

$$\# \leftarrow (a) \quad y = e^{2x} = e^u \quad (u = 2x)$$

$$\hookrightarrow y' = \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{d}{du}(e^u) \times \frac{du}{dx}$$

연쇄법칙

$$= e^u \times 2$$

$$= 2e^{2x}$$

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$$\# \leftarrow (b) \quad y = x \ln x - x$$

$$\hookrightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} = (x \ln x)' - (x)'$$

$$= \ln x + x \cdot \frac{1}{x} - 1 = \ln x$$

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$$\# \leftarrow (c) \quad y = e^x \ln x$$

$$\hookrightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} = (e^x)' \ln x + e^x (\ln x)'$$

$$= e^x \ln x + e^x \cdot \frac{1}{x}$$

$$= e^x \left( \ln x + \frac{1}{x} \right)$$

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$$\# \leftarrow (d) \quad y = \frac{x}{\ln x}$$

$$\hookrightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(x)' \ln x - x (\ln x)'}{(\ln x)^2}$$

$$= \frac{\ln x - x \times \frac{1}{x}}{(\ln x)^2}$$

$$= \frac{\ln x - 1}{(\ln x)^2}$$

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