# → Data Science Minor Project

## ▼ Problem statement

Create a classification model to predict whether price range of mobile based on certain specifications

## **▼** THE GIVEN DATASET

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
df = pd.read_csv('Downloads/Ajitha/mobile_price_range_data.csv')
df.head()
    battery_power blue clock_speed dual_sim fc four_g int_memory m_dep mobile_wt n_cores ... px_height px_width ram sc_
              842
                     0
                                2.2
                                           0 1
                                                                       0.6
                                                                                 188
                                                                                           2
                                                                                                                  756 2549
                                                                                                         20
             1021
                                0.5
                                           1 0
                                                                 53
                                                                       0.7
                                                                                 136
                                                                                                                 1988
                                                                                                        905
                                                                                                                      2631
              563
                                0.5
                                           1 2
                                                                       0.9
                                                                                 145
                                                                                                        1263
                                                                                                                 1716 2603
              615
                                2.5
                                           0 0
                                                                 10
                                                                       8.0
                                                                                 131
                                                                                                        1216
                                                                                                                 1786 2769
             1821
                                1.2
                                           0 13
                                                                       0.6
                                                                                 141
                                                                                           2 ...
                                                                                                        1208
                                                                                                                 1212 1411
    ws × 21 columns
```

## ▼ 1) DATA PREPROCESSING

▼ Handling null values and duplicate entries

```
df.isnull().sum()

battery_power 0
blue 0
```

```
fc
                     0
     four_g
                     0
     int memory
                     0
     m_dep
                     0
    mobile_wt
                     0
    n_cores
                     0
    рc
                     0
    px_height
                     0
    px width
                     0
     ram
                     0
     sc_h
                     0
     SC_W
    talk_time
    three_g
                     0
     touch_screen
                     0
                     0
     wifi
                     0
     price_range
    dtype: int64
df.duplicated()
     0
            False
    1
            False
            False
     3
            False
            False
     1995
            False
     1996
            False
     1997
            False
     1998
            False
     1999
            False
    Length: 2000, dtype: bool
```

clock\_speed

dual\_sim

0

0

## ▼ Checking the target variable

```
df['price_range'].value_counts()

1    500
2    500
3    500
0    500
Name: price_range, dtype: int64
```

# → 2) SPLITING DATA INTO TRAIN AND TEST

```
x = df.drop('price_range',axis = 1)
y = df['price_range']
print(type(x))
print(type(y))
print(x.shape)
     <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
     <class 'pandas.core.series.Series'>
     (2000, 20)
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.25,random_state=42)
print(x_train.shape)
print(x_test.shape)
print(y_train.shape)
print(y_test.shape)
     (1500, 20)
     (500, 20)
     (1500,)
     (500,)
```

## 3) APPLYING THE MODELS

# → a) Logistic Regression

Test Score 0.616

## ▼ PREDICTED PRICE RANGE FOR TEST DATA

```
vpred m1 = m1.predict(x test)
print(ypred m1)
     [0 2 0 3 1 2 3 0 3 3 0 1 2 3 3 2 2 2 1 0 0 1 0 2 1 1 3 3 3 0 1 0 3 0 2 3 2
      1 3 0 1 2 3 0 3 3 3 1 3 1 3 2 0 0 2 0 1 2 0 0 1 3 3 2 2 0 3 3 1 1 2 1 0 1
      2 0 0 3 2 1 3 2 1 0 1 3 3 3 3 0 3 3 3 0 3 2 2 3 2 1 0 1 0 0 1 3 3 0 0 1 0
      0 3 3 2 1 3 3 0 2 1 3 2 2 3 3 0 3 0 2 3 0 2 2 0 2 1 1 0 2 3 1 3 3 0 0 1 2
      1 2 3 1 1 0 2 3 0 1 0 1 3 3 1 2 1 0 0 2 1 3 3 1 0 0 3 1 1 2 0 1 0 0 0 1 3
      2 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 1 3 3 1 0 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 3 3 1 3 0 1 1 1 1 1 3 1 1 3 1 1 3 2
      3 0 0 3 0 2 0 0 1 0 2 3 2 1 0 2 3 1 3 3 2 3 0 3 2 2 2 3 3 1 1 3 2 1 2 3 3
      3 3 0 2 2 2 2 3 0 3 3 2 2 2 0 1 3 0 2 3 1 3 1 1 2 0 3 0 0 3 0 1 2 3 2 2 0
      1 0 0 3 3 0 1 1 2 0 3 3 3 3 1 3 2 0 3 2 3 2 0 0 1 3 1 3 1 1 2 0 3 3 2 0 2
      2 2 1 3 1 0 3 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 1 1 1 2 2 0 3 0 0 2 0 0 2 2 2 3 0 1 2 3
      3 3 2 3 1 2 0 2 1 3 3 0 1 3 1 3 2 3 1 0 3 2 0 0 3 3 1 2 3 2 0 3 0 2 2 2 0
      1 1 1 0 0 1 0 3 3 2 1 2 1 3 1 0 3 1 0 0 3 0 3 0 1 1 2 3 0 2 0 2 1 3 3 1 3
      1 2 1 0 3 2 0 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 2 3 1 0 3 1 1 1 3 3 3 2 0 2 2 0 1 2 3 1 2 0 0
      0 2 3 0 1 2 2 2 3 1 2 2 3 0 0 0 2 3 1
```

### ▼ COMPUTING CONFUSION MATRIX AND CLASSIFICATION REPORT

```
print(confusion_matrix(y_test,ypred_m1))
print(classification_report(y_test,ypred_m1))
     [[95 36 1 0]
     [24 59 26 9]
     [ 1 23 59 37]
      [ 0 3 32 95]]
                               recall f1-score
                  precision
                                                support
                       0.79
                                 0.72
                                           0.75
                                                     132
               1
                       0.49
                                 0.50
                                           0.49
                                                     118
               2
                       0.50
                                 0.49
                                           0.50
                                                     120
                       0.67
                                 0.73
                                           0.70
                                                     130
                                           0.62
                                                      500
        accuracy
                       0.61
                                 0.61
                                           0.61
                                                      500
```

0.62

500

### ▼ ACCURACY

macro avg

weighted avg

```
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
accuracy lr = accuracy score(y test, ypred m1)
print("Accuracy with Logistic regression:", accuracy lr)
```

Accuracy with Logistic regression: 0.616

0.62

0.62

## → b) KNN Classification

```
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier

knn1 = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=11)
knn1.fit(x_train,y_train)

KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=11)

print('Train Score', knn1.score(x_train,y_train))
print('Test Score', knn1.score(x_test,y_test))

Train Score 0.952
Test Score 0.938
```

### ▼ PREDICTED PRICE RANGE FOR TEST DATA

[ 0 0 7 123]]

precision

```
ypred_knn1= knn1.predict(x_test)
print(ypred_knn1)
[0 2 1 3 1 1 2 0 3 1 0 1 2 3 2 2 3 3 1 0 0 1 1 2 0 1 3 2 2 0 0 0 3 0 1 1 2
0 3 0 2 2 2 0 3 2 2 1 3 1 3 1 0 0 0 1 1 3 0 0 1 3 3 1 0 0 3 3 1 2 2 2 0 1
2 0 0 3 2 1 3 2 1 0 1 3 1 3 3 0 3 3 2 1 3 2 2 3 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 3 2 0 1 1 0
0 3 1 3 2 3 2 0 2 1 3 2 1 3 2 1 3 3 0 2 0 2 2 3 0 2 2 0 3 1 0 0 0 2 2 1 2 2 0 0 0 1
1 2 3 1 1 0 2 2 0 1 0 2 2 3 3 2 1 0 1 2 2 3 3 0 1 0 3 1 1 2 1 0 0 0 0 0 3
2 0 3 0 0 0 0 1 3 3 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 3 3 3 1 2 0 0 2 1 1 3 1 0 0 0 0 0 3
2 0 3 0 0 0 0 1 3 3 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 3 3 3 1 2 0 0 0 2 1 1 3 1 0 2 1 1 3 2
3 0 0 2 1 3 0 1 2 0 2 3 2 0 1 3 3 0 1 3 2 3 0 1 3 1 2 0 0 0 2 1 1 3 1 0 2 1 1 3 2
3 0 0 2 1 3 0 1 3 2 2 2 2 1 0 1 0 3 3 1 3 1 0 1 1 2 0 0 3 3 1 3 1 0 1 1 2 1 0 0 0 3 2 3 1
1 0 1 3 3 0 1 2 2 0 3 3 2 2 2 2 1 0 1 0 3 3 1 3 1 0 0 3 1 2 0 0 3 2 3 1 0 1 0 1 2 3 3 3 1
1 0 0 1 3 3 0 1 2 2 0 3 3 2 3 2 3 2 0 2 1 1 1 0 0 0 3 2 3 1 0 1 0 1 2 3 3 3 2
3 3 3 2 1 1 0 3 1 3 3 0 2 3 2 1 1 3 1 0 3 1 0 0 3 0 1 0 0 1 3 3 0 2 0 1 1 3 3 1 2
0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 2 2 3 2 1 1 3 1 2 0 1 3 1 0 3 1 0 0 3 0 1 0 0 1 3 3 0 2 0 1 1 3 3 1 2
0 2 0 0 3 3 0 2 2 1 3 1 2 0 1 3 1 0 1 2 3 1]
```

recall f1-score support

### ▼ COMPUTING CONFUSION MATRIX AND CLASSIFICATION REPORT

0	0.97	0.96	0.97	132
1	0.88	0.96	0.91	118
2	0.93	0.88	0.91	120
3	0.98	0.95	0.96	130
accuracy			0.94	500
macro avg	0.94	0.94	0.94	500
weighted avg	0.94	0.94	0.94	500

### ▼ ACCURACY

```
accuracy_knn = accuracy_score(y_test, ypred_knn1)
print("Accuracy with KNN Classification:", accuracy_knn)
```

Accuracy with KNN Classification: 0.938

# → c) i) SVM Classifier with linear kernel

```
from sklearn.svm import SVC

svc_m1 = SVC(kernel = 'linear', C=10)
svc_m1.fit(x_train,y_train)

SVC(C=10, kernel='linear')

print('Train score', svc_m1.score(x_train,y_train))
print('Test score', svc_m1.score(x_test,y_test))
```

### ▼ PREDICTED PRICE RANGE FOR TEST DATA

3 0 0 2 1 3 0 1 2 0 2 3 2 0 1 3 3 0 1 3 3 3 3 3 1 2 3 3 2 1 0 3 3 1 3 3 3

```
ypred_svc_m1 = svc_m1.predict(x_test)
print(ypred_svc_m1)

[0 2 1 3 1 1 2 0 3 1 0 1 2 3 3 2 3 3 1 0 0 2 1 2 0 1 3 3 2 0 0 0 3 0 1 1 2
0 3 0 2 3 2 0 2 3 2 1 3 1 3 1 0 0 1 1 1 3 0 0 1 3 3 1 0 0 3 3 1 2 2 2 0 1
2 0 1 3 2 2 3 2 1 0 1 3 1 3 3 0 3 3 2 1 3 2 2 3 1 1 0 0 1 0 1 3 2 0 1 1 0
0 3 1 3 2 3 2 0 2 1 3 2 1 3 3 0 2 0 2 3 0 2 2 0 3 1 0 0 2 2 1 2 2 0 0 0 1
1 2 3 1 1 0 2 2 0 1 0 2 2 3 3 3 1 0 1 2 2 3 3 0 1 0 3 1 1 2 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 3
2 0 3 0 0 0 0 1 3 3 1 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 1 2 0 0 0 2 1 1 3 1 1 2 1 1 3 2
```

### ▼ COMPUTING CONFUSION MATRIX AND CLASSIFICATION REPORT

```
cm_svc1 = confusion_matrix(y_test,ypred_svc_m1)
print(cm svc1)
    [[127 5 0 0]
     [ 1 117 0 0]
     [ 0 5 110 5]
     [ 0 0 2 128]]
cls_rep_svc1 = classification_report(y_test,ypred_svc_m1)
print(cls_rep_svc1)
                              recall f1-score
                 precision
                                               support
                               0.96
                                         0.98
                      0.99
                                                   132
                      0.92
                               0.99
                                         0.96
                                                   118
               2
                      0.98
                               0.92
                                         0.95
                                                   120
              3
                      0.96
                               0.98
                                         0.97
                                                   130
                                         0.96
                                                   500
        accuracy
                                         0.96
                                                   500
       macro avg
                      0.96
                               0.96
```

### ▼ ACCURACY

weighted avg

```
accuracy_svc1 = accuracy_score(y_test, ypred_svc_m1)
print("Accuracy with SVM Classification-Linear kernel:", accuracy_svc1)
```

Accuracy with SVM Classification-Linear kernel: 0.964

0.96

0.96

500

0.97

## ▼ c) ii) SVM Classifier with rbf kernel

```
clf_rbf = SVC(kernel = 'rbf')
clf_rbf.fit(x_train, y_train)
```

```
print('Train Score',clf_rbf.score(x_train,y_train))
print('Test Score',clf_rbf.score(x_test,y_test))
Train Score 0.95533333333334
```

▼ PREDICTED PRICE RANGE FOR TEST DATA

Test Score 0 952

```
ypred svc m2 =clf rbf.predict(x test)
print(ypred svc m2)
    [0 2 1 3 1 1 2 0 3 1 0 0 2 3 2 2 3 3 1 0 0 1 1 2 0 1 3 2 2 0 0 0 3 0 1 1 2
     0 3 0 2 3 2 0 2 2 2 1 3 1 3 1 0 0 1 1 1 3 0 0 1 3 3 1 0 0 3 3 1 2 2 2 0 1
     2003223210131330332132231100100320110
     0 3 1 3 2 3 2 0 2 1 3 2 1 3 3 0 3 0 2 3 0 2 2 0 3 1 0 0 2 2 1 2 2 0 0 0 1
     1 2 3 1 1 0 2 2 0 1 0 2 2 3 3 2 1 0 1 2 2 3 3 0 1 0 3 1 1 2 1 0 0 0 0 0 3
     2 0 3 0 0 0 0 1 3 3 1 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 1 2 0 0 0 2 1 1 3 1 0 2 1 1 3 2
     3 3 0 1 2 2 2 3 0 2 3 2 2 2 1 0 1 0 3 3 1 3 1 0 3 1 2 0 0 3 0 1 2 3 3 3 0
     1 0 1 3 3 0 1 2 2 0 3 3 2 3 2 3 2 0 2 1 1 1 0 0 0 2 2 3 1 0 1 0 1 2 3 0 3
     3 2 1 3 0 0 2 1 3 2 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 2 0 0 3 3 0 3 0 0 2 0 1 2 2 2 3 0 3 2 2
     3 3 3 2 1 1 0 3 1 3 3 0 2 3 2 3 3 3 0 0 2 3 0 0 2 3 2 1 1 2 1 3 1 3 1 2 0
     0 1 0 1 0 1 0 2 2 3 2 1 1 2 1 1 3 1 0 0 3 0 1 0 0 1 3 3 0 2 0 1 1 3 3 0 2
     0 2 0 0 3 3 0 2 2 2 3 1 2 0 1 3 1 0 3 1 0 0 3 2 3 2 0 2 1 0 1 2 3 2 1 1 0
     1 2 2 1 1 1 3 1 2 0 3 2 3 1 0 1 2 3 1
```

▼ COMPUTING CONFUSION MATRIX AND CLASSIFICATION REPORT

0.98

0.92

0.95

0.96

2

0.97

0.97

0.91

0.95

0.97

0.95

0.93

0.96

132

118

120

130

```
accuracy 0.95 500
macro avg 0.95 0.95 0.95 500
weighted avg 0.95 0.95 500
```

### ▼ ACCURACY

```
accuracy_svc2 = accuracy_score(y_test, ypred_svc_m2)
print("Accuracy with SVM Classification-rbf kernel:", accuracy_svc2)
```

Accuracy with SVM Classification-rbf kernel: 0.952

## → d) Decision Tree Classifier

```
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier

clf = DecisionTreeClassifier()
    clf.fit(x_train, y_train)
        DecisionTreeClassifier()

train_score = clf.score(x_train, y_train)
    print("Train score:", train_score)

test_score = clf.score(x_test, y_test)
    print("Test score:", test_score)
```

### ▼ PREDICTED PRICE RANGE FOR TEST DATA

3 3 0 1 2 3 1 3 0 1 3 2 3 2 1 0 2 0 2 3 1 3 1 0 3 1 2 0 0 3 0 1 3 3 3 3 0 0 0 1 3 3 3 1 1 1 2 0 3 3 2 3 2 3 2 0 2 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 3 2 3 1 0 1 1 1 3 3 1 3

Train score: 1.0 Test score: 0.804

```
y_pred_dt = clf.predict(x_test)
print(y_pred_dt)

[0 2 1 3 1 2 2 0 2 1 0 1 3 2 2 2 3 3 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 1 2 2 2 0 0 0 0 3 0 2 1 2
0 3 0 2 3 2 0 2 2 1 1 3 1 3 1 0 0 0 0 1 3 0 0 1 3 3 1 0 0 3 3 1 2 2 2 0 1
3 0 0 3 2 2 3 2 1 0 1 3 2 3 3 0 3 3 2 0 3 2 2 3 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 3 2 0 1 1 0
0 2 1 2 2 2 2 0 2 1 3 2 1 3 3 0 3 1 2 3 1 2 2 0 3 1 0 0 2 3 1 3 3 0 0 0 1
2 2 3 1 1 0 2 2 0 1 0 1 2 3 3 3 1 0 1 2 2 3 3 1 1 0 3 2 2 2 1 1 0 0 0 0 3
2 0 3 0 1 0 0 1 3 3 2 0 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 1 2 0 0 0 2 1 1 3 1 1 3 1 1 3 2
3 0 0 1 1 3 0 1 2 0 2 3 2 1 1 3 3 0 2 3 3 3 0 3 1 2 3 3 3 1 1 3 3 0 3 3 3
```

```
3 2 1 2 0 0 3 1 3 3 0 2 1 2 0 2 3 1 0 0 3 3 0 3 0 0 2 0 0 1 2 2 3 0 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 1 2 0 3 2 3 3 0 2 3 2 3 3 3 1 0 2 3 3 3 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 3 1 2 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 1 2 3 3 2 1 1 3 1 0 3 1 0 1 2 0 1 0 1 1 1 3 3 0 2 0 1 1 3 3 0 2 0 1 1 3 3 0 2 0 1 1 3 3 0 2 0 1 1 3 3 0 2 0 1 1 1 3 3 0 2 0 1 1 1 0 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 3 2 2 0 2 2 3 1 0 1 2 3 1
```

### ▼ COMPUTING CONFUSION MATRIX AND CLASSIFICATION REPORT

```
cm_dt = confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred_dt)
print(cm dt)
    [[113 19 0 0]
     [ 12 92 14 0]
     [ 0 17 82 21]
     [ 0 0 15 115]]
cls_rep_dt = classification_report(y_test,y_pred_dt)
print(cls_rep_dt)
                 precision
                             recall f1-score support
                      0.90
                               0.86
                                        0.88
                                                  132
                                        0.75
                      0.72
                               0.78
                                                  118
              2
                      0.74
                               0.68
                                        0.71
                                                  120
                      0.85
                               0.88
                                                  130
                                        0.86
                                        0.80
                                                  500
```

### ▼ ACCURACY

accuracy macro avg

weighted avg

```
accuracy_dt = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_dt)
print("Accuracy with Decision Tree is:", accuracy_dt)
```

Accuracy with Decision Tree is: 0.804

0.80

0.81

0.80

0.80

500

# ▼ e) Random Forest Classifier

```
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier

clf_rfc = RandomForestClassifier()
clf_rfc.fit(x_train, y_train)
```

```
RandomForestClassifier()
```

```
train_score_rfc = clf_rfc.score(x_train, y_train)
print("Train score:", train_score_rfc)

test_score_rfc = clf.score(x_test, y_test)
print("Test score:", test_score_rfc)
```

Train score: 1.0 Test score: 0.804

#### ▼ PREDICTED PRICE RANGE FOR TEST DATA

```
y pred rfc = clf rfc.predict(x test)
print(y_pred_rfc)
     [0 2 1 3 1 2 2 0 3 1 0 1 2 3 2 2 3 3 1 0 0 1 1 2 0 1 3 2 2 0 0 0 3 0 1 1 2
      0 3 0 2 3 2 0 2 2 2 1 3 1 3 1 0 0 1 1 1 2 0 0 0 3 3 1 0 0 3 3 2 2 2 3 0 1
      2 0 0 3 2 2 3 2 1 0 1 3 2 3 3 0 3 3 2 1 3 2 2 3 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 3 2 0 1 1 0
      0 3 1 3 2 3 2 0 2 1 3 2 1 3 3 0 3 0 2 3 0 2 2 0 3 1 0 0 2 3 0 2 2 0 0 0 1
      1 2 3 1 1 0 2 2 0 1 0 2 2 2 2 2 1 0 0 2 2 3 3 1 1 0 3 1 2 2 1 0 0 0 0 0 3
      2 0 3 0 0 0 0 1 3 3 1 0 1 2 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 1 2 0 0 0 2 1 1 3 1 0 2 1 1 3 1
      2 0 0 2 1 2 0 0 2 0 1 3 2 0 1 3 3 0 1 3 2 3 0 3 1 2 3 3 2 1 1 3 3 1 3 3 3
      3 3 0 1 2 2 2 2 0 2 3 2 2 2 1 0 1 0 3 3 1 3 1 0 3 1 2 0 0 3 0 1 2 3 3 3 1
      1 0 1 3 3 0 1 1 2 0 3 3 2 3 1 3 2 0 2 1 1 1 0 0 1 3 2 3 1 0 1 0 1 3 2 0 3
      3 2 1 3 0 0 3 1 3 2 0 1 1 2 1 1 3 1 0 0 3 3 0 3 0 0 2 0 0 2 2 2 3 0 3 2 2
      3 3 3 2 1 2 0 3 1 3 3 0 2 3 2 3 3 3 0 0 2 3 0 0 2 3 2 1 1 2 1 3 1 3 1 2 0
      0 1 0 1 0 2 0 2 2 3 2 1 1 3 1 0 3 1 0 0 3 0 1 0 0 1 3 3 0 2 1 1 1 3 3 1 2
      0 2 0 0 3 3 0 2 2 1 3 1 1 0 1 3 1 0 3 1 0 0 3 2 3 2 0 2 1 0 1 2 3 2 1 0 0
      1 2 2 1 1 1 3 1 2 0 3 2 3 0 0 1 2 3 1]
```

### ▼ COMPUTING CONFUSION MATRIX AND CLASSIFICATION REPORT

0.93

0.94

0.94

132

1	0.83	0.86	0.84	118
2	0.82	0.82	0.82	120
3	0.93	0.90	0.91	130
accuracy			0.88	500
macro avg	0.88	0.88	0.88	500
weighted avg	0.88	0.88	0.88	500

## ▼ ACCURACY

```
accuracy_rfc = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_rfc)
print("Accuracy with Random forest Classifier is:", accuracy_rfc)
```

Accuracy with Random forest Classifier is: 0.88

## **→** RESULT

```
df1 = pd.read_csv('Downloads/Ajitha/result_minor_project.csv')
df1.head(6)
```

	MODEL	ACCURACY
0	Logistic Regression	61.60%
1	KNN Classification	93.80%
2	SVM Classifier - Linear kernel	96.40%
3	SVM Classifier - rbf kernel	95.20%
4	Decision Tree Classifier	80.40%
5	Random Forest Classifier	88.00%

Hence, SVM Classifier - Linear kernel gives out the most accurate price range for the mobiles from the above tested models with 96.4% accuracy.