Assignment 3 Machine Learning COS4852

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1 Question 1

Given Bayes' theorem where

$$P(A|B) = \frac{P(B|A)P(A)}{P(B)} \tag{1}$$

We need to calculate the probability of Joe being a librarian (L) given that he has glasses. (G) This can be expressed as follows using Bayes' theorem from above

$$P(L|G) = \frac{P(G|L)P(L)}{P(G)} \tag{2}$$

We know that P(G|L) is the probability that a librarian is wearing glasses, P(L) is the probability that a man is a librarian an P(G) is just the probability of a man wearing glasses. These probabilities are provided. Thus putting them into the above equation gives

$$P(L|G) = \frac{P(G|L)P(L)}{P(G)}$$

$$= \frac{(1)(\frac{1}{12000})}{0.12}$$

$$= 0.00069$$
(3)

The probability that Joe is a librarian is 0.00069

Following the same argument we need to determine the probability that Joe is a salesman (S) given that he wears glasses. Using Bayes' theorem again we have

$$P(S|G) = \frac{P(G|S)P(S)}{P(G)} \tag{4}$$

P(G|S) is the probability that a salesman wears glasses. P(S) is the probability that a man is a salesman and P(G) is again the probability that a person wears glasses. We are given this information. We now work out P(S|G)

$$P(S|G) = \frac{P(G|S)P(S)}{P(G)}$$

$$= \frac{(\frac{1}{25})(\frac{1}{200})}{0.12}$$

$$= 0.00166$$
(5)

We find that it is much more likely for Joe to be a salesman than a librarian. This is not what we would expect. We would expect for him to be a librarian given that every librarian wears glasses. Without more information there is no better way to calculate whether Joe is a librarian or a salesman.

2 Question 2

2.1 Question 2a

The network has 5 nodes namely Smoker (named variable S), Lung Cancer (named variable C), Pollution (named variable P), X-Ray (named variable X) and Dyspnoea (named variable D). Refer to Figure 1.

Smoker (S) has 2 states: Yes (y) and No (n)

Lung Cancer (C) has 2 states: True (t), False (f)

Pollution (P) has 2 states: High (h) and low (l)

X-Ray has 2 states: Abnormal (a) and Normal (n)

Dyspnoea has 2 states: Present (p) and Absent (a)

Lung Cancer is dependant on Smoker and Pollution. While X-Ray and Dyspnoea is dependant on Lung Cancer. This relationship can be seen in Figure 1.

2.2 Question 2b

The bayesian network is described by Figure 1

3 Question 3

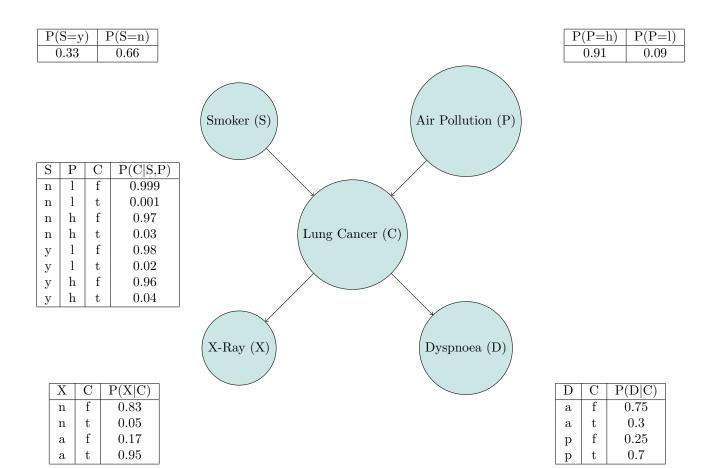


Figure 1: Bayesian Network