



한국경영정보학회 학술대회 2018년 경영정보관련 춘계학술대회

선물환율 결정요소를 이용한 인공신경망 모형의 원/달러 환율예측 유용성에 관한 연구

김영철, 이현준, 김지우, 안재준

To cite this article: 김영철, 이현준, 김지우, 안재준 (2018) 선물환율 결정요소를 이용한 인공신경망 모형의 원/달러 환율예측 유용성에 관한 연구, 한국경영정보학회 학술대회, pp.70-79

② earticle에서 제공하는 콘텐츠를 무단 복제, 전송, 배포, 기타 저작권법에 위반되는 방법으로 이용할 경우, 관련 법령에 따라 민, 형사상의 책임을 질 수 있습니다.

www.earticle.net

① earticle에서 제공하는 모든 저작물의 저작권은 원저작자에게 있으며, 학술교육원은 각 저작물의 내용을 보증하거나 책임을 지지 않습니다.

'90

```
/
                                                            С,
                                 (03722)
           Tel: +82 - 10 - 8761 - 4135, Fax: +82 - 2 - 788 - 7100, E - mail: yclkim@naver.com
                                (03722)
                                                                     50,
          Tel: +82 - 2 - 2123 - 7785, Fax: +82 - 2 - 364 - 7807, E - mail: 2wisedeep@gmail.com
                                (03722)
                                                                     50,
           Tel: +82 - 2 - 2123 - 7785, Fax: +82 - 2 - 364 - 7807, E - mail: jiwoo14@naver.com
                                     d
                                    (26493)
          Tel: +82 - 33 - 760 - 2766, Fax: +82 - 2 - 364 - 7807, E - mail: ahn2615@yonsei.ac.kr
Abstract
                                                      1.
                                                                                가 GDP
                                                                                           63.9% (2016. 9
           가
                                가
                                                                       )
                                                              가
                                                              1997
                                                                     12
    가
                                                                      (non-deliverable forward; NDF)
                가
                                                                                             가
Keywords
                                                                                        가
                                                          2
```

```
2004],
                                                                                                   가
                           3
              가
                             (hedging),
                                       가
                  (speculation),
                        (arbitrage)
                3
                                                           (artificial neural network; ANN)
                                                                                                            (multi-
       가
                                                           layer perceptron; MLP)
                                                                                             가
                           , 1 , 2
                                        , 3
                     1
                                               , 6
12
                           (standard date)
가
               가
                                                              (hidden layer)
                                                                                    (node)
                                          39,4
                                             가
                         (broken date)
                                                                            가
                                                                                                  [Corte
                                                                                                           , 2008].
                                                                                                   . 2
                                            가
                                            가
          가
                                                                                                         가
                         가
                                                                                                . 3
                                                             , 4
                                                           2.
                                                           2.1
                           . 1980
                        (structural model)
                                                           1980
                                            가
                                                                                          Meese
                                                                                                   Rogoff [1983]
          가
                      [Meese
                                Rogoff, 1983].
                                                                   가
   (vector error correction model)
                                                                           Clarida
                                                                                     Taylor [1997]
            가
                                    Tayor, 1997; Jung,
                         [Clarida
```

```
[Jung,
2004]. Kim [2000]
                                                               2.2
                                                                                                                    가
                                                                  (interest rate parity; IRP)
                                                                                                                    가
         가
                                                                                가
                                              가
                                                               (hedging)
[Kim
        , 2004; Kim
                       , 2004],
                                                                        가
                                                                                (covered interest rate parity; CIP)
                                                                           가
                                                                                   (uncovered interest rate parity; UIP)
                                     Kim [2001]
                                           가
                                                                               가
                                                                           가
                                            가
                가
                                                                                     가
                                     가
                                                                                                                   가
                        [Pacelli
                                   , 2010].
                                                               가
                                                /
                                                               가
                                                                                                       가
                                                                              (2.1)
                             Chaudhuri [2016]
                                                                                                            , i_t
                                                                                                ,\ i_t^*
                                                                                   , E(S_{t+1})
               가
                                                                                                               t+1
                                                                                    , S_t
Lee [2016]
              AR
                         IGARCH
                                                                                           \frac{E(S_{t+1}) - S_t}{S_t} = i_t - i_t^*
                                                                                                                    (2.1)
                                    가
                                                                               가
                                                                                                        가 가
        가 Jeong [2017]
                                                                                (2.1)
                                   가
                                                               E(S_{t+1})
                                                                                        F_t
                   6
                                                                                                                 가 가
                                                                                                         가
                                                                                (2.2)
```

$$\frac{F_t - S_t}{S_t} = i_t - i_t^* \tag{2.2}$$

(2.2)(money market)

(2.3)

 (F_t)

365 360

> (2.3) D_t

 $F_t = S_t \times \frac{{}^{1+i_t\times(D_t/365)}}{{}^{1+i_t^*\times(D_t/360)}}$ (2.3)

(2.1), (2.2)가

가

가 (2.3)가 가 i_t^*

가

2.3

(input layer), (hidden

(output layer) layers),

> , 2015]. [Lee

(node) (neuron)

(synaptic weight)

(activation function)가

가

[Gardner Dorling, 1998; Lee , 2013; Lee Kim, 2014].

가

가 . Figure 2.1

i

j, k $w_{1,1,1}$ $W_{1,i,j}$

가 $W_{2,j,k}$ $, w_{2,1,1}$

가

 $w_{3,1}$ $W_{3,k}$ 가

Hidden layers Input layer Output layer

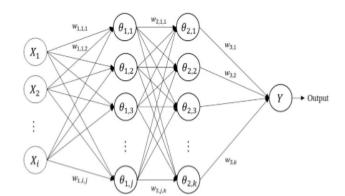


Figure 2.1 Typical schematic diagram of the multi-layer perceptron

3.

(MLP), (FWD), (RW) 6

. (Figure 3.1).

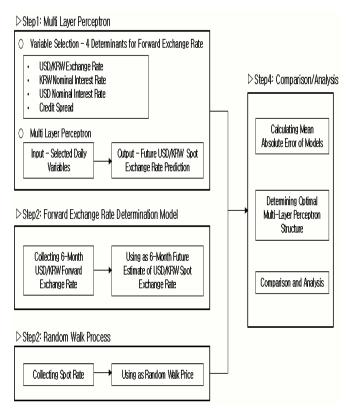


Figure 3.1 Model Architecture

Step 1.

```
4가
                                   가
                   가
가
                             6
                 가
                                       6
            가
                                                     6
            가
                             1
     (interest rate swap; IRS)
                               1
        (cross currency interest rate swap; CCS, CRS)
                                                   가
    1
                            (swap basis)
```

Table 3.1 Input variables for MLP

Variables	Selected Data (Daily)
USD/KRW spot exchange rate	Closing rate of USD/KRW FX spot
KRW nominal interest rate	Closing rate of 6-month Koribor
USD nominal interest rate	1 day prior fixing rate of 6-month Libor
Credit Spread	Closing rate of 1-year Swap Basis

· 가 ,

6 가

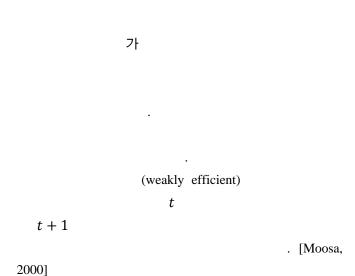
.

Step 2.

6

Step 3.

가 가 .



$$\hat{S}_{t+1} = S_t \tag{3.1}$$

6

Step 4. /

,

(mean absolute error; MAE) (root mean square error; RMSE) .

, 6 6

(3.2) (3.3) , y_i i , x_i i , e_i i , n

 $MAE = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} |y_i - x_i|}{n} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} |e_i|}{n}$ (3.2)

$$RMSE = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (y_i - x_i)^2}{n}} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} e_i^2}{n}}$$
 (3.3)

4.

(sliding window) .

[Ahn , 2012].

IBM (international business machines corporation) SPSS statistics 23 . Table 4.1

.

Table 4.1 Empirical data window

Window Number	Training Period	Test Period
Window 1	2012.01.01 ~ 2012.12.31	2013.01.01. ~ 2013.01.31
Window 2	2012.02.01 ~ 2013.01.31	2013.02.01. ~ 2013.02.28
Window 3	2012.03.01 ~ 2013.02.28	2013.03.01. ~ 2013.03.31
Window 60	2016.12.01 ~ 2017.11.30	2017.12.01. ~ 2017.12.31
	6	/
;	가	

. , , 1 2

1 8 . Table 4.2 , 60

55

Table 4.2 Experimental period for each window

1 anie 4.2 Experimentat perioa for each window			
	Hidden Layer		
Data Period	Layer Number	Node Number (Layer 1 – Layer 2)	
2012.01.01. ~ 2013.01.31	2	8-6	
2012.02.01. ~ 2013.02.28	2	7-3	
2012.03.01. ~ 2013.03.31	2	6-7	
2012.04.01. ~ 2013.04.30	2	8-3	
2012.05.01. ~ 2013.05.31	2	6-1	
2012.06.01. ~ 2013.06.30	2	6-2	
2012.07.01. ~ 2013.07.31	2	2-4	
2012.08.01. ~ 2013.08.31	2	3-7	
2012.09.01. ~ 2013.09.30	2	8-7	
2012.10.01. ~ 2013.10.31	2	6-1	
2012.11.01. ~ 2013.11.30	2	4-1	
2012.12.01. ~ 2013.12.31	1	6	
2013.01.01. ~ 2014.01.31	2	4-5	
2013.02.01. ~ 2014.02.28	2	6-3	
2013.03.01. ~ 2014.03.31	2	5-6	
2013.04.01. ~ 2014.04.30	2	7-2	
2013.05.01. ~ 2014.05.31	2	2-7	
2013.06.01. ~ 2014.06.30	2	8-1	
2013.07.01. ~ 2014.07.31	1	3	
2013.08.01. ~ 2014.08.31	2	4-5	
2013.09.01. ~ 2014.09.30	2	5-2	
2013.10.01. ~ 2014.10.31	2	7-4	
2013.11.01. ~ 2014.11.30	2	6-5	
2013.12.01. ~ 2014.12.31	2	6-3	
2014.01.01. ~ 2015.01.31	2	7-6	
2014.02.01. ~ 2015.02.28	2	7-8	
2014.03.01. ~ 2015.03.31	2	5-8	
2014.04.01. ~ 2015.04.30	2	4-6	
2014.05.01. ~ 2015.05.31	2	5-2	
2014.06.01. ~ 2015.06.30	2	8-5	

2014.07.01. ~ 2015.07.31	2	6-8
2014.08.01. ~ 2015.08.31	2	5-6
2014.09.01. ~ 2015.09.30	2	1-1
2014.10.01. ~ 2015.10.31	2	3-5
2014.11.01. ~ 2015.11.30	2	5-4
2014.12.01. ~ 2015.12.31	2	5-2
2015.01.01. ~ 2016.01.31	2	2-8
2015.02.01. ~ 2016.02.29	1	2
2015.03.01. ~ 2016.03.31	2	1-2
2015.04.01. ~ 2016.04.30	2	4-2
2015.05.01. ~ 2016.05.31	2	4-2
2015.06.01. ~ 2016.06.30	2	1-3
2015.07.01. ~ 2016.07.31	2	5-1
2015.08.01. ~ 2016.08.31	2	5-1
2015.09.01. ~ 2016.09.30	2	4-1
2015.10.01. ~ 2016.10.31	2	5-7
2015.11.01. ~ 2016.11.30	2	3-1
2015.12.01. ~ 2016.12.31	2	6-3
2016.01.01. ~ 2017.01.31	2	7-5
2016.02.01. ~ 2017.02.28	2	8-3
2016.03.01. ~ 2017.03.31	2	4-8
2016.04.01. ~ 2017.04.30	1	3
2016.05.01. ~ 2017.05.31	1	7
2016.06.01. ~ 2017.06.30	2	6-4
2016.07.01. ~ 2017.07.31	2	4-5
2016.08.01. ~ 2017.08.31	2	6-6
2016.09.01. ~ 2017.09.30	2	7-2
2016.10.01. ~ 2017.10.31	2	1-4
2016.11.01. ~ 2017.11.30	2	8-7
2016.12.01. ~ 2017.12.31	2	4-3

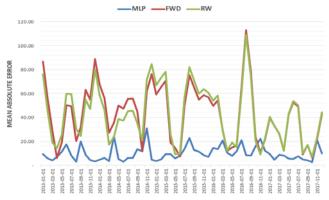


Figure 4.1 MAE of three prediction models during test period

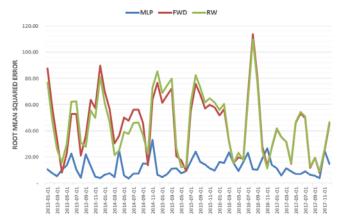


Figure 4.2 RMSE of three prediction models during test period

6 / 6 / Figure 4.1 4.2 ,

가 가 . 가 6

60 56 가 , 60 54 가

> , 가

가 Meese Rogoff (1983) .

가 F- t-

. F- $$7^{\dagger}$$, $$\sigma_1,\;\sigma_2$$ (4.1)

 $H_0: \mu_1 - \mu_2 = d, \quad H_1: \mu_1 - \mu_2 \neq d$ (4.1)

 $(4.2) \\ (s_p) \\ (t) \qquad (v) \qquad (4.3) \qquad (4.4) \qquad . \\ 7^{\frac{1}{2}} \qquad , \qquad (t')$

(4.5) , (v') (4.6) . n_1 n_2 , \bar{x}_1 \bar{x}_2 , s_1 s_2

$$s_p^2 = \frac{s_1^2(n_1 - 1) + s_2^2(n_2 - 1)}{n_1 + n_2 - 2} \tag{4.2}$$

$$t = \frac{(\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2) - d_0}{s_p \sqrt{1/n_1 + 1/n_2}} \tag{4.3}$$

$$v = n_1 + n_2 - 2 \tag{4.4}$$

$$t' = \frac{(\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2) - d_0}{\sqrt{s_1^2/n_1 + s_2^2/n_2}} \tag{4.5}$$

t

$$v' = \frac{(s_1^2/n_1 + s_2^2/n_2)^2}{(s_1^2/n_1)^2/(n_1 - 1) + (s_2^2/n_2)^2/(n_2 - 1)}$$
(4.6)

t' v' 가 t . α 가 (4.8)

가 .

$$-t_{\alpha/2,v} \le t \le t_{\alpha/2,v} \tag{4.7}$$

$$-t_{\alpha/2,\nu'} \le t' \le t_{\alpha/2,\nu'} \tag{4.8}$$

가

F-

(Table 4.3). t-

(Table 4.4).

Table 4.3 p-values of 3 paired F-test for three prediction

moters			
	MLP	FWD	RW
(a) Absolute error (AE)			
MLP	-	0.000^{*}	0.000^{*}
FWD		-	0.930
RW			-
(b) Squared error (SE)			
MLP	-	0.000^{*}	0.000^{*}
FWD		-	0.885
RW			-
* significant at 5%			

Table 4.4 p-values of 3 paired t-test for three prediction models

moucis			
	MLP	FWD	RW
(a) Absolute error (AE)			
MLP	-	0.000^{*}	0.000^{*}
FWD		-	0.940
RW			-
(b) Squared error (SE)			
MLP	-	0.000^{*}	0.000^{*}
FWD		-	0.941
RW			-
* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

* significant at 5%

5.

가

가

가

가 .

, , ,

가 23%, 가 27%

6 /

가 ,

가

(long short term memory

neural network; LSTM)

References

 $[1]\ Ahn,\ J.\ J.,\ Byun,\ H.\ W.,\ Oh,\ K.\ J.\ and\ Kim,\ T.\ Y.\ (2012).$

- Using ridge regression with genetic algorithm to enhance real estate appraisal forecasting. *Expert Systems with Applications*, 39, 8369-8379.
- [2] Chaudhuri, T. D. and Ghosh, I. (2016). Artificial neural network and time series modeling based approach to forecasting the exchange rate in a multivariate framework. *Journal of Insurance and Financial Management*, 1, 92-123.
- [3] Clarida, R. H. and Taylor, M. P. (1997). The term structure of forward exchange premiums and the forecastability of spot exchange rates: correcting the errors. *Review of Economics and Statistics*, 79, 353-361.
- [4] Corte, P. D., Sarno, L. and Tsiakas, I. (2009). An economic evaluation of empirical exchange rate models. *The review of financial studies*, 22(9), 3491-3530.
- [5] Gardner, M. W. and Dorling, S. R. (1998). Artificial neural networks (the multilayer perceptron)-a review of applications in the atmospheric sciences. *Atmospheric Environment*, 32, 2627-2636.
- [6] Jeong, K. H. (2017). Quantile causality from dollar exchange rate to international oil price. *Journal of the Korean Data & Information Science Society*, 28, 361-369.
- [7] Jung, C. H. (2004). Prediction of won/dollar exchange rate using forward exchange rate: Focusing on VECM technique. POSRI Management Research, 4, 174-191.
- [8] Kim, J. H. (2001). A comparative study on the Won/Dollar exchange rate forecasting performance of the artificial neural network model and ARIMA model, The Graduate School of Sogang University, Seoul
- [9] Kim, S. H. (2000). Establishment of Optimal Artificial Neural Network Model and Exchange Rate Prediction Performance Analysis. *Journal of Money and Finance*, 14, 57-85.

- [10] Kim, T. Y., Oh, K. J., Kim, C. and Do, J. D. (2004). Artificial neural networks for non-stationary time series. *Neurocomputing*, 61, 439-447.
- [11] Kim, T. Y., Oh, K. J., Sohn, I. and Hwang, C. (2004). Usefulness of artificial neural networks for early warning system of economic crisis. *Expert Systems with Applications*, 26, 583-590.
- [12] Lee, H. J. (2016). Time series models based on relationship between won/dollar and won/yen exchange rate. *Journal of the Korean Data & Information Science Society*, 27, 1547-1555.
- [13] Lee, J. Y. and Kim, H. J. (2014). Identification of major risk factors association with respiratory diseases by data mining. *Journal of the Korean Data & Information Science Society*, 25, 373-384.
- [14] Lee, K. J., Lee, H. J. and Oh, K. J. (2015). Using fuzzy-neural network to predict hedge fund survival. *Journal of the Korean Data & Information Science Society*, 26, 1189-1198.
- [15] Lee, Y. S., Kim, J., Jang, M. S. and Kim, H. G. (2013). A study on comparing short-term wind power prediction models in Gunsan wind farm. *Journal of the Korean Data* & *Information Science Society*, 24, 585-592.
- [16] Moosa, I. A. (2000). Exchange rate forecasting: Techniques and Applications. Basingstoke, Hampshire and London: Macmillan press LTD.
- [17] Meese, R. A. and Rogoff. K. (1983). Empirical exchange rate models of the seventies: Do they fit out of sample?. *Journal of International Economics*, 14, 3-24.
- [18] Pacelli, V., Bevilacqua. V. and Azzollini. M. (2011). An artificial neural network model to forecast exchange rates. *Journal of Intelligent Learning Systems and Applications*, 3, 57-69.