Will Vucevic Score a Double Double?

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February 12, 2021

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Model to predict whether the Magic's Nikola Vucevic will score a double double in a given game.

0.1 Importing Data

Statistics for individual seasons that listed every NBA game Nikola Vucevic played in were obtained from Basketball Reference.

- Data Source: https://www.basketball-reference.com/players/v/vucevni01.html
- Seasons: 10 Seasons total
- First Season: 2011-2012
- Last Season: 2020-2021 incomplete as games are in progress
- Naming Convention: 2021 indicates the 2020-2021 season following Basketball Reference naming convention

0.2 Merge & Clean Data

0.2.1 Data Frame Created

• Vucevic: Includes Stats for every game Vucevic played from 2011 through 2021-02-15. Each row of data represents a single game.

0.2.2 Variables Created

- Vucevic\$TeamGameSeason: Indicates what game it is in the season for Vucevic's team
- Vucevic\$PlayerGameSeason: Indicates how many games Vucevic has played in that season
- Vucevic\$PlayerGameCareer: Indicates how many games Vucevic has played in his entire NBA career
- Vucevic\$Player: Identifies Vucevic as the player. Future benefit if combined with other datasets.

The variables in the dataset include:

```
##
    [1] "TeamGameSeason"
                              "PlayerGameSeason"
                                                   "Date"
                                                                        "Age"
##
    [5] "Team"
                              "Location"
                                                   "Opponent"
                                                                        "GameStarted"
##
    [9]
        "MinsPlayed"
                              "FG"
                                                   "FGA"
                                                                        "FG%"
        "3P"
                              "3PA"
                                                   "3P%"
                                                                        "FT"
        "FTA"
                              "FT%"
                                                   "ORB"
                                                                        "DRB"
##
   [17]
##
   [21]
        "TRB"
                              "AST"
                                                   "STL"
                                                                        "BLK"
  [25]
                              "PF"
##
        "TOV"
                                                   "PTS"
                                                                        "GmSc"
## [29] "+/-"
                              "Season"
                                                   "PlayerGameCareer"
                                                                        "Player"
## [33] "Minutes"
                              "Seconds"
                                                   "WinLoss"
```

0.3 Merge Teams that Have Moved

Vucevic has played against 32 NBA teams in his career. With only 30 teams in the league this has occurred as teams have moved and changed names. For example, the New Jersey Nets became the Brooklyn Nets in 2012. To keep a consistent 30 NBA teams we will use 'BRK' to indicate games played against in both locations.

0.3.1 BRK Team will Include:

- NJN New Jersey Nets 1977 to 2012
- BRK Brooklyn Nets 2012 Present

Similarly the Charlotte Hornets moved from Charlotte to New Orleans to become the New Orleans Pelicans in 2002. In 2004 the NBA established the Charlotte Bobcats as an expansion team. The Charlotte Bobcats changed their name to Charlotte Hornets in 2014. Honoring Charlotte's history all games played in Charlotte will be included in the CHA Team.

0.3.2 CHO Team will Include:

- $\bullet~$ CHA was used for the Charlotte Bobcats from 2004 to 2014
- CHO is used for the Charlotte Hornets from 2014 to present

The updated count of games Vucevic has played against every NBA team is:

```
##
## ATL BOS BRK CHA CHI CHO CLE DAL DEN DET GSW HOU IND LAC LAL MEM MIA MIL MIN NJN
                 0
                    26
                        26
                            26
                                15
                                     14
                                         26
                                             16
                                                 14
                                                     29
                                                         16
                                                            13
## NOH NOP NYK OKC ORL PHI PHO POR SAC SAS TOR UTA WAS
        13
            28
                18
                        27
                            17
                                15
                                     14
                                         17
```

0.4 Create Double Double Variable

0.4.1 Variable Created

• DoubleDouble: Indicates for each game whether Vucevic scored a double double.

Where a double double is defined as scoring 10 or more in two categories of either points, rebounds, assists, steals or blocks. Typically the most common combinations are 10 or more points and 10 or more rebounds. Followed by 10 or more points and 10 or more assists.

```
## ## FALSE TRUE
## 281 345
## TRUE
## 0.5511182
```

0.5 Create Data Dictionary

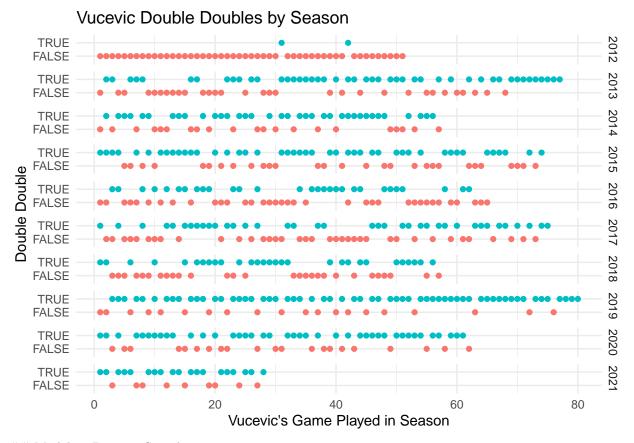
Please see the data dictionary for information on all the variables included in the dataset.

##		ColNumber	VariableName	${ t DataType}$
##	1	1	${\tt TeamGameSeason}$	integer
##	2	2	${\tt PlayerGameSeason}$	integer
##	3	3	Date	Date
##	4	4	Age	character
##	5	5	Team	factor
##	6	6	Location	factor
##	7	7	Opponent	factor
##	8	8	${\tt GameStarted}$	factor
##	9	9	MinsPlayed	character
##	10	10	FG	integer
##	11	11	FGA	integer
##	12	12	FG%	numeric
##	13	13	3P	integer
##	14	14	3PA	integer
##	15	15	3P%	numeric
##	16	16	FT	integer
##	17	17	FTA	integer
##	18	18	FT%	numeric
##	19	19	ORB	integer
##	20	20	DRB	integer
##	21	21	TRB	integer
##	22	22	AST	integer
##	23	23	STL	integer

##	24	24	BLK	integer
##	25	25	TOV	integer
##	26	26	PF	integer
##	27	27	PTS	integer
##	28	28	GmSc	numeric
##	29	29	+/-	integer
##	30	30	Season	numeric
##	31	31	${\tt PlayerGameCareer}$	integer
##	32	32	Player	character
##	33	33	Minutes	character
##	34	34	Seconds	character
##	35	35	WinLoss	factor
##	36	36	DoubleDouble	logical
##	37	37	TripleDouble	logical

0.6 Response Variable Visualization

By visualizing Vucevic's Double Double's overtime we can see that as he has progressed in his career he has increasingly achieved a Double Double.



Modeling Process, Sampling

- Vucevic: Observations of all games played
- VucevicTrain: 70% of the observations in the Vucevic dataset
- VucevicTest: 30% of the observations in the Vucevic dataset

To provide an accurate understanding of the our final optimal model the **Vucevic** dataframe was split into both a training and testing dataset. The training set will be used to train our algorithms and compare models. The testing set will be reserved to make an unbiased assessment of the model's performance.

A 70/30% split was used across 627 observations in the original Vucevic dataset.

A stratified sampling approach was taken to ensure a balanced representation of the response distribution in both the training and testing datasets. In other words we used a similar percent of games where Vucevic scored a Double Double in both the training and testing data.

The breakdown of Double Double's on the VucevicTrain dataset:

```
## FALSE TRUE
## 0.4489362 0.5510638
```

The breakdown of Double Double's on the **VucevicTest** dataset:

```
## FALSE TRUE
## 0.4487179 0.5512821
```

0.7 Logistic Regression

Logistic regression is used when the response variable is binary. In this case Vucevic either scored a Double Double or he did not.

0.8 Model 1: Logistic Regression Location

For our first model we explore if Vucevic is more likely to score a Double Double depending on if the game is at home or away.

```
## # A tibble: 2 x 5
##
     term
                   estimate std.error statistic p.value
##
     <chr>>
                      <dbl>
                                 <dbl>
                                            <dbl>
                                                    <dbl>
                     0.225
                                 0.130
                                            1.74
                                                   0.0826
## 1 (Intercept)
## 2 LocationHome
                    -0.0411
                                 0.186
                                           -0.221 0.825
```

• Intercept: 0.225010964328947

Coefficient, Home: -0.0410881264617096
P-Value, Home: 0.824736760296013

Based on our analysis we predict that Vucevic is just as likely to score a Double Double whether at Home or Away. With the high p-value it can also be determined that the location of the game is not statistically significant in determining whether Vucevic will score a Double Double.

0.9 Model 2: Logistic Regression Opponent

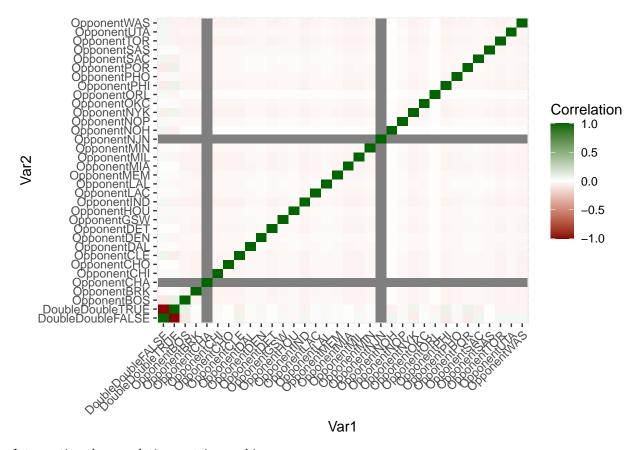
Predicts if Vucevic will score a Double Double depending on the opposing team.

0.9.1 Correlation Matrix: Model 2, Logistical Regression Opponent

A correlation Matrix is used to visualize how each Team impacts Vucevic's likelihood to score a Double Double.

```
VucevicMatrix <- model.matrix(~ 0 + DoubleDouble + Opponent, data = Vucevic)
cor.mat <- round(cor(VucevicMatrix), 2)</pre>
```

Warning in stats::cor(x, ...): the standard deviation is zero



Interpreting the correlation matrix graphic:

- Grey lines for CHA and NJN indicating there are no values.
- Dark green boxes, indicating perfect positive correlation, for every instance when one variable equals another variable.

- Dark red boxes, indicating perfect negative correlation, when DoubleDoubleFalse equals DoubleDoubleTrue.
- Faint red boxes everywhere else.

It appears that there is little correlation between the team Vucevic played and the likelihood he would score a double double. We can use a Logistical regression model to confirm the numeric value of the correlation using a coefficient estimate, standard error and p-value.

An initial interpretation of the coefficient for each team would indicate that when Vucevic is playing against teams with a positive coefficient value he is more likely to score a Double Double.

```
LogisticRegOpponent <- glm(DoubleDouble ~ Opponent, family = "binomial", data = VucevicTrain)
LogisticRegOpponent
##
         glm(formula = DoubleDouble ~ Opponent, family = "binomial", data = VucevicTrain)
## Call:
##
## Coefficients:
##
   (Intercept)
                OpponentBOS
                              OpponentBRK
                                           OpponentCHI
                                                        OpponentCHO
                                                                      OpponentCLE
        0.8267
                                  -0.7089
                                               -0.4700
                                                             -0.8267
##
                     0.1542
                                                                          -1.1144
## OpponentDAL
                OpponentDEN
                             OpponentDET
                                           OpponentGSW
                                                         OpponentHOU
                                                                      OpponentIND
       -1.0498
                    -0.8267
                                               -0.9602
                                                             -0.3567
##
                                  -0.6035
                                                                          -1.3375
                                                                      OpponentMIN
## OpponentLAC
                OpponentLAL
                             OpponentMEM
                                           OpponentMIA
                                                        OpponentMIL
       -0.6725
##
                    -1.0090
                                  -0.8267
                                               -0.6260
                                                             -0.9808
                                                                          -0.3567
                                                                      OpponentPHO
## OpponentNOH
                OpponentNOP
                             OpponentNYK
                                           OpponentOKC
                                                         OpponentPHI
##
      -15.3927
                    -0.1335
                                   0.6202
                                               -0.8267
                                                              0.4951
                                                                          -0.2389
## OpponentPOR
                OpponentSAC
                             OpponentSAS
                                           OpponentTOR
                                                        OpponentUTA
                                                                      OpponentWAS
##
        0.2719
                    -1.0498
                                  -0.6725
                                               -1.2321
                                                             -0.6725
                                                                          -1.1632
##
## Degrees of Freedom: 469 Total (i.e. Null); 440 Residual
## Null Deviance:
                        646 6
## Residual Deviance: 613.7
                                 AIC: 673.7
```

0.10 Further Interpertation: Model 2, Logistical Regression Opponent

```
TidyLogisticRegOpponent <- tidy(LogisticRegOpponent)
head(TidyLogisticRegOpponent)</pre>
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 5
##
                 estimate std.error statistic p.value
     term
##
     <chr>
                                          <dbl>
                    <dbl>
                               <dbl>
                                                  <dbl>
## 1 (Intercept)
                    0.827
                               0.453
                                         1.82
                                                 0.0681
## 2 OpponentBOS
                    0.154
                               0.659
                                         0.234 0.815
## 3 OpponentBRK
                   -0.709
                               0.664
                                        -1.07
                                                 0.286
## 4 OpponentCHI
                   -0.470
                               0.669
                                        -0.702 0.483
## 5 OpponentCHO
                   -0.827
                               0.654
                                                 0.206
                                        -1.26
## 6 OpponentCLE
                                                 0.0780
                   -1.11
                               0.632
                                        -1.76
```

#list(LogisticReqOpponent\$coefficients > 0)

0.10.1 Analyzing Boston

Starting with Boston (BOS), the coefficient is positive which would generally indicate that Vucevic is more likely to score a double double when they are the opponent. Further interpretation of our model, shows a large standard error, creating a wide confidence range, and high p-value.

• Intercept: 0.826678573184469

Coefficient, Boston: 0.154150679827253
P-Value, Boston: 0.815100895685595

These numbers all indicate that our current Logistical Regression model is not very accurate in predicting if Vucevic will score a Double Double when he plays against Boston. Similar data is seen for all NBA teams.

0.11 Improving the Model: Model 3, Logistical Regression Multiple

One method to improve model accuracy is to incorporate multiple variables when making a prediction. The following methods were utilized to determine which variables to include:

- 1. Remove variables that create left side leakage.
- 2. Remove variables that have no meaning for our model
- 3. Remove variables that are statistically similar to each other.
- 4. Create new variables.

0.11.1 Left Side Leakage

When predicting if Vucevic will have a Double Double we need to make sure that our prediction is not based on any of the variables that are used to calculate a Double Double.

In addition to removing variables for Points, Rebounds, Assists, Steals and Blocks, variables that are based in part on those variables will also need to be removed. For example Offensive Rebounds, Free Throws, and Free Throw Attempts.

```
#Create a backup of the Vucevic data frame just in case

VucevicBackup <- Vucevic

#Removing Variables from the Data Set Vucevic that cause left side leakage

Vucevic <- Vucevic %>% select(-FG, -FGA, -FT, -FTA, -ORB, -DRB, -TRB, -AST, -STL, -BLK, -PTS, -GmSc, -T:

#Any variable names that start with a number, or have a % sign will need to be included in "" to remove

Vucevic <- Vucevic %>% select(-'FG%', -'3P', -'3PA', -'3P%', -'FT%')
```

0.11.2 Removing Variables, No Meaning in Model

Since our model is to perdict whether Vucevic will score a Double Double, the variables that are only available after a game has been played need to be removed. They include: - TOV - PF - +/- - WinLoss

Other variables are very similar to each other and were removed: - Date (Similar to PlayerGameCareer) - Age (Similar to PlayerGameCareer) - MinsPlayed (Similar to Minutes) - Player (Only analyzing Vucevic) - Seconds (Similar to Minutes)

```
Vucevic <- Vucevic %>% select(-TOV, -PF, -"+/-", -WinLoss)
#Use summary to see if there are variables we can eliminate
summary(Vucevic)
   TeamGameSeason PlayerGameSeason
                                         Date
                                                             Age
                         : 1.00
## Min.
          : 1.00
                   Min.
                                           :2011-12-28
                                                         Length:626
                                    Min.
                   1st Qu.:16.00
## 1st Qu.:17.00
                                    1st Qu.:2014-01-29
                                                         Class : character
## Median :37.00
                 Median :32.00
                                    Median :2016-02-27
                                                         Mode : character
## Mean
         :38.37
                   Mean
                         :33.55
                                           :2016-05-11
##
   3rd Qu.:58.00
                   3rd Qu.:49.75
                                    3rd Qu.:2018-11-11
## Max. :82.00
                   Max. :80.00
                                    Max.
                                           :2021-02-14
##
                                      GameStarted MinsPlayed
##
    Team
             Location
                           Opponent
## ORL:575
             Away:315
                               : 31
                                      0: 61
                                                  Length:626
                        TOR
## PHI: 51
             Home:311
                               : 30
                                      1:565
                        ATL
                                                  Class : character
##
                        MIA
                               : 30
                                                  Mode :character
##
                        WAS
                               : 30
                               : 29
##
                        IND
                               : 28
##
                        BRK
                        (Other):448
##
                  PlayerGameCareer
##
       Season
                                      Player
                                                        Minutes
##
   Min.
          :2012
                  Min. : 1.0
                                   Length:626
                                                      Length:626
   1st Qu.:2014
                  1st Qu.:157.2
                                   Class : character
                                                      Class : character
##
  Median:2016
                  Median :313.5
                                   Mode :character
                                                      Mode : character
         :2016
## Mean
                  Mean
                        :313.5
##
   3rd Qu.:2019
                  3rd Qu.:469.8
## Max. :2021
                  Max. :626.0
##
##
                      DoubleDouble
     Seconds
                      Mode :logical
## Length:626
## Class:character FALSE:281
## Mode :character TRUE :345
##
##
##
##
#Remove variables that contain extraneous information
Vucevic <- Vucevic %>% select(-Age, -MinsPlayed, -Player, -Seconds)
#Convert Variables to
Vucevic$Season <- as.factor(Vucevic$Season)</pre>
Vucevic$Minutes <- as.factor(Vucevic$Minutes)</pre>
#Check your work
summary(Vucevic)
## TeamGameSeason PlayerGameSeason
                                                          Team
                                                                   Location
                                         Date
## Min. : 1.00 Min. : 1.00
                                    Min.
                                           :2011-12-28
                                                         ORL:575
                                                                   Away:315
## 1st Qu.:17.00
                   1st Qu.:16.00
                                    1st Qu.:2014-01-29
                                                         PHI: 51
                                                                   Home:311
## Median :37.00 Median :32.00
                                    Median :2016-02-27
```

#Remove any variables that would be calculated after a game is played

```
:38.37
                     Mean
                             :33.55
                                        Mean
                                               :2016-05-11
##
    Mean
    3rd Qu.:58.00
                                        3rd Qu.:2018-11-11
##
                     3rd Qu.:49.75
                             :80.00
##
    Max.
           :82.00
                     Max.
                                        Max.
                                               :2021-02-14
##
##
       Opponent
                   {\tt GameStarted}
                                    Season
                                               PlayerGameCareer
                                                                     Minutes
                   0: 61
                                        : 80
                                               Min.
                                                                         : 56
##
    TOR
            : 31
                                2019
                                                       : 1.0
                                                                  32
    ATL
            : 30
                                               1st Qu.:157.2
##
                   1:565
                                2013
                                        : 77
                                                                  34
                                                                         : 53
   MIA
            : 30
                                               Median :313.5
##
                                2017
                                        : 75
                                                                  33
                                                                         : 52
##
    WAS
           : 30
                                2015
                                        : 74
                                               Mean
                                                       :313.5
                                                                  31
                                                                          : 45
                                                                  27
##
   IND
            : 29
                                2016
                                        : 65
                                               3rd Qu.:469.8
                                                                         : 32
##
  BRK
            : 28
                                2020
                                        : 62
                                               Max.
                                                       :626.0
                                                                  28
                                                                         : 30
   (Other):448
                                (Other):193
                                                                  (Other):358
##
## DoubleDouble
##
  Mode :logical
   FALSE:281
##
##
    TRUE :345
##
##
##
##
```

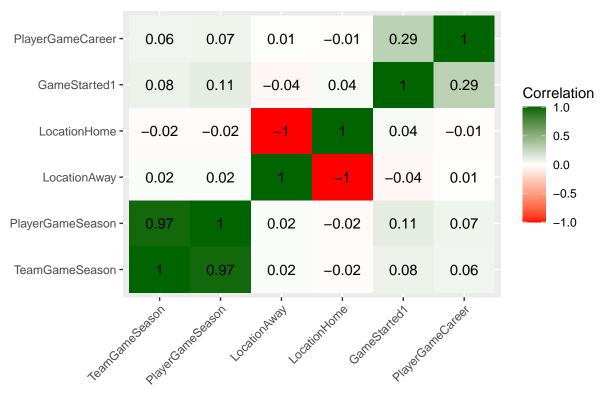
0.11.3 Remove Variables, Statistically Similar

By creating a correlation matrix on the remaining variables, we can determine if any of the variables are statistically similar to each other.

```
names(Vucevic)
    [1] "TeamGameSeason"
                            "PlayerGameSeason" "Date"
                                                                   "Team"
##
##
    [5] "Location"
                            "Opponent"
                                                "GameStarted"
                                                                   "Season"
    [9] "PlayerGameCareer" "Minutes"
                                                "DoubleDouble"
VucevicMatrix <- model.matrix(~ 0 + TeamGameSeason + PlayerGameSeason + Location + GameStarted + Player
cor.mat <- round(cor(VucevicMatrix), 2)</pre>
melted.cor.mat <- melt(cor.mat)</pre>
ggplot(melted.cor.mat, aes(x=Var1, y=Var2, fill = value)) +
  geom tile() +
  ggtitle("Correlation of Variables in Vucevic Dataset") +
  xlab("") +
 ylab("") +
  geom_text(aes(x=Var1, y=Var2, label = value)) +
  scale_fill_gradient2(low = "red", high = "darkgreen", mid = "white",
                       midpoint = 0, limit = c(-1,1), space = "Lab",
                       name="Correlation") +
```

theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 45, size = 9, hjust = 1))

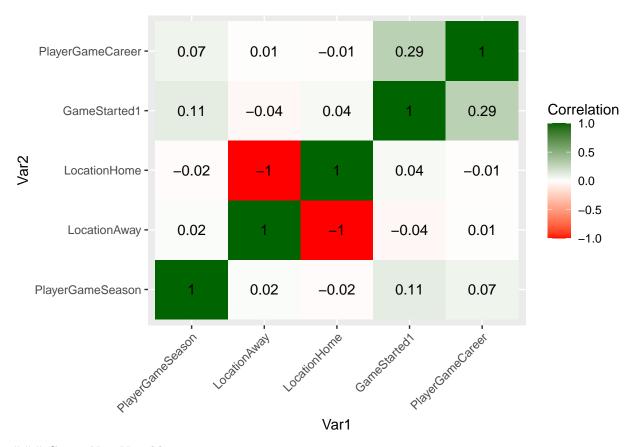
Correlation of Variables in Vucevic Dataset



Both TeamPHI and TeamORL have an impact on multiple other variables. This is likely due to the fact that Vucevic only played for Philadelphia in his rookie year. As a rookie he was likely to start (GameStarted1), had played fewer games (PlayerGameCareer), and less likely to score a Double Double.

We also see a strong correlation between TeamGameSeason and PlayerGameSeason. PlayerGameSeason is calculated by the number of games Vucevic has played in a given season, while TeamGameSeason is calculated by the number of games his team has played in a given season. If Vucevic had long or frequent injuries these calculations would show more variation. Since they don't we can get ride of TeamGameSeason.

Once we remove TeamPHI, TeamORL and TeamGameSeason our Correlation Matrix shows:



Create New Variables

Based on our above findings we are now left with the following variables: - PlayerGameSeason - Location - GameStarted - PlayerGameCareer

Additional variables may provide better insights: - Back to Back Games: created using a mutate() and lag()

- Conference: - Time Zone: Created using an ifelse()

```
#Create New Variable Back to Back
Vucevic <- Vucevic %>%
  arrange(Vucevic$Date) %>%
  mutate(DaysSinceLastGame = Vucevic$Date - lag(Vucevic$Date))
Vucevic$BackToBack <- ifelse(Vucevic$DaysSinceLastGame == 1, TRUE, FALSE)</pre>
Vucevic <- Vucevic %>% select(-Date, -DaysSinceLastGame)
#Create New Variable Conference
Vucevic$Conference <- ifelse(Vucevic$Opponent == "ATL", "Eastern",</pre>
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Opponent == "BOS", "Eastern",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Opponent == "BRK", "Eastern",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Opponent == "CHA", "Eastern",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Opponent == "CHO", "Eastern",
                         ifelse(Vucevic$Opponent == "CHI", "Eastern",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Opponent == "CLE", "Eastern",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Opponent == "DAL", "Western",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Opponent == "DEN", "Western",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Opponent == "DET", "Eastern",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Opponent == "GSW", "Western",
```

```
ifelse(Vucevic$Opponent == "HOU", "Western",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Opponent == "IND", "Eastern",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Opponent == "LAC", "Western",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Opponent == "LAL", "Western",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Opponent == "MEM", "Western",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Opponent == "MIA", "Eastern",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Opponent == "MIL", "Eastern",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Opponent == "MIN", "Western",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Opponent == "NJN", "Eastern",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Opponent == "NOH", "Western",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Opponent == "NOP", "Western",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Opponent == "NYK", "Eastern",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Opponent == "OKC", "Western",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Opponent == "ORL", "Eastern",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Opponent == "PHI", "Eastern",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Opponent == "PHO", "Western",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Opponent == "POR", "Western",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Opponent == "SAC", "Western",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Opponent == "SAS", "Western",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Opponent == "TOR", "Eastern",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Opponent == "UTA", "Western",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Opponent == "WAS", "Eastern",
                               #Create New Variable Time Zone
Vucevic$TimeZone <- ifelse(Vucevic$Location == "Home", "Eastern",</pre>
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Location == "Away" & Vucevic$Opponent == "ATL", "Eastern",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Location == "Away" & Vucevic$Opponent == "BOS", "Eastern",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Location == "Away" & Vucevic$Opponent == "BRK", "Eastern",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Location == "Away" & Vucevic$Opponent == "CHA", "Eastern",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Location == "Away" & Vucevic$Opponent == "CHO", "Eastern",
                       ifelse(Vucevic$Location == "Away" & Vucevic$Opponent == "CHI", "Central",
                       ifelse(Vucevic$Location == "Away" & Vucevic$Opponent == "CLE", "Eastern",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Location == "Away" & Vucevic$Opponent == "DAL", "Central",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Location == "Away" & Vucevic$Opponent == "DEN", "Mountain",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Location == "Away" & Vucevic$Opponent == "DET", "Eastern",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Location == "Away" & Vucevic$Opponent == "GSW", "Pacific",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Location == "Away" & Vucevic$Opponent == "HOU", "Central",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Location == "Away" & Vucevic$Opponent == "IND", "Eastern",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Location == "Away" & Vucevic$Opponent == "LAC", "Pacific",
                       ifelse(Vucevic$Location == "Away" & Vucevic$Opponent == "LAL", "Pacific",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Location == "Away" & Vucevic$Opponent == "MEM", "Central",
                       ifelse(Vucevic$Location == "Away" & Vucevic$Opponent == "MIA", "Eastern",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Location == "Away" & Vucevic$Opponent == "MIL", "Central",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Location == "Away" & Vucevic$Opponent == "MIN", "Central",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Location == "Away" & Vucevic$Opponent == "NJN", "Eastern",
                       ifelse(Vucevic$Location == "Away" & Vucevic$Opponent == "NOH", "Central",
                       ifelse(Vucevic$Location == "Away" & Vucevic$Opponent == "NOP", "Central",
                       ifelse(Vucevic$Location == "Away" & Vucevic$Opponent == "NYK", "Eastern",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Location == "Away" & Vucevic$Opponent == "OKC", "Central",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Location == "Away" & Vucevic$Opponent == "ORL", "Eastern",
                        ifelse(Vucevic$Location == "Away" & Vucevic$Opponent == "PHI", "Eastern",
                        ifelse(Vucevic\$Location == "Away" & Vucevic\$Opponent == "PHO", "Mountain",
```

```
TeamGameSeason PlayerGameSeason Team
                                                  Location
                                                                 Opponent
           : 1.00
##
                     Min.
                            : 1.00
                                       ORL:575
    Min.
                                                  Away:315
                                                              TOR
                                                                     : 31
    1st Qu.:17.00
                     1st Qu.:16.00
                                       PHI: 51
                                                  Home:311
                                                              ATL
                                                                     : 30
   Median :37.00
                                                                     : 30
##
                     Median :32.00
                                                             MIA
    Mean
           :38.37
                     Mean
                             :33.55
                                                              WAS
                                                                     : 30
##
    3rd Qu.:58.00
                     3rd Qu.:49.75
                                                              IND
                                                                     : 29
##
##
    Max.
           :82.00
                     Max.
                            :80.00
                                                              BRK
                                                                     : 28
##
                                                              (Other):448
##
    GameStarted
                     Season
                                PlayerGameCareer
                                                     Minutes
                                                                 DoubleDouble
##
    0: 61
                 2019
                        : 80
                                Min.
                                       : 1.0
                                                         : 56
                                                                 Mode :logical
                                                  32
                 2013
                        : 77
                                1st Qu.:157.2
##
    1:565
                                                  34
                                                         : 53
                                                                 FALSE:281
##
                 2017
                        : 75
                                Median :313.5
                                                          : 52
                                                                 TRUE :345
                                                  33
##
                 2015
                        : 74
                                Mean
                                       :313.5
                                                  31
                                                          : 45
##
                 2016
                        : 65
                                3rd Qu.:469.8
                                                  27
                                                          : 32
##
                 2020
                        : 62
                                Max.
                                       :626.0
                                                  28
                                                         : 30
                 (Other):193
##
                                                  (Other):358
##
    BackToBack
                      Conference
                                           TimeZone
   Mode :logical
                     Length:626
                                         Length:626
   FALSE:510
                     Class : character
                                         Class : character
##
##
    TRUE :115
                     Mode :character
                                         Mode : character
##
   NA's :1
##
##
##
```

After creating the new variables we need to transform them to the correct data type.

BackToBack: Logical Conference: Factor TimeZone: Factor

```
Vucevic$Conference <- as.factor(Vucevic$Conference)
Vucevic$TimeZone <- as.factor(Vucevic$TimeZone)
summary(Vucevic)</pre>
```

```
TeamGameSeason PlayerGameSeason
                                                Location
                                                               Opponent
##
                                      Team
   Min.
           : 1.00
                            : 1.00
                                      ORL:575
                                                Away:315
                                                            TOR
                                                                   : 31
  1st Qu.:17.00
                                                Home:311
                    1st Qu.:16.00
                                      PHI: 51
                                                            ATL
                                                                   : 30
## Median :37.00
                    Median :32.00
                                                            AIM
                                                                   : 30
## Mean
           :38.37
                    Mean
                            :33.55
                                                            WAS
                                                                   : 30
  3rd Qu.:58.00
                    3rd Qu.:49.75
                                                                   : 29
                                                            IND
## Max.
           :82.00
                    Max.
                            :80.00
                                                            BRK
                                                                   : 28
```

```
##
                                                             (Other):448
                               PlayerGameCareer
                                                               DoubleDouble
##
    GameStarted
                    Season
                                                    Minutes
                2019
                                                               Mode :logical
##
   0: 61
                        : 80
                               Min.
                                      : 1.0
                                                 32
                                                        : 56
                        : 77
                                                               FALSE:281
    1:565
                2013
                               1st Qu.:157.2
                                                 34
                                                        : 53
##
##
                2017
                        : 75
                               Median :313.5
                                                 33
                                                        : 52
                                                               TRUE :345
##
                2015
                        : 74
                                      :313.5
                               Mean
                                                 31
                                                        : 45
##
                2016
                               3rd Qu.:469.8
                                                 27
                                                        : 32
                        : 65
                2020
                                      :626.0
                                                        : 30
##
                        : 62
                               Max.
                                                 28
##
                (Other):193
                                                 (Other):358
                      Conference
##
    BackToBack
                                       TimeZone
  Mode :logical
                    Eastern:393
                                   Central: 85
                                   Eastern: 481
   FALSE:510
                    Western:233
##
   TRUE :115
##
                                   Mountain: 25
##
   NA's :1
                                   Pacific: 35
##
##
##
```

0.12 Test Model 3, Multiple Logistical Regression

0.12.1 Sampling: Model 3, Multiple Logistical Regression

After narrowing the **Vucevic** data set we need to split it into a Training and Testing set before running our model.

Both the training and testing sets have a similar percentage of Double Double responses.

```
#Stratified resampling using the rsample package
set.seed(123)
#initate the split of the UnorderFactos dataset, sampling based on the response variable DoubleDouble
VucevicSplit <- initial_split(Vucevic, prob = 0.7, strata = "DoubleDouble")</pre>
VucevicTrain <- training(VucevicSplit)</pre>
VucevicTest <- testing(VucevicSplit)</pre>
#Shows the response (Double Double) ratio for Training and Testing data
table(VucevicTrain$DoubleDouble) %>% prop.table()
##
##
       FALSE
                  TRUE
## 0.4489362 0.5510638
table(VucevicTest$DoubleDouble) %>% prop.table()
##
##
       FALSE
                  TRUE
## 0.4487179 0.5512821
```

The remaining variables available for our model in the Vucevic dataset include:

```
names(Vucevic)
```

```
## [1] "TeamGameSeason" "PlayerGameSeason" "Team" "Location"
## [5] "Opponent" "GameStarted" "Season" "PlayerGameCareer"
## [9] "Minutes" "DoubleDouble" "BackToBack" "Conference"
## [13] "TimeZone"
```

From previous models we already know that both Location and Opponent have little statistical value in determining if Vucevic will score a Double Double, so we exclude these from our model.

```
LogisticRegMultiple <- glm(DoubleDouble ~ TeamGameSeason +GameStarted +Season +PlayerGameCareer +Minute
TidyLogisticRegMultiple <- tidy(LogisticRegMultiple)
TidyLogisticRegMultiple
```

```
## # A tibble: 58 x 5
##
      term
                     estimate std.error statistic p.value
##
      <chr>
                                   <dbl>
                                             <dbl>
                                                     <dbl>
                        <dbl>
##
   1 (Intercept)
                     -17.4
                              2191.
                                          -0.00793
                                                     0.994
  2 TeamGameSeason -0.0234
                                 0.0290 -0.807
                                                     0.420
##
##
   3 GameStarted1
                      -0.726
                                 0.613
                                          -1.18
                                                     0.236
##
   4 Season2013
                      -1.06
                                 2.25
                                          -0.470
                                                     0.638
  5 Season2014
                      -3.05
                                  4.42
                                          -0.691
                                                     0.490
  6 Season2015
                      -6.49
                                  6.52
                                          -0.995
##
                                                     0.320
                                          -1.04
   7 Season2016
                      -9.38
                                 9.04
                                                     0.299
##
##
  8 Season2017
                     -11.2
                                11.3
                                          -0.990
                                                     0.322
  9 Season2018
                     -13.5
                                13.6
                                          -0.989
                                                     0.323
## 10 Season2019
                     -15.3
                                15.9
                                          -0.965
                                                     0.335
## # ... with 48 more rows
```

0.12.2 Narrowing Variables Model 3, Multiple Logistical Regression

From the output above we see that the model p-value is almost 1, and the minutes played levels are also almost 1. For our next interation of the Multiple Logistical Regression model we remove the variable Minutes from the model.

```
LogisticRegMultiple <- glm(DoubleDouble ~ TeamGameSeason +GameStarted +Season +PlayerGameCareer +BackTonTidyLogisticRegMultiple <- tidy(LogisticRegMultiple)
TidyLogisticRegMultiple
```

```
## # A tibble: 18 x 5
##
      term
                         estimate std.error statistic p.value
##
      <chr>
                           <dbl>
                                      <dbl>
                                                        <dbl>
                                                <dbl>
##
   1 (Intercept)
                         -2.66
                                     0.834
                                               -3.19 0.00143
   2 TeamGameSeason
                         -0.0336
                                               -1.39 0.165
##
                                     0.0242
##
   3 GameStarted1
                          -0.181
                                     0.497
                                               -0.364 0.716
##
   4 Season2013
                          0.268
                                     1.87
                                                0.143 0.886
   5 Season2014
                         -3.12
                                     3.70
                                               -0.842 0.400
##
##
   6 Season2015
                         -6.67
                                     5.45
                                               -1.22 0.221
   7 Season2016
                        -11.0
                                     7.55
                                               -1.45 0.147
##
##
  8 Season2017
                        -14.4
                                     9.47
                                               -1.53 0.127
## 9 Season2018
                        -17.5
                                               -1.53 0.125
                                    11.4
                                               -1.52 0.128
## 10 Season2019
                        -20.2
                                    13.3
```

```
## 11 Season2020
                        -24.2
                                   15.3
                                              -1.58 0.114
## 12 Season2021
                        -27.0
                                   17.2
                                              -1.57 0.118
## 13 PlayerGameCareer
                          0.0519
                                    0.0286
                                               1.82 0.0695
## 14 BackToBackTRUE
                         -0.428
                                    0.262
                                              -1.63 0.102
## 15 ConferenceWestern -0.149
                                    0.247
                                              -0.601 0.548
## 16 TimeZoneEastern
                         -0.209
                                              -0.641 0.522
                                    0.327
## 17 TimeZoneMountain
                         -0.0930
                                              -0.170 0.865
                                    0.549
## 18 TimeZonePacific
                         -0.378
                                    0.489
                                              -0.7730.440
```

The model p-value is 0.00143006141406205 when examining variables TeamGameSeason, GameStarted, Season, PlayerGameCareer, BacktoBack, Conference, and TimeZone.

```
LogisticRegMultiple <- glm(DoubleDouble ~ TeamGameSeason +GameStarted +PlayerGameCareer +BackToBack +Control +C
```

```
## # A tibble: 9 x 5
##
     term
                       estimate std.error statistic p.value
##
     <chr>>
                          <dbl>
                                    <dbl>
                                              <dbl>
                                                        <dbl>
## 1 (Intercept)
                       -1.42
                                 0.512
                                             -2.77 0.00559
## 2 TeamGameSeason
                        0.00667 0.00420
                                              1.59 0.112
## 3 GameStarted1
                        1.20
                                 0.372
                                              3.22 0.00130
## 4 PlayerGameCareer
                        0.00199 0.000575
                                              3.46 0.000537
## 5 BackToBackTRUE
                       -0.466
                                 0.251
                                             -1.85 0.0637
## 6 ConferenceWestern -0.105
                                 0.238
                                             -0.442 0.658
## 7 TimeZoneEastern
                                             -0.680 0.496
                       -0.212
                                 0.312
## 8 TimeZoneMountain -0.286
                                 0.530
                                             -0.539 0.590
## 9 TimeZonePacific
                       -0.389
                                             -0.815 0.415
                                 0.477
```

• The model p-value is 0.00559072186668559 when examining variables TeamGameSeason, GameStarted, PlayerGameCareer, BacktoBack, Conference, and TimeZone.

```
LogisticRegMultiple <- glm(DoubleDouble ~ TeamGameSeason +GameStarted +PlayerGameCareer +BackToBack +Tig
TidyLogisticRegMultiple <- tidy(LogisticRegMultiple)
TidyLogisticRegMultiple
```

```
## # A tibble: 8 x 5
##
     term
                      estimate std.error statistic p.value
##
     <chr>
                                   <dbl>
                                             <dbl>
                                                      <dbl>
                         <dbl>
## 1 (Intercept)
                                            -3.14 0.00166
                      -1.50
                                0.477
## 2 TeamGameSeason
                       0.00681 0.00418
                                             1.63 0.103
## 3 GameStarted1
                       1.19
                                0.372
                                             3.21 0.00133
## 4 PlayerGameCareer 0.00200 0.000574
                                             3.47 0.000515
## 5 BackToBackTRUE
                      -0.447
                                0.248
                                            -1.81 0.0708
## 6 TimeZoneEastern -0.164
                                0.292
                                            -0.561 0.575
## 7 TimeZoneMountain -0.318
                                            -0.606 0.544
                                0.525
## 8 TimeZonePacific -0.422
                                0.472
                                            -0.894 0.371
```

• The model p-value is 0.0016617083425843 when examining variables TeamGameSeason, GameStarted, PlayerGameCareer, BacktoBack, and TimeZone.

```
LogisticRegMultiple <- glm(DoubleDouble ~ TeamGameSeason +GameStarted +PlayerGameCareer +BackToBack, fair
TidyLogisticRegMultiple <- tidy(LogisticRegMultiple)
TidyLogisticRegMultiple
```

```
## # A tibble: 5 x 5
                                                    p.value
##
     term
                     estimate std.error statistic
##
     <chr>>
                        <dbl>
                                  <dbl>
                                            <dbl>
                                                      <dbl>
                     -1.65
                                            -4.13 0.0000360
## 1 (Intercept)
                               0.400
## 2 TeamGameSeason
                      0.00696 0.00417
                                             1.67 0.0950
## 3 GameStarted1
                               0.372
                                             3.18 0.00145
                      1.18
## 4 PlayerGameCareer 0.00196 0.000571
                                             3.43 0.000595
## 5 BackToBackTRUE
                     -0.443
                               0.244
                                            -1.81 0.0701
```

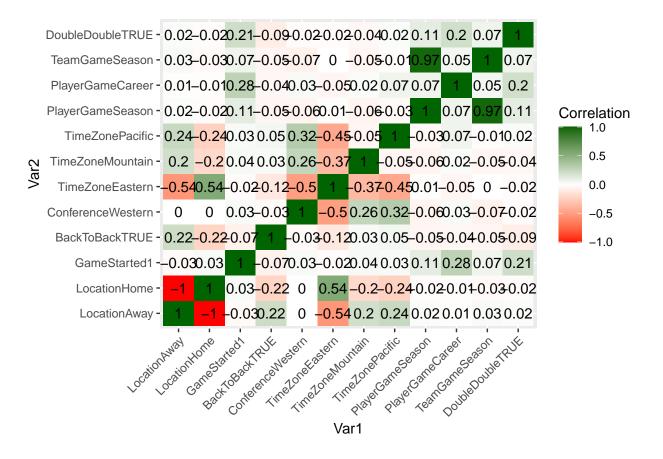
• The model p-value is 3.59637363952614e-05 when examining variables TeamGameSeason, GameStarted, PlayerGameCareer, and BacktoBack.

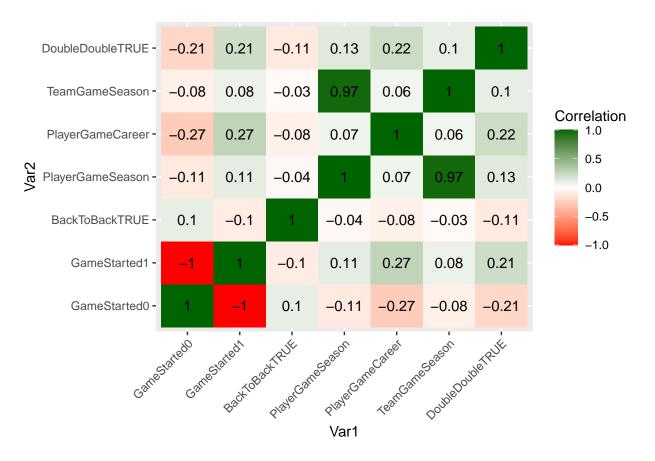
```
LogisticRegMultiple <- glm(DoubleDouble ~ BackToBack +GameStarted +PlayerGameSeason, family = "binomial TidyLogisticRegMultiple <- tidy(LogisticRegMultiple) TidyLogisticRegMultiple
```

```
## # A tibble: 4 x 5
##
    term
                      estimate std.error statistic
                                                      p.value
##
     <chr>>
                         <dbl>
                                   <dbl>
                                             <dbl>
                                                        <dbl>
## 1 (Intercept)
                       -1.36
                                 0.378
                                             -3.59 0.000336
## 2 BackToBackTRUE
                       -0.472
                                 0.241
                                             -1.95 0.0507
## 3 GameStarted1
                        1.42
                                 0.362
                                              3.93 0.0000850
## 4 PlayerGameSeason
                        0.0110
                                 0.00480
                                              2.30 0.0217
```

• The model p-value is 0.000335817989199338 when examining variables GameStarted, PlayerGameSeason, and BacktoBack.

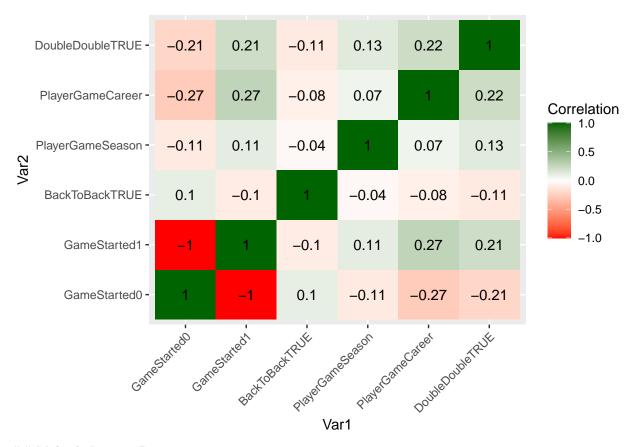
Heading





 $\label{logisticRegMultiple} \mbox{$<$-$ glm(DoubleDouble} \sim \mbox{$Team$} + \mbox{$Back$} + \mbox{$GameStarted$} + \mbox{$PlayerGameSeason} \ , \\ \mbox{$family = "binomial", data = VucevicTrain)} \\$

 $\label{thm:continuous} {\it TidyLogisticRegMultiple} \ {\it C-tidy(LogisticRegMultiple)} \ {\it TidyLogisticRegMultiple} \\$



Multiple Logistic Regression

```
LogisticRegMultiple <- glm(DoubleDouble ~ +GameStarted +BackToBack +PlayerGameSeason +PlayerGameCareer,

TidyLogisticRegMultiple <- tidy(LogisticRegMultiple)

TidyLogisticRegMultiple
```

```
## # A tibble: 5 x 5
##
                      estimate std.error statistic
     term
                                                     p.value
     <chr>
                                   <dbl>
                                                        <dbl>
##
                         <dbl>
                                             <dbl>
## 1 (Intercept)
                      -1.72
                                0.400
                                             -4.30 0.0000173
## 2 GameStarted1
                       1.16
                                0.372
                                              3.10 0.00193
## 3 BackToBackTRUE
                      -0.441
                                0.245
                                             -1.80 0.0720
## 4 PlayerGameSeason 0.0107
                                0.00486
                                              2.19 0.0284
## 5 PlayerGameCareer 0.00196 0.000572
                                              3.42 0.000630
```

```
LogisticRegMultiple <- glm(DoubleDouble ~ +GameStarted +PlayerGameSeason, family = "binomial", data = V
TidyLogisticRegMultiple <- tidy(LogisticRegMultiple)
TidyLogisticRegMultiple
```

```
## # A tibble: 3 x 5
##
     term
                      estimate std.error statistic
                                                      p.value
##
     <chr>
                          <dbl>
                                    <dbl>
                                              <dbl>
                                                         <dbl>
                                              -4.12 0.0000381
## 1 (Intercept)
                       -1.52
                                  0.369
## 2 GameStarted1
                        1.49
                                  0.359
                                               4.14 0.0000342
## 3 PlayerGameSeason
                                  0.00477
                                               2.36 0.0182
                        0.0113
```

0.13 K-fold Cross Validation

Resampling Using k-fold cross validation

Since the sample size of our total dataset is only 621 games, validation with a single testing dataset could vary significantly based on the specific games in the 30% held for the testing dataset.

k-fold cross validation is a resampling method that randomly divides the training data into k groups. The model is fit on k-1 folds (aka. groups) and then the group that was left out is used to test performance. Which means the model is tested k times and the average k test error is the cross validation estimate.

k-folds: 10

```
#Convert DoubleDouble column to factor if necessary
Vucevic$DoubleDouble <- as.factor(Vucevic$DoubleDouble)
class(Vucevic$DoubleDouble)</pre>
```

[1] "factor"

```
#K-fold Cross Validation Dutside of a Model
set.seed(123)
cv_model1 <- train(
   DoubleDouble ~ BackToBack +GameStarted +PlayerGameSeason,
   data = Vucevic,
   method = "glm",
   family = "binomial",
   trControl = trainControl(method = "cv", number = 10),
   na.action = na.exclude)
cv_model1</pre>
```

```
## Generalized Linear Model
## 626 samples
##
    3 predictor
##
     2 classes: 'FALSE', 'TRUE'
##
## No pre-processing
## Resampling: Cross-Validated (10 fold)
## Summary of sample sizes: 562, 562, 563, 562, 563, 563, ...
## Resampling results:
##
##
     Accuracy
                Kappa
##
     0.5951357 0.1307802
```

0.13.1 Model 2, Cross Validation

```
#K-fold Cross Validation Outside of a Model
set.seed(123)
cv_model2 <- train(
   DoubleDouble ~ BackToBack +GameStarted +PlayerGameSeason +PlayerGameCareer,
   data = Vucevic,
   method = "glm",</pre>
```

```
family = "binomial",
 trControl = trainControl(method = "cv", number = 10),
 na.action = na.exclude)
cv_model2
## Generalized Linear Model
##
## 626 samples
   4 predictor
##
    2 classes: 'FALSE', 'TRUE'
## No pre-processing
## Resampling: Cross-Validated (10 fold)
## Summary of sample sizes: 562, 562, 563, 562, 563, 563, ...
## Resampling results:
##
##
     Accuracy
               Kappa
##
     0.6109319 0.1833567
0.13.2 Cross Validation Model 3
#K-fold Cross Validation Outside of a Model
set.seed(123)
cv_model3 <- train(</pre>
 DoubleDouble ~ TeamGameSeason +PlayerGameSeason +GameStarted +PlayerGameCareer +BackToBack,
 data = Vucevic,
 method = "glm",
 family = "binomial",
 trControl = trainControl(method = "cv", number = 10),
 na.action = na.exclude)
cv_model3
```

```
## Generalized Linear Model
##
## 626 samples
##
   5 predictor
    2 classes: 'FALSE', 'TRUE'
##
## No pre-processing
## Resampling: Cross-Validated (10 fold)
## Summary of sample sizes: 562, 562, 563, 562, 563, 563, ...
## Resampling results:
##
##
    Accuracy
                Kappa
    0.6029698 0.1722241
##
```

0.13.3 Compare Multiple Cross Validation Models

```
summary(
 resamples(
   list(
      model1 = cv_model1,
      model2 = cv_model2,
      model3 = cv_model3)))$statistics$Accuracy
##
               Min.
                      1st Qu.
                                 Median
                                              Mean
                                                     3rd Qu.
                                                                  Max. NA's
## model1 0.5322581 0.5501792 0.5917819 0.5951357 0.6426011 0.6666667
## model2 0.5161290 0.5685484 0.6269841 0.6109319 0.6349206 0.7096774
                                                                          0
## model3 0.5161290 0.5581157 0.5999744 0.6029698 0.6507937 0.6984127
                                                                          0
```

Looking at the mean of the 3 models the best preformance is from Model 3 with a 59% accuracy.

0.14 Create Confusion Matrix

Neg Pred Value: 0.6286

##

```
Vucevic <- na.omit(Vucevic)</pre>
# predict class
Vucevic$predict1 <- predict(cv_model1, Vucevic)</pre>
Vucevic$predict2 <- predict(cv_model2, Vucevic)</pre>
Vucevic$predict3 <- predict(cv_model3, Vucevic)</pre>
# create confusion matrix 1
confusionMatrix(
  data = relevel(Vucevic$predict1, ref = "TRUE"),
 reference = relevel(Vucevic$DoubleDouble, ref = "TRUE"))
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
             Reference
## Prediction TRUE FALSE
        TRUE
               306
                      214
##
        FALSE
##
                39
##
##
                  Accuracy: 0.5952
                     95% CI: (0.5555, 0.634)
##
##
       No Information Rate: 0.552
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 0.01628
##
##
##
                      Kappa : 0.1303
##
##
    Mcnemar's Test P-Value : < 2e-16
##
##
               Sensitivity: 0.8870
               Specificity: 0.2357
##
##
            Pos Pred Value: 0.5885
```

```
##
                Prevalence: 0.5520
##
           Detection Rate: 0.4896
##
      Detection Prevalence: 0.8320
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.5613
##
##
          'Positive' Class : TRUE
##
# create confusion matrix 2
confusionMatrix(
  data = relevel(Vucevic$predict2, ref = "TRUE"),
 reference = relevel(Vucevic$DoubleDouble, ref = "TRUE"))
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
            Reference
## Prediction TRUE FALSE
##
        TRUE
               281
                     176
##
       FALSE
              64
                     104
##
##
                  Accuracy: 0.616
##
                    95% CI: (0.5766, 0.6543)
##
       No Information Rate: 0.552
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 0.0007015
##
##
                     Kappa : 0.1932
##
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 7.778e-13
##
##
##
               Sensitivity: 0.8145
##
               Specificity: 0.3714
##
            Pos Pred Value: 0.6149
##
            Neg Pred Value: 0.6190
##
                Prevalence: 0.5520
##
            Detection Rate: 0.4496
##
     Detection Prevalence: 0.7312
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.5930
##
##
          'Positive' Class : TRUE
##
# create confusion matrix 3
confusionMatrix(
  data = relevel(Vucevic$predict3, ref = "TRUE"),
 reference = relevel(Vucevic$DoubleDouble, ref = "TRUE"))
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
            Reference
## Prediction TRUE FALSE
               270
##
        TRUE
                     171
##
        FALSE
              75
                     109
##
```

Accuracy : 0.6064 ## ## 95% CI: (0.5669, 0.6449) No Information Rate: 0.552 ## ## P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 0.003408 ## ## Kappa: 0.1776 ## ## Mcnemar's Test P-Value : 1.387e-09 ## ## Sensitivity: 0.7826 Specificity: 0.3893 ## Pos Pred Value: 0.6122 ## Neg Pred Value: 0.5924 ## Prevalence: 0.5520 ## ## Detection Rate : 0.4320 Detection Prevalence: 0.7056 ## ## Balanced Accuracy: 0.5859 ## ## 'Positive' Class : TRUE

##