



# United International University (UIU)

Dept. of Computer Science & Engineering (CSE)

Mid Term Exam, Trimester: Spring 2023

Course Code: CSE-1115, Course Title: Object Oriented Programming

Total Marks: 30, Duration: 1 hours 45 minutes

*Any examinee found adopting unfair means will be expelled from the trimester / program as per UIU disciplinary rules.*

1. Write the expected output of the following code

[4]

```
public class SomeClass {
    SomeClass(){
        System.out.println("I am the base constructor");
    }
    SomeClass(int a){
        this();
        System.out.println("I have an extra value: "+ a);
        this.someMethod(a);
    }
    SomeClass(int a, double b){
        this(a);
        System.out.println("I have more values: " + b);
    }
    public void someMethod(){
        System.out.println("I have no param");
    }
    public void someMethod(int c){
        System.out.println("I borrow "+c+" form a constructor");
    }
}
```

```
public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        SomeClass s = new SomeClass(5,6.3);
        s.someMethod();
    }
}
```

2. Consider the following three classes and the output of the program. Then answer (a),(b) and (c).

```
package M1;

public class Human {
    private int id;
    String intelligence;
    protected boolean bravery;
}

public class Monster {
    String name;
    double weight;

    public void increaseWeight(double weight) {
        System.out.println("New weight of monster="+this.weight+weight));
    }

    boolean eat(Human h){
```

```

//check intelligence and return a boolean value
}

String scare(boolean bravery){
    //check bravery and return a string
}
}

```

```

package M1.M2;

public class Test {
    public static void main(String[] args) {

        Human h1=new Human(1,"low",true);
        Human h2=new Human(2,"high",false);

        Monster m1= new Monster ("CookieMonster", 100);

        if (m1.eat(h1)==true) {
            System.out.println("Monster has eaten human "+h1.id);
        }else{
            System.out.println("Human escaped");
        }
        System.out.println(m1.scare(h2.bravery));
    }
}

```

Expected Outcome:

```

To avoid getting scared or eaten be brave or intelligent.
To avoid getting scared or eaten be brave or intelligent.
New weight of monster=110.0
Monster has eaten human 1
Human is too brave to scare.

```

- (a) Correct the given code (don't modify the methods yet) by editing or adding any lines. You cannot remove any line from the code. Also write necessary getter methods (Assume the variables are read-only). [2]
- (b) Observe the output given and write necessary constructors and blocks accordingly. [3]
- (c) Implement the eat() and scare() methods. The **eat()** method checks the intelligence of a human- if it's "high", returns true, otherwise it calls the **increaseWeight()** method and then returns false. The **scare()** method checks a human's bravery- if it's false, it prints a line: "Human scared." otherwise it will print: "Human is too brave to scare." [3]

3. Given the following information write the necessary code to implement **AdvancedCalculator** class. [6]

```
public class Calculator {
    public int a;
    public int b;
    Calculator(int firstNumber, int secondNumber){
        this.a = firstNumber;
        this.b = secondNumber;
    }
    public int sum(){
        return a+b;
    }
    public int subtract(){
        return a-b;
    }
}
```

```
public class AdvancedCalculator // is a Child of Calculator class
{
}
```

```
public class main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        AdvancedCalculator c = new AdvancedCalculator(1,2, new int[]{3, 4, 5});
        System.out.println(c.subtract());
        System.out.println(c.sum());
    }
}
```

#### Expected output

Subtraction result: -1  
Summation result: 15

Following criteria must be fulfilled:

- **AdvancedCalculator** class has a constructor that uses **this** keyword to set the value of an attribute called **numbers**, which is an array of **int** type.
- Inside **AdvancedCalculator** class, override the **sum()** method from its parent. Then use the **super** keyword to utilize **sum()** method of its parent class **Calculator** to find out the sum of first two numbers. Then, add additional lines of code to add the elements of **numbers[]** with the sum and return the total summation.

#### Hints:

- 1<sup>st</sup> line of Expected outcome is the subtraction of 1<sup>st</sup> two numbers 1 and 2.
- 2<sup>nd</sup> line of Expected outcome is the summation of 1<sup>st</sup> two numbers 1 and 2 along with all the elements of **numbers[]** which are 3,4 and 5.

## 4. Answer Following Questions:

[3]

a. Write down the output of the following Code:

```

public class Parent {
    public static int count = 0;
    public static void printDetails(){
        count++;
        System.out.println("I am in Parent Class: " + count);
    }
}
public class Child extends Parent{
    public static void printDetails()
    {
        count++;
        System.out.println("I am in a Child Class: " + count);
    }
}
public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Child x = new Child();
        x.printDetails();
        x.printDetails();
        Parent y = new Parent();
        y.printDetails();
        Child.printDetails();
        Parent.printDetails();
        x.printDetails();
    }
}

```

5. Find out the errors in the following code and explain the reasons of Errors in those particular lines. [3]

```

class Point{
    int x, y;
    final int f = 10;
    final Point p = new Point(1, 2);
    public Point(int x, int y){
        this.x = x;
        this.y = y;
    }
}
class Check{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        Point point = new Point(5, 5);
        point.f = 5;
        point.p.x = 10;
        point.p = new Point(1, 5);
    }
}

```

6. Answer the following questions based on the attached code snippet:

```
public class Cake {
    protected String name;
    protected double rate;

    public Cake(String n, double r) {
        name = n;
        rate = r;
    }

    public double calcPrice(){
        System.out.println("Print the calculated price.");
    }
    public printDetails(){
        System.out.println("Prints the detail.");
    }
}

class OrderCake extends Cake{
    double weight;

    public OrderCake(String n, double r, double w){
        super(n, r);
        weight = w;
    }
    //override calcPrice & printDetails
}

class ReadymadeCake extends Cake{
    int quantity;

    public ReadymadeCake(String n, double r, int q){
        super(n, r);
        quantity = q;
    }
    //override calcPrice & printDetails
}

class Main{
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Cake cake[];

        // Complete the code

        for (int i = 0; i < cake.length; i++) {
            cake[i].printDetails();
        }
    }
}
```

a. `calcPrice()` method in the `Cake` class is used to calculate the total price of a cake. You need to override this method in each of the derived classes: `OrderCake` and `ReadymadeCake`. Price is calculated as per the following rules: [4]

- `OrderCake`:  $rate * weight$
- `ReadymadeCake`:  $rate * quantity$

Also, override another method `printDetails()` in each class. This method will print the information about a particular cake according to the following format:

```
Name: <name>
Rate: <rate>
Weight/Quantity: <value>
Total Price: <price>
```

Now, complete the `OrderCake` and `ReadymadeCake` class by overriding `calcPrice()` and `printDetails()` methods.

b. Create an array of three cake objects. First two objects are of `OrderCake` type and later one object is of `ReadymadeCake` type in the `main()` method. Assign some values to the class attributes while creating those objects. If you successfully create the array, your output will look like as follows: [2]

```
Name: OrderCake
Rate: 150
Weight: 3
Total Price: 450
... ..
```

```
Name: ReadymadeCake
Rate: 200
Quantity: 2
Total Price: 400
.....
```