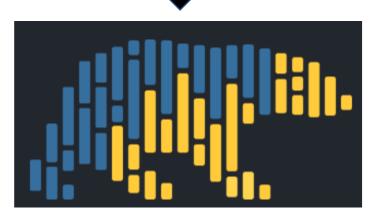




polars for "big" data Processing

- To experiment and process even a year's worth of data (~9 GB), used the polars module
- polars is a columnar query engine written in the lowlevel and increasingly popular Rust programming language, and is also made available as a Python package
- Has a similar syntax to pandas, but is significantly more performant for large datasets due to:
 - Low-level optimizations
 - Parallelism (using more than one CPU core)
 - Optimized in-memory columnar representation via Apache Arrow
- polars worked better out-of-the-box than other packages like dask (which parallelizes python code) or pyarrow (which deals more directly with Arrow structures)





Memory limits still a challenge

- Combined Taxi and For-Hire Vehicle data from 2012 through 2021 would have exceeded computer's RAM limits (32 GB)
- → Had to experiment on smaller datasets (1 mo 1 yr)

Process:

- 1. Experiment with polars methods on small dataset
- 2. Convert groupby-aggregated dataset (in MB) to pandas or write to more manageable parquet file for subsequent pandas analysis
- 3. Graph with pandas-compatible libraries (especially plotly)

plotly.express

- plotly is an open-source JavaScript library with many interactive chart types, with many made easily available in Python with plotly.express
- Python API straightforward
 - Less clunky and more visually appealing than matplotlib
 - Like seaborn but with more customization and interactivity
- Professional-looking plots, and interactivity valuable for dashboarding applications or other reporting
- Includes charts for Maps, like choropleths which were best for visualizing NYC Taxi Zones (simpler than using matplotlib with geopandas)

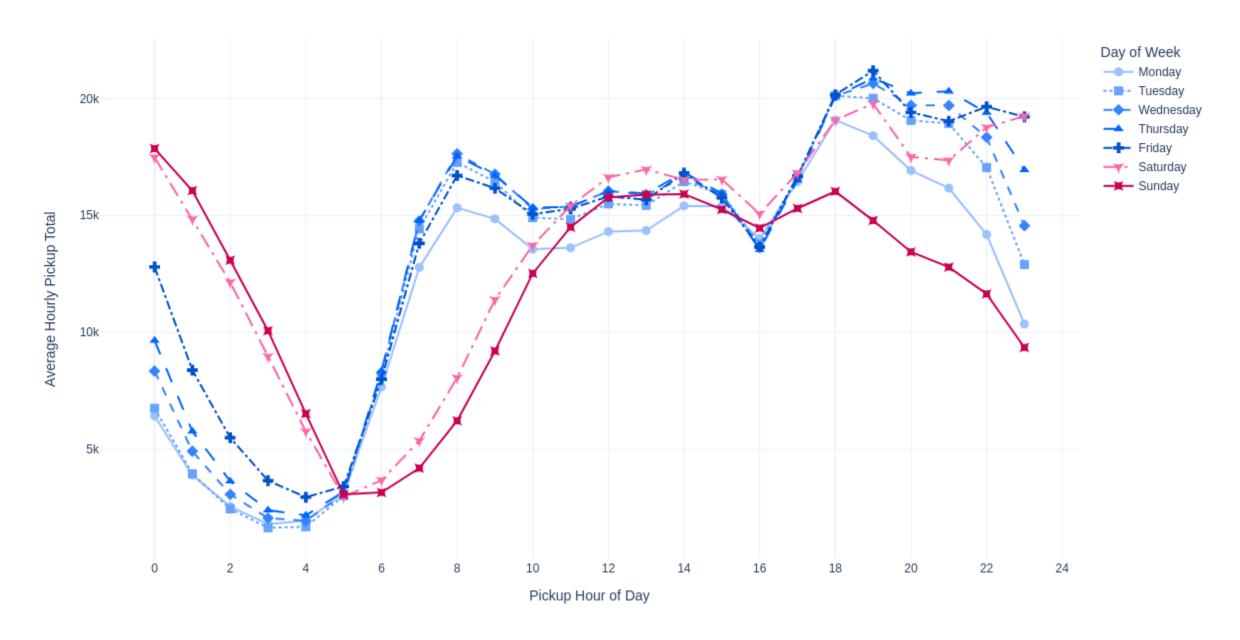


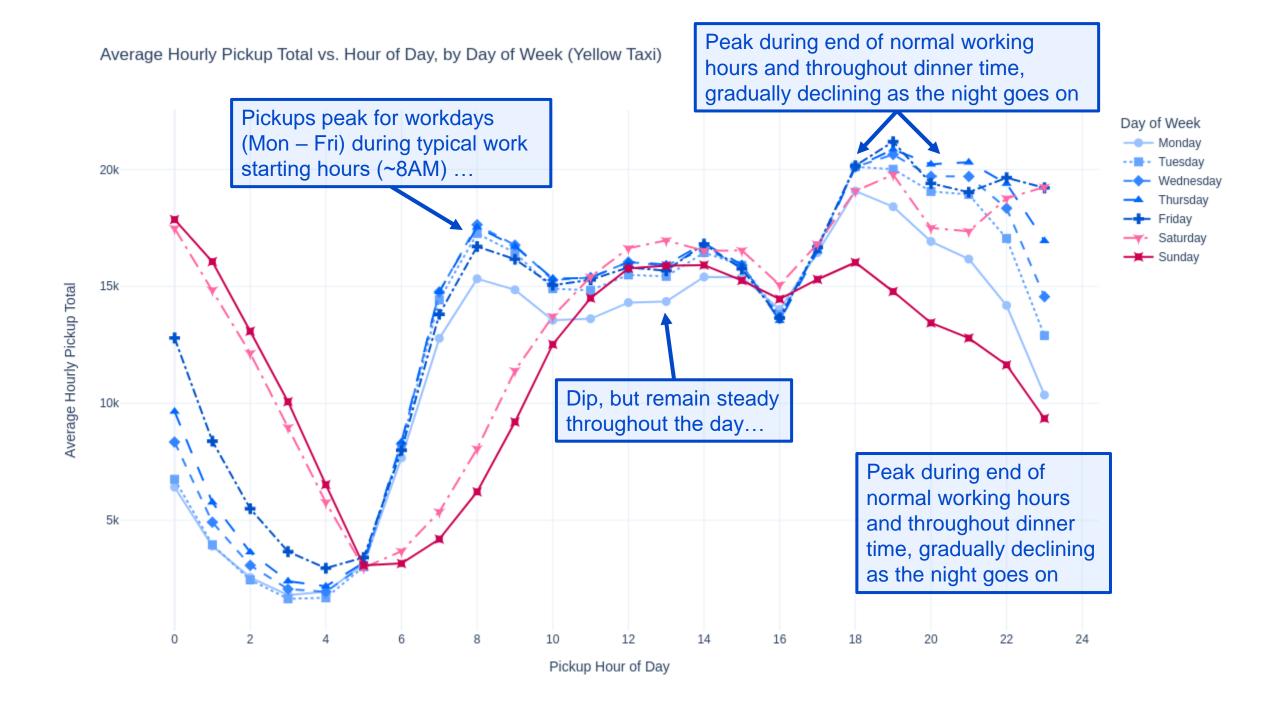
Analysis Goals

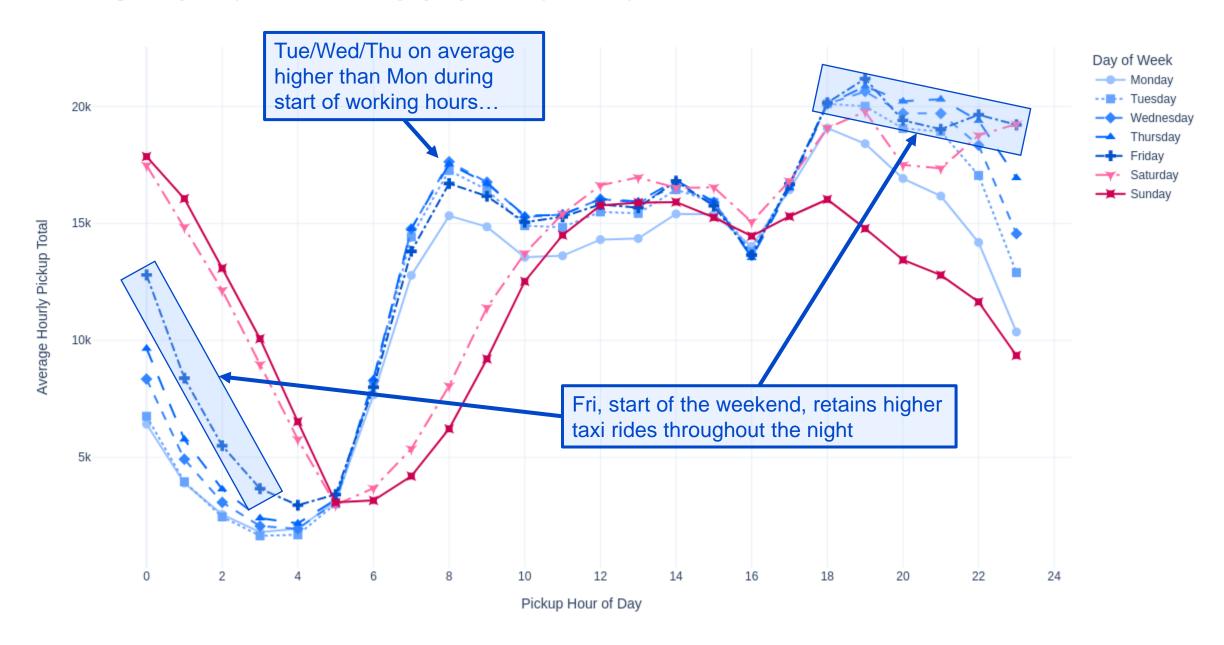
1. Temporal Analyses

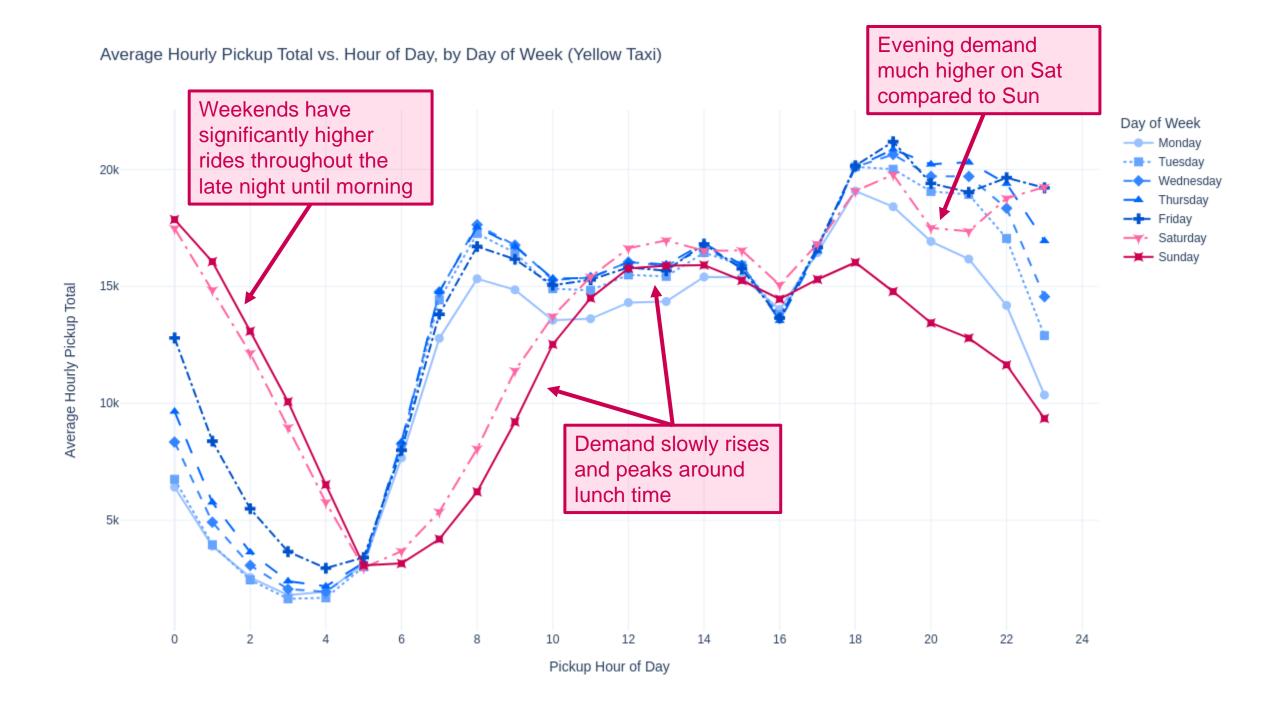
- A. "Busy" periods over multiple time scales (week, year, multiple years)
- B. Impact of for-hire vehicles (e.g. Uber and Lyft)
- C. Impact of the COVID-19 pandemic

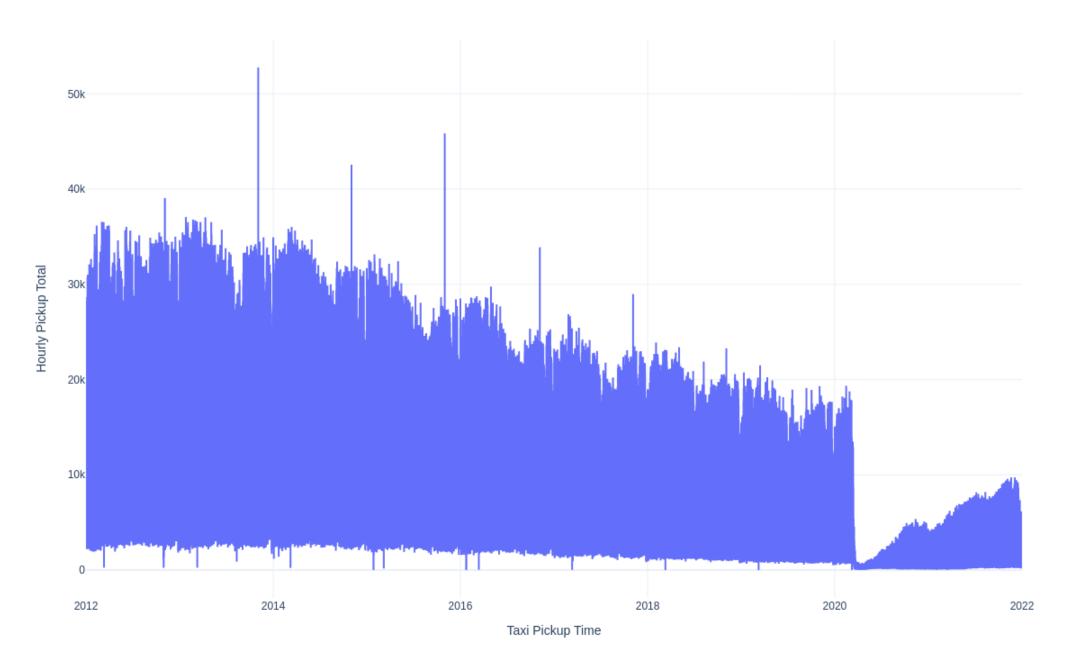
Geospatial Analysis - busiest areas/boroughs (also over time)

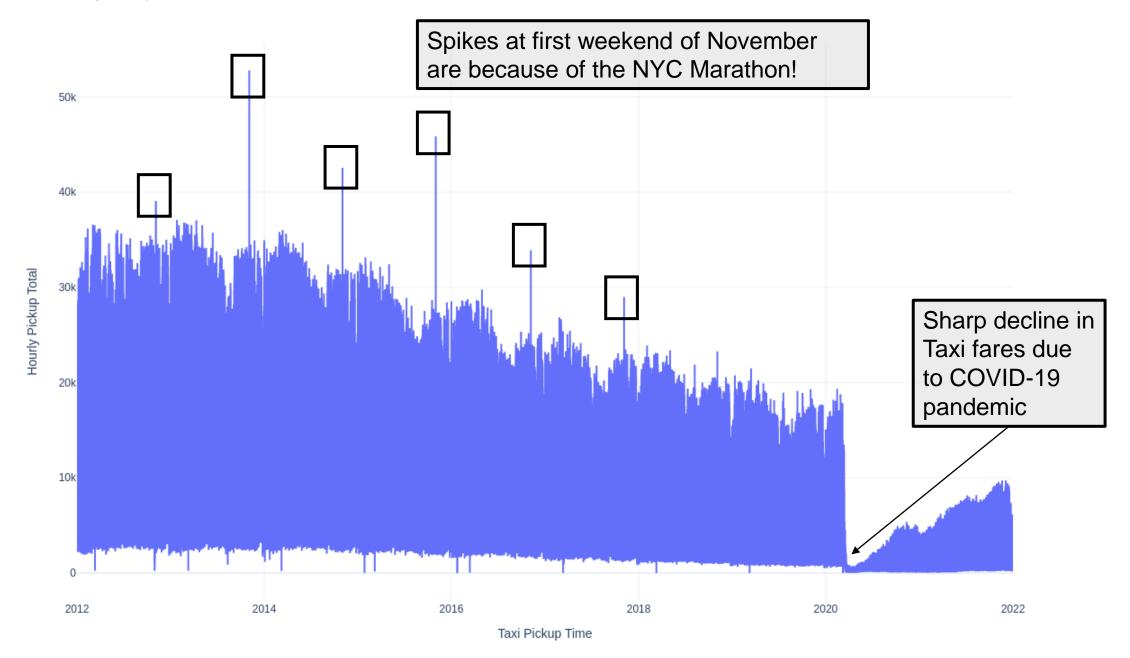


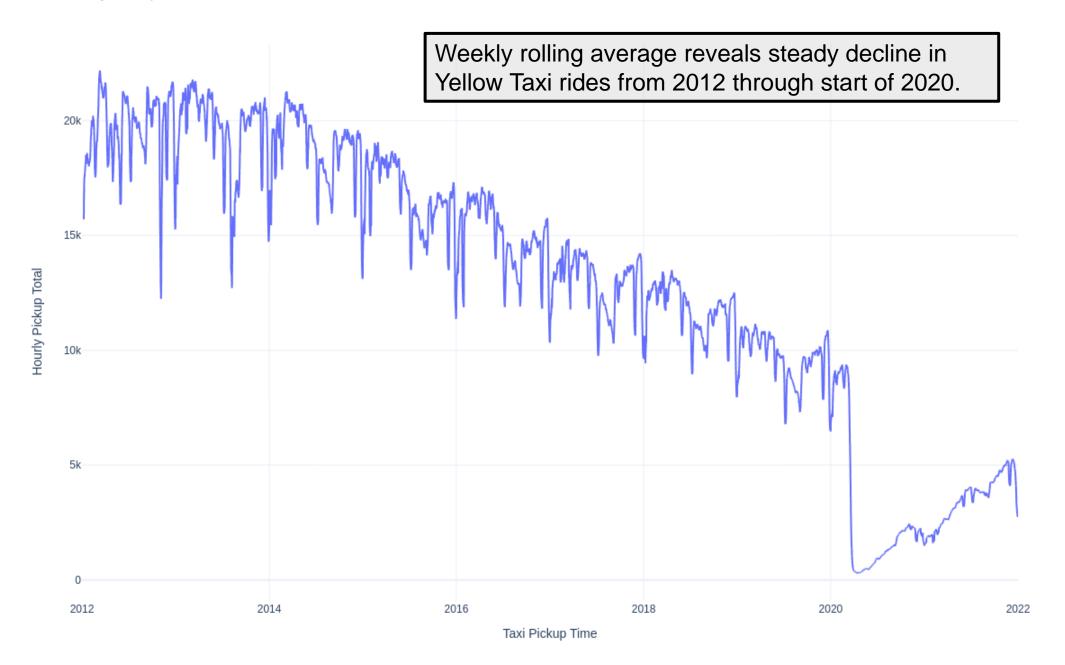












Analysis Goals

1. Temporal Analyses

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Geospatial Analysis - busiest areas/boroughs (also over time)

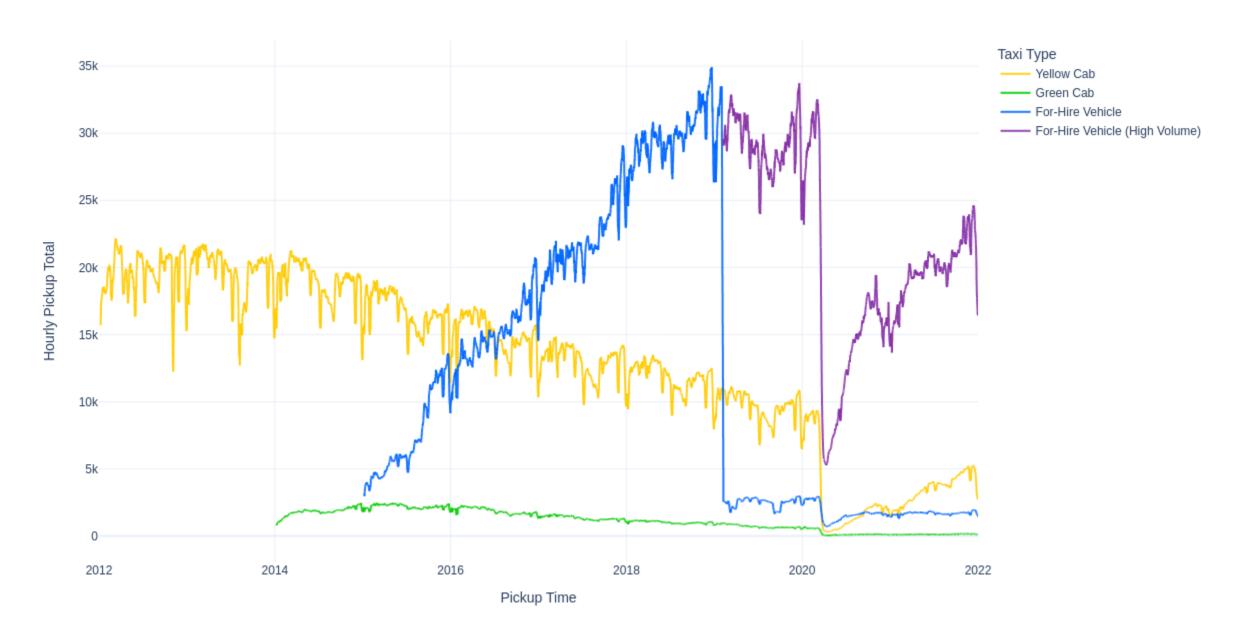
Green Cabs and For-Hire Vehicles

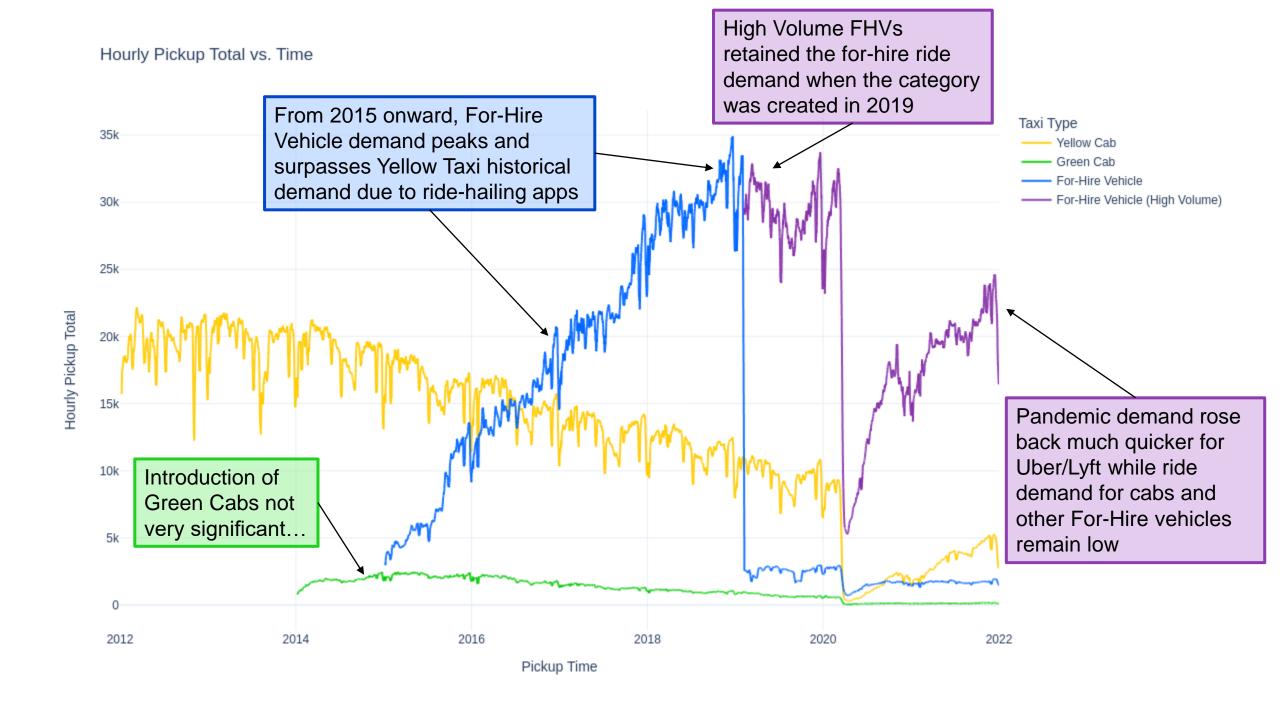
- In August 2013, apple-green painted taxis
 ("Green Cabs") were allowed to pick up
 passengers in Upper Manhattan, the Bronx,
 Brookyln, Queens (excluding LaGuardia and
 JFK Airports) and Staten Island.
- In ~2015, For-Hire Vehicles (FHVs) were allowed to provide pre-arranged rides (e.g. via ride-hailing apps).
- In 2019, a "High Volume" category of FHVs was created for dispatch bases with >10,000 trips per day. This largely represents cars from the most popular ride-hailing services, Uber and Lyft.

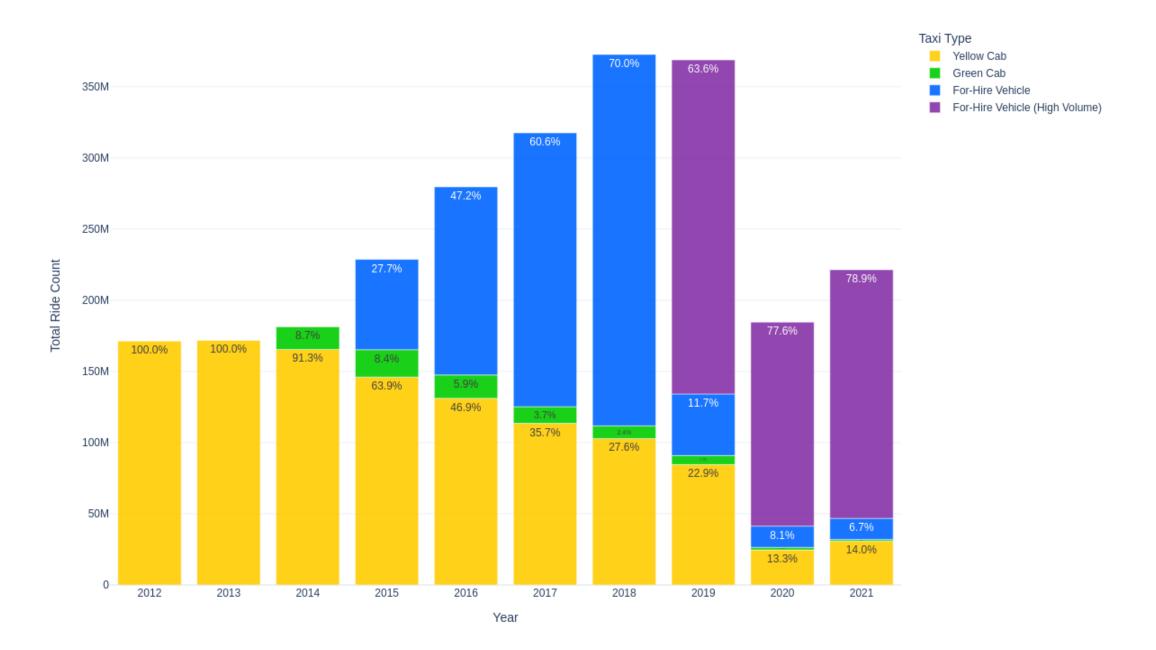


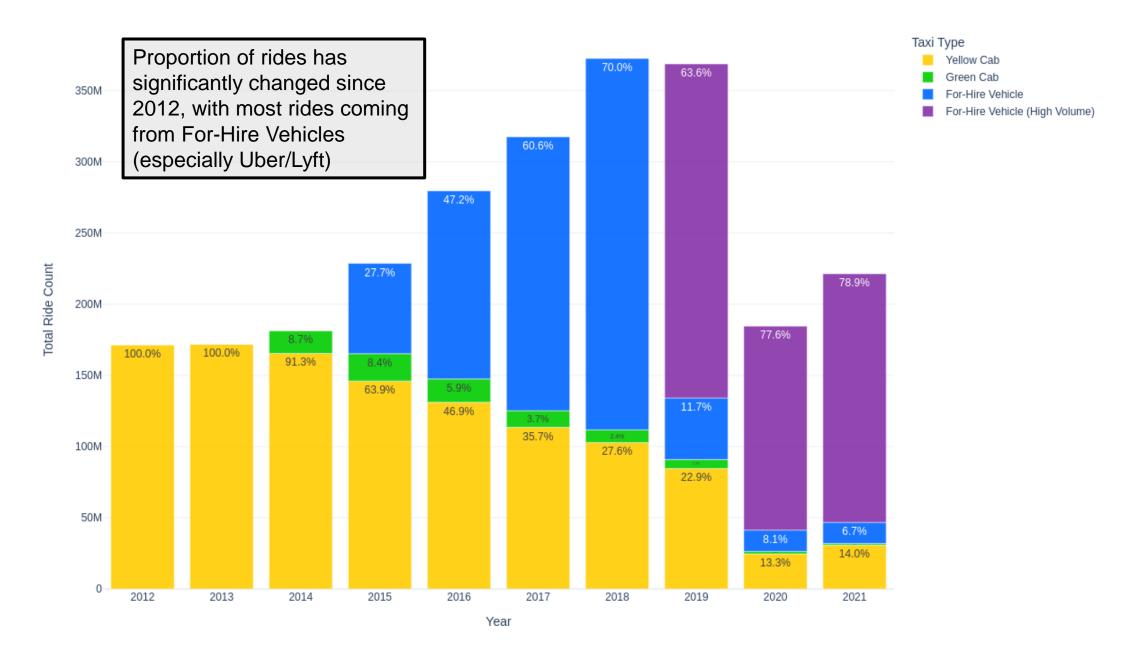


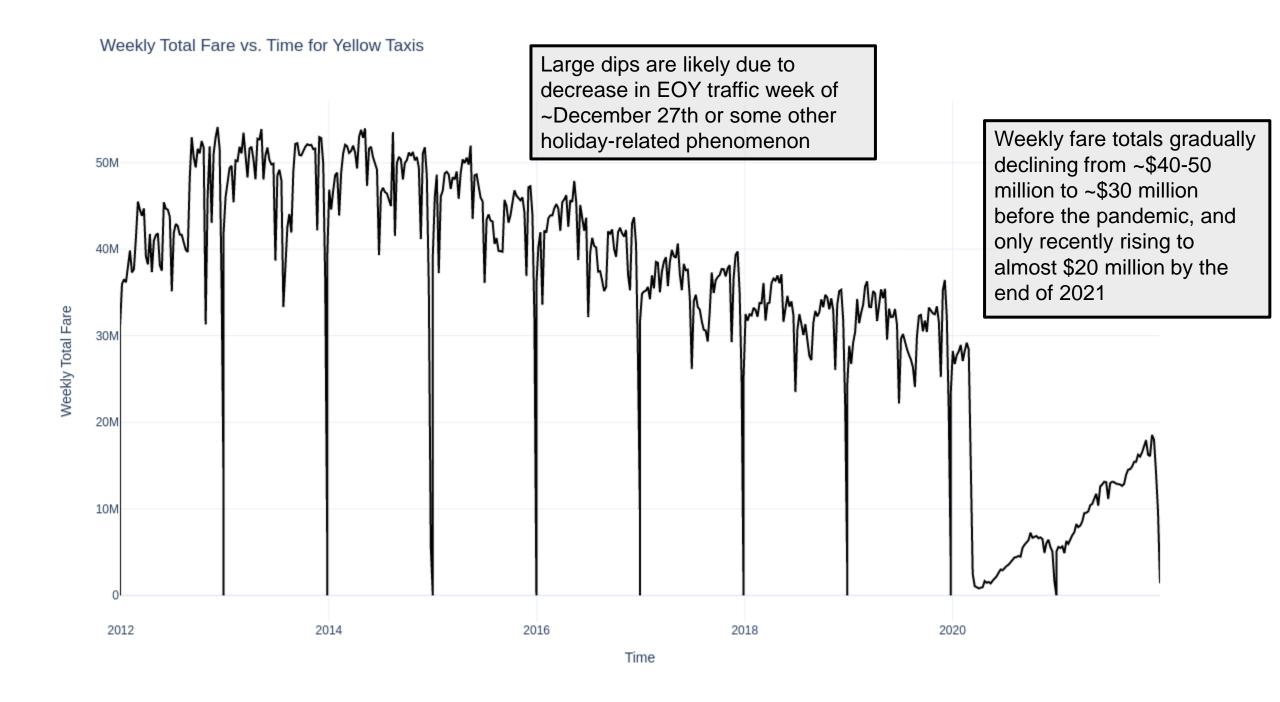
Hourly Pickup Total vs. Time



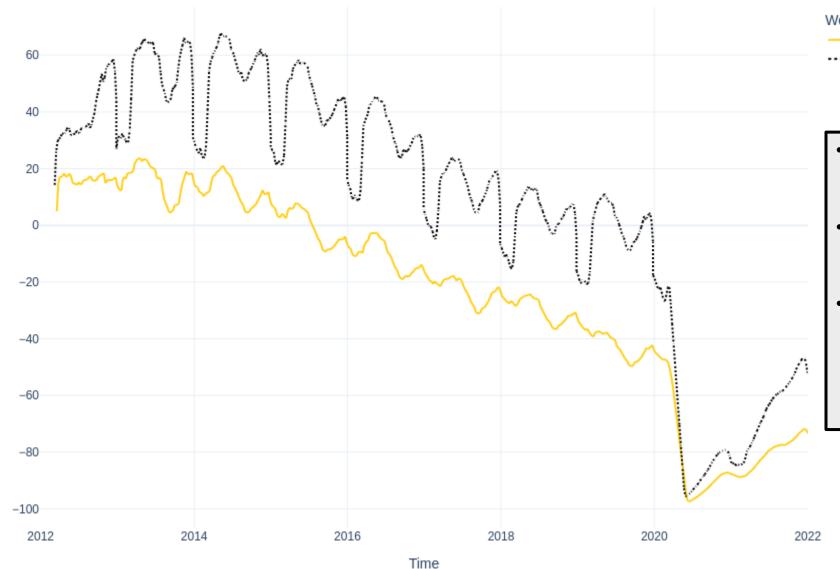








Weekly % Change from Start of 2012



Weekly % Change Average (Rolling over 12 weeks)

Ride Count

---- Fare Total

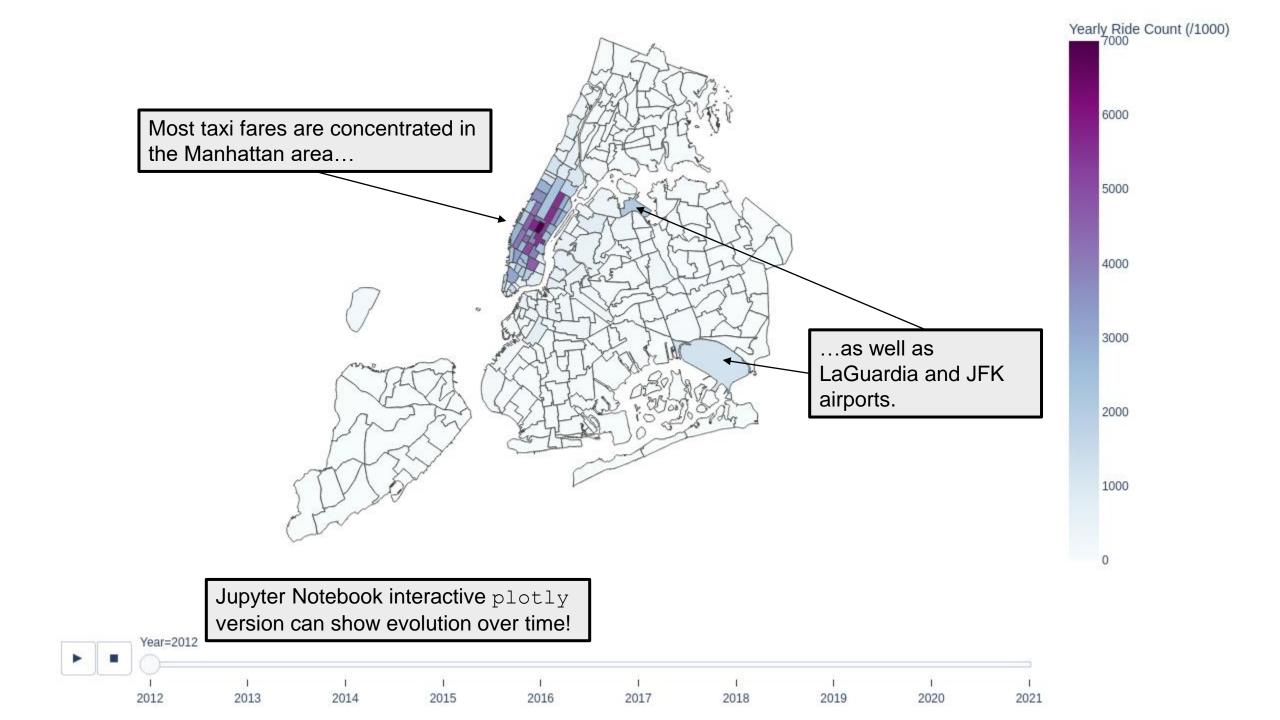
- Weekly Fare Totals had seasonal highs of up to +60% compared to the start of 2012
- % change in Fare Totals mirrors ride demand, and declines over time
- By the start of the pandemic,
 Fare Totals decreased to -20%
 and have only risen back up to 60% compared to the start of
 2012

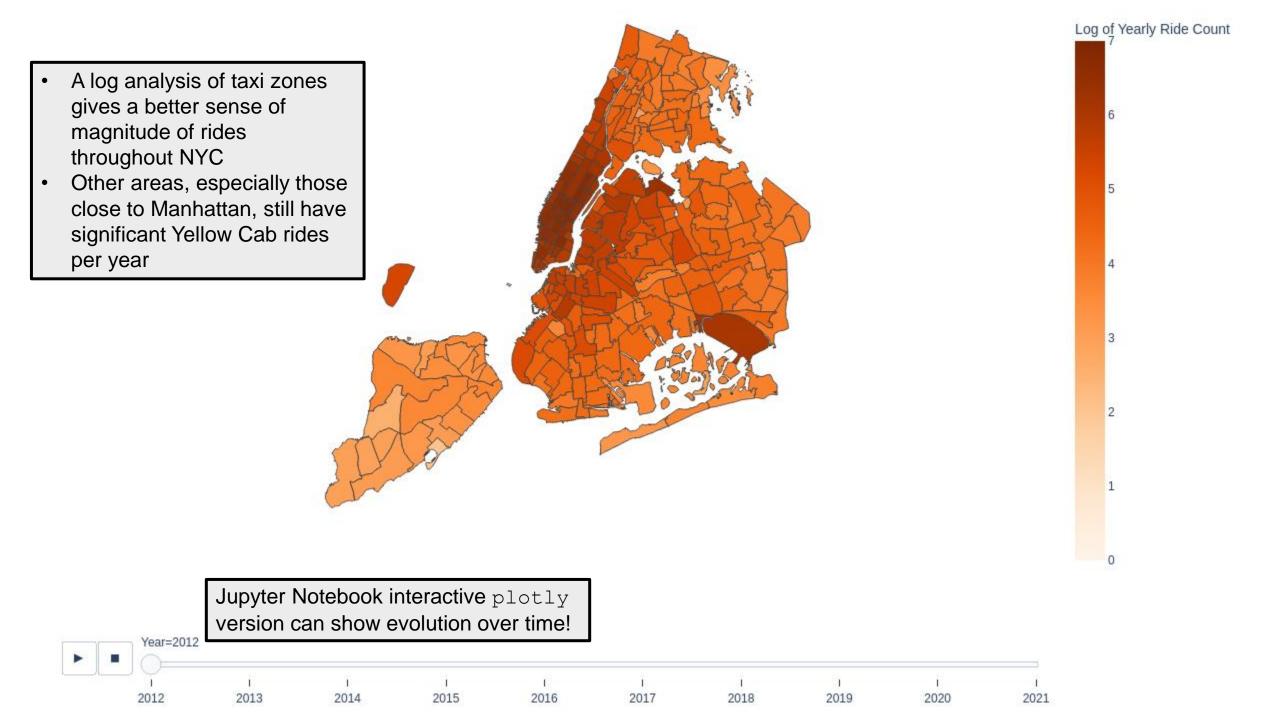
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Geospatial Analysis - busiest areas/boroughs (also over time)





Conclusions

1. Takeaways

- Yellow taxi industry significantly impacted by ride-hailing apps, representing only 14% of total rides in 2021 compared to 100% in 2012
- COVID-19 pandemic significantly decreased
- Temporal and geospatial analysis gives insight to periods and areas of peak demand

2. Future Analysis Directions

- Analysis of airport taxi pickups/drop-offs throughout the day and proportion of total rides in NYC
- Analysis of busiest taxi zones within each borough
- Parallel computing to work with dataset more directly (multiple computers), GPU acceleration
- Slides with revealjs to embed visualizations within slides

