Statistical Inference 2

Ajith Masthan

May 17, 2020

Statistical Inference Part-2

Overview

ToothGrowth data is loaded and some basic exploratory data analyses is performed Basic Summarixations of the data is done Confidence intervals and/or hypothesis tests are used to compare tooth growth by supp and dose. The finally few conclusions are made along with assumptions needed for those conclusions.

Data Import

```
# Libraries
library(ggplot2)
library(datasets)
library(gridExtra)
library(GGally)

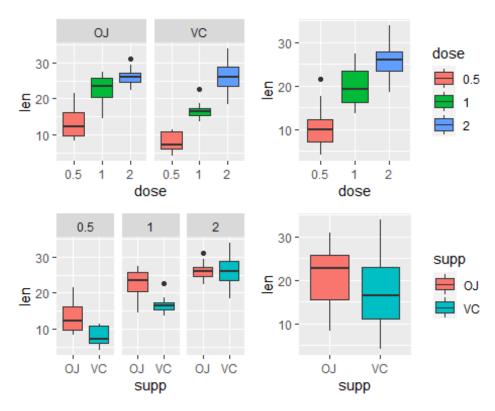
## Registered S3 method overwritten by 'GGally':
## method from
## +.gg ggplot2

# Vitamin C effect on Tooth Growth in Guinea Pigs
data(ToothGrowth)
toothGrowth <- ToothGrowth
toothGrowth$dose <- as.factor(toothGrowth$dose)</pre>
```

Summaries

```
str(toothGrowth)
## 'data.frame':
                   60 obs. of 3 variables:
  $ len : num 4.2 11.5 7.3 5.8 6.4 10 11.2 11.2 5.2 7 ...
   $ supp: Factor w/ 2 levels "OJ", "VC": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
   $ dose: Factor w/ 3 levels "0.5","1","2": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
summary(toothGrowth)
##
        len
                   supp
                            dose
##
  Min. : 4.20
                   OJ:30
                           0.5:20
  1st Qu.:13.07
                   VC:30
                           1 :20
##
## Median :19.25
                           2 :20
          :18.81
## Mean
##
  3rd Qu.:25.27
## Max.
          :33.90
head(toothGrowth)
##
     len supp dose
## 1 4.2
          VC 0.5
## 2 11.5
           VC 0.5
## 3 7.3
           VC 0.5
```

```
0.5
## 4 5.8
            VC
## 5
      6.4
            VC
                0.5
## 6 10.0
            VC
                0.5
table(toothGrowth$supp, toothGrowth$dose)
##
##
        0.5
            1 2
##
        10 10 10
     OJ
##
     VC
        10 10 10
```



Analysis of Variance (ANOVA)

```
anova.out <- aov(len ~ supp * dose, data=toothGrowth)</pre>
summary(anova.out)
##
               Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value
                                             Pr(>F)
                   205.4
                            205.4 15.572 0.000231 ***
## supp
                2 2426.4
                           1213.2
                                  92.000
                                            < 2e-16 ***
## dose
## supp:dose
                2
                   108.3
                             54.2
                                    4.107 0.021860 *
## Residuals
               54
                   712.1
                             13.2
##
                   0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Signif. codes:
```

Observation: There is a relationship between the length (len) and dosage (dose) (F(1,54)=15.572;p<0.01) length(len) and supplement type (supp) (F(2,54)=92;p<0.01). Combination of supplement type (supp) and dosage (dose) compared to the length (len) (F(2,54)=4.107;p<0.05).

```
TukeyHSD(anova.out)
## Tukey multiple comparisons of means
## 95% family-wise confidence level
##
## Fit: aov(formula = len ~ supp * dose, data = toothGrowth)
```

```
##
## $supp
         diff
                    lwr
##
                               upr
                                       p adj
## VC-0J -3.7 -5.579828 -1.820172 0.0002312
##
## $dose
##
           diff
                      lwr
                                 upr
                                       p adj
         9.130
                6.362488 11.897512 0.0e+00
## 1-0.5
## 2-0.5 15.495 12.727488 18.262512 0.0e+00
          6.365
                 3.597488
                           9.132512 2.7e-06
## 2-1
##
## $`supp:dose`
                  diff
##
                               lwr
                                          upr
                                                  p adj
## VC:0.5-0J:0.5 -5.25 -10.048124 -0.4518762 0.0242521
                  9.47
                         4.671876 14.2681238 0.0000046
## 0J:1-0J:0.5
## VC:1-0J:0.5
                  3.54
                        -1.258124 8.3381238 0.2640208
## 0J:2-0J:0.5
                 12.83
                         8.031876 17.6281238 0.0000000
## VC:2-0J:0.5
                 12.91
                         8.111876 17.7081238 0.0000000
## 0J:1-VC:0.5
                 14.72
                         9.921876 19.5181238 0.0000000
## VC:1-VC:0.5
                  8.79
                         3.991876 13.5881238 0.0000210
## 0J:2-VC:0.5
                 18.08
                        13.281876 22.8781238 0.0000000
## VC:2-VC:0.5
                 18.16
                        13.361876 22.9581238 0.0000000
## VC:1-0J:1
                 -5.93 -10.728124 -1.1318762 0.0073930
                                   8.1581238 0.3187361
## 0J:2-0J:1
                  3.36
                        -1.438124
## VC:2-0J:1
                  3.44
                        -1.358124 8.2381238 0.2936430
## 0J:2-VC:1
                  9.29
                         4.491876 14.0881238 0.0000069
## VC:2-VC:1
                  9.37
                         4.571876 14.1681238 0.0000058
                  0.08
## VC:2-0J:2
                        -4.718124 4.8781238 1.0000000
```

Observation: There are significant differences between each of the groups in supp and dose Only the interactions between VC:0.5-OJ:0.5; VC:1-OJ:0.5; OJ:2-OJ:1; VC:2-OJ:1 and VC:2-OJ:2 are not significant

```
confint(anova.out)
                      2.5 %
##
                               97.5 %
## (Intercept)
                10.9276907 15.532309
## suppVC
                -8.5059571 -1.994043
## dose1
                 6.2140429 12.725957
## dose2
                 9.5740429 16.085957
## suppVC:dose1 -5.2846186
                            3.924619
## suppVC:dose2 0.7253814
                             9.934619
print(model.tables(anova.out, "means"), digits=3)
## Tables of means
## Grand mean
##
## 18.81333
##
##
    supp
## supp
            VC
##
      OJ
## 20.66 16.96
##
##
    dose
## dose
```

```
## 0.5 1 2

## 10.60 19.73 26.10

##

## supp:dose

## dose

## supp 0.5 1 2

## 0J 13.23 22.70 26.06

## VC 7.98 16.77 26.14
```

Conclusions

Supplement and the dosage have clear individual effects on the length of teeth in guinea pigs. More the means on average longer teeth. Supplement type has a clear influence but OJ has a greater avarage teethgrowth in combination with dosages 0.5 and 1 then for the VC supplement. While teeth length for the VC supplement vs the OJ in combination with dosage 2 has no significant effect (almost same mean & same confidence interval)

These conclusions are based on the assumptions of the facts that

- The guinea pigs are repesentative for the population of guinea pigs,
- The dosage and supplement were randomly assigned and
- The distribution of the means is normal.