

## United International University (UIU)

**Dept. of Computer Science & Engineering (CSE)** 

Final Exam :: Trimester: Summer - 2017

Course Code: CSI 211, Course Title: Object-Oriented Programming

Total Marks: **40** Duration: **2 Hours**There are seven questions. **Answer any five questions**. Figures in the right-hand margin indicate full marks

Question 1 [3+5]

The following class has been created to help your course teacher to keep track of Students with low attendance and low test score. **Observe** the code below, the sample run/output and **create** the Exception Classes' mentioned in the code; **InSufficientAttendanceException**, **LowScoreException**, so that the program produces the following outputs.

```
import java.util.Scanner;
                                                                Sample run/output
public class ScoreTracker {
                                                                Enter number of Student:3
public static void main(String[] args) {
                                                                Enter attendance of 0th Student:3
  Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);
                                                                Minimum attendance should be 4 days.
  System.out.print("Enter number of Student:");
  int studentCount = scan.nextInt();
                                                                Enter attendance of 1th Student:20
  for(int i =0; i<studentCount; i++){</pre>
                                                                Enter total test score:54
                                                                Total test score should be 55.0 or
      System.out.print("\nEnter attendance of "+i+"th
                                                                above.
Student:");
                                                                Enter attendance of 2th Student:12
      int att = scan.nextInt();
                                                                Enter total test score: 70
      if (att<=4)</pre>
                                                                Enter class test score:7
         throw new InSufficientAttendanceException(4);
                                                                Minimum class test score should be 8.0.
      System.out.print("Enter total test score:");
      double totalScore = scan.nextDouble();
      if(totalScore <55 )</pre>
         throw new LowScoreException(55);
      System.out.print("Enter class test score:");
      double ctScore = scan.nextDouble();
      if(ctScore <8 )</pre>
         throw new LowScoreException(8, totalScore);
     catch(Exception e){
      System.out.println(e.getMessage());
   } // end of for loop
}// end of main
}// end of class
```

Question 2 [8]

Suppose you and your friend "Bondhu" are playing football. Since there are no other players, you are casually passing the ball to Bondhu and he's passing you back. As there is only one football, a player can only pass it when he has it on his foot. Now, write a Java program that simulates the scenario by writing two Java thread classes **Bondhu** and **Player1** where **Football** is a shared item. Also write a **Test** class that contains the main method which outputs the following:

Player1 passed Bondhu passed Player1 passed Bondhu passed

**Note** that, a player cannot pass if he does not have the football. So a sequence "Bondhu passed, Bondhu passed" is invalid. The game should **end** after each of the players has made **five** passes.

Question 3 [4+4]

a) Update the Java program below to match the expected output. You cannot remove any line of code and you must not simply print the expected output.

```
Code
                                                                  Expected Output
class Work implements Runnable {
                                                               New work: Eat
  String name;
                                                               New work: Pray
  Thread t;
                                                               Eat: 3
  Work(String name) {
                                                               New work: Love
    this.name = name;
                                                               Pray: 3
    t = new Thread(this, name);
                                                               Love: 3
    System.out.println("New work: "+ t.getName());
                                                               Love: 2
    t.start();
                                                               Pray: 2
  }
                                                               Eat: 2
  public void run() {
                                                               Pray: 1
      Thread.sleep (1000);
                                                               Love: 1
                                                               Love: exiting
}
                                                               Eat: 1
public class Test {
                                                               Eat: exiting
  public static void main(String[] args) {
                                                               Pray: exiting
      Work w1 = new Work ("Eat");
                                                               Main thread exiting
      Work w2 = new Work("Pray");
      Work w3 = new Work("Love");
      System.out.println("Main thread exiting");
```

b) The following Java program is incomplete and/or contains errors. List the errors (if any) and then rewrite the program to match the expected output. You are **not allowed** to (i) modify the main method and (ii) use method overloading.

```
class Dragon {
      String name;
      double firePower;
      public Dragon(String name, double firePower) {
            this.name = name;
            this.firePower = firePower;
      }}
public class FaultyMaybe {
   public static int minimum(int x, int y, int z) {
      int min = x;
      if (y < min) min = y;
      if (z > min) min = z;
      return min;
   public static void main(String[] args) {
      System.out.println("Min of 3, 4, 5: " + minimum(3,4,5));
      System.out.println("Min of 3.3, 4.3, 1.5: " + minimum(3.3,4.3,1.5));
      System.out.println("Min of Robb, Jon, Bran: " + minimum("Robb", "Jon", "Bran"));
      Dragon [] drgns = new Dragon[3];
      drgns[0] = new Dragon("Drogon", 2.3);
      drgns[1] = new Dragon("Rhaegal", 1.2);
      drgns[2] = new Dragon("Viserion", 0.3);
     System.out.println("Least powerful dragon: "+minimum(drgns[0],drgns[1],drgns[2]));
   }
}
      Expected output:
      Min of 3, 4, 5: 3
      Min of 3.3, 4.3, 1.5: 1.5
      Min of Robb, Jon, Bran: Bran
      Least powerful dragon: Viserion
```

Question 4 [1.5+1.5+5=8]

Suppose there are two Java classes, namely Circle and Quadrilateral. The Circle class contains an attribute radius and the Quadrilateral class contains attributes dim1 and dim2. Both classes implement an interface Drawable that contains a method void draw(). They also have common methods double getArea() and double getPerimeter(). You have decided to introduce a super/parent class for these two classes called Shape2D that will have getArea() and getPerimeter() methods as abstract methods since they only have meaning in the subclasses.

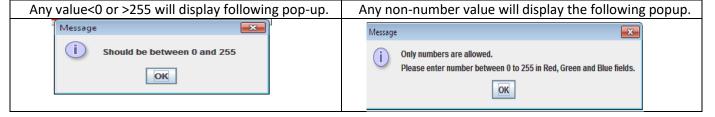
Suppose there are two more Java classes named **Rectangle** and **Square** that extend **Quadrilateral.** Now answer the following:

- i. Decide whether the class **Shape2D** should be declared as an abstract class or an interface. Why so?
- ii. Should the class Quadrilateral be abstract? Why so?
- iii. Write complete Java code implementations of the aforementioned classes and interface(s). You should add parameterized constructors to the classes.

```
Main Method
                                                        Your code should output the following
public static void main(String[] args) {
                                                        when this main method is run:
  Quadrilateral q1 = new Rectangle (10, 5);
                                                        Area: 78.54
  Quadrilateral q2 = new Square(8);
                                                        Area: 50.0
  Shape2D shape = new Circle(5);
                                                        Area: 64.0
                                                        Perimeter: 32.0
  System.out.println("Area: " + shape.getArea());
                                                        Drawing Square
  shape = q1;
  System.out.println("Area: " + shape.getArea());
  shape = q2;
  System.out.println("Area: " + shape.getArea());
  System.out.println("Perimeter: "+q2.perimiter());
  Drawable d = q2;
  d.draw();
```

<u>Question 5</u> [3+2+3]

Create a simple GUI application as shown below. There are 3 TextFields to take input for the RGB values of a color. Clicking the "Change Color" will change the background color to the specific color generated by the RGB values entered by the user in those 3 TextFields. If user enters any value less than 0 or greater than 255, a pop-up message will display as shown below. Also entering any input other than integer value will display another pop-up as shown below.



Question 6 [8]

The records of Chikungunya victims are stored in a txt file name *victims.txt*. Each record contains name followed by age followed by district; the record are stored in ascending order of district name. Write a program that will read the records from the file, find the district with **highest** Chikungunya victims, and display the district name with victim count in console.

<u>victims.txt</u>	Expected Output
Bari-45-Barishal	Dhaka-3
Hasan-50-Barishal	
Kayes-25-Dhaka	
Rawnak-35-Dhaka	
Jabed-43-Dhaka	
Sumi-48-Rajshahi	

[8]

Find out the output of the following Java program.

```
import java.util.*;
class Device implements Comparable<Device> {
      String name, type;
      int price;
      public Device(String name, String type, int price) {
            this.name = name;
            this.type = type;
            this.price = price;
      }
      @Override
      public String toString() {
            return new String(name + " " +price);
      }
      @Override
      public int compareTo(Device o) {
            return price - o.price;
      }
}
public class CollectionTest {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
            ArrayList<Device> devices = new ArrayList<Device>();
            devices.add(new Device("Samsung S7", "Mobile", 1000));
            devices.add(new Device("iPhone 6", "Mobile", 1150));
            devices.add(new Device("Huawei P7", "Mobile", 500));
            List<Device> laptops = new LinkedList<Device>();
            laptops.add(new Device("Dell Alienware", "Laptop", 3500));
            laptops.add(new Device("MacBook", "Laptop", 2500));
            laptops.add(new Device("HP", "Laptop", 1400));
            for (Device d : devices)
                  System.out.println(d);
            devices.addAll(laptops);
            Collections.sort(devices, new Comparator<Device>() {
                  @Override
                  public int compare(Device o1, Device o2) {
                        return o1.name.compareTo(o2.name);
            });
            System.out.println("\nAfter sorting devices: ");
            for (Device d : devices)
                  System.out.println(d);
            Collections.sort(laptops, Collections.reverseOrder());
            System.out.println("\nAfter sorting laptops: ");
            for (Device d : laptops)
                  System.out.println(d);
            devices.add(1, new Device("Sony", "Laptop", 2000));
            HashMap<String, Integer> map = new HashMap<>();
            map.put(devices.get(3).name, devices.get(3).price);
            try {
                  System.out.println(map.get("MacBook"));
                  System.out.println(map.get("Huawei P7"));
            catch (Exception e) { e.printStackTrace
      }}
```