



United International University

School of Science and Engineering

Mid Assessment Trimester: Summer-2020

Course Title: Probability and Statistics

Course Code: Stat 205 Marks: 20 Time: 1 Hour

There are 3 questions. Answer question no. 1 and any one from 2 and 3.

1. a) During a visit to a doctor's chamber, the probability of having neither medical test nor a referral to a specialist is **19%**. Of those coming to that chamber, the probability of having a medical test is **37%** and the probability of having referral is **54%**. What is the probability of having both medical test and referral? [3]
- b) Bowl **A** contains **7** red and **5** white chips, and bowl **B** contains **9** white and **6** red chips. A chip is drawn at random from bowl **B** and transferred to bowl **A**. Find the probability of then drawing a **same color** chip from bowl **A**. [3]
- c) Bean seeds from supplier **A** have germination rate **76%** and those from supplier **B** have germination rate **87%**. A seed-packaging company purchases **53%** from supplier **A** and remaining from supplier **B** and mixes these seeds together. [4]
- (i) If a seed germinates find the probability that it has been provided by supplier **A**.
- (ii) If a seed does not germinate find the probability that it has been provided by supplier **B**.
2. a) Let a chip be taken at random from a bowl that contains **seven** white chips, **four** red chips, and **one** blue chip. Let the random variable **X** = **1** if the outcome is a **red chip**, let **X** = **4** if the outcome is a **white chip**, and let **X** = **7** if the outcome is a **blue chip**. [6]
- (i) Find the **pmf** of **X**.
- (ii) Draw a **line graph** and **probability histogram** for this **pmf**.
- (iii) Find the **mean** and **variance** of **X**.
- b) The life **X** (in years) of a voltage regulator of a car has the **pdf**; [4]
- $$f(x) = \frac{3x^2}{9^3} e^{-\left(\frac{x}{9}\right)^3}; \quad x > 0$$
- (i) What is the probability that this regulator will last at least **9** years?
- (ii) Find the **37th** percentile of **f(x)**.

3. a) Show that the *mgf* of a random variable X is $M(t) = \frac{e^{2t}}{(e^t - 2)^2}$. Hence, find the *mean* [4]
and *standard deviation* of the corresponding probability distribution.
- b) Flaws in a certain type of drapery material appear on the average of *two* in **175** square feet. If we assume a Poisson distribution, find the probability of at most *one* flaw appearing in **250** square feet. [3]
- c) It is claimed that **21%** of the people in a certain region are infected by severe virus attack. Suppose **15** people are selected at random. Let X equal to the number of people infected by the virus. Assuming independence, how X is distributed. Find the probability that (i) at least **3** people are infected, (ii) exactly **12** people are infected. [3]

Formulae:

<i>Distribution</i>	<i>Pmf / pdf</i>
<i>Hypergeometric</i>	$f(x) = \frac{N_1 c_x N_2 c_{n-x}}{N c_n} ; N = N_1 + N_2, \quad x = 1, 2, \dots, n$
<i>Geometric</i>	$f(x) = q^{x-1} p ; x = 0, 1, 2, \dots$
<i>Binomial</i>	$f(x) = n c_x p^x q^{n-x} ; x = 0, 1, 2, \dots, n$
<i>Poisson</i>	$f(x) = \frac{\lambda^x e^{-\lambda}}{x!} ; x = 0, 1, 2, \dots$
<i>Uniform</i>	$f(x) = \frac{1}{b-a} ; a \leq x \leq b$
<i>Exponential</i>	$f(x) = \frac{1}{\theta} e^{-\frac{x}{\theta}} ; 0 \leq x < \infty$
<i>Gamma</i>	$f(x) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha) \theta^\alpha} x^{\alpha-1} e^{-x/\theta} ; 0 \leq x < \infty$
<i>Normal</i>	$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}} ; -\infty < x < \infty$