

Comparing Two Populations - Independent Samples	
Parametric Tests	Non-Parametric Tests
Data: Numerical Samples: Independent and Normal <i>t - Test</i> R code: <code>t.test()</code>	Data: Ordinal or Numerical but Non-Normal Samples: Independent <i>Wilcoxon Rank Sum Test</i> R code: <code>wilcox.test()</code>

Comparing Two Populations - Matched Pairs	
Parametric Tests	Non-Parametric Tests
Data: Numerical Samples: Paired Sample Difference: Normal <i>t - Test</i> R code: <code>t.test()</code>	Data: Numerical but Non-Normal Samples: Paired Sample Difference: Non-Normal <i>Wilcoxon Signed Rank Sum Test</i> R code: <code>wilcox.test()</code>
	Data: Ordinal Samples: Paired <i>Sign Test</i> R code: <code>SIGN.test()</code>

Comparing Three or More Populations	
Parametric Tests	Non-Parametric Tests
Data: Numerical Samples: Independent and Normal <i>ANOVA</i> R code: <code>aov()</code>	Data: Ordinal or Numerical but Non-Normal Samples: Independent <i>Kruskal-Wallis</i> R code: <code>kruskal.test()</code>

Describing a Population	
Hypothesis Testing - Mean	Hypothesis Testing - Proportion
Data: Numerical and Normal Test our belief about population mean <i>t-Test</i> R code: <code>t.test()</code>	Data: Numerical and Normal Test our belief about population proportion <i>proportion Test</i> R code: <code>prop.test()</code>

Chi-square Tests	
Comparing Two Variables	More than Two Outcomes with Proportions
Data: Nominal Test independence between two nominal variables <i>Chi-square Independence Test</i> R code: <code>chisq.test()</code>	Data: Nominal or Ordinal Test a hypothesis that involves three or more proportions <i>Chi-square Goodness-of-fit Test</i> R code: <code>chisq.test()</code>