

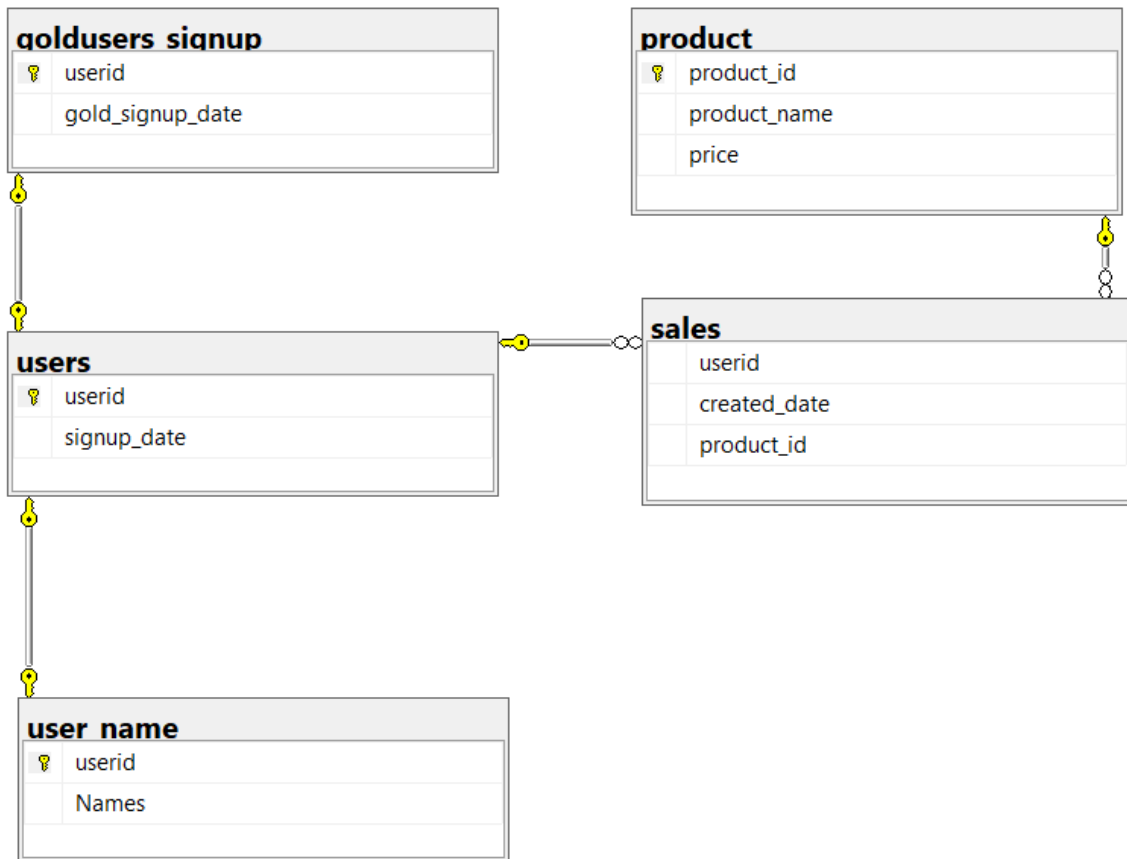
Case Study: Exploring Customer Behavior

1. Introduction

This case study aims to analyze customer behavior patterns by leveraging data from an online food delivery platform. By exploring various queries, the study identifies trends, product popularity, revenue streams, and customer preferences. The dataset contains tables representing products, sales, users, gold memberships, and user names, allowing us to derive insights into customer actions and their impact on revenue.

2. ERD Diagram


The following Entity-Relationship Diagram (ERD) represents the relationships between the database tables:



3. Data Analysis Questions and Answers

Q1. What is the total sales revenue generated by each product?

```
select p.product_id, p.product_name, sum(price) as sales_revenue from product p
join sales s on p.product_id = s.product_id
group by p.product_name, p.product_id;
```

| Results |  Messages | |
|------------|--|---------------|
| product_id | product_name | sales_revenue |
| 1 | Dal Makani | 1120 |
| 2 | Shahi Paneer | 1360 |
| 3 | Butter Chicken | 1700 |
| 6 | Fish Curry | 380 |
| 7 | Chicken Tikka | 600 |
| 8 | Mutton Biryani | 1350 |
| 9 | Veg Pulao | 200 |
| 10 | Mango Lassi | 80 |
| 11 | Gulab Jamun | 100 |

Observation: Dal Makani generates the highest sales revenue compared to others.

Q2. Which 3 product has the highest sales revenue?

```
select top 3 p.product_id, p.product_name, sum(price) as sales_revenue from product p
join sales s on p.product_id = s.product_id
group by p.product_name, p.product_id
order by sales_revenue desc;
```

Results  Messages

| product_id | product_name | sales_revenue |
|------------|----------------|---------------|
| 3 | Butter Chicken | 1700 |
| 2 | Shahi Paneer | 1360 |
| 8 | Mutton Biryani | 1350 |

Observation: Butter Chicken, Shahi Paneer, and Mutton Biryani are the top-performing products.

Q3. How many users have signed up for the service and has taken the gold membership?

```
select (select count(*) from users) as no_of_users_signed_up, count(*) as no_of_users_taken_gold_membership
from goldusers_signup;
```

| Results | Messages |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|
| no_of_users_signed_up | no_of_users_taken_gold_membership |
| 10 | 8 |

Observation: Out of 10 users, 8 have taken the gold membership.

Q4. What is the revenue generated from gold users?

```
select g.userid, un.Names, SUM(p.price) as total_revenue_by_gold_users from product p
join sales s on p.product_id = s.product_id
join goldusers_signup g on s.userid = g.userid
join user_name un on g.userid = un.userid
group by g.userid, un.Names;
```

| Results | | Messages |
|---------|--------|-----------------------------|
| userid | Names | total_revenue_by_gold_users |
| 1 | Anshul | 1000 |
| 3 | Shreya | 1340 |
| 5 | Aryan | 520 |
| 6 | Sara | 200 |
| 7 | Sahil | 750 |
| 8 | Tanvi | 750 |
| 9 | Ritika | 830 |
| 10 | Gaurav | 170 |

Observation: Gold users have contributed significantly to the overall revenue.

Q5. What is the total revenue generated from gold users?

```
select SUM(p.price) as total_revenue_by_gold_users from product p
join sales s on p.product_id = s.product_id
join goldusers_signup g on s.userid = g.userid;
```


| Results | Messages |
|-----------------------------|----------|
| total_revenue_by_gold_users | |
| 5560 | |

Observation: The total revenue from gold users is 5560.

Q6. Which users has been a gold user for the How much of time?

```
select g.userid,un.Names, g.gold_signup_date, CAST(GETDATE() AS DATE) as today ,
DATEDIFF(DAY,g.gold_signup_date,GETDATE()) as period_of_membership_in_days
from goldusers_signup g
join user_name un on g.userid = un.userid
order by period_of_membership_in_days desc;
```

Results

 Messages

| userid | Names | gold_signup_date | today | period_of_membership_in_days |
|--------|--------|------------------|------------|------------------------------|
| 6 | Sara | 2014-12-13 | 2024-12-17 | 3657 |
| 7 | Sahil | 2015-12-02 | 2024-12-17 | 3303 |
| 10 | Gaurav | 2016-09-02 | 2024-12-17 | 3028 |
| 5 | Aryan | 2016-09-08 | 2024-12-17 | 3022 |
| 3 | Shreya | 2017-04-11 | 2024-12-17 | 2807 |
| 1 | Anshul | 2017-09-02 | 2024-12-17 | 2663 |
| 9 | Ritika | 2017-12-02 | 2024-12-17 | 2572 |
| 8 | Tanvi | 2019-05-15 | 2024-12-17 | 2043 |

Observation: Sara has been a gold member for the longest period.

Q7. What is the most popular product among gold users?

```
select p.product_name, count(*) as orderd_times from product p
join sales s on p.product_id = s.product_id
join goldusers_signup g on s.userid = g.userid
group by p.product_name
order by orderd_times desc;
```

| Results | Messages |
|----------------|--------------|
| product_name | orderd_times |
| Shahi Paneer | 7 |
| Dal Makani | 4 |
| Butter Chicken | 3 |
| Mutton Biryani | 3 |
| Chicken Tikka | 2 |
| Veg Pulao | 1 |
| Fish Curry | 1 |
| Gulab Jamun | 1 |
| Mango Lassi | 1 |

Observation: Shahi Paneer is the most popular product among gold users.

Q8. What is the total sales revenue generated in each year?

```
select YEAR(created_date) as year, sum(p.price) as sales_revenue from sales s
join product p on p.product_id = s.product_id
group by YEAR(created_date);
```

| Results | Messages |
|---------|---------------|
| year | sales_revenue |
| 2014 | 400 |
| 2016 | 1330 |
| 2017 | 1950 |
| 2018 | 1470 |
| 2019 | 790 |
| 2020 | 950 |

Observation: Sales revenue was highest in 2017

Q9. How has the sales revenue changed over the years?

```
with revenue_change as(
select YEAR(created_date) as sales_year, sum(p.price) as sales_revenue from sales s
join product p on p.product_id = s.product_id
group by YEAR(created_date)
)
select sales_year, sales_revenue ,
lag(sales_revenue) over (order by sales_year) as Previous_year_revenue,
sales_revenue - lag(sales_revenue) over (order by sales_year) as revenue_change,
case
when lag(sales_revenue) over (order by sales_year) is null then null
else
((sales_revenue - lag(sales_revenue) over (order by sales_year)) * 100) / lag(sales_revenue) over (order by sales_year)
end as percentage_change
from revenue_change;
```

from revenue_change;

| Results | Messages | | | |
|------------|---------------|-----------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| sales_year | sales_revenue | Previous_year_revenue | revenue_change | percentage_change |
| 2014 | 400 | NULL | NULL | NULL |
| 2016 | 1330 | 400 | 930 | 232 |
| 2017 | 1950 | 1330 | 620 | 46 |
| 2018 | 1470 | 1950 | -480 | -24 |
| 2019 | 790 | 1470 | -680 | -46 |
| 2020 | 950 | 790 | 160 | 20 |

Observation: Sales increased by 232% in 2016 but dropped by 46% in 2019.

Q10. What is the average Gold-signup compare to just sign up for the users?

```
with user_comparison as (  
select  
(select  
count(*) from users) as no_of_users_signed_up,  
count(*) as no_of_users_taken_gold_membership from goldusers_signup  
)  
select no_of_users_signed_up, no_of_users_taken_gold_membership,  
round((cast(no_of_users_taken_gold_membership as float) * 100.0) / no_of_users_signed_up,1) as  
gold_sign_up_percentage  
from user_comparison;
```


Results Messages

| no_of_users_signed_up | no_of_users_taken_gold_membership | gold_sign_up_percentage |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 10 | 8 | 80 |

Observation: 80% of total users opted for the gold membership.

Q11. How many gold members users have order how many numbers of time ?


```
select g.userid, un.Names, count(*) as Total_orders from sales s  
join goldusers_signup g on g.userid = s.userid  
join user_name un on un.userid = g.userid  
group by g.userid, un.Names  
order by Total_orders desc;
```

| Results | |  Messages | |
|---------|--------|--|--------------|
| | userid | Names | Total_orders |
| | 1 | Anshul | 6 |
| | 3 | Shreya | 6 |
| | 5 | Aryan | 3 |
| | 7 | Sahil | 2 |
| | 8 | Tanvi | 2 |
| | 9 | Ritika | 2 |
| | 10 | Gaurav | 1 |
| | 6 | Sara | 1 |

Observation: Anshul and Shreya placed the highest number of orders among gold members.

Q12. What is the total amount each customer spend on Online Food Delivery?


```
select u.userid, un.Names, sum(p.price) as Total_spends from sales s  
join users u on u.userid = s.userid  
join user_name un on un.userid = u.userid  
join product p on p.product_id = s.product_id  
group by u.userid, un.Names;
```

| Results | |  Messages |
|---------|--------|--|
| userid | Names | Total_spend |
| 1 | Anshul | 1000 |
| 2 | Rohan | 1010 |
| 3 | Shreya | 1340 |
| 4 | Priya | 320 |
| 5 | Aryan | 520 |
| 6 | Sara | 200 |
| 7 | Sahil | 750 |
| 8 | Tanvi | 750 |
| 9 | Ritika | 830 |
| 10 | Gaurav | 170 |

Observation: Shreya spent the most on online food delivery.

Q13. What is the frequency of customer visits to the online platform?

```
select u.userid, un.Names, count(*) as Total_visits from sales s
join users u on u.userid = s.userid
join user_name un on un.userid = u.userid
group by u.userid, un.Names;
```

| Results | |  Messages |
|---------|--------|--|
| userid | Names | Total_visits |
| 1 | Anshul | 6 |
| 2 | Rohan | 4 |
| 3 | Shreya | 6 |
| 4 | Priya | 2 |
| 5 | Aryan | 3 |
| 6 | Sara | 1 |
| 7 | Sahil | 2 |
| 8 | Tanvi | 2 |
| 9 | Ritika | 2 |
| 10 | Gaurav | 1 |

Observation: Anshul visited the platform more frequently.

Q14. What was the first order purchase by each customer ?

```
with purchase_cte as (
select u.userid, un.Names, s.created_date,
rank() over (partition by u.userid order by s.created_date) as purchased_rank
from sales s
join users u on u.userid = s.userid
join user_name un on un.userid = u.userid
)
select userid,names,created_date from purchase_cte where purchased_rank = 1 order by created_date;
```

| Results | | Messages |
|---------|--------|--------------|
| userid | names | created_date |
| 7 | Sahil | 2014-04-02 |
| 5 | Aryan | 2014-07-27 |
| 1 | Anshul | 2016-03-11 |
| 2 | Rohan | 2016-05-20 |
| 3 | Shreya | 2016-11-10 |
| 6 | Sara | 2017-06-30 |
| 9 | Ritika | 2017-09-08 |
| 10 | Gaurav | 2018-09-22 |
| 8 | Tanvi | 2019-03-19 |
| 4 | Priya | 2019-05-01 |

Observation: Sahil placed the first order on 2014-04-02.

Q15. What is the most purchase item on the menu and how many times was it purchased by all customers?

```
select top 1 p.product_name, count(s.product_id) as total_purchases from sales s
join product p on p.product_id = s.product_id
group by p.product_name
order by total_purchases desc;
```

| Results | Messages |
|--------------|-----------------|
| product_name | total_purchases |
| Shahi Paneer | 8 |

Observation: Shahi Paneer is the most purchased item.

Q16. Which item was most popular for each customer ?

```
with popular_cte as (
select un.Names,p.product_name , count(p.product_id) as total_purchases ,
rank() over (partition by un.names order by count(p.product_id) desc) as purchased_rank --can use row_number() as
well but that will ignore products with same number of purchases
from sales s
join users u on u.userid = s.userid
join user_name un on un.userid = u.userid
join product p on p.product_id = s.product_id
group by un.names,p.product_name
)
select names,product_name from popular_cte where purchased_rank = 1;
```

| Results | Messages |
|---------|----------------|
| names | product_name |
| Anshul | Shahi Paneer |
| Aryan | Butter Chicken |
| Aryan | Gulab Jamun |
| Aryan | Mango Lassi |
| Gaurav | Shahi Paneer |
| Priya | Dal Makani |
| Ritika | Mutton Biryani |
| Ritika | Fish Curry |
| Rohan | Butter Chicken |
| Sahil | Mutton Biryani |
| Sahil | Chicken Tikka |
| Sara | Veg Pulao |
| Shreya | Butter Chicken |
| Shreya | Dal Makani |
| Shreya | Shahi Paneer |
| Tanvi | Mutton Biryani |

Q17. Which item was purchase first by the customer after they become a member ?

```

with purchase_cte as (
select un.Names, s.created_date as purchase_date, p.product_name ,
rank() over (partition by u.userid order by s.created_date) as purchased_rank
from sales s
join goldusers_signup u on u.userid = s.userid
join user_name un on un.userid = u.userid
join product p on p.product_id = s.product_id
where s.created_date > u.gold_signup_date
)
select Names,product_name as first_purchase from purchase_cte where purchased_rank = 1;

```

Results

Messages

| | Names | first_purchase |
|---|--------|----------------|
| 1 | Anshul | Shahi Paneer |
| 2 | Shreya | Shahi Paneer |
| 3 | Aryan | Mango Lassi |
| 4 | Sara | Veg Pulao |
| 5 | Sahil | Mutton Biryani |
| 6 | Tanvi | Mutton Biryani |
| 7 | Ritika | Fish Curry |
| 8 | Gaurav | Shahi Paneer |

Q18.Which item was purchase before the customer become a member ?

```

with purchase_cte as (
select u.userid ,un.Names, s.created_date as purchase_date, p.product_name ,u.gold_signup_date ,
rank() over (partition by u.userid order by s.created_date desc) as purchased_rank
from sales s
join goldusers_signup u on u.userid = s.userid
join user_name un on un.userid = u.userid
join product p on p.product_id = s.product_id
where s.created_date < u.gold_signup_date
)
select Names,product_name as first_purchase from purchase_cte where purchased_rank = 1;

```


| Results | Messages |
|---------|----------------|
| Names | first_purchase |
| Anshul | Shahi Paneer |
| Shreya | Butter Chicken |
| Aryan | Gulab Jamun |
| Sahil | Chicken Tikka |
| Tanvi | Chicken Tikka |
| Ritika | Mutton Biryani |

Q19. What is the total orders and amount spent for each member before they become a member ?

```
select u.userid ,un.Names, count(s.product_id) as times_purchased ,sum(p.price) as total_amount
from sales s
join goldusers_signup u on u.userid = s.userid
join user_name un on un.userid = u.userid
join product p on p.product_id = s.product_id
where s.created_date < u.gold_signup_date
group by u.userid ,un.Names;
```

group by userid, sum(times_purchased), sum(total_amount))

| Results | Messages | | |
|---------|----------|-----------------|--------------|
| userid | Names | times_purchased | total_amount |
| 1 | Anshul | 4 | 660 |
| 3 | Shreya | 3 | 670 |
| 5 | Aryan | 1 | 100 |
| 7 | Sahil | 1 | 300 |
| 8 | Tanvi | 1 | 300 |
| 9 | Ritika | 1 | 450 |

Observation: Members spent a significant amount and placed several orders before becoming gold members.

Q20. Rank all the transactions for each member whenever they are a XYZ gold member for every non gold member Transaction marks as na ?

```
select un.Names, p.product_name, p.price,
case
when g.userid is null then 'NA'
else cast(dense_rank() over (partition by un.names order by p.price desc) as varchar(2))
end as Purchase_rank
from sales s
join users u on u.userid = s.userid
join product p on p.product_id = s.product_id
left join goldusers_signup g on u.userid = g.userid
join user_name un on u.userid = un.userid;
```

| Results | Messages | | | |
|---------|----------|----------------|-------|---------------|
| | Names | product_name | price | Purchase_rank |
| | Anshul | Shahi Paneer | 170 | 1 |
| | Anshul | Shahi Paneer | 170 | 1 |
| | Anshul | Shahi Paneer | 170 | 1 |
| | Anshul | Shahi Paneer | 170 | 1 |
| | Anshul | Dal Makani | 160 | 2 |
| | Anshul | Dal Makani | 160 | 2 |
| | Aryan | Butter Chicken | 340 | 1 |
| | Aryan | Gulab Jamun | 100 | 2 |
| | Aryan | Mango Lassi | 80 | 3 |
| | Gaurav | Shahi Paneer | 170 | 1 |
| | Priya | Dal Makani | 160 | NA |
| | Priya | Dal Makani | 160 | NA |
| | Ritika | Mutton Biryani | 450 | 1 |
| | Ritika | Fish Curry | 380 | 2 |
| | Rohan | Butter Chicken | 340 | NA |
| | Rohan | Butter Chicken | 340 | NA |
| | Rohan | Shahi Paneer | 170 | NA |

Observation: Transactions made during gold membership are ranked, while non-gold transactions are marked as "NA."