AvianLexiconAtlas: Glossary & Gazetteer

*Updated March 17, 2025

*Click here for the live Google Docs version of this document (will be updated periodically as name categorization continues with eBird/Clements updates):

https://docs.google.com/document/d/1iX4ijVse5MeFCnK3OFGrFO09ElE7gmeu3O3GL1_ImQU/edit?usp=sharing

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CATEGORIES

- a. **Behavior:** Description of a specific behavior (ex: shy). Includes birds named after what their song sounds like, and if a species is named after another species because it has similar behavior.
- b. **Miscellaneous:** Select if unique identification includes the following terms that do NOT fit into any of the other categories:
 - i. Common, Elegant, Festive, Imperial, Magnificent, Royal, Sacred, Wild, King (case specific, could be size or trait)
 - **ii.** Species name is in reference to an historical event, myth, story or descriptor (like 'sultan') that is unrelated to any of the other categories. Please include the reference you used to make this categorization.
- c. **Geographic Location**: Name of geographic location, includes general geography descriptors (ex: eastern, western). Includes regions/ranges named after the local indigenous cultures.
 - You need to be able to point to a specific location or region on a map using the given name. If a descriptor refers to a habitat that occurs in multiple places and is not a contiguous region and it describes a general habitat then it is Natural History (e.g. paramo).
- d. **Natural History**: Description of a natural history trait includes habitat (paradise, mountain, grassland, highland, nest type, upland, lowland), diet, smell (musk)

- **e. Local language**: Species name is the phonetic English pronunciation of what the species is called by local indigenous cultures (ex: Initi tanager)
- f. **Person**: Name of a person.
 - i. Consult the Survey of Honorifics tab on the <u>Eponyms List</u> (compiled by Bird Names for Birds, used with permission). Species are listed in alphabetical order by English common name. *This is a Google sheets file so it will be easier to search
 - ii. Consult the <u>Whose Bird Index</u> for a working list of species named after people. Species are listed in alphabetical order by binomial nomenclature. Thank you to Shauna Rasband for transcribing the scanned PDF we had of this index!
- g. **Physical trait:** Physical characteristics such as the color or patterns of feather/skin/beak/feet/eyes or the description of a particular physical feature (curved-bill, wattle). This can be a specific part of the body/plumage (ex: beak, legs, crown, rump) or broadly related to plumage patterning. See glossary for common words for physical traits, colors, and patterns. General terms related to plumage complexity (e.g., painted, beautiful, handsome, drab, ornate, plain) should be listed as physical traits.

Further clarification about determining occurrence of trait in both sexes or only one sex: If you were naming the species just based on the female bird, would you name the bird that name? If it has brown wings you would not name it black-winged (for example). Otherwise, if the patterning is still present in both sexes, but duller in the female (for example), that would be considered a physical trait in both sexes. Ex: Both sexes have a yellow throat but the female's is duller.

- i. **Both sexes physical trait:** Species named after physical characteristic that occurs in both males and females
- ii. **Male physical trait**: Species named only after male physical characteristics (may apply to sexually dimorphic species).
- iii. **Female physical trait**: Species named only after female plumage characteristics (may apply to sexually dimorphic species).
- h. Size: Description of general size of species (lesser, greater, giant, pygmy, little)

GLOSSARY

Barred [physical trait] = pattern with sharp/distinct lines or bars
Bay [physical trait] = reddish-brown color
Beautiful [physical trait]
Booted [physical trait] = as if wearing boots
Buff [physical trait] = light brownish yellow
Celestial [physical trait] = sky-blue

Campo [natural history] = lives in grassland habitat in South America, particularly in Brazil

Chestnut [physical trait, in most cases, but double check] = reddish shade of brown color

Cinereous [physical trait] = ash-gray

Comb [physical trait] = Fleshy growth or crest on the top of the head

Common [miscellaneous]

Diademed [physical trait] = forecrown

Dimorphic [physical trait if in reference to morphs within a species, or miscellaneous depending on context]]

Dusky [physical trait, in most cases, but double check] = Somewhat dark in color, shadowy in color, marked by slight or deficient light

Dwarf [size]

Eastern [geographic location]

Elegant [miscellaneous or physical trait depending on intention]

Fairy [size] = small

Fasciated [physical trait] = Marked by broad, colored bands

Fawn [physical descriptor] = "cinnamon buff"

Ferruginous [physical descriptor] = reddish brown colored; rust-colored

Festive [miscellaneous]

Fiery [physical trait] = bright red color

Flammulated [physical trait] = flame-like

Fronted [physical trait] = term for forehead

Fulvous [physical trait] = glowing yellow, brownish

Fuscous [physical trait] = darken, black

Giant [size]

Gilded [physical trait] = covered thinly with gold leaf

Glaucous [physical trait] = pale

Glowing [physical trait]

Gorgeted [physical trait] = a patch of color on the throat

Grassland [natural history trait]

Greater [size]

Guttulate [physical trait] = patterns with little spots, speckled, tear drop

Handsome [physical trait]

Highland [natural history trait]

Hoary [physical trait] = Pale silvery gray color

Hooded [physical trait] = a crest, color, or formation of feathers on the head that looks like a hood

Horned [physical trait, in most cases, but double check] = feather tufts that look like horns

House [natural history trait]

Imperial [miscellaneous]

Isabelline [physical trait] = grayish-yellow color

Joyful [miscellaneous]

King [miscellaneous]

Lesser [size]

Little [size]

Lunulated [physical trait] having markings shaped like crescents

Magnificent [miscellaneous]

Magpie [physical trait] = black and white coloration (*When used as a descriptor for species that aren't classified as magpies)

Mottled [physical trait] = marked with spots or smears of color

Mountain [natural history trait]

Moustached [physical trait] = feathers resembling a mustache

Nankeen [physical trait] = color of plumage resembling nankeen cloth.

Northern [Geographical location] = can mean northern hemisphere OR northern portion of country/region

Olivaceous [physical trait] = Olive-green, dusky yellowish color

Ocellated [physical trait] = refers to a pattern that looks like eye spots (black and white eye looking spots)

Ocherous/Ochraceous/Ochre [physical trait] = brownish-yellow color

Ornate [general descriptor]

Painted [physical trait]

Pallid [physical trait] = pale or lacking color

Paradise [natural history] = Colonial reference to a warm place in the tropics

Perplexing [miscellaneous] = referring to taxonomic confusion

Pied [physical trait] = having two or more different colors.

Pileated [physical trait] = having the pileum covered by a crest

Pinnated [physical trait] = feathered

Plain [physical trait]. Opposite of ornate. Make sure that this does not refer to habitat.

Plumbeous [physical trait] = dull gray; color of lead

Plain [physical trait]

Plumbeous [physical trait] = dull gray, lead-colored

Pygmy [size]

-quit Caribbean term for small bird, used as part of a compound- e.g., "Bananaquit", "Grassquit"

Royal [miscellaneous]

Ruddy [physical trait] = rust red color

Rufescent [physical trait] = reddish

Rufous [physical trait] = reddish brown color

Russet [physical trait] = dark brown color with a reddish-orange tinge

Saturnine [physical trait] = Gloomy, leaden color (grayish-black)

Sacred [miscellaneous]

Saffron [physical trait] = orange-red color

Scaled [physical trait] = referring to a pattern that looks like plate-like armor

Scarlet [Physical Trait] = color related to red

Scintillant [physical trait] = referring to flashy/sparkling color

Semipalmated [physical trait] = partially-webbed feet

Shy [behavior]

Simple [miscellaneous]

Speckled [physical trait] = pattern marked with small spots of color

Spangled [physical trait] = pattern that looks like small plates of shining metal/small glittering objects

Striated [physical trait] = marked with long, thin parallel streaks

Stygian [physical trait] = very dark (relating to the Styx River)

Superb [miscellaneous]

Tawny [physical trait] = of an orange-brown or yellowish-brown color

Unadorned [physical trait]

Varied [physical trait or miscellaneous depending on context]

Variegated [physical trait] = Refers to patterns marked by multiple distinct colors

Vented [physical trait] = having an opening or openings of the wings to help in flight

Vermiculated [physical trait] = marked with sinuous or wavy lines

Versicolor [physical trait] = means 'various colors'

Vinous [physical trait] = reddish color of wine

Vitelline [physical trait] = egg yolk yellow

Wattle [physical trait] = Fleshy outgrowth that hangs on the head or neck of several groups of birds

Western [geographic location]

Field Marks:

Click on the following links for websites that identify English names and locations of specific physical traits on birds

- 1. All About Birds. (2009 April 20). Bird ID Skills: Field Marks. *Cornell Lab of Ornithology*. https://www.allaboutbirds.org/news/bird-id-skills-field-marks/
- 2. Jacob, J. (n.d.). External Anatomy of Chickens. *USDA Poultry Extension: Small and Backyard Poultry*. https://poultry.extension.org/articles/poultry-anatomy/external-anatomy-of-chickens/

GAZETTEER: Specific place names. If toponym varies from spelling indexed under, listed at end of entry.

*Disclaimer: These descriptions are not meant to be exhaustive. Descriptions are based on what was needed to identify a term used in English common names for birds as an historic or current term associated with a geographic location. We recognize that the regions listed here may be associated with different terminology in different cultures and languages.

Abd al Kuri: island between NE Somalia and Socotra

Aberdare: mountain range in C Kenya

Abyssinia: antiquated term for Ethiopia; Abyssinian, Abysinian

Acadia: former colony of France, composed of parts of Maritime Canada and Maine.

Aceh: region of N Sumatra, Indonesia

Acre: 1) state in W Brazil 2) district of the former Ottoman Empire, modern Israel

Adamawa: Adamawa Plateau, a highland region in Nigeria, Cameroon, and Central African Republic.

Adélie Land: French-claimed territory in Antarctica. Anglicized as Adelie.

Afghanistan: country in C Asia; Afghan

Africa: second largest continent (not a country). **Aguiguan:** island in the Northern Marianas, N Pacific

Agulhas: southernmost tip of the Cape of Good Hope, S Africa

Ahanta: Ahanta = Ashanti, aka Ghana, a country in West Africa and also formerly a kingdom whose

borders do not necessarily align with the modern nation.

Ala Shan: plateau region of the SW Gobi, C Asia

Alagoas: region of NE Brazil

Alaotra: Largest lake in Madagascar

Albertine: Albertine rift, geologic feature in E Africa

Aldabra: atoll in the Seychelles, Indian Ocean

Aleutian Islands: chain of islands in the north Pacific, stretching from Alaska to Russia through the Bering

Sea.

Algeria: country in N Africa

Allpahuayo: region and nature preserve in NE Peru

Alor: Archipelago in Indonesia

Altai: Mountain chain in Central Asia

Altamira: port city in Tamaulipas, NE Mexico **Alta Floresta**: area in Mato Grosso, Brazil **Amami:** Island group in the Ryukyu Islands.

Amani: nature reserve in Usambaras, NE Tanzania

Amazon: The river, rainforest, and general geographic region.

Amber Mountain: massif in N Madagascar

Ambon: Island in the Maluku Islands, Indonesia. In historic uses, it is spelled Amboyna or Amboina.

America: North and/or South America, or the Western Hemisphere in general.

Amsterdam, Île: Island in French Antarctic Island territory.

Amur: Amur River region, extreme NE Russia, Korea, and China.

Ancash: region in WC Peru

Andaman: Group of islands and surrounding sea, between India and Thailand.

Andes: mountain range in South America; Andean

Angola: country on SW coast of Africa

Anjouan: Island in the Comoros, Indian Ocean

Ankober: town in C Ethiopia, E Africa

Annam: colonial French protectorate in modern C Vietnam

Annobón: island in Gulf of Guinea

Antarctic: The continent of Antarctica, or more broadly, latitudes greater than roughly 66° S (Antarctic

Circle).

Antilles: Island chain in the Caribbean, consisting of the Greater Antilles (Cuba, Puerto Rico, Hispaniola, Jamaica) and Lesser Antilles; Antillean

Antioquia: region of Colombia

Antipodes: generally, the Southern Hemisphere, referring to the exact opposite location from a point on the other side of the globe. Specifically, the Antipodes Islands, a group of subantarctic islands S of NZ

Apo: mountain in Mindanao, Philippines

Apurimac: region in S Peru, along with a river of the same name

Arabia: Arabian Peninsula, or more specifically, the country of Saudi Arabia; Arabian.

Arafura: Sea between Australia and western Papua New Guinea

Araripe: region in NE Brazil

Arctic: areas north of approximately 66º N latitude. **Arfak**: highest point in West Papua, New Guinea

Aripuanã: city in Mato Grosso, Brazil

Arizona: state in the SW USA.

Armenia: Country in the Caucasus Mtns; Armenian.

Ascension: Island in the S Atlantic.

Ashambu: locality in Tamil Nadu, India

Asia: Continent attached to Europe

Asir: 'Asir Highlands, in SW Saudi Arabia

Atherton: plateau in N Queensland, Australia

Atitlán, Lake: Deepest lake in Central America, located in Guatemala.

Atiu: Island in the Cook Islands, Pacific.

Atlantic: 1) ocean 2) rainforest on the Atlantic coast of Brazil.

Atlas: mountain range in NW Africa

Auckland Islands: Island group south of the main islands of NZ.

Austral: **1)** Southern. Typically used in reference to Australia and New Zealand, or to the oceans to the south. **2)** Austral Islands, the southernmost group in French Polynesia.

Australia: small continent or large island near New Zealand.

Australasia: term for the geographic region encompassing Australia, New Zealand, and Pacific islands. In biogeography, it refers to those areas plus the islands east of the Wallace Line.

Austronesia: Somewhat overlaps Australasia, but refers specifically to areas where Austronesian languages are spoken: Taiwan, Indonesia, Malaysia, Polynesia, Melanesia, islands throughout SE Asia.

Ayacucho: region in S Peru **Ayeyarwady**: region of Myanmar

Azuay: Province in Ecuador **Azores**: island chain in C Atlantic

Aztec: refers to the rough area of the Aztec Empire. Use as a geographic term outdated, as the Aztec Empire did not use the name for themselves or their homeland.

Bagobo: Indigenous group in Mindanao, Philippines. Refers to their homeland between the Davao Gulf and Mount Apo

Bahamas: islands in the Caribbean

Bahia: state in NE Brazil

Baikal: Lake in Russia, deepest in the world.

Balearic: Islands in the Mediterranean, including Mallorca and Ibiza.

Bali: island in Indonesia
Baliem: valley in New Guinea
Balsas: river in SW Mexico

Baltimore: city in Maryland, E USA **Bamenda**: city in NW Cameroon

Bananal: island in the Araguaia river, Brazil **Banasura**: mountain in Wayanad, Kerala, India **Banda Sea**: sea around Maluku Islands, Indonesia

Banggai: Island in Indonesia

Bangwa: locality in NW Cameroon **Barbados**: island in the Caribbean

Barbary: Antiquated term for North Africa, particularly the coast.

Barbuda: island in the Caribbean, part of the nation of Antigua and Barbuda

Barusan: Barusan Islands, near Sumatra.

Basra: port city on the Persian Gulf coast of Iraq **Bass**: strait between Australia and Tasmania

Baudó: river and mountain range in NW Colombia

Beijing: capital of China

Bengal: region of S Asia including Bangladesh and parts of India.

Benguela: city and state in Angola Benguet: state in Luzon, Philippines Bermuda: island in the Caribbean Bhutan: country in the Himalayas Biak: Island NW of New Guinea

Bicol: peninsula on SE tip of Luzon, Philippines

Bioko: island in the Gulf of Guinea, part of the country of Equatorial Guinea

Bismarck: sea, archipelago, and mountain range in New Guinea

Blue Mountains: mountain range in Jamaica

Boa Nova: municipality and park in Bahia state, Brazil

Bogotá: Capital of ColombiaBohemia: W portion of Czechia.Bohol: island in Visayas, PhilippinesBolivia: country in South America

Bonin: Islands between Japan and Guam

Boran: people group in C Ethiopia

Boreal: Northern. Usually refers to the boreal forest belt. (likely classified as Natural History)

Borneo: large island in SE Asia

Bougainville: island in the Solomon Island chain (although an autonomous region of Papua New Guinea)

Bounty Islands: group of tiny islands in the Pacific, governed by NZ

Brazil: country in South America; Brazilian

Bûgûn: people of Arunachal Pradesh, north-eastern India.

Bukidnon: landlocked province on the island of Mindanao, Philippines

Burma: former name of the country of Myanmar, SE Asia

Buru: island in the Maluku islands of Indonesia. Formerly spelled Boeroe, Boro, or Bouru

Caatinga: ecoregion in NE Brazil, characterized by semi-arid shrubland

Cachar: district in Assam, India Cajamarca: region in N Peru Calayan: island in N Philippines

California: state on the west coast of the USA

Cajamarca: important cultural and commercial center in the northern Andes, Peru

Cambodia: country in SE Asia

Cameroon: country in WC Africa, on the Bight of Biafra (the sharp southern turn the coast makes from W

Africa)

Camiguin: Island off Mindanao, Philippines

Campbell Islands: subantarctic islands governed by NZ

Campina: ecoregion of open grassland and shrubland in Brazil (should be classified as Natural History)

Campo: tropical savanna region of Brazil (should be classified as Natural History)

Canada: country in North America; Canada, Canadian **Canary Islands**: group of islands off the coast of Morocco

Caquetá: river in Colombia

Cape: in biogeographic terms, the southernmost part of Africa, named for the Cape of Good Hope. Can also refer to former Cape Colony, Cape provinces, and Cape Town, which share the same origin.

Cape Barren: island in the Bass Strait, north of Tasmania

Cape May: peninsula in NJ, USA, that is a important bird migration site

Cape Verde: island nation off W Africa

Caracas: capital of Venezuela

Caribbean: sea separating N and S America in the Atlantic Ocean. Also Carib, for the Indigenous people of the area that are the source of the name

Carolina: two states on E coast of USA; formerly a single British colony under the name **Caroline Islands**: group of tiny islands north of New Guinea, in Micronesia and Palau

Carpentarian: Refers to Gulf of Carpentaria Secondary Area in Northern Australia

Caspian: From the name of an ancient nomadic group in the area, the Caspian Sea and/or depression in Central Asia. More broadly applied to the region of the Caucasus, Iranian highlands, south-central Russia, and the steppes of Central Asia.

Cassia: county in Idaho, NW USA

Cauca: river in Colombia

Caucasus: mountainous region between the Black and Caspian Seas, consisting of Armenia, Azerbaijan,

Georgia, and parts of Russia

Caura: river in Venezuela, tributary of the Orinoco **Cayenne**: river and capital city of French Guiana

Cebu: island in the Philippines

Chachapoyas: province in Amazonas, Peru

Chaco: lives in the chaco region of South America; Chaco, Chacoan

Chami: Chami language is an Embera language of Colombia

Chatham Islands: group of islands E of NZ **Chile**: country in S South America; Chilean

Chiloé: archipelago (and also largest island of group) off the coast of Chile

Chin Hills: hills i W Myanmar China: large country in Asia Chinchipe: river in N Peru

Chiribiquete: Serranía de Chiribiquete, mountain range in Colombia

Chirinda: forest in Gazaland, Mozambique

Chiriquí: province in SW Panama

Choco: Coastal Colombian department (administrative area like a state).

Choiseul: island in the Solomons

Cholo: alternate spelling of Thyolo, mountain in Malawi

Christmas Island: island in the Indian Ocean, controlled by Australia. Historically also referred to the

island of Kiritimati, in the Pacific.

Clarión: one of the Revillagigedo Islands, W of Mexico, Pacific

Cochabamba: city in C Bolivia

Cocos Island: island in the Pacific, part of Costa Rica

Coiba: island off the S coast of Panama

Colima: state in W Mexico

Colombia: country in South America

Comoros: Archipelago nation in Indian Ocean near Africa; Comoro, Comoros

Congo: the region around the Congo River. Often used to refer to Central Africa as a whole, not just the

Republic of Congo or the Democratic Republic of Congo.

Connecticut: state on US E coast

Cook Islands: island group in the S Pacific

Cordillera: chain of mountain ranges; specifically: 1) the American Cordillera, the vast chain of mountains from Alaska to Tierra del Fuego and the Antarctic Peninsula, including the Rockies, Cascade, Sierra Nevada, Sierra Madres, Andes, and many others 2) Cordillera Central, Luzon, Philippines (should be classified as Natural History)

Cordillera Azul: range and protected area in C Peru

Córdoba: province in C Argentina

Corsica: island in Mediterranean between Italy and France

Costa Rica: country in Central America

Cozumel: island in the Caribbean off the coast of Yucatan **Crozet**: subantarctic island group in the Indian Ocean

Cuba: largest island in the Greater Antilles **Cundinamarca**: region in C Colombia

Cuzco: city and region in S Peru. Sometimes spelled Cusco.

Cyprus: island in the E Mediterranean between Greece and Turkey

Dalat: city in SC Vietnam

Dalmatia: ancient Roman province, now part of Croatia

Damar: island in Malukus, Indonesia

Damara: region of Namibia, named for its native people **Darjeeling**: city in West Bengal, India, in the Himalayas

Dartford: town near Kent, England

Dauria: historical name for SE Siberia, from nomadic Dauuri/Daguuri people native to area; Daurian

Dayak: ethnic group in New Guinea, referring to their homeland in the SC interior areas

Dead Sea: inland saltwater lake between Israel, Jordan, and the West Bank

Diamantina: plateau in Bahia state, Brazil

Dja River: river in along the Cameroon/Republic of Congo border, WC Africa

Djibouti: small country in NE Africa

Drakensberg: escarpment on the southern edge of the South African plateau

Duida: tepui mountain in Venezuela

Dulit: mountain in Borneo

East Coast: in the case of the akalat, the east coast of Africa

Ecuador: country in equatorial South America

Egypt: country in NE Africa

Eiao: island in the NW Marquesas

Elgon: mountain on border of Uganda and Kenya

El Oro: Province in Ecuador

Emei: mountain in Sichuan, China

Enggano: island off the coast of Sumatra

Equator: latitudinal midpoint of the Earth, and those regions around it.

Esmeraldas: province and river in Ecuador

Española: island in the Galapagos

Ethiopia: landlocked country on the Horn of Africa (E Africa)

Eungella: alternative name for Clarke range, E Queensland, NE Australia

Eurasia: the landmass containing both Asia and Europe

Europe: small portion of Eurasia

Eyrean: Lake Eyre (now known as Kati Thanda-Lake Eyre) system in the desert of central Australia, in

northern South Australia

Falklands: islands off coast of Argentina

Fanti: people of S Ghana, used to refer to their homeland between Accra and Sekondi-Takoradi

Far East: the Pacific coastal regions of Asia, particularly China, Japan, Korea, and Russia

Fatu Hiva: island in the S Marquesas

Fiji: island nation in S Pacific **Fiordland**: bioregion in NZ

Floreana: island in the Galapagos

Flores: island in Indonesia

Flores Sea: sea in Indonesia, bordering the island of Flores

Fly River: large river in New Guinea **Foja**: mountains in NW New Guinea

Fuerteventura: island in the Canaries, E Atlantic

Fujian: province in SE China. Sometimes spelled Fukien or Hokkien.

Fynbos: small belt of natural shrubland or heathland vegetation located in the Western Cape and Eastern

Cape provinces of South Africa

Gabela: town in W Angola Gabon: country in WC Africa Galápagos: islands in Pacific Gambaga: city in NE Ghana

Ganongga: Possibly a misspelling or alternate writing of where it is found: Ranongga, in WC Solomon Is.

Gansu: province in NW China Geelvink: Bay off of New Guinea Genovesa: island in the Galápagos

Ghana: country in W Africa

Gila: river and two mountain ranges along it, in Arizona

Gough Island: island in the S Atlantic **Gran Canaria**: island in the Canaries

Grand Cayman: island in the Caymans, Antilles **Grand Comoro**: largest island in the Comoros

Greater Antilles: part of the Antilles chain, mostly larger islands- Cuba, Hispaniola, Jamaica, Puerto Rico,

and the Caymans

Grenada: island nation in the Caribbean **Guadalcanal**: island in the Solomon islands

Guadalupe: a small island off the coast of Baja California **Guadeloupe**: island in the Caribbean, French territory

Guam: island in Micronesia

Guanay: refers to the guano islands off the coast of Peru

Guatemala: country in C America

Guayaquil: city in Ecuador and surrounding region

Guiana: region of N South America, consisting of Suriname, Guyana, and French Guiana. More narrowly, it refers to the last. Can also be a reference to the Guiana Shield, a major geologic feature

Guinea: broadly, the coastal regions of West Africa along the Gulf of Guinea. Can also refer to the modern nations of Guinea, Equatorial Guinea, or Guinea-Bissau. Occasionally used in early modern times to evoke any far away location, such as in "guinea pig".

Gunnison: river basin in W Colorado, USA

Hainan: island province of China, South China Sea, usually referencing the largest island in said province

Halmahera: largest island in the Malukus, Indonesia **Hawai'i:** island chain in Pacific Ocean; Hawaiian

Heard Island: desolate island in the Antarctic Ocean, SW of Australia

Henderson Island: small island in the Pitcairn group, S Pacific. Henderson, Henderson Island.

Herero: ethnic group in SW Africa, referring to their homeland in Namibia, Angola, and BotswanaHispaniola: large island in the Greater Antilles, comprised of the nations of Haiti and the Dominican Republic

Himalayas: large mountain range separating the Indian subcontinent from the rest of Asia

Honduras: country in C America

Hudson Bay: large bay in NE Canada; Hudsonian

Huon: peninsula in E PNG

Humaitá: town and district in S Paraguay

Humboldt Current: cold low-salinity current that flows S to N along the W coast of S America. Some birds named Humboldt are for this current, but others are directly for its namesake, Alexander Humboldt- requires careful checking.

Ibadan: capital of Oyo state, W Nigeria

Iberia: peninsula in W Europe, containing Spain and Portugal

Iceland: island nation in the N Atlantic

Imeri: Serra Imeri prominent mountain on the borders of Brazil and Venezuela

Inaccessible Island: tiny isolated island in the S Atlantic, with a harbor only usable a few days each year Inca: Indigenous people of Andean South America. Used to refer to areas of Peru especially, but also larger areas of W South America

Inagua: island in the Bahamas

Inambari: tributary of the Amazon in Peru, but also applied downstream in Bolivia and Brazil

India: country S of Himalayas, and more broadly the subcontinent it is part of

Indochina: historical term for SE Asia, particularly those under French colonial control

Iquitos: region of the Peruvian Amazon, specifically its largest city, but also an ecoregion of várzea in

Peru and Brazil

Iran: country in W Asia

Iraq: country in W Asia

Iringa: district in SC Tanzania

Iriomote: island in the S Ryukyus, W Pacific **Isabela**: Isabella Province, N Luzon, Philippines

Isthmus (of Panama): the narrow land connecting N and S America; Isthmian **Italy**: country in Europe, primarily consisting of a peninsula in the Mediterranean

Itatiaia: Itatiaia is a Brazilian municipality of the state of Rio de Janeiro.

Itombwe: mountain in E DRC **Ituri**: large forest in C Africa

Izu: island group S of Honshu, Japan

Jalca: La Jalca is a district of the Chachapoyas Province in the Amazonas Region, Peru.

Jamaica: island nation in the Greater Antilles
Japan: island nation off the E coast of Asia

Java: island in Indonesia

Jos Plateau: plateau in C Nigeria

Juan Fernández: island chain off the coast of Chile Junín: lake in province of the same name, Peru

Kabobo: mountain in E DRC

Kadavu: island in Fiji

Kai: Group of islands in southeastern part of the Maluku Islands, Indonesia

Kalahari: desert in S Africa, including parts of Botswana, South Africa, and Namibia

Kalkadoon: Indigenous Australian tribe living in the Mount Isa region of Queensland, Australia

Kalao: island in S Sulawesi, Indonesia Kamchatka: Peninsula in E Russia Kangean: island N of Bali, Indonesia Karamoja: region in NE Uganda

Karoo: region of inland South Africa, characterized by arid semi-desert ecosystem

Kashmir: historically, valley between the Great Himalaya and Pir Panjal range. Modern region consists of

areas under Chinese, Indian, and Pakistani control

Katanga: region of S DRC, C Africa

Kaua'i: island in the W Hawai'ian islands. Anglicized as Kauai.

Kent: county in England; Kentish

Kentucky: US state, located in the Appalachians

Kenya: country in E Africa

Kerguelen Islands: subantarctic islands in the S Indian Ocean. Also known as the Desolation Islands.

Kermadec Islands: subtropical archipelago NE of NZ

Key West: island off the S tip of Florida

Kikuyu: largest ethnic group in Kenya, geographically refers to C Kenya homeland

Kilimanjaro: tallest mountain in Africa, located in Tanzania, E Africa

Kilombero: district in C Zambia

Kimberley: northern part of Western Australia

Kiritimati: atoll in the Pacific, part of Kiribati. Historically called Christmas Island, but that name refers to

an Australian territory in the Indian Ocean.

Knysna: Town and nature reserve in South Africa.

Kofiau: island W of New Guinea

Kolombangara: island in the New Georgia chain, Solomon Islands

Kona: area of western part of island of Hawai'i

Kopje: a small hill in a generally flat area. (should be classified as Natural History)

Kordofan: historic province of C Sudan, NE Africa

Kosrae: island in Micronesia **Kungwe:** locality in DRC

Kurdistan: geographic area home to the Kurdish people, in W Asia, comprising parts of Turkey, Iraq, Iran,

and Syria.

La Selle: highest point in Haiti Labrador: province in NE Canada Lake Lufira: artificial lake in SE DRC

Lana'i: island in Hawai'i

Lapland: historic name for Sápmi, homeland of the Sámi people in Norway, Sweden, FInland, and Russia

Latakoo: former name for Kuruman, oasis town in Kalahari, N South Africa

Laysan: island NW of the main Hawai'ian islands

Lesser Antilles: chain of small islands in E Caribbean, part of the Antilles as a whole

Levant: historic term for the eastern coast of the Mediterranean, including Turkey, Lebanon, Israel, and Palestine.

Leymebamba: locality in Amazonas, Peru **Leyte:** island in the Visayas, C Philippines

Liben: area on the border between Somalia and Ethiopia

Lifou: island in the Loyalty Islands, New Caledonia

Lita: Locality in Imbabura, Ecuador **Loanga**: national park in W Gabon

Lompobattang: mountain in SE Sulawesi, Indonesia

Lord Howe: island between Australia and NZ **Louisiade**: archipelago E of New Guinea

Louisiana: A state in the USA. Historically could also refer to any part of North America west of the

Mississippi (e.g., the Louisiana Purchase)

Luapula: province in N Zambia, SC Africa

Luzon: island in the Philippines

Maccoa: misspelling of Macau, China, which also has nothing to do with the bird in question. May have

been used as a general term for a far-off place (similar to older uses of "Guinea")

Macquarie: island between Australia and NZ

Madagascar: Island country in SW Africa; Madagascar, Mascarene, Malagasy

Madeira: island group in Atlantic, off coasts of Portugal and N Africa

Magdalena: river valley in N Colombia

Magellanic Strait: straits separating mainland South America from Tierra del Fuego

Maghreb: NW Africa, including Algeria, Libya, Mauritania, Morocco, Tunisia, and Western Sahara.

Historically, it denoted the western ("al-Maghrib") portion of the Arabic world.

Makatea: atoll in the Tuamotus, French Polynesia

Makira: island in the Solomon Islands. Also called San Cristóbal

Malabar: SW coast of India Malaita: island in Solomons Malawi: country in SE Africa

Malaysia: Island country in SE Asia. Also broadly used for the region as a whole. Malay, Malayan,

Malaysian.

Mali: country in NW Africa

Malindi: bay and town on Indian Ocean, Kenya

Mallee: Region in northwestern Victoria and southeastern South Australia

Mamberamo: River basin in northern Papua

Manchuria: far NE region of China, bordering Russia and the Korean Peninsula

Mangareva: island in French Polynesia

Manipur: state in India

Manicoré: Municipality in the state of Amazonas, Brazil **Man, Isle of**: island between Britain and Ireland; Manx

Manú: region and river in Peru Manus: island NE of New Guinea

Mantanani: island group off the N tip of Borneo

Maracaibo: lake, city, and surrounding area in NW Venezuela

Marañon: river and valley in Peruvian Andes

Mariana: island chain in the N Pacific, south of Japan Marianne: island in Seychelles, W Indian Ocean Mariqua: river in S Africa. Also spelled Marico. Marquesas: island group in French Polynesia

Masatierra: island off the coast of Chile. literally "más a tierra", Spanish for "closer to land". Current name Robinson Crusoe Island, for the shipwrecked sailor who lived there 5 years and partially inspired the novel.

Mascarene Islands: Group of islands in the Indian Ocean east of Madagascar. Includes Republic of Mauritius, Rodrigues Island, and Reunion Island.

Matinan: mountains in Sulawesi, Indonesia

Martinique: island in the Lesser Antilles

Mato Grosso: state in WC Brazil

Maui: island in Hawai'i

Maui-nui: prehistoric extent of Maui, which included modern Moloka'i, Lana'i, and Kaho'olawe

Maupiti: island in the Leeward Islands, French Polynesia **Mauritius**: island in the Indian Ocean, E of Madagascar

Mayotte: island NW of Madagascar

Mbulu: district in Tanzania

Mediterranean: large sea separating Europe, Africa, and Asia

Mekong: river in Cambodia

Melanesia: geographic region and cultural grouping of the Pacific, including New Guinea, Fiji, Vanuatu,

New Caledonia, and the Solomon Islands

Mentawai: island chain and strait off the W coast of Sumatra, Indonesia

Meratus: mountain range in S Kalimantan, Indonesia **Mérida:** Andes of Venezuela in Mérida and Táchira.

Mexico: large country in North America

Micronesia: geographic and cultural region of the Pacific, composed of around 2000 islands. The four

largest groups are the Carolines, Marianas, Gilberts, and Marshalls.

Middle America: somewhat outdated term for Central America

Minahassa: peninsula of Sulawesi, Indonesia

Minas Gerais: state in SE Brazil
Mindanao: island in the Philippines
Mindoro: island in the Philippines

Miombo: a type of tropical savannah in C Africa, Miombo woodlands form a broad belt across

south-central Africa, running from Angola in the west to Tanzania in the east. (Natural History)

Mishana: Allpahuayo-Mishana National reserve, is a protected area in Peru located southwest of Iquitos

in the region of Loreto

Mishmi: mountain range at border of India and China

Mississippi: river and state in the USA

Moheli: island in the Comoros, Indian Ocean

Moluccas: Islands in Indonesia. Also spelled Maluku.

Mombasa: Kenyan coastal city.

Mongolia: landlocked country in Asia, between Russia and China. Also refers more broadly to the

homelands of the nomadic Mongolian peoples, including parts of China (Inner Mongolia), Russia,

and elsewhere in C Asia.

Monte: ecoregion of arid scrub, Argentina **Montserrat**: island in the Lesser Antilles

Mo'orea: Anglicized as Moorea. Island near Tahiti, French Polynesia

Morotai: island in Malukus, Indonesia

Morrison: Tallest mountain peak in Taiwan, named after a U.S. official, but currently known as Yushan or

Jade Mountain

Mount Cameroon: Active volcano in SW Cameroon **Mount Kupe:** mountain in W Cameroon, W Africa

Mount Victoria: colonial name for Na Ma Taung, mountain in W Myanmar

Muisca: Indigenous group in C Colombia, used to refer to their homelands in the Eastern Cordillera

Munchique: massif in Colombia

Muscovy: antiquated name for Russia, particularly European Russia centered on Moscow

Mussau: island in St. Matthias group, N Bismarck Archipelago

Naga: Nagaland, state in NE India

Namaqua: refers to SW Africa- homeland of Nama people, with the Khoekhoe suffix "place-of"

Namuli: second-highest mountain in Mozambique

Napo: province and river in Ecuador

Narcondam: Island in the Andaman Islands, India.

Nashville: city in Tennessee, USA

Natal: former province in South Africa, reorganized in 1994 into KwaZulu-Natal

Natewa: peninsula in Fiji

Naung Mung: village in Kachin, N Myanmar

Nauru: island nation in C Pacific

Nazca: city and region of S coastal Peru, home of the ancient Nazca culture

Nechisar: national park in S Ethiopia **Negros**: island in the Philippines

Neotropics: the tropical regions of the Western Hemisphere (aka "New World tropics")

Negros: island in the Philippines **Nepal**: country in the Himalayas

New Britain: island in the Bismarck Archipelago, W Papua New Guinea

New Caledonia: island W of Australia

New Georgia: island in the Solomon Islands

New Guinea: large island north of Australia. Consists of West Papua (Indonesia) and the nation of Papua

New Guinea

New Hanover: island in New Ireland province, PNG **New Holland**: antiquated colonial name for Australia

New Ireland: island NE of New Guinea

New Zealand: chain of large islands E of Australia in the Pacific

Nias: island off coast of Sumatra, Indonesia Niau: small island in French Polynesia Nicaragua: country in C America

Nicobar: island chain in the Indian Ocean, S of the Andamans. Also refers to individual islands (Car

Nicobar, Great Nicobar, Little Nicobar)

Nightingale Island: island in the S Atlantic

Nihoa: island in NW Hawai'i

Nile Valley: valley around the Nile, including parts of Egypt, Sudan, South Sudan, and Ethiopia

Nilgiri: mountain range in the Indian states of Tamil Nadu and Kerala **Nimba**: mountain of border of Côte d'Ivoire and Guinea, W Africa

Niuafo'ou: anglicized Niuafoou. Island in Tonga, S Pacific **Nonggang**: natural reserve in Guangxi Zhuang, China **Norfolk**: island group E of Australia and N of NZ, S Pacific

Noronha: Fernando de Noronha Archipelago (main island and Rata I), off the coast of NE Brazil

(Pernambuco).

North Island: one of the two primary islands of NZ

Nubia: region of desert along the Nile River

Nuku Hiva: island in the Marquesas

Nullarbor: arid plain in S Australia. Latin for "no trees"

Numfor: island NW of New Guinea

Nyanza: Kinyarwanda for "lake", specifically referring to Lake Victoria, E Africa

O'ahu: anglicized Oahu. island in Hawai'i

Oaxaca: state in S Mexico

Obi: island chain in Malukus, Indonesia

Obbia: Hobyo, Somalia

Ogea: two islands, Ogea Driki and Ogea Levu, in SE Fiji

Okarito: town on W coast of South Island, NZ **Okinawa:** island in the Ryukyus, N Pacific

Oman: country on the Arabian Peninsula, forming one part of the Strait of Hormuz

Opalton: Winton-Oplaton region of western Queensland, Australia

Orange River: large river in South Africa and Namibia

Orient: outdated term for "eastern", i.e. Asian

Oriente: eastern region of Cuba **Orinoco**: river in South America

Ouvéa: island near New Caledonia, S Pacific

Ovambo: ethnic group in SW Africa, used to refer to parts of Namibia and Angola

Oxapampa: province in C Peru

Pacific: large ocean

Pagan: island in the Northern Marianas, NW Pacific

Palani: town and a taluk headquarters in Dindigul district of the western part of Tamil Nadu state in India

Palau: island nation in the WC Pacific **Palawan**: island chain in the Philippines

Palestine: disputed country in the Middle East. Modern political usage applies to Gaza and West Bank,

but historically applied to a larger region

Pampas: grassland region in S South America, including parts of Argentina, Uruguay, and Brazil

Panama: country in C America

Panao: town in C Peru

Pantanal: wetland area in Mato Grosso do Sul, SW Brazil

Panay: island in C Philippines

Pangani: town in Tanga, NW Tanzania **Pantepui**: another term for tepuis

Papua: pre-colonial name for the island of New Guinea. Modern usage applies it to the Indonesian

province of West Papua, or the independent nation of PNG

Papuan: Papua or New Guinea

Pará: state in N Brazil

Paraguay: country in South America

Paramillo: mountain ranges in the Colombian Andes

Paramo: alpine tundra ecosystem in the Andes, South America (should be classified as Natural History)

Paria: peninsula in Venezuela

Patagonia: region of South America, including much of Chile and Argentina

Pemba: island in Zanzibar chain, Tanzania **Pechora:** river in Komi Republic, Siberia, Russia

Perijá: The Serranía del Perijá, Cordillera de Perijá or Sierra de Perijá [pe.ɾi.ˈxa] is a mountain range, an extension of the eastern Andean branch (Cordillera Oriental), in northern South America,

between Colombia and Venezuela

Pernambuco: state in NE Brazil

Persia: historic name for a large portion of Central Asia, primarily modern Iran. Also refers to the Persian

Gulf.

Peru: country in South America

Philadelphia: city in Pennsylvania, USA

Philippines: island country in E Asia, N of Indonesia **Phoenix:** tiny uninhabited island in the C Pacific

Pirre: Cerro Pirré, mountain in E Panama

Pitcairn: island in the S Pacific

Pitt Island: island in the Chathams, NZ **Piura:** province and river in NW Peru **Planalto:** highland plateau of Brazil

Pohnpei: island in the Caroline islands, Micronesia

Polynesia: geographic and cultural region of the Pacific, including most of the oceanic islands E of Fiji from Hawai'i in the north, NZ in the SW, and Easter Island in the E. French Polynesia is a colonial territory that encompasses some, but not all, of this region.

Príncipe: one of the eponymous islands of the country of São Tome and Príncipe, Gulf of Guinea, W Africa

Puerto Rico: island in the Greater Antilles, Caribbean

Puna [should be categorized as natural history]: region of South America

Purus: River in Brazil

Ra'iatea: island in the Society Islands, French Polynesia, S Pacific

Raja Ampat: archipelago located off the northwest tip of Bird's Head Peninsula on the island of New

Guinea

Rapa: island in the Bass Islands, French Polynesia, S Pacific

Rarotonga: largest of the Cook Islands, S Pacific

Razo: islet in Desertas group, Cape Verde

Red Sea: sea between Africa and the Arabian Peninsula

Rennell: island in the Solomons, W Pacific

Restinga: coastal sand-ridge habitat in northeastern Brazil (should be categorized as natural history)

Réunion: island in the W Indian Ocean, E of Madagascar

Rimitara: island in Austral Islands

Rinjani: mountain on Lombok, Indonesia
Rio Branco: tributary of the Rio Negro, Brazil
Rio de Janeiro: city and surrounding state, Brazil
Rio Madeira: largest tributary of the Amazon, Brazil

Rio Negro: one of several rivers in South America, most notably a tributary of the Amazon

Río Orinoco: river in Venezuela and Colombia, draining into the Atlantic S of Trinidad and Tobago

Río Suno: river in E Ecuador

Rodrigues: island in the W Indian Ocean **Romblon**: province in the Philippines

Rondonia: State in Brazil

Roraima: Tepui mountain in Venezuela

Rota: island in the Marianas

Rote: island SW of Timor, Indonesia

Rotuma: island in N Fiji

Roviana: lagoon on New Georgia, Solomon Islands

Ruaha: river and park in SC Tanzania **Rubeho**: town in Morogoro, C Tanzania **Ruvu**: river in Morogoro, E Tanzania

Rwenzori: Mountain range in Uganda and DRC

Ryukyu: island chain S of Japan

Saipan: island in the Northern Marianas, NW Pacific

Sahel: arid region south of the Sahara

Sakalava: ethnic group in Madagascar, used to refer to their homeland in W Madagascar

Sakhalin: island claimed by both Russia and Japan, located between the two N of Hokkaido

Salinas: salt plains in N Argentina Samar: Island in the Philippines Samoa: Island in the Pacific

San Andrés: island in the Caribbean, E of Nicaragua

San Blas: city in Nayarit, WC Mexico San Cristóbal: island in the Galápagos

Sandhills: bioregion in the central Great Plains, especially Nebraska

Sandwich Islands: outdated colonial name for Hawai'i

Sangihe: Island in the Philippines

Santa Cruz: 1) island chain in the Solomon Islands 2) island in the Channel Islands, CA, USA

Santa Marta: Sierra Nevada de Santa Marta, an isolated mountain massif located on northern Colombia,

South America
Santarem: city in Brazil

São Francisco: river in EC Brazil **São Paulo**: city and state in S Brazil

São Tomé: one of the islands of São Tomé and Príncipe. Gulf of Guinea

Sapayoa: River in Ecuador

Sardinia: island in the Mediterranean between Italy and Iberia

Scotland: country in northern part of island of Britain

Selva: nature preserve in Peru

Sepik-Ramu: River basins in northern Papua New Guinea

Senegal: country in W Africa **Sennar:** city and state in E Sudan

Seram: island in Indonesia

Serendib: ancient name for Sri Lanka
Serra do Mar: mountain range in SE Brazil
Seychelles: island group in the Indian Ocean
Siam: Antiquated name for Thailand; Siamese

Siau: Island in Indonesia

Siberia: vast region of N Asia, from the Urals to the Pacific, in Russia

Sichuan: province in SW China. Alternate historic spellings Szechuan or Szechwan.

Sierra [should be categorized as natural history]: Spanish for "mountain range"; refers to several ranges

in Central and South America

Sierra de Lema: mountain range in SE Venezuela

Sierra Leone: country in W Africa

Sierra Madre: 1) Sierra Madre Occidental, mountain range in W Mexico 2) mountain range in Luzon,

Philippines

Sierra Nevada: Sierra Nevada de Santa Marta, mountain range in N Colombia

Sikkim: state in the Himalayas, N India

Simeulue: island in Indonesia, W of Sumatra

Sinai: peninsula in Egypt, between the Red and Mediterranean Seas

Sinaloa: state in NW Mexico

Sincorá: Serra do Sincorá, part of the Espinhaço Mountains in Bahia, Brazil

Sind: province of Sindh, Pakistan **Sira**: mountain range in C Peru

Snares Islands: group of islands in S Pacific, S of NZ

Snow Mountain: one of the tallest mountain ranges in New Guinea

Sokoke: forest in coastal Kenya

Solomon Islands: a group of islands in the C Pacific, and also a nation of the same name that partially

overlaps said archipelago

Somalia: country in E Africa; Somali

Society Islands: island group including Tahiti, French Polynesia, S Pacific

Socorro: island off Pacific coast of Mexico

Socotra: island in the Indian Ocean, south of the Arabian Peninsula **Sooretama**: town and biological reserve in Espírito Santo, Brazil **South Africa**: large country on southern tip of African continent

South America: continent south of North America

South Georgia: island in the S Atlantic

South Island: one of the two primary islands in NZ

South Pare: mountain range in E Tanzania **Spain**: largest country on the Iberian peninsula

Spice (Islands): Maluku or Molucca islands, Indonesia

Sri Lanka: island nation SE of India
St. Helena: island in the S Atlantic
St. Kitts: island in the Lesser Antilles
St. Lucia: island in the Lesser Antilles
St. Vincent: island in the Lesser Antilles

Steppe: a large area of flat unforested grassland in southeastern Europe or Siberia

Stephens Island: island between the North and South Islands of NZ

Stewart Island: island S of NZ

Subantarctic: region of Southern Hemisphere north of 66º S

Sucre: state in Venezuela **Sudan**: country in NE Africa

Sula: 1) island in the Philippines 2) short for Sulawesi

Sulawesi: island in Indonesia

Sulu: island chain in the Philippines

Sumatra: island in Indonesia
Sumba: island in Indonesia
Sunda: island chain in Indonesia

Swahili: coast of E Africa, especially NE Tanzania, named for the largest ethnic group

Syria: country in the Middle East; historically applied to a much larger area now consisting of multiple

countries

Tabar: island group E of New Guinea

Tabon: island in C Philippines **Tabora**: region of C Tanzania

Tacarcuna: mountain area in Darién, E Panama **Tacazze**: also spelled Tekezé, river in NE Ethiopia

Táchira: state in E Venezuela

Tagula: island in the Louisiade Archipelago, SE of New Guinea

Tahiti: island in French Polynesia

Taita: small mountain range in Kenya, E Africa. **Taiwan**: small island nation in the South China Sea.

Talamanca: Cordillera de Talamanca, a mountain range in Costa Rica and western Panama.

Talaud: island groups in Indonesia **Taliabu**: island in the Malukus **Tamaulipas**: state in NE Mexico

Tana River: river in Kenya

Tanganyika: colonial name for mainland Tanzania (excluding Zanzibar). Name retained by one of the

African Great Lakes.

Tanimbar: island group in the Malukus

Tanna: island in Vanuatu

Tanzania: country in E Africa, consisting of mainland Tanganyika (historic term) and the islands of

Zanzibar.

Tapajos: The Tapajós is a river in Brazil

Tarim: region of W China

Tasmania: island south of Australia

Tatamá: Tatamá National Nature Park is located in the western Colombian mountain range.

Taveta: town in S Kenya, basically in Tanzania

Taveuni: island in Fiji

Tawitawi: island in the Philippines **Tboli**: area of Cotabato, Philippines

Temotu: province of the Solomon Islands

Tenerife: island in the Canaries

Tenggara: island group in the Sundas, Indonesia **Tennessee**: state in C US, in Appalachian Mountains

Tepui: Tepui region of South America, highland region mostly in Venezuela (table top mountains -

classified as Natural History)

Terek: river in the N Caucasus, flowing into the Caspian Sea

Tibet: high elevation plateau N of the Himalayas

Tierra del Fuego: large island off the tip of South America; Fuegian

Timor: island in the Lesser Sundas, split between Indonesia and the nation of East Timor

Tinian: island in the Marianas, N Pacific

Titicaca: lake in the Andes, on the border of Bolivia and Peru

Transvolcanic: mountain range in C Mexico

Tres Marías: island chain off coast of Nayarit, WC Mexico

Trindade, Ilha da: island in Atlantic, E of Brazil **Trinidad**: island in Caribbean NE of Venezuela

Tristan da Cunha: island in S Atlantic

Tropeiro: Rota de Tropeiros, a historic cattle-droving route in Brazil **Tropics**: region surrounding the Equator between roughly 23º N and S.

Truk: former name for Chuuk Atoll, Micronesia

Tsavo: river and region in Kenya

Tsingy: unique limestone karst landscape only found in Madagascar

Tocuya: locality in Lara, Venezuela

Togian: island group in Indonesia, W of Sulawesi

Togo: country in W Africa

Tolima: volcano and surrounding region in Colombia

Tonga: island nation in the S Pacific

Torres Strait: strait separating Australia and New Guinea

Tuamotu: group of islands in French Polynesia

Tucumán: province in N Argentina

Tumbes: ecoregion in coastal Ecuador and Peru, consisting of dry forests

Turkestan: region of C Asia home to multiple Turkic people groups, mostly incorporated into the Chinese

province of Xinjiang.

Tuxtla: Sierra de los Tuxtlas, mountain range in Veracruz, SW Mexico

Ua Pou: 'Uapou, island in the Marquesas, S Pacific **Udzungwa**: mountain range in Tanzania, E Africa

Uganda: landlocked country in EC Africa **Uluguru:** mountain range in Tanzania, E Africa **Usambara:** mountain range in Tanzania, E Africa

Ural: mountain range in Eurasia

Urrao: in the subregion southwest of the department of Antioquia, Colombia

Urubamba: province in S Peru

Utcubamba: (hispanicized spelling), in Quechua Utkhupampa: is one of seven provinces of the Amazonas

Region, Peru.

Vanikoro: island in the Santa Cruz group, Solomon Islands

Vanuatu: Island nation in the south Pacific

Várzea: specific type of seasonally flooded forest in the Amazon

Venezuela: Country in South America; Venezuelan

Veraguas: province in Panama **Vietnam:** country in SE Asia

Vilcabamba: mountain range and former city in Cuzco region, Peru

Virginia: US state on east coast; historically, could refer to anywhere in the Mid-Atlantic region, "Virginia

Colony"

Visayan Islands: Chain of islands within the Philippines

Vogelkop: colonial Dutch name for the Bird's Head Peninsula, New Guinea

Waigeo: island in West Papua, Indonesia

Wakatobi: islands off the coast of Sulawesi

Wake Island: atoll in Micronesia

Wakolo: lake on Buru island, Moluccas

Wallacea: biogeographic region for area E of the Wallace line, including Australia, New Guinea, and the

eastern part of Indonesia.

Warsangli: refers to Warsangali clan, a major Somali group

Wayanad: district in Kerala, India

West Indies: Islands of the Caribbean; West Indian **West Solomons:** western portion of Solomon Islands

Westland: district of NZ
Wetar: island in Indonesia

Xingu: river in Brazil, major tributary of the Amazon

Xinjiang: far western portion of China. "Xinjiang" is the official Chinese name, while "Turkestan" refers to

mostly the same area and is used by some of the Turkic peoples who live there.

Yap: group of islands in Micronesia **Yapacana**: tepui in S Venezuela

Yemen: country on the Arabian Peninsula bordering the Red Sea

Yucatan: peninsula province of Mexico

Yungas: bioregion of the Andes, transitional between the highlands and the eastern forests

Yunnan: subtropical province in S China

Zamboanga: peninsula of Mindanao, Philippines **Zanzibar**: island group off the coast of Tanzania

Zapata: swamp in Cuba