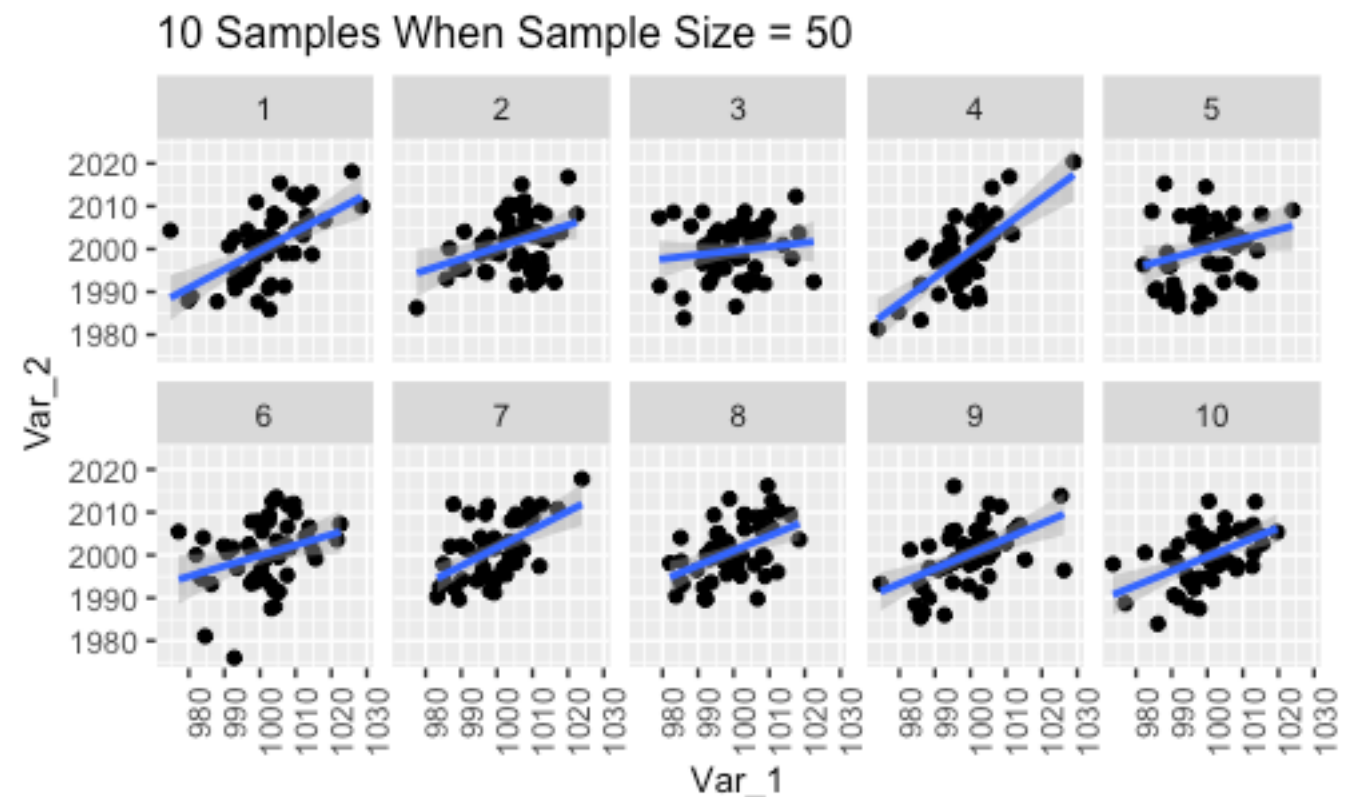


# 10 samples each of $N = 50$

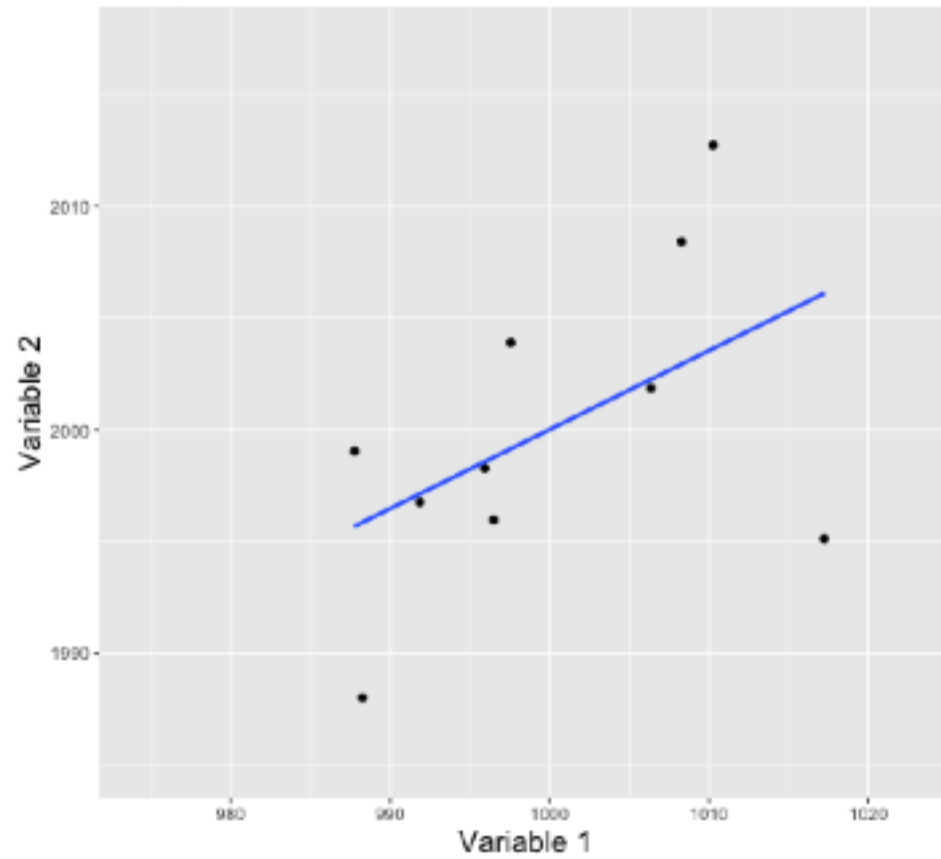
**Sample No.      Correlation**

<b>1</b>	<b>0.574</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>0.363</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>0.141</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>0.676</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>0.266</b>
<b>6</b>	<b>0.308</b>
<b>7</b>	<b>0.542</b>
<b>8</b>	<b>0.461</b>
<b>9</b>	<b>0.512</b>
<b>10</b>	<b>0.515</b>

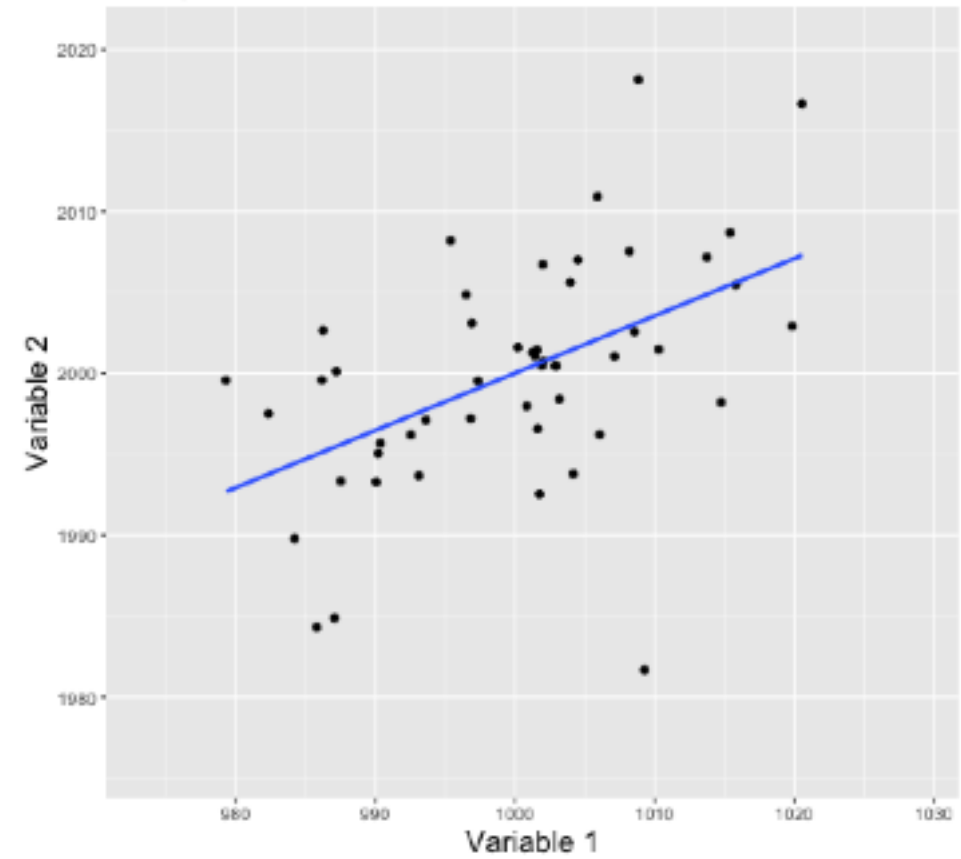


Even with a sample size of 50, we have quite a range of Pearson  $r$  values - ranging from .141 to .676 (and remember Pearson  $r$  in the population is = .5)

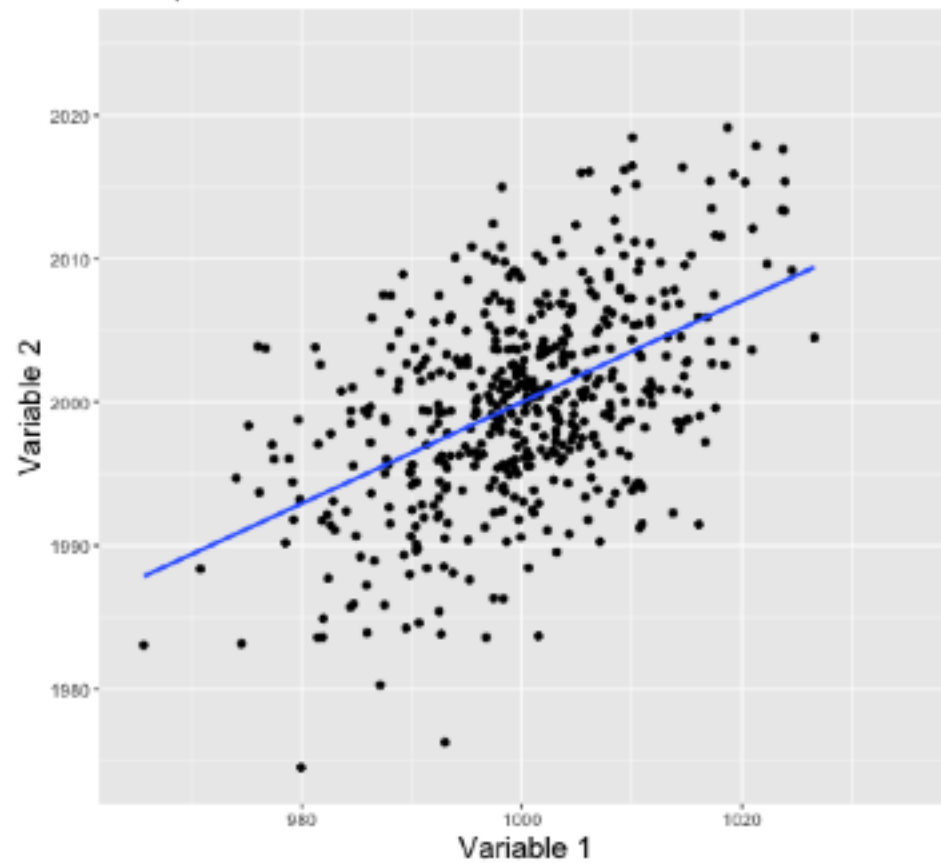
10 samples where each sample size = 10  
Sample number: 1



10 samples where each sample size = 50  
Sample number: 1



10 samples where each sample size = 500  
Sample number: 1



10 samples where each sample size = 5000  
Sample number: 1

