```
Coefficients:

Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)

(Intercept) 1.736e+05 1.243e+04 13.973 < 2e-16 ***

Crime -3.343e+02 1.147e+02 -2.915 0.00388 **

Population 6.662e-01 2.442e-01 2.729 0.00682 **

---

Signif. codes: 0 \***' 0.001 \**' 0.01 \*' 0.05 \'.' 0.1 \' 1
```

 Using these regression coefficents, we could write our regression equation as something like:

```
House price = 173,600 - 334.2 (Crime) + 0.6662 (Population) + residual
```

 So, crime has a negative influence on house prices (more crime = lower prices) while population size has a positive influence on house prices (more people = higher house prices).

## Mediation Effects

- At times, a variable's predicting power of an outcome is lost (complete mediation) or significantly reduced (partial mediation) when another predictor is introduced.
- This added variable mediates the initial effect by its absence and cancels the effect by its presence.

