

## Day : Loops and Iterations (5-8-2025)

1. Write a program to print numbers from 1 to 100

IPO

Input : get a value as input to print numbers from 1 to 100

Process : to get a value from 1 to 100 using the condition number $\leq$ 100

Output : output the number that is from 1 to 100

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
void main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int n=5,i;
```

```
    for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        printf("%d",i);
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

Compiled Successfully. memory: 1536 time: 0 exit code: 6

12345

2. Write a program to print even numbers from 1 to 50.

IPO

Input : to get a value as input

Process : to print even numbers from 1 to 50 using the even condition

$a \% 2 == 0$  .

Output : output the number that is from 1 to 50

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
Void main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int n;
```

```
    for(n=1;n<=50;n++)
```

```
    if (n%2==0)
```

```
    {
```

```
        printf("%d",n);
```

```
    }
```



3. Write a program to find the factorial of a number

IPO

Input : get a value as input

Process : to program the factorial of a number  $n=5!$  That is from 1,2,3,4,5

Using the condition  $f=f*i$

Output : output the factorial of number

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
void main ()
```

```
{
```

```
    int a=5,i,f=1;
```

```
    for(i=1;i<=a;i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        f=f*i;
```

```
    }
```

```
    printf("%d",f);
```

```
}
```

Compiled Successfully. memory: 1792 time: 0 exit code: 3

120

4. Write a program to calculate the sum of digits of a number.

IPO

Input : get a value as input

Process : to get the sum of digits of a number using the condition

Sum=sum+i

Output :output the the sum of digits of a number

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
void main()
```

```
{
```

```
int n=46,r,count=0,sum=0;
```

```
while(n>0)
```

```
{
```

```
    r=n%10;
```

```
    sum=sum+r;
```

```
    count++;
```

```
    n=n/10;
```

```
}
```

```
    printf("%d",sum);
```

```
}
```

Compiled Successfully. memory: 1792 time: 0 exit code: 2

10

5. Write a program to reverse a number.

IPO

Input : get a value as input

Process : to program to reverse a number while n!=0

And  $rev = rev * 10 + r$

Output : output the value of reverse a number

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
void main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int n=125,r,rev=0;
```

```
    while(n!=0)
```

```
    {
```

```
        r=n%10;
```

```
        rev=rev*10+r;
```

```
        n=n/10;
```

```
    }
```

```
    printf("%d",rev);
```

```
}
```

Compiled Successfully. memory: 1664 time: 0 exit code: 3

521

6. Write a program to check whether a number is a palindrome.

IPO

Input : to get a number as input

Process : to program the number is a palindrome while  $n > 0$

and  $rev = rev + r * c$

Output : output the number palindrome

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
void main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int r,n,on,rev=0,c=100;
```

```
    scanf("%d",&on);
```

```
    n=on;
```

```
    while(n>0)
```

```
    {
```

```
        r=n%10;
```

```
        rev=rev+r*c;
```

```
        n=n/10;
```

```
        c=c/10;
```

```
    }
```

```
    printf("%d",rev);
```

```
    if(rev==on)
```

```
        printf(" pallindrome");
```

```
    else
```

```
printf("not pallindrome");  
}
```

Compiled Successfully. memory: 1664 time: 0 exit code: 0

202 pallindrome

7. Write a program to print multiplication table of a number.

IPO

Input : get a value as input

Process : to print multiplication table of a number using the condition

$i \leq 200, n = 5$

Output : output the number of multiplication table

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
void main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int i,n=5;
```

```
    scanf("%d",&n);
```

```
    for(i=1;i<=200;i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        printf("%d*%d=%d\n",i,n,i*n);
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

Compiled Successfully. memory: 1792 time: 0 exit code: 0

```
1*5=5
2*5=10
3*5=15
4*5=20
5*5=25
```

8. Write a program to count the number of digits in a number.

IPO

Input : get a value as input

Process : to program to count the number of digits in a number using condition  $n > 0$ , count = 0.

Output : output the number of digits

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
void main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int n=125,r,count=0;
```

```
    while(n>0)
```

```
    {
```

```
        r=n%10;
```

```
        count++;
```

```
        n=n/10;
```

```
    }
```

```
    printf("%d",count);
```

```
}
```



Compiled Successfully. memory: 1664 time: 0 exit code: 1

3

9. Write a program to print the Fibonacci series up to n terms.

IPO

Input : get a value as input

Process : to print the Fibonacci series upto n =5 by considering f=s,s=t using the condition t= f+s

Output : output the value of Fibonacci series

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
void main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int f=0,s=1,t,i;
```

```
    printf("%d%d",f,s);
```

```
    for(i=1;i<=5;i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        t=f+s;
```

```
        printf("%d",t);
```

```
        f=s;
```

```
        s=t;
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
0112358
...Program finished with exit code 8
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

10. Write a program to calculate the sum of the first n natural numbers.

IPO

Input : to get a input say a

Process : to calculate the sum of the first n natural numbers by using the condition  $sum = sum + 1$  as  $sum = 0$

Output : output the sum of first n natural numbers

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
void main ()
```

```
{
```

```
    int a=5,sum=0,i;
```

```
    for(i=1;i<=a;i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        sum=sum+i;
```

```
    }
```

```
    printf("%d",sum);
```

```
}
```

Compiled Successfully, memory: 1792 time: 0 exit code: 2

15