTTP load balancer with SSL configured and the CDN enabled
- D. UDP load balancer with SSL configured and the CDN enabled



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You have a contract with a service provider to manage your Google VPC networks. You want to connect a network they own to your VPC. Both networks are in Google Cloud. Which connection option should you choose?

- A. VPN
- B. VPN with high availability and Cloud Router
- C. Cloud Interconnect
- D. VPC peering



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You want a secure, private connection between your network and a Google Cloud network. There is not a lot of volume, but the connection needs to be extremely reliable. Which configuration below would you choose?

- A. VPN
- B. VPN with high availability and Cloud Router
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## Review

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### More resources

Cloud networking products

https://cloud.google.com/products/networking/

Google Cloud Hybrid Connectivity

https://cloud.google.com/hybrid-connectivity/



## Google Cloud