

# COS 4807 Assignment 4

Adriaan Louw (53031377)

September 29, 2019

## 1 Question 1i

$$\exists x p(x) \rightarrow \exists y(p(y) \wedge \exists z q(x, y)) \quad (1)$$

$$\exists x p(x) \rightarrow \exists y(p(y) \wedge \exists z q(z, y)) \quad (2)$$

Using  $A \rightarrow B \equiv \neg A \vee B$

$$\neg \exists x p(x) \rightarrow \exists y(p(y) \wedge \exists z q(z, y)) \quad (3)$$

$$\forall x \neg p(x) \rightarrow \exists y(p(y) \wedge \exists z q(z, y)) \quad (4)$$

$$\forall x (\neg p(x) \rightarrow \exists y(p(y) \wedge \exists z q(z, y))) \quad (5)$$

$$\forall x \exists y (\neg p(x) \rightarrow (p(y) \wedge \exists z q(z, y))) \quad (6)$$

$$\forall x \exists y \exists z (\neg p(x) \rightarrow (p(y) \wedge q(z, y))) \quad (7)$$

Using distributivity of  $\vee$  and  $\wedge$

$$\forall x \exists y \exists z ((\neg p(x) \vee p(y)) \wedge (\neg p(x) \vee q(z, y))) \quad (8)$$

$$\forall x \exists y ((\neg p(x) \vee p(y)) \wedge (\neg p(x) \vee q(f(x), y))) \quad (9)$$

$$\forall x ((\neg p(x) \vee p(g(x))) \wedge (\neg p(x) \vee q(f(x), g(x)))) \quad (10)$$

$$\{\{\neg p(x), p(g(x))\}, \{\neg p(x), q(f(x), g(x))\}\} \quad (11)$$

## 2 Question 1ii

$$\forall x ((\forall y q(x, y) \vee \forall z q(z, x)) \rightarrow g(x, x)) \quad (12)$$

Using  $A \rightarrow B \equiv \neg A \vee B$

$$\forall x (\neg (\forall y q(x, y) \vee \forall z q(z, x)) \vee g(x, x)) \quad (13)$$

$$\forall x ((\neg \forall y q(x, y) \wedge \neg \forall z q(z, x)) \vee g(x, x)) \quad (14)$$

$$\forall x ((\exists y \neg q(x, y) \wedge \exists z \neg q(z, x)) \vee g(x, x)) \quad (15)$$

$$\forall x \exists y ((\neg q(x, y) \wedge \exists z \neg q(z, x)) \vee g(x, x)) \quad (16)$$

$$\forall x \exists y \exists z ((\neg q(x, y) \wedge \neg q(z, x)) \vee g(x, x)) \quad (17)$$

Using distributivity of  $\vee$  and  $\wedge$

$$\forall x \exists y \exists z ((q(x, x) \vee \neg q(x, y)) \wedge (q(x, x) \vee \neg q(z, x))) \quad (18)$$

$$\forall x \exists y ((q(x, x) \vee \neg q(x, y)) \wedge (q(x, x) \vee \neg q(f(x), x))) \quad (19)$$

$$\forall x ((q(x, x) \vee \neg q(x, g(x))) \wedge (q(x, x) \vee \neg q(f(x), x))) \quad (20)$$

$$\{\{q(x, x), \neg q(x, g(x))\}, \{q(x, x), q(f(x), x)\}\} \quad (21)$$

### 3 Question 1iii

$$\forall x \forall y (\exists z p(z) \leftrightarrow q(x, y)) \quad (22)$$

Using  $A \leftrightarrow B \equiv (A \rightarrow B) \wedge (B \rightarrow A)$

$$\forall x \forall y ((\exists z p(z) \rightarrow q(x, y)) \wedge (q(x, y) \rightarrow \exists z p(z))) \quad (23)$$

$$\forall x \forall y ((\exists z p(z) \rightarrow q(x, y)) \wedge (q(x, y) \rightarrow \exists k p(k))) \quad (24)$$

Using  $A \rightarrow B \equiv \neg A \vee B$

$$\forall x \forall y ((\neg \exists z p(z) \vee q(x, y)) \wedge (\neg q(x, y) \vee \exists k p(k))) \quad (25)$$

$$\forall x \forall y ((\forall z \neg p(z) \vee q(x, y)) \wedge (\neg q(x, y) \vee \exists k p(k))) \quad (26)$$

$$\forall x \forall y \forall z \exists k ((\neg p(z) \vee q(x, y)) \wedge (\neg q(x, y) \vee p(k))) \quad (27)$$

$$\forall x \forall y \forall z ((\neg p(z) \vee q(x, y)) \wedge (\neg q(x, y) \vee p(f(x, y, z)))) \quad (28)$$

$$\{\{\neg p(z), q(x, y)\}, \{\neg q(x, y), p(f(x, y, z))\}\} \quad (29)$$

### 4 Question 2i

Given the formula for Question 1i in clausal form is

$$\{\{\neg p(x), p(g(x))\}, \{\neg p(x), q(f(x), g(x))\}\} \quad (30)$$

The Herbrand universe is:

$$\{a, f(a), g(a), f(g(a)), g(f(a)), f(f(a)), g(g(a)), f(g(f(a))), f(g(g(a))), \dots\} \quad (31)$$

The Herbrand base is:

$$\{p(a), q(f(a), g(a)), p(f(a)), q(f(f(a)), g(f(a))), p(f(f(a))), q(f(f(g(a))), g(f(a))), \dots\} \quad (32)$$

Then

$$\{v_{I1}(p(a)) = F\} \quad (33)$$

and

$$\{v_{I2}(p(g(a))) = T, v_{I2}(q(f(a), g(a))) = T, v_{I2}(p(g(f(a)))) = T, v_{I2}(q(f(a), g(a))) = T, v_{I2}, \dots\} \quad (34)$$

are Herbrand models

## 5 Question 2ii

Given the formula for Question 1ii in clausal form is

$$\{\{q(x, x), \neg q(x, g(x))\}, \{q(x, x), q(f(x), x)\}\} \quad (35)$$

The Herbrand universe is:

$$\{a, f(a), g(a), f(g(a)), g(f(a)), f(f(a)), g(g(a)), f(g(f(a))), f(g(g(a))), \dots\} \quad (36)$$

The Herbrand base is:

$$\{q(a, a), q(f(a), a), q(g(a), a), q(a, f(a)), q(a, g(a)), q(f(f(a)), f(a)), \dots\} \quad (37)$$

2 Herbrand models are:

$$\{v_{I1}(q(a, a) = T)\} \quad (38)$$

and

$$\{v_{I2}(q(a, g(a)) = F, v_{I2}(q(f(a), a)) = T)\} \quad (39)$$

## 6 Question 2iii

Given the formula for Question 1iii in clausal form is

$$\{\{\neg p(z), q(x, y)\}, \{\neg q(x, y), p(f(x, y, z))\}\} \quad (40)$$

$$\{a, f(a, a, a), f(f(a, a, a), a, a), f(a, f(a, a, a), a), f(a, a, f(a, a, a)), f(f(f(a, a, a), a, a), a, a), \dots\} \quad (41)$$

$$\{\} \quad (42)$$

$$\{\} \quad (43)$$