## **ELECTRICITY**

## Question 1:

			_		_	
Δ)	Fill	in	the	hl	anks	
$\Delta$	1 111	111	uic	171	anns	

- 1. A voltmeter is connected in \_\_\_\_\_to the circuit to measure the potential difference between two points.
- 2. Electric current is the rate of flow of \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. Kilowatt hour is the unit of
- 4. In series combination of resistors, potential difference across each resistor is \_\_\_\_\_\_ while electric current through each resistor is \_\_\_\_\_\_
- B) In each of the following question, a statement of Assertion if given by the corresponding statement of Reason. Of the statements mark the correct answer as
  - a) If both assertion and reason are true and and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
  - b) If both assertion and reason are true and and reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
  - c) If assertion is true, but reason is false.
  - d) If assertion is false, but reason is true.
  - 1. Assertion: The 200 W bulbs glow with more brightness than 100 W bulbs.

Reason: A 100 W bulb has more resistance than 200 W bulb.

- 2. Assertion: A voltmeter and ammeter can be used to measure both the resistance and power.

  Reason: Power is proportional to voltage and current.
- 2. Define electric work.
- 3. Why is tungsten used almost exclusively for filament of electric lamps?
- 4. State and define the SI unit of potential difference.
- 5. We use copper and aluminium wire for transmission of electric current. Explain why?
- 6. Why Nichrome is used to make the elements of electric heater?
- 7. Prove : 1 kWh = 3.6 MJ.
- 8. An electric bulb draws 25 W when connected to a 12 V supply. Find the power if it is connected to a 10 V supply.
- 9. Write short notes on fuse in an electric circuit?
- 10. Two resistors of  $3\Omega$  and  $4\Omega$  are connected in parallel to a cell to draw 0.5 A current from the cell. Calculate the current in each resistor.