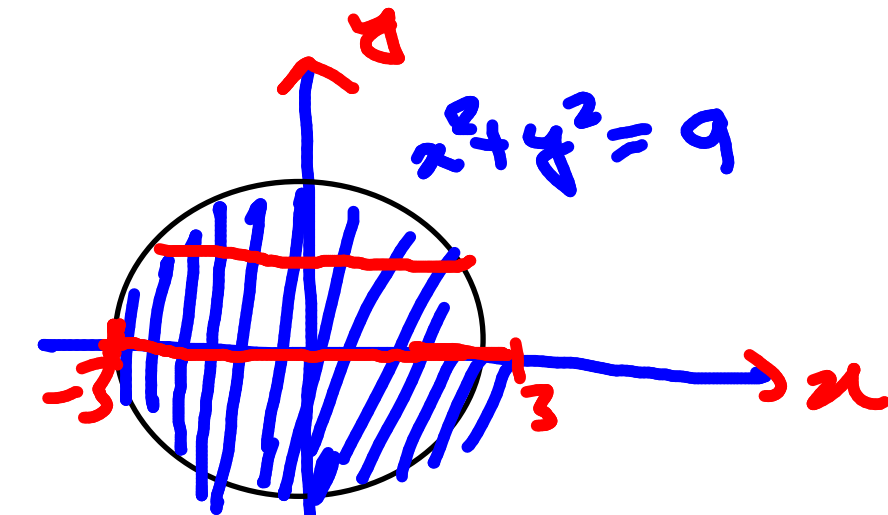


EXAMPLE 2 Find the domain and range of $g(x, y) = \sqrt{9 - x^2 - y^2}$.

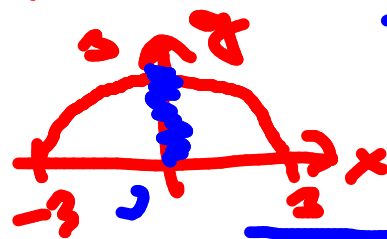


domain: collection of
all (x, y) s.t.

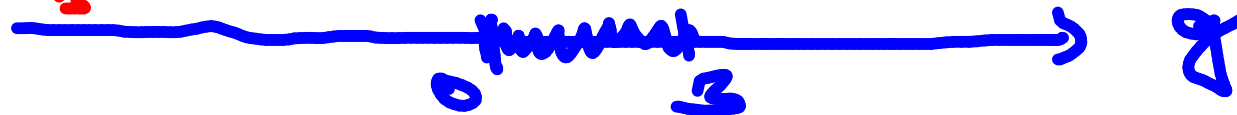
$$9 - x^2 - y^2 \geq 0$$

i.e. - $\boxed{x^2 + y^2 \leq 9}$
disc

$$g = \sqrt{9 - x^2}$$



g : disc \rightarrow real numbers
range = $\{g(x, y) \mid (x, y) \in \text{domain}\}$



$$\text{Range}(g) = [0, 3]$$

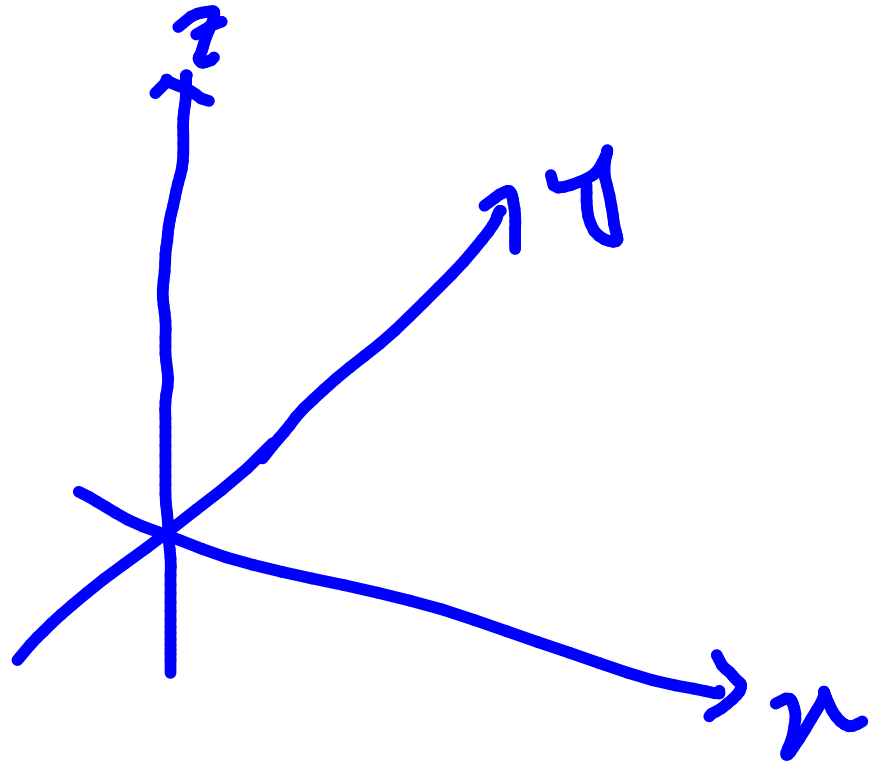
What's a multivariable function??

$$f(x, y) = xy$$

$$f(x, y, z) = xyz^2$$

$$V(l, b, h) = lbh$$

$$V(r, h) = \pi r^2 h$$

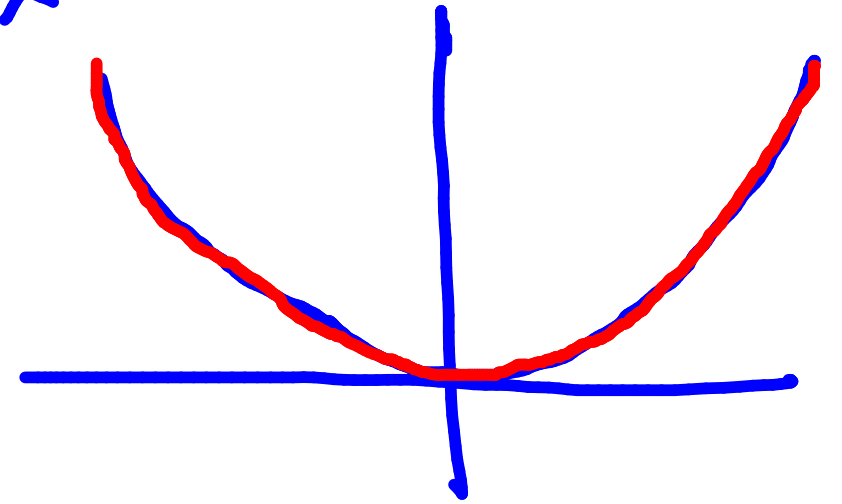


$T(x, y, z)$ = temperature
at point x, y, z

GRAPHS

$$= \{ (x, y) \mid z = x^2 \}$$

$$f(x) = x^2$$



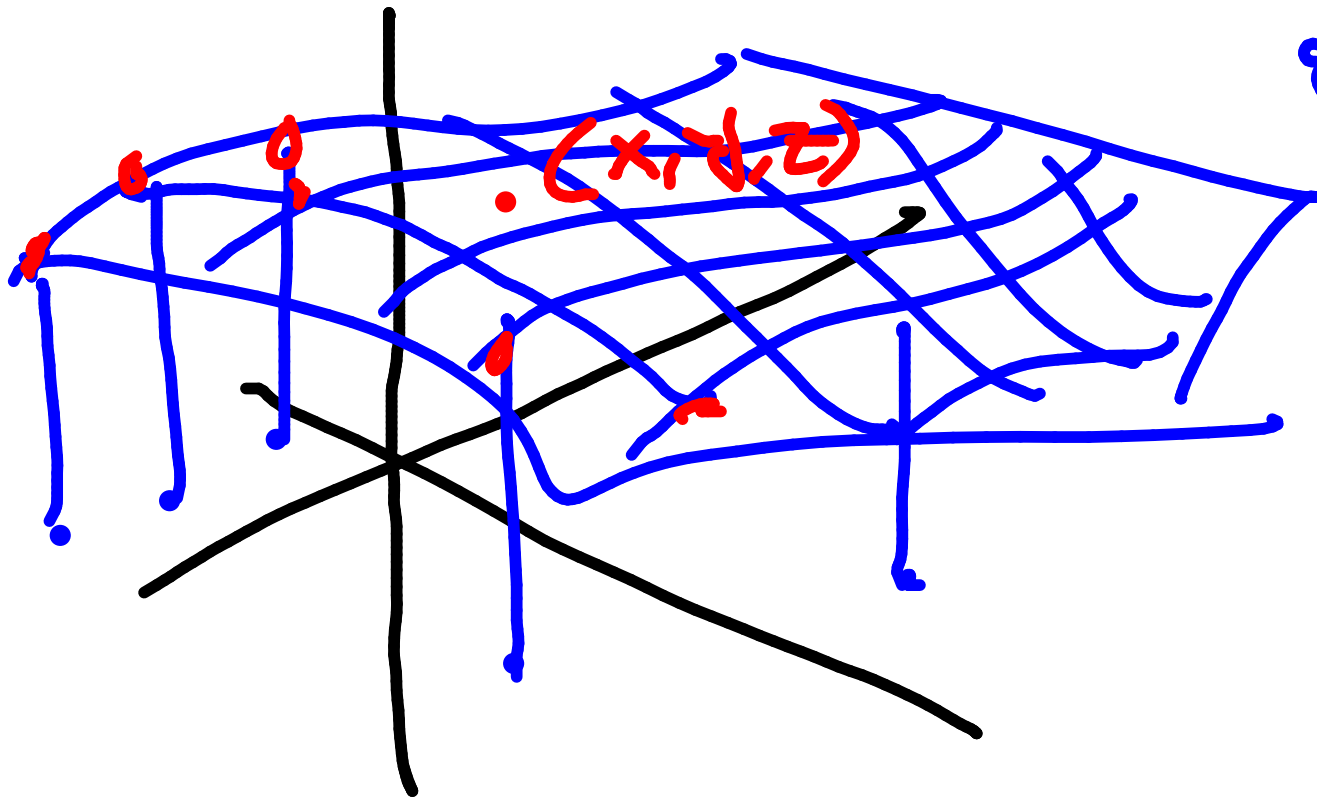
DEFINITION If f is a function of two variables with domain D , then the **graph** of f is the set of all points (x, y, z) in \mathbb{R}^3 such that $z = f(x, y)$ and (x, y) is in D .

↙
↓
3d space

$$f(x, y) = x^2 + y^2$$

graph??

graph will lie in 3d space
 $(x, y, f(x, y))$



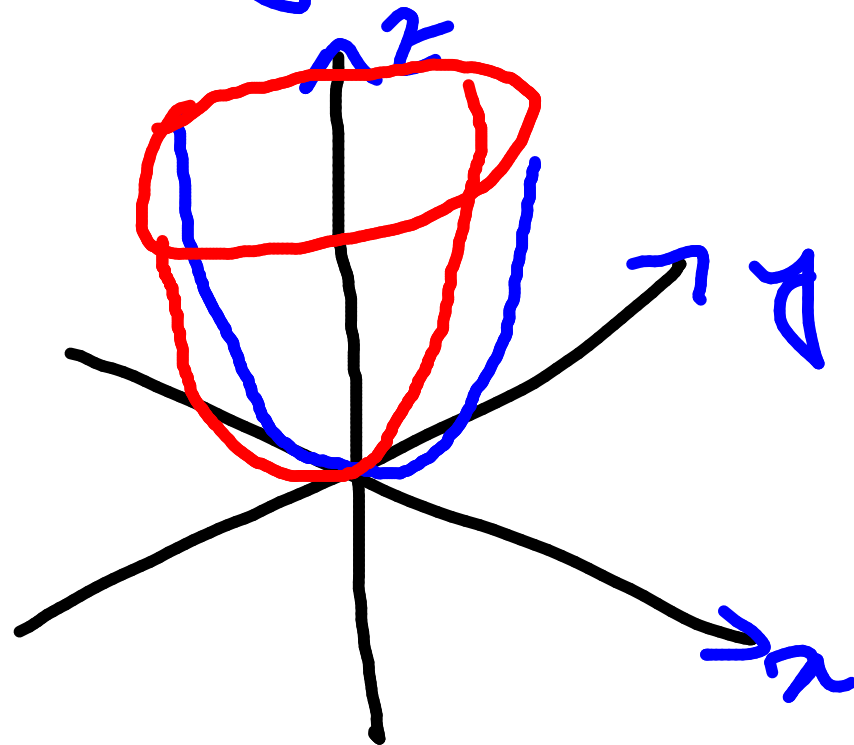
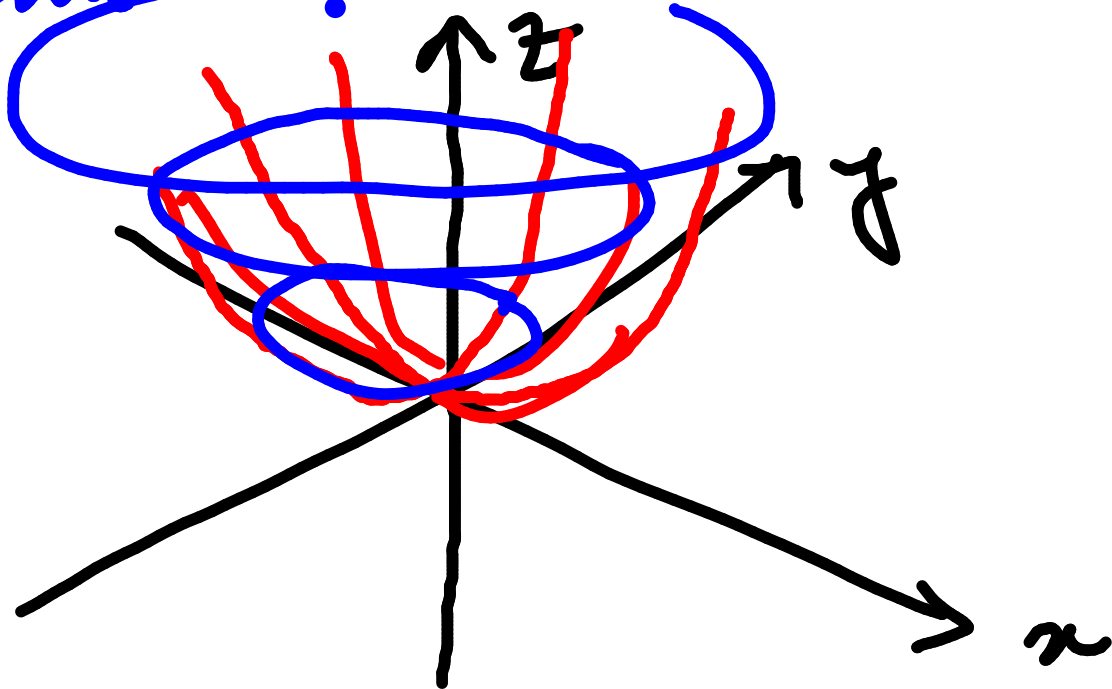
graph

$$= \{(x, y, z) \mid z = x^2 + y^2\}$$

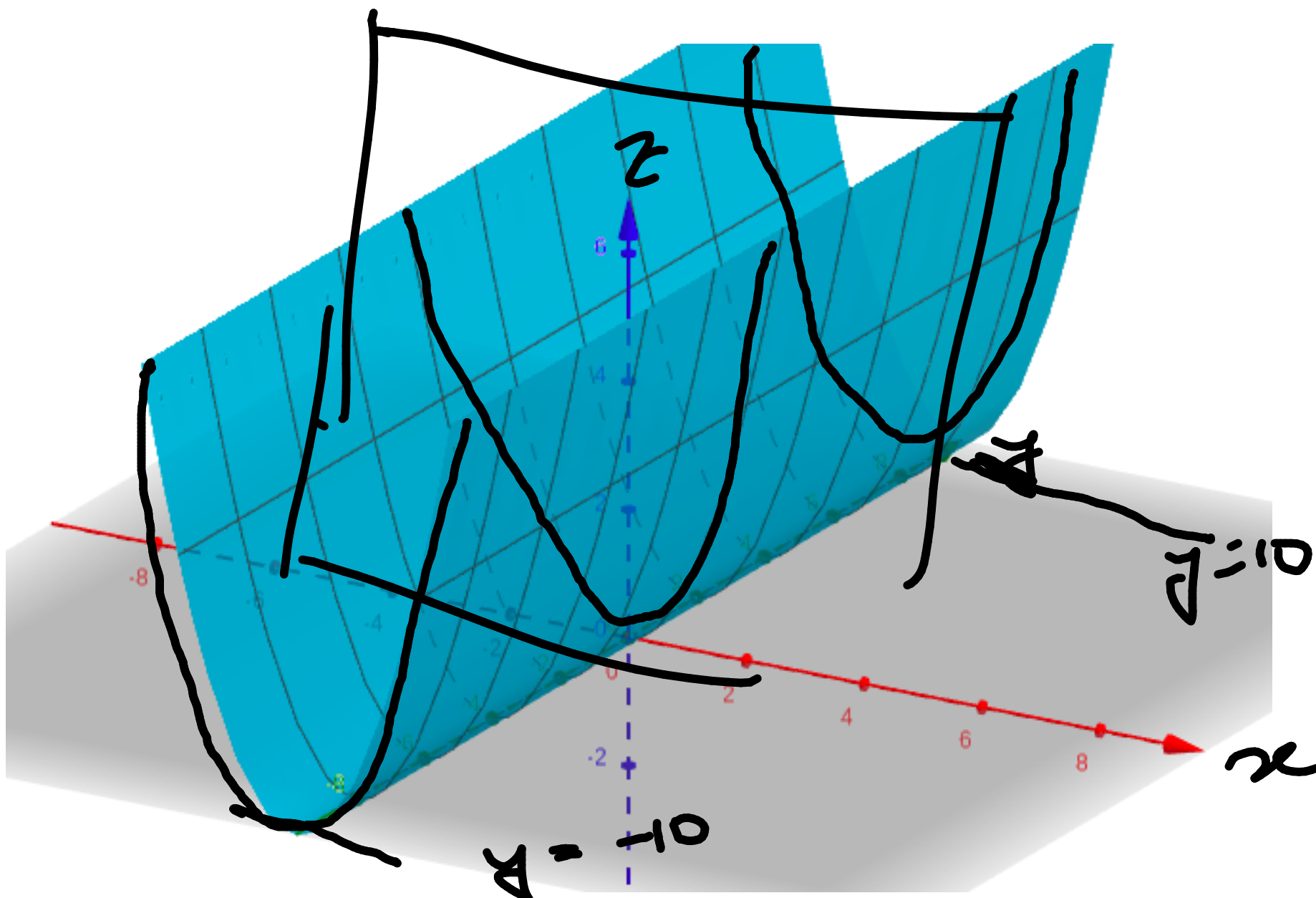
Q. Draw the graph of

$$f(x,y) = x^2 + y^2$$

domain? the entire xy plane

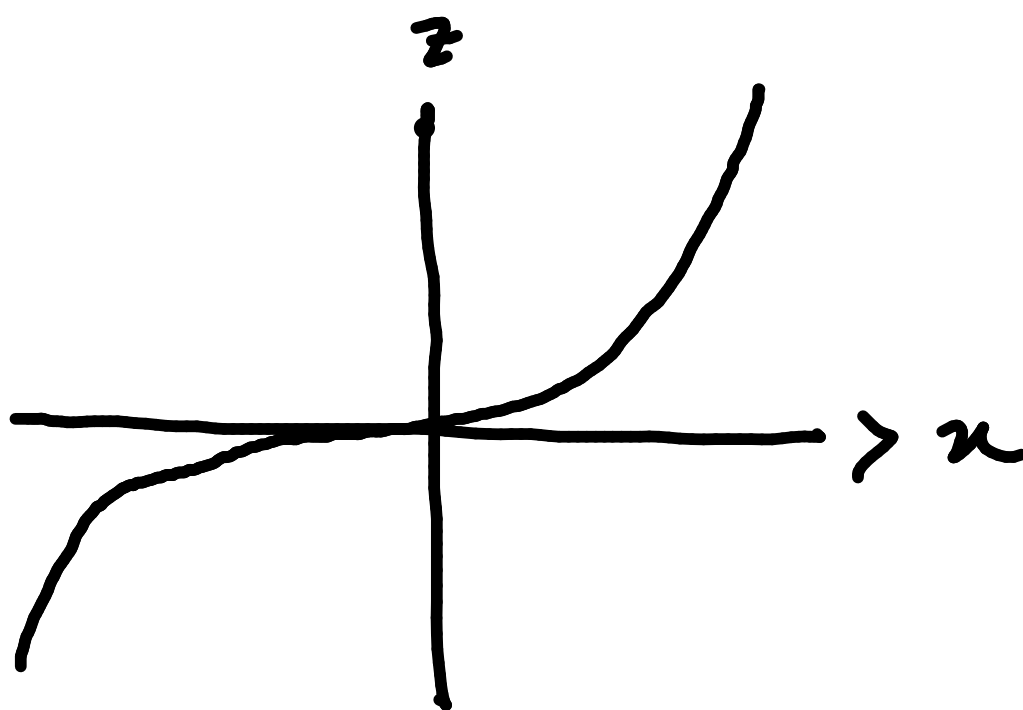
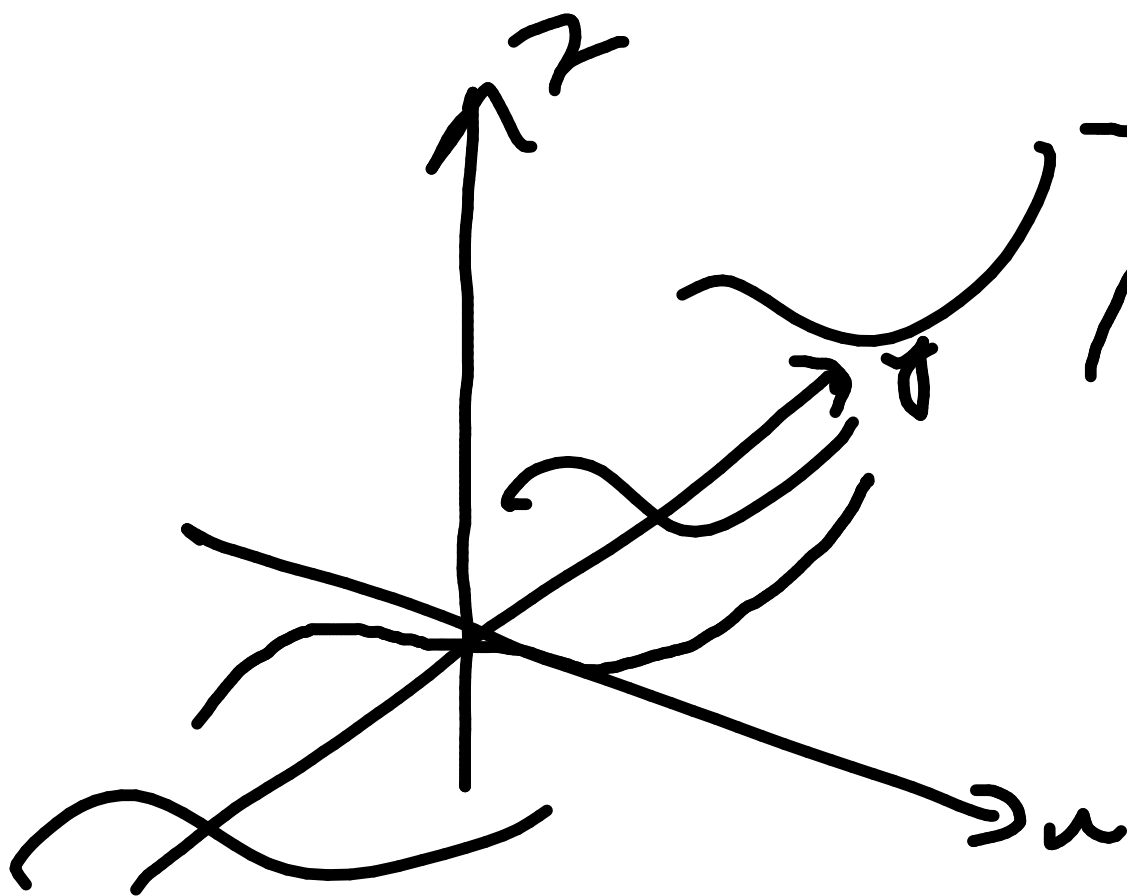


$$f(x, y) = x^2$$



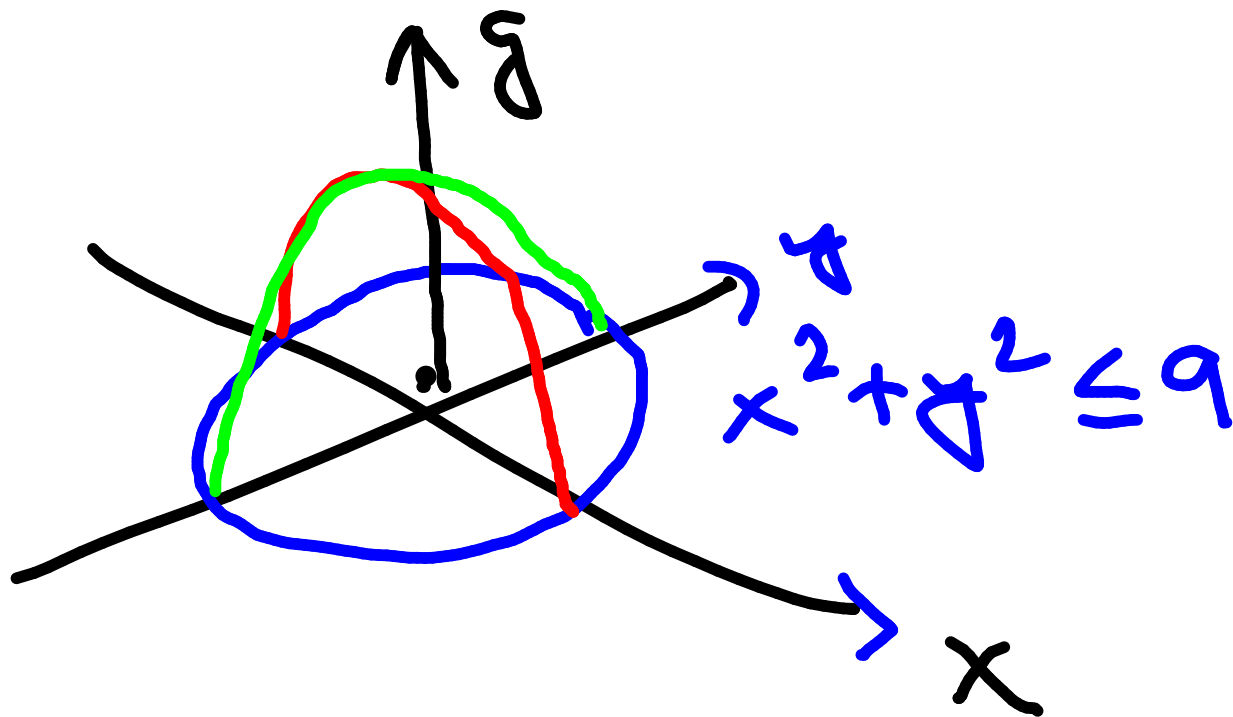
Q.

$$f(x, y) = x^3$$



EXAMPLE 4 Sketch the graph of $g(x, y) = \sqrt{9 - x^2 - y^2}$.

domain : $x^2 + y^2 \leq 9$



above x -axis
 $g = \sqrt{9 - x^2}$
 $x^2 + y^2 = 9$

<https://www.geogebra.org/3d?lang=en>

(a) $f(x, y) = (x^2 + 3y^2)e^{-x^2-y^2}$

at x -axis

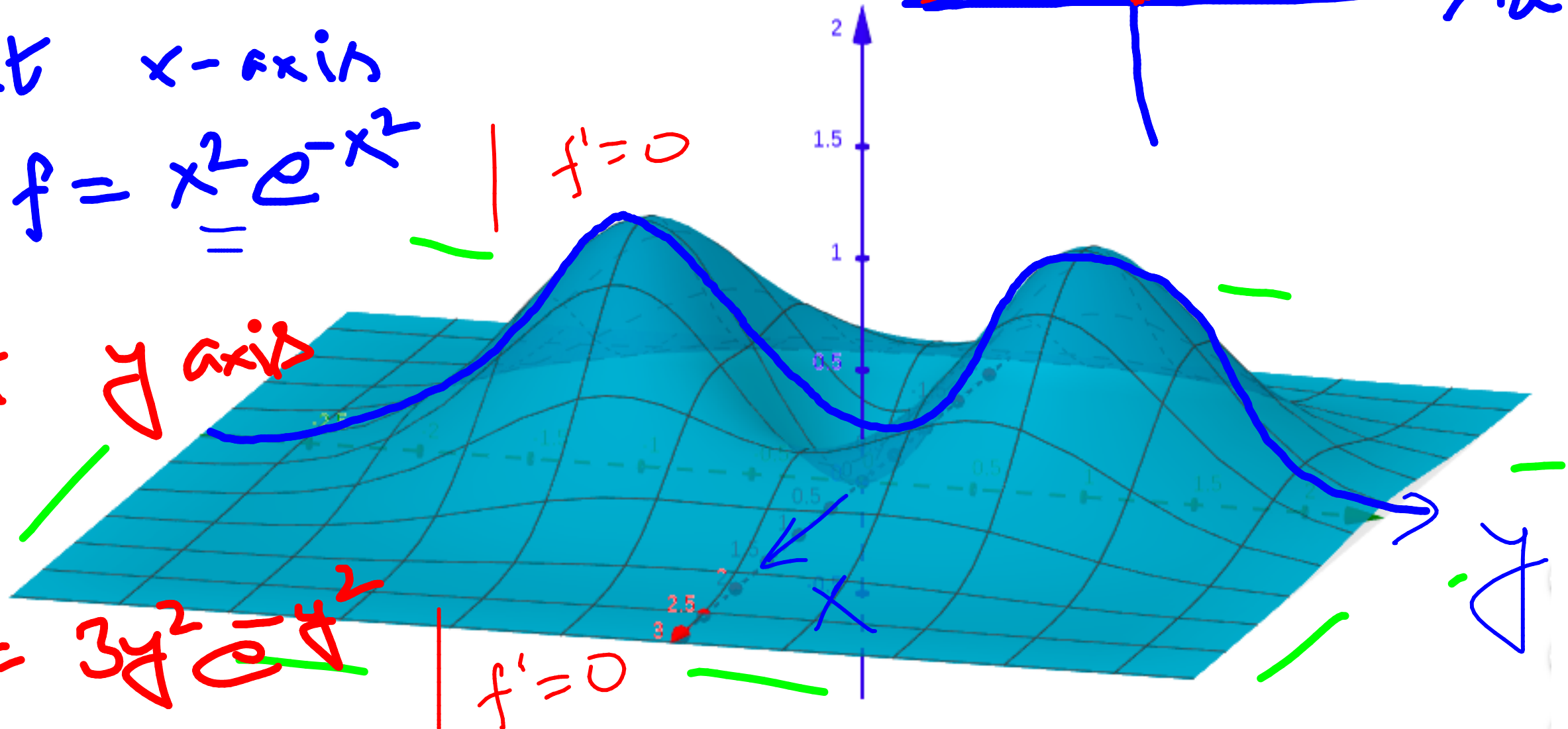
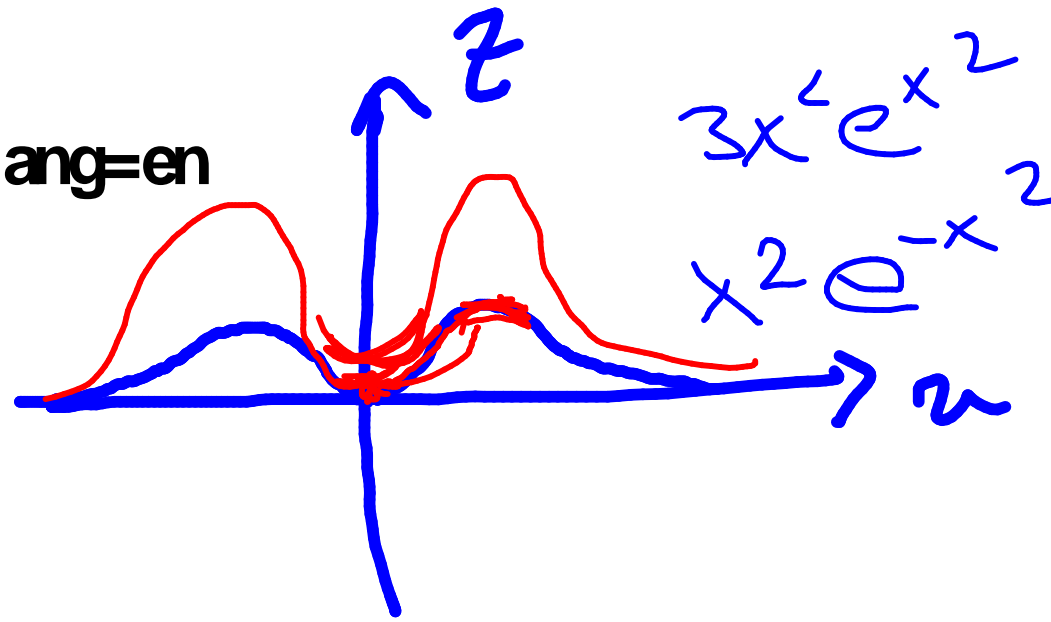
$$f = x^2 e^{-x^2}$$

$$f' = 0$$

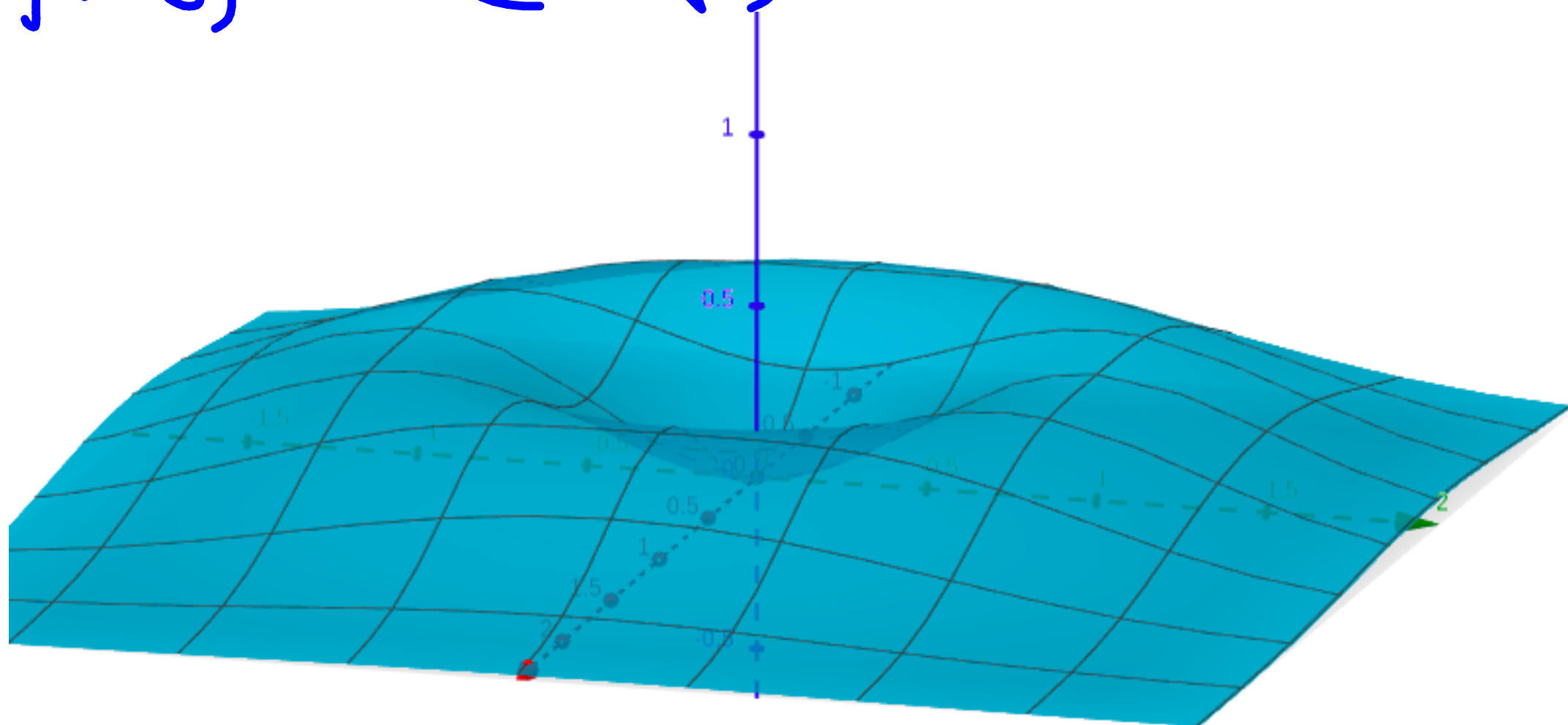
at y axis

$$f = 3y^2 e^{-y^2}$$

$$f' = 0$$



$$f(x, y) = (x^2 + y^2) e^{-x^2 - y^2}$$

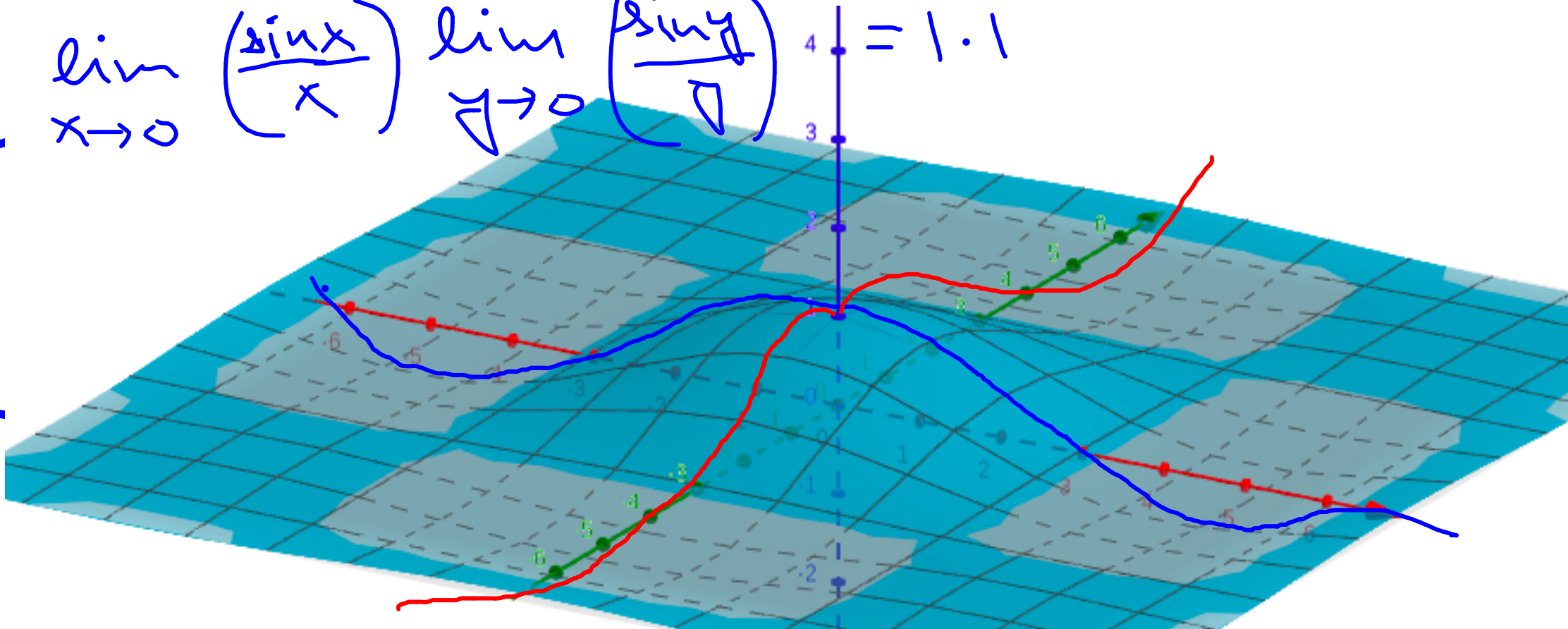


<https://www.geogebra.org/3d?lang=en>

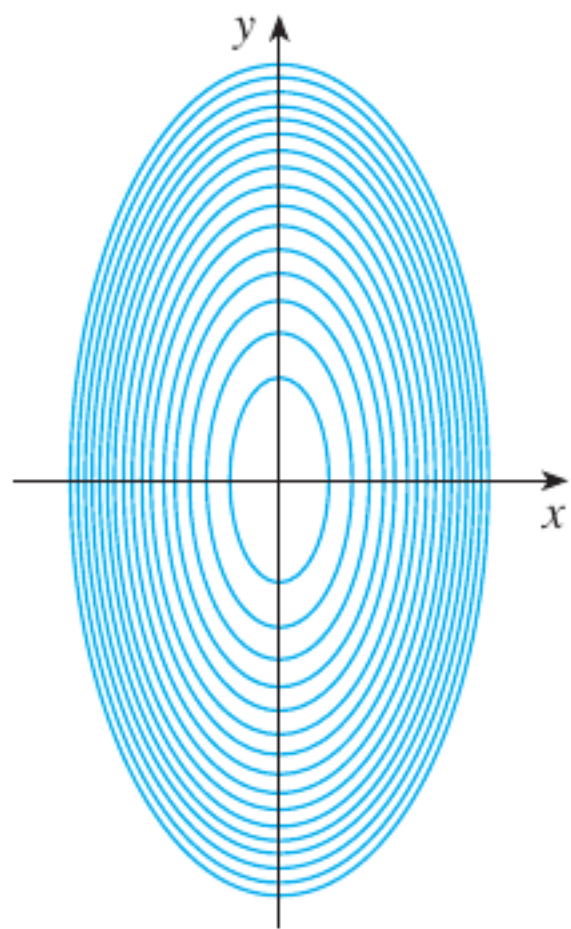
waves with
decreasing amplitude.

(d) $f(x, y) = \frac{\sin x \sin y}{xy}$

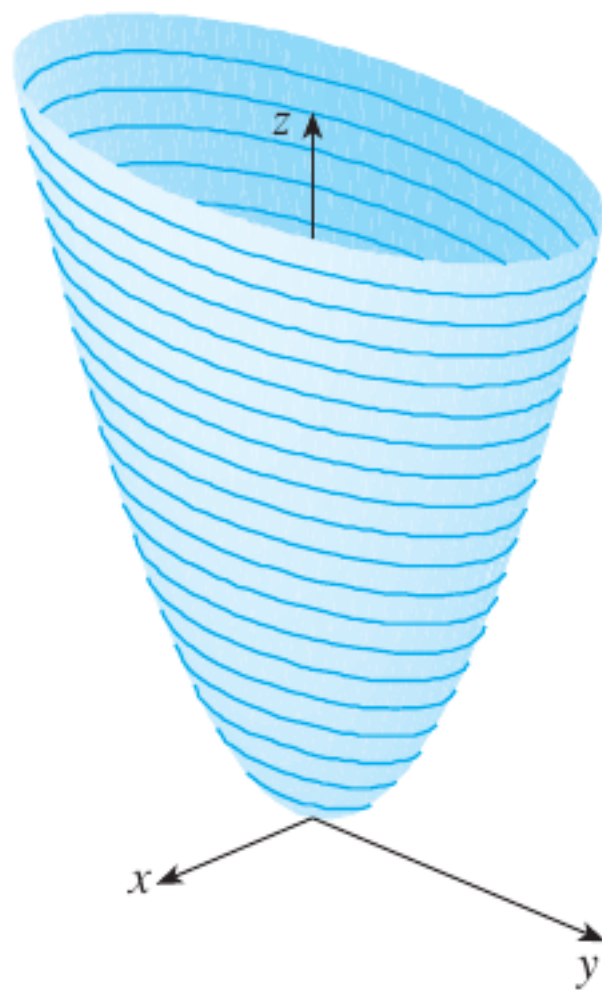
$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\sin x}{x} \right) \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\sin y}{y} \right) = 1 \cdot 1$



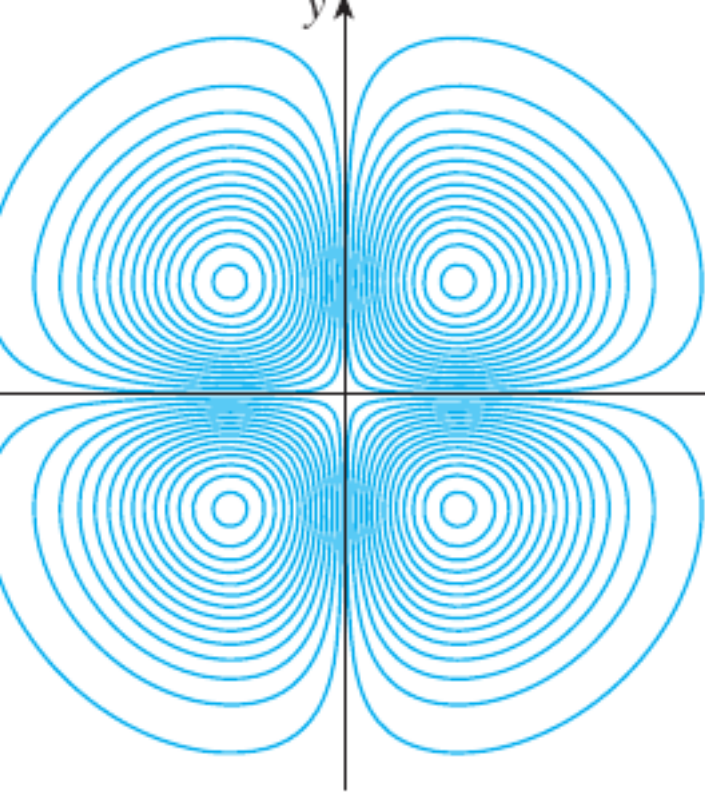
contour curves, or level curves.



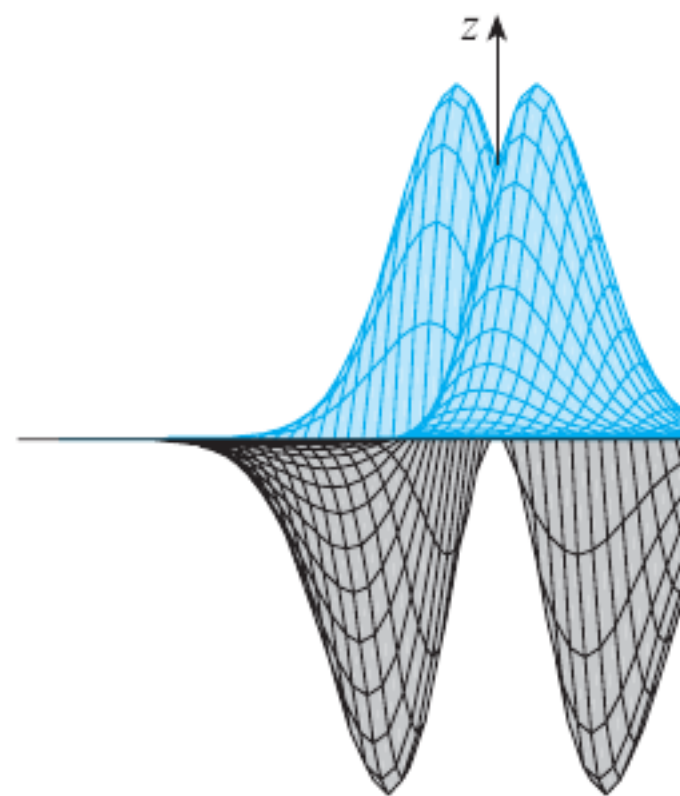
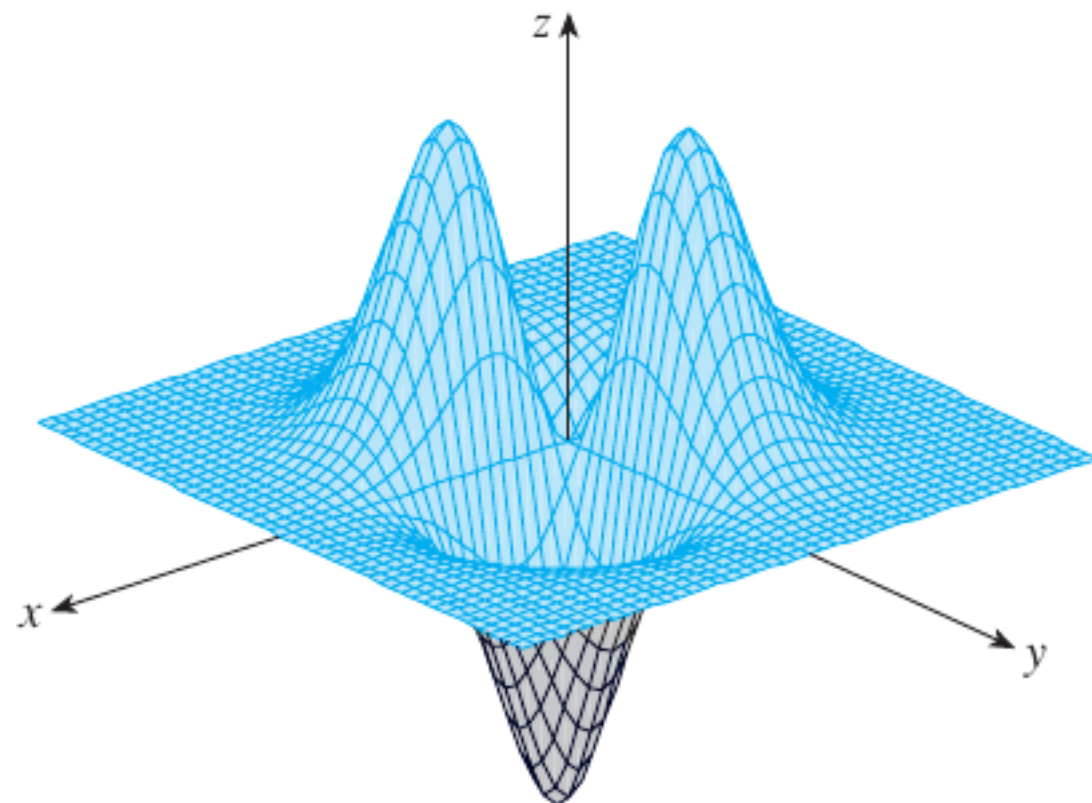
(a) Contour map



(b) Horizontal traces are raised level curves



a) Level curves of $f(x, y) = -xye^{-x^2-y^2}$



(b) Two views of $f(x, y) = -xye^{-x^2-y^2}$

EXAMPLE 10 Find the domain of f if $f(x, y, z) = \ln(z - y) + xy \sin z$.

EXAMPLE II Find the level surfaces of the function $f(x, y, z) = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$.

Match the function

