



Dwight Look College of

ENGINEERING
TEXAS A&M UNIVERSITY

Team 38: Fuel Cell Monitor Bi-Weekly Update 5

Russell Wells

Rana Kortam

Sameer Osama

Jessica Odutola

Sponsor: John Lusher

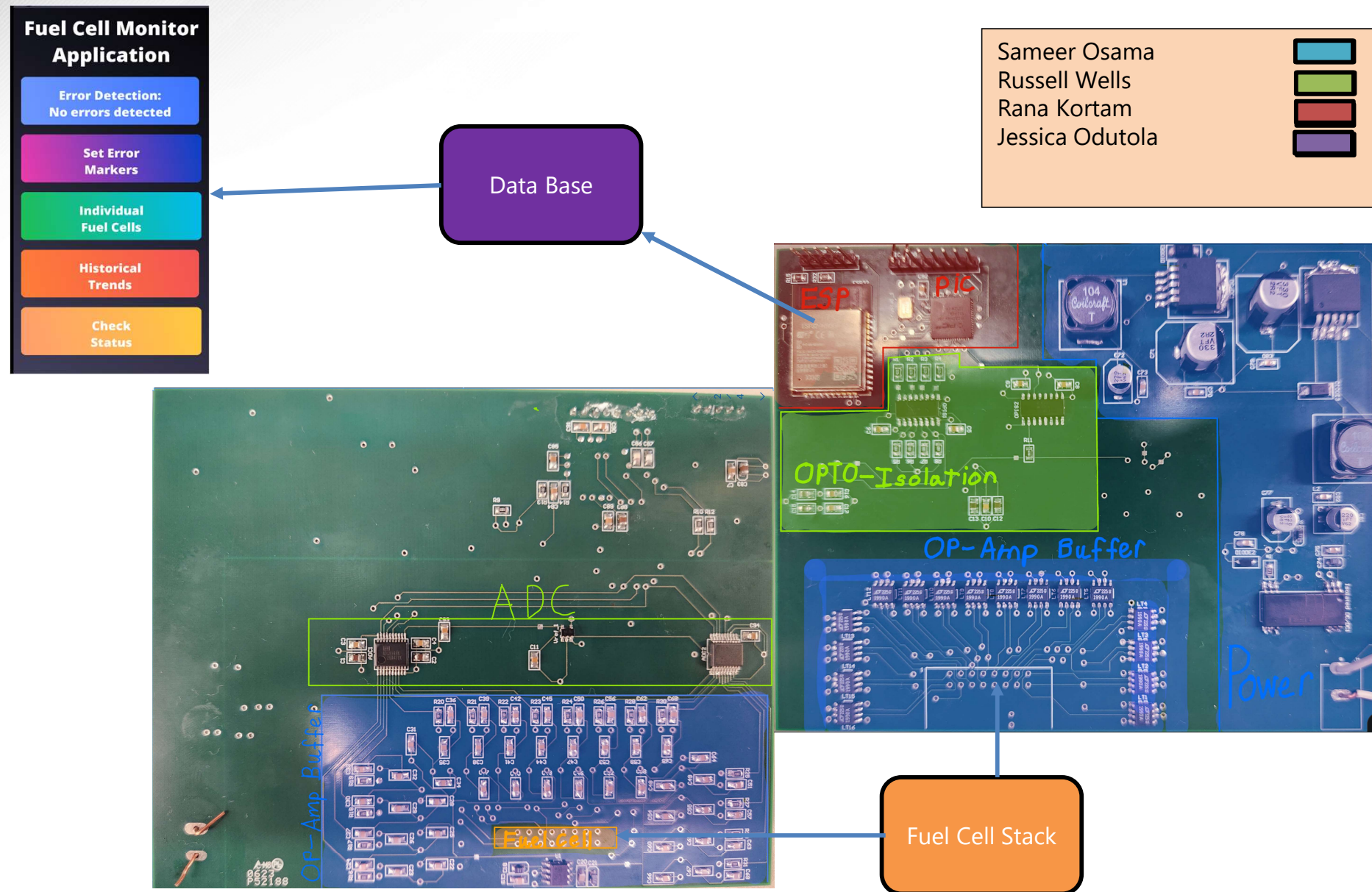
TA: Dalton Cyr

Project Summary

- Problem statement: A single fuel cell is an easy power source to monitor, but to achieve any level of real usable power they must be connected in a stack. If only monitored as a whole, each cell would have to be tested individually to determine the issue. This causes longer down times and more technician wages to trouble shoot.
- The Fuel Cell Monitor System will give the operator real time voltages of both the individual cells and stack. The voltages will be monitorable from an android based mobile app. In case of over or under voltage, the app will notify the operator of not only the error but which cell has fallen or risen outside of expected ranges. Saving both time and money for repairs.



Fuel Cell Monitor Integrated System Diagram





Project Timeline

Power system issue resolved,
Burnt out Op-Amp was the
issues. SPI communication
validated.

PIC is not manipulating chip
select for each device. The
ADC's do not recognize the
data being transmitted to
them.

Finalize Subsystems
[Late January]

Validate PCB and
start assembly
[February]

Debug and Integrate
[late February and
March]

Validation
[mid February through
late March]

Final Demo [late April]

Board is soldered and
ESP/PIC32 have been
successfully flashed.



Sameer Osama

Accomplishments since Update 4 8 hrs of effort	Ongoing progress/problems and plans until the next presentation
- N/A	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Ongoing: Testing if device can handle twice the maximum voltage- Testing negative differential in buffer system



Sameer Osama

- DC/DC converters output correct voltages from 0A – 1A
- Isolated DC/DC converter max current it can handle is .15A while still outputting the voltage required.

E-load measurements:

3.3V DC/DC		5V DC/DC		Isolated DC/DC	
No Load	Max Load	No Load	Max Load	No Load	Max Load
0A → 3.27V	1A → 3.2V	0A → 5V	1A → 4.9V	0A → 5.28V	.15A → 4.53V



Russ Wells

Accomplishments since Update 4 11 Hours Worked	Ongoing progress/problems and plans until the next presentation
Validated Full Voltage Range.	Ongoing: -- Validating ADC operations. -- Update PCB Design as needed.



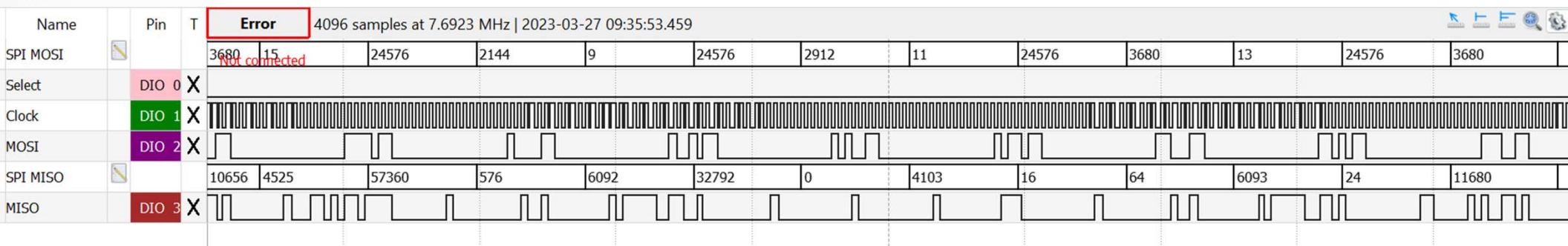
Rana Kortam

Accomplishments since update 4 15 hrs of effort	Ongoing progress/problems and plans until the next presentation
Validating Full Voltage Range with Russ.	Ongoing: Integrating with ADC; Clock and digital in pin are working correctly and were able to read voltage values from the Digital out pin. The Chip select doesn't work properly. Future: Complete Integration with ADC and Database



Rana Kortam and Russ Wells

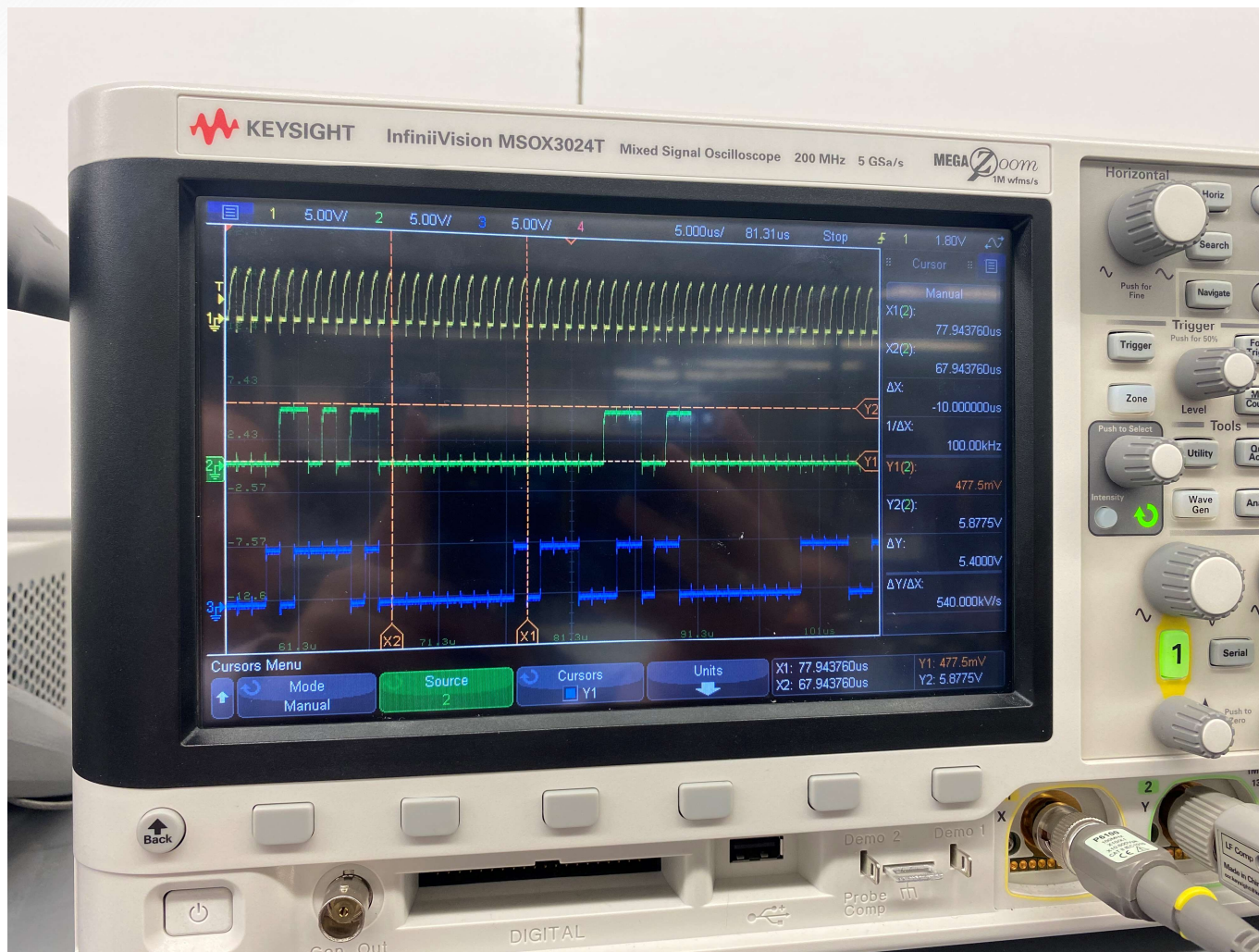
ADC voltage readings from cells





Rana Kortam and Russ Wells

ADC voltage readings from cells





Jessica Odutola

Accomplishments since update 4 10 hrs of effort	Ongoing progress/problems and plans until the next presentation
N/A	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Ongoing: Integration with MCU;- Ongoing: Testing and validating edge cases for App Subsystem- Future: Complete integration and validate integrated system



Jessica Odutola

Fuel Cell Monitor Application

Error Detection:
No errors detected

Set Error Markers

Individual Fuel Cells

Historical Trends

Check Status

Input Error Markers

Enter minimum voltage (Ex: 0.65)

Enter maximum voltage (Ex: 4.096)

SET MARKERS

RETURN HOME

You have set the error markers to be:

Minimum voltage: 0 V
Maximum voltage: 2.5 V

RETURN HOME

Execution Plan

[illegible]



Validation Plan

Paragraph #	Test Name	Success Criteria	Methodology	Status	Responsible Engineer(s)	Notes
3.1.1.1	Mass	Mass of the fuel cell monitor shall be less than or equal to 0.25 kilograms	Measure the fuel cell monitor with digital scale	Untested	Rana	
3.2.1.1	Read full voltage Range	Device is capable of measuring and passing voltages to the database from 0 to 4.096 V	Apply sustained negative voltage	Passed	Russell	Cells were tested at 0V, 1V, 2V, and 4.096V and 5Volts.
3.2.4.2	Discontinuous cell	Device is capable of handling up to twice the maximum measurable voltage input without damage to system	Apply voltages at least 8.192 Volts across a single cell input and check functionality.	Untested	Sameer	
4.3.1	General Error Alerts	App is able to correctly indicate which fuel cell is Low/High and Alerts the User of the situation Via the App.	Measure the fuel cell monitor with digital scale	Untested	Jessica	
4.3.2	User Specified Error Markers	App is capable of successfully changing the criteria for alerts	Use the app the manipulate the fuel cell voltage range, apply a voltage outside of the range to one of the cells and monitor the app for the error alert.	Untested	Jessica	
5.1.1.1	Power Outage Restart	Device should power up, reboot, and continue operation after full power disconnect	Disconnect power source for 30 seconds (Allow capacitors to dissipate) and reconnect power.	Untested	Rana	
5.1.1.1	System Loop Functionality	A voltage is applied to the fuel cell input, read by the device, reported to the database, and displayed on the app.	Apply a voltage of 2.048 volts to the first cell input and ensure the data appears in both the database and is displayed on the app.	Untested	Rana	



Dwight Look College of

ENGINEERING
TEXAS A&M UNIVERSITY

Thank you!
Any questions?