NotBeta

A Deep Reinforcement Learning Framework

by Dema, Gasim, Alex, Arjun

Data Used: Quandl, Refinitiv, Storm Events Database

Themes: Theme 1 and 3

Experiments conducted on local machine

October 2019

Themes

Theme 1: How can we model the impact of extreme weather events (e.g. drought, flooding, hurricanes) on pricing in insurance, listed equity, and bond markets?

```
Five Link cut governments Apair tell frame and the seven many from the seven many from
```

Figure: Twitter Wordcloud

Theme 2: How can we use social media sentiment to predict company returns?

Requirements

- Needs to learn the optimal action
- Adapt to market conditions
- Consider extreme events (in terms of climate change), social media analytics which have influence over stock prices

Solution

- Develop a deep reinforcement learning framework to maximise alpha generation
- Leverage alternative datasets to feed in as the environment in the reinforcement learning model

Background

- Financial Signal Processing: Using ARIMA and GARCH models to analyse time-series data, and forecast next day returns by using model parameters
- Machine Learning Approaches: Time-series forecasting using state-of-the-art neural networks hold predictive power to predict next day returns; however may not maximise alpha

Novelty

Modelling the Financial Market as a Discrete-Time Stochastic Dynamical System

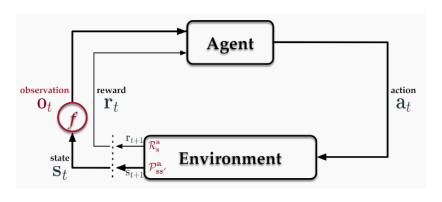


Figure: Partially Observable Markov Decision Process

Data

Social Media, Extreme Events, Financial Data Sources

- Social Media Analytics: Retreived from Quandl
- US Stocks Closing Prices: Retrieved from Quandl
- **S&P500**: Yahoo Finance
- Sentiment Social Media Data: Retrieved from Refinitiv
- Storm Events Database: Retrieved from National Centers for Environmental Information
- Data ETL
- Data Pre-Processing: Data Cleaning, Wrangling, Visualisation
- Merging multiple datasets
- Feature selection
- Checking for stationarity (AD Fuller Test)



Agent Trading Behaviour

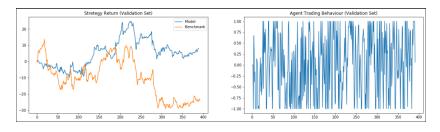


Figure: Plotting Agent Actions

CVS Health Corp (NYSE:CVS)



Figure: CVS Health Corp % Returns (Jan 2018 - July 2019)

8 / 12

CVS Health Corp (NYSE:CVS)

CVS Results Model Cumulative Return: 43.93% Annual Return: 26.61% Max Drawdown: -19,42% Sharpe ratio: 1.21 Sortino ratio: 1.89 Omega ratio: 1.27 Benchmark Cumulative Return: -28.78% Annual Return: -19.74% Max Drawdown: -37.67% Sharpe ratio: -0.64 Sortino ratio: -0.85 Omega ratio: 0.9

Figure: CVS Health Corp Financial Metrics (Jan 2018 - July 2019)

ExxonMobil (NYSE:XOM)



Figure: ExxonMobil % Returns (Jan 2018 - July 2019)

ExxonMobil (NYSE:XOM)

XOM Results Model Cumulative Return: 0.64% Annual Return: 0.42% Max Drawdown: -12.66% Sharpe ratio: 0.1 Sortino ratio: 0.15 Omega ratio: 1.02 Benchmark Cumulative Return: -14.28% Annual Return: -9.55% Max Drawdown: -26.45% Sharpe ratio: -0.39 Sortino ratio: -0.53 Omega ratio: 0.94

Figure: ExxonMobil Financial Metrics (Jan 2018 - July 2019)

Conclusion

- Alpha Gen: Reward function is to maximise cumulative returns
- **Viability:** Pipeline proof-of-concept built; can be leveraged into existing systems using Python environments
- Originality: Using novelty in policy gradient optimisation in tandem with alternative datasets
- **Expandable:** Multi-agent reinforcement learning and diversity in datasets; can be applied into multiple asset classes and stocks
- Performance: Proof-of-concept of two different stocks as a starting point; adapts to market conditions