

LSI/PLS

Definition of telegrams between the user interface and LSI or PLS system via RS 422/RS 232

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1 LSI system description

The LSI is the evaluation component for the measured distance values created by the PLS.

The LSI receives the PLS data via an asynchronous serial interface in real time so that each scan by the LSI can be processed.

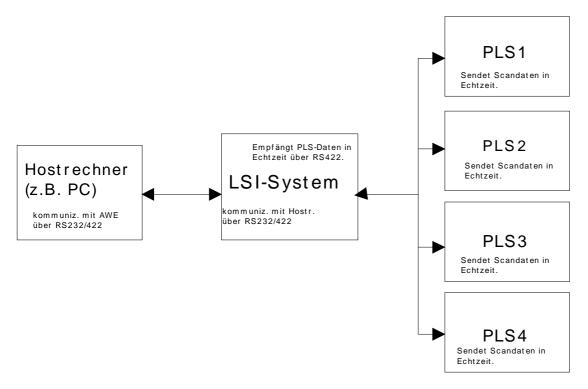
A maximum of 4 PLS can be connected to one LSI.

Up to 8 protective fields and 8 warning fields are managed in the LSI; these can be allocated to any PLS.

For diagnosis, parametering and configuration, the LSI has a second asynchronous serial interface, via which data can be transmitted to a superior host computer.

The following telegram descriptions relate to this LSI / host interface.

The maximum configuration of an LSI system is shown in the following diagram:



Information regarding the connected PLS can be received by targeted addressing via the LSI. The most important telegrams which can be transferred to the PLS via LSI are:

- STATUS REQUEST
- READ OUT ERROR MEMORY
- INITIALIZATION (SW RESET)
- REQUEST MEASUREMENTS
- TEST REQUEST
- READ OUT MEMORY

A significant difference to operation with the PLS as a stand-alone unit is that the outputs of the entire system switch to red with every communication with the PLS.

The LSI must therefore first be switched to the setup or diagnosis mode before data can be requested and received from the PLS.

This is because the LSI processes the measured values in real-time. If the host requests communication the LSI can no longer process in real-time.



The PLS-specific telegrams are referred to in the detailed telegram description.

Protective and warning fields are labeled in an index and can therefore be received / transmitted clearly from / to the LSI.

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2 Definition of the LSI interface to the host

2.1 Electrical interface:

The electrical interface can be implemented either in accordance with EIA RS-422-A or EIA RS-232-C.

2.2 Transfer and data format:

The baud rate of the LSI is variable and can be set to the following:

- 38400 baud
- 19200 baud
- 9600 baud

In the delivery state the LSI is configured with a baud rate of 9600 baud.

The baud rate can be reconfigured via the interface. The corresponding telegram is described in more detail in the telegram description chapter entitled "Changing the operating mode".

The baud rate after PowerON is 9600 baud as standard.

However, the LSI can be configured in such a way that the baud rate defined by the user remains set after PowerON. For further information, please refer to the telegram description "Defining a permanent baud rate".

A data byte comprises 1 start bit, 8 data bits, 1 parity bit with even parity or without parity bit (depending on variant) and 1 stop bit.

Table: LSI variants and parity used:

	No parity	Even parity
Variant LSI safe		Χ

Predefined telegrams are available for communication via the serial interface of the LSI to the host.

The data is transferred in binary format.

The transfer procedure is initiated by STX (02h).

The data is transferred in INTEL data format, i.e. the word transfer takes place with the lower address and the least significant byte first followed by the high byte on the high address.

The evaluation unit of the LSI data is referred to below as HOST.



2.3 Telegram structure:

STX ADR Len CMD Data Status CRC

Designation	Data width [bits]	
STX	8	Start byte (02h)
ADR	8	Address of subscriber The exact address division can be found in the table below.
		The LSI adds the value 80h to the address when it responds to the HOST.
		With the PLS connected, the address used by the host is encoded with 0x80. The behavior with the channel addresses 0x7e and 0x7f is the same.
Len	16	Number of following bytes excluding CRC.
CMD	8	Command byte from the HOST to LSI. When the LSI responds to the HOST, it adds the value 80h to the original command.
Data	n x 8	Optional, depends on previous command.
Status	8	Optional, the LSI transmits its status message only when it transfers the data to the HOST.
		The HOST does not transmit a status message to the LSI.
CRC	16	CRC checksum for the entire data package.
		Algorithm is described below.

Table for address administration of LSI and connected PLS

Unit addressed	ADDRESS
Broadcast LSI, always values from	0
channel 1	
PLS 1	1
PLS 2	2
PLS 3	3
PLS 4	4
Individual addresses of LSI	5
Individual addresses of LSI	0x7E
Broadcast LSI channel 2	0x7F



Transfer reliability:

- Byte reliability via parity bit, even parity (depends on variant).
- Block reliability via block check at the end of the telegram with a CRC checksum over the entire data package with CRC 16 generator polynomial.

Time conditions:

- A time interval of max. 6 msec. must not be exceeded between 2 bytes within a telegram, otherwise a time-out is detected. The telegram which has started is then ignored.
- The response to a command sent from the HOST must take place within a certain reply time which depends on the requested telegram.
- The maximum response time for a request for the current measured values of a scan is 60 ms. The response to an operating mode change can take up to 3 seconds.
- The host is the communication master.
- A request from the host always interrupts data transfer from the sensor.
- A software handshake is initiated by the sensor when a correct request is received with ACK(06H). The sensor responds with NAK(15H) if an error is detected.
- The PLS sensor remains silent if the address is incorrect.
 The sensor responds with NACK if the address is correct but the checksum incorrect.
 The sensor responds with ACK if both the address and checksum are correct.
- The LSI system always responds with NACK if the checksum is incorrect.
 The LSI responds with ACK if the checksum is correct.
 The LSI responds with NACK if the address is incorrect.
- The maximum response time of the sensor for NACK or ACK is 60 msec.

Example:

For the sake of simplicity, only a concrete request from the HOST and the response from the **LSI** are described here:

Request from HOST to LSI:

Transfer the current measured values of the active PLS

							_
	STX	0x00	0x002	0x30	0x01	CRC	
STX	Start ch	aracter	for start of	transm	ission		I
0x00	LSI add	lress, he	re BROAD	CAST :	address		
0x02	Two da	ta bytes	follow				
0x30	Comma	and for n	neasured v	alue red	quest		
0x01	Mode for	or all 36	l measure	d values	from th	e currei	nt scan
CRC	CRC 16	checks	um				

LSI response: if received correctly within 60 msec.



LSI response: if not received correctly within 60 msec.



LSI response: All measured values from a scan within 60 msec.



STX	0x85	0x2d6	0xb0	0x0169	0x01		0x169	0x00	CRC
-----	------	-------	------	--------	------	--	-------	------	-----

- STX Start character for start of transmission
- 0x85 Host address; comprises the **LSI** address + 0x80.

In this case the individual address of the **LSI** is 0x05.

- 0x2d6 Telegram length: 726 bytes follow
- 0xb0 Command for transferring the measured values
- 0x169 Number of measured values transferred: 361 measured values from the current scan
- 0x01 1st measured value as unsigned integer.
- 0x169 361st measured value as unsigned integer.
- 0x00 LSI status, information on various internal system states
- CRC CRC 16 checksum

2.3.1 Structure of LSI status byte

The status byte comprises 8 bits.

Bit 0	A combination of bits 0, 1 and 2 produces the values 0 o 4 and must
Bit 1	be evaluated as follows:
Bit 2	value Meaning
	0 No error
	1 Information
	2 Warning
	3 Error
	4 Fatal Error
Bit 3	The LSI always transfers 1 as the data source. 0 is the data source for the PLS
	. The host therefore has feedback on the origin of the
	Data.
Bit 4	TBD
Bit 5	TBD

- Bit 6 Measured values not plausible
- Bit 7 Contamination

2.3.2 Structure of PLS status byte

The status byte comprises 8 bits.

Bit 0	A combination of bits 0, 1 and 2 produces the values 0 o 4 and must
Bit 1	be evaluated as follows:
Bit 2	value Meaning
	0 No error
	1 Information
	2 Warning
	3 Error
	4 Fatal Error
Bit 3	The LSI always transfers 1 as the data source. 0 is the data source for the PLS
	. The host therefore has feedback on the origin of the
	data.
Bit 4	TBD
Bit 5	TBD
Bit 6	Measured values not plausible
Bit 7	Contamination

2.4 Formation of the CRC16 checksum



```
FUNCTION
Signature formation via CRC16 generator polynomial
unsigned int build_crc16 (unsigned char *data_ptr, unsigned int len)
DESCRIPTION
  Forms the checksum with CRC16 GEN POL
  The following algorithm is used for a 16 bit checksum via the byte-oriented
  buffer:
  CRC_sum[High-BYTE] = CRC_sum[Low-BYTE]
  CRC_sum[Low-BYTE] = new data-BYTE
  Formation of 16 bit CRC via CRC_sum
The following generator polynomial is used: x^{16} + x^{15} + x^2 + 1
CRC16 GEN POL
                        EQU 8005H
This constant corresponds to x^{15} + x^2 + 1, x^{16} is in the CARRY flag
unsigned int build_crc16 (unsigned char *CommData, unsigned int uLen)
unsigned int uCrc16 = 0; /* Signature register */
unsigned int crc data = 0; /* Current date */
static register unsigned int reg len = uLen;
unsigned char *reg data ptr; /* Pointer to transferred data */
 reg data ptr = CommData; /* Load transfer values from stack to register RAM */
/* CRC16 Calculate checksum */
CONT CRC16:
   asm SHL crc data, #8; /* Shift low byte to high byte */
   asm LDB crc_data, [reg_data_ptr]+; /* Load next byte and auto-increment */
   asm SHL uCrc16, #1; /* Shift signature register one place to the left */
   asm BNC NO CARRY SET; /* Request for set CARRY flag */
   asm XOR uCrc16, #CRC16_GEN_POL; /* If CARRY set, XOR with gen. polynomial*/
NO_CARRY_SET:
   asm XOR uCrc16, crc_data; /* XOR of current item of data with signature reg. */
   asm DEC reg_len; /* Continue loop until all data processed */
   asm BNE CONT_CRC16;
END CRC16:
   return (uCrc16); /* Return value is CRC16 checksum of data flow */
}
```



Depending on the implementation, in ANSI C this function is as follows:

```
#define CRC16_GEN_POL 0x8005
#define MKSHORT(a,b) ((unsigned short) (a) | ((unsigned short)(b) << 8))
/* ::-----
:: FN: CreateCRC; CRC in ANSI - C
:: Synopsis: static void CreateCRC(BYTE *CommData,UINT uLen)
:: Function: Formation of CRC16 checksum.
static UINT CreateCRC(unsigned char *CommData, unsigned int uLen )
unsigned short uCrc16:
unsigned char abData[2];
 uCrc16 = 0;
 abData[0] = 0;
 while (uLen--)
   abData[1] = abData[0];
   abData[0] = *CommData++;
   if(uCrc16 & 0x8000)
     uCrc16 = (uCrc16 & 0x7fff) << 1;
     uCrc16 ^= CRC16_GEN_POL;
   }
   else
     uCrc16 <<= 1;
   uCrc16 ^= MKSHORT (abData[0], abData[1]);
 return(uCrc16);
```



3 Description of the telegrams implemented

3.1 Data direction host -> sensor

The telegram numbers 0x00 to 0x0F are reserved for internal LSI telegrams.

3.1.1 Start sequence for download in the flasheprom (LSI only) (0BH)

Telegram numb	Telegram number: 0BH (STARTDOWNL_TGM)			
Transfer parame	eters:			
Start sequence	33H, 44H, 55H, 66H			
Data type:	Data type:			
BYTE[4]				
Description: Signals to the LSI that the flasheprom data is loading				
The LSI response is only ACK.				
ONLY POSSIBLE AFTER RESET TELEGRAM OR LSI BOOTING				

3.1.2 Download data for the flasheprom (LSI only) (0CH)

Telegram number: 0CH (DOWNL_TGM)	
Transfer parameters:	
CMD	00: Sequence block
Data type:	01: End block
BYTE	
ADR	32 bit address:
Data type:	1. ADR LOW WORD LOW BYTE
LONG	2. ADR LOW WORD HIGH BYTE
	3. ADR HIGH WORD LOW BYTE
	4. ADR HIGH WORD HIGH BYTE
DATA	Maximum 80H data bytes
Data type:	
Byte	
Description: Data for the LSI to load the flasheprom.	
The LSI response is only ACK.	
ONLY POSSIBLE AFTER RESET TELEGRAM OR LSI BOOTING	



3.1.3 Initiating and reset (PERMITTED for PLS and LSI)

Telegram number: 10H (INIT_TGM)

Transfer parameters: None

Description: Initialization of sensor has same effect as a hardware reset.

The configured warning and protective fields still remain active.

The error memory is cleared. There is no history memory for the errors

which have occurred.

The direct LSI response to this telegram is 091H (INIT_ACK_TGM). After 2 - 3 seconds the response 090H (PWON_TGM) is transmitted

with the PowerOn string if the LSI has been booted.

3.1.4 Selecting and changing the operating mode

Telegram number: 20H (BM_TGM)

Transfer parameters: Mode; Password string

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Mode	Mode:
DATA TYPE:	00H > Setup mode for configuring the protective field
BYTE	and sensor parameters.
	01H > Balancing mode of LSI. It is only necessary to
	select this mode for the three balancing routines.
	02H > Reset to default password in order to set up
	and maintain the PF. The default password is
	"SICK_LSI". NOT POSSIBLE IN MONITORING
	MODE. The diagnosis mode should be selected first.
	10H > Diagnosis mode: Mode for executing individual tests.
	20H >Monitoring mode: min. measured values per segment
	are output continuously.
	21H > Monitoring mode: min. measured values per
	segment are only output on request. If an object is
	detected in the WF or PF the measured values are
	output for each scan.
	22H >Monitoring mode: minimum vertical distance from
	sensor is output continuously. Only possible with
	rectangular PF.
	23H > Monitoring mode: minimum vertical distance
	from sensor is only output on request. With
	INTERVENTION the minimum distance is output for
	every scan. Only possible with rectangular PF.
	24H > Monitoring mode: all of the measured values of
	a scan are output continuously.
	25H > Monitoring mode: measured values are only
	output on request, no data with protective field
	violation.
	30H > Setup password test. The protective field
	monitoring function remains active.
	31H > Superuser password test. The protective field
	monitoring function remains active.
	32H > Maintenance password test. The protective
	field monitoring function remains active.
	40H > Configuration for 38400 baud.
	41H > Configuration for 19200 baud.
	42H > Configuration for 9600 baud.
	43H > Configuration for 58000 baud.
	44H > Configuration for 111111 baud.
	45H > Configuration for 200000 baud.
	46H > Configuration for 250000 baud.
	47H > Configuration for 333333 baud.
	48H > Configuration for 500000 baud.



t:	LSI Definition of Interf	faces and Telegram Transmission
	Password	Mode 00H: Password string 1 (setup password): String with length
	string	8 comprising '0'-'9', 'a'-'z', 'A'-'Z' and '_'. This password
		must be defined by the user and can be changed as
		often as required.
		Mode 01H: Password string 3 (Superuser password): String with
		length 8 comprising '0'-'9', 'a'-'z', 'A'-'Z' and '_'. This
		password is only known by Sick, the system may only
		be balanced by Sick.
		Mode 02H: Password string 2 (Init-Password): String with length 8.
		This password is derived from the serial number and is
		stored in the EEPROM. The serial number is an 8-digit
		number. The algorithm for converting the code is only
		known by SICK.
		Mode 10H: PW string not required
		Mode 20H: PW string not required
		Mode 21H: PW string not required
		Mode 22H: PW string not required
		Mode 23H: PW string not required
		Mode 24H: PW string not required
		Mode 25H: PW string not required
		Mode 30H: Password string 1 (setup password): String with length
		8 comprising '0'-'9', 'a'-'z', 'A'-'Z' and '_'. This password
		must be defined by the user and can be changed as
		often as required.
		Mode 31H: Password string 3 (Superuser password): String with
		length 8 comprising '0'-'9', 'a'-'z', 'A'-'Z' and '_'. This
		password is only known by SICK, the system can only
		be balanced by SICK under defined conditions. Mode 33H: Password string 4 (maintanance password): String with
		Mode 32H: Password string 4 (maintenance password): String with length 8 comprising '0'-'9', 'a'-'z', 'A'-'Z' and '_'. This
		password must be defined by the user and can be
		changed as often as required.
		Mode 40H, 41H, 42H, 43H, 44H, 45H, 46H, 47H and 48H PW string
		not required.
	Description: Aft	er a reset, monitoring mode 21H is active as standard.
		e LSI only enables its outputs in modes 20H, 21H, 22H, 23H, 24H and
	25H	·
		e diagnosis mode should be selected before the password is reset.
	1110	s alagnosis mode chodia so colocida sololo the pacemera is recot.

The baud rate can only be changed in mode 00H or 01H, i.e. first transmit BM_TGM with mode 00H or 01H and then BM_TGM with

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parameters 40H to 48H.



3.1.5 Measured value request

Telegram numb	er: 30H (MWANF_TGM) (PERMITTED FOR PLS AND LSI)
	eters: PLS No., Mode, (Modes 00, 02 and 05H only) SegmNo.
·	or field number
PLS No.	00H > Measured values of PLS currently active
DATA TYPE:	01H > Measured values of PLS1
BYTE	02H > Measured values of PLS2
LSI ONLY	03H > Measured values of PLS3
	04H > Measured values of PLS4
	11H > Measured values of PLS1 raw value
	12H > Measured values of PLS2 raw value
	13H > Measured values of PLS3 raw value
	14H > Measured values of PLS4 raw value
Mode	00H > Only send minimum measured value per segment.
DATA TYPE:	Possible number of measured values: 9, 10, 15, 18, 30, 45, 90 and
BYTE	180.
	01H > Send all 361 measured values of a scan.
	02H > Send minimum vertical distance from sensor. 1 measured
	value is sent. Only possible with rectangular PF.
	03H > Send taught-in data, 361 measured values
	04H > Send verification data, 361 measured values
	05H > Send minimum measured value for defined number of
	segments.
No. of	Mode 5: Possible number of measured values: 9, 10, 15, 18, 30, 45,
segments with	90 and 180.
mode 5	MODE 0, 2, 3 and 4: Field number LSI ONLY
Field No. with	
mode 0, 2,	
3 and 4	
LSI ONLY	
Field number DATA TYPE:	
BYTE	
	intian. The forms in which the LOI supplies the process and values to the

Description: The form in which the LSI supplies the measured values to the user is defined here.

If the minimum measured value per segment is requested from the sensor, the number of measured values which are to be transferred are specified by the following algorithm:

- If both protective fields are stored in segmented form, number of measured values corresponds to the highest number of segments in the protective or warning field.
- If the protective field is radial or rectangular, the number of measured values corresponds to the number of segments in the warning field.

PLS and LSI are differentiated by means of addressing.

I.e. If the **LSI** is addressed, the measured values of the PLS which is currently

are transferred or the values of the PLS which is identified by the PLS No.. If the measured values are requested from one of the connected PLS, they are obtained via the specific PLS address 1 - 4 (only possible in setup or diagnosis mode).

3.1.6 Sensor status request (PERMITTED for PLS and LSI)



Telegram number: 31H (SSANF_TGM)

Transfer parameters: None

Description: See sensor status.

PLS and LSI are differentiated by means of addressing.

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3.1.7 Error telegram request (PERMITTED for PLS and LSI)

Telegram number: 32H (ERRANF_TGM)

Transfer parameters: None

Description: See Error / test telegram.

PLS and LSI are differentiated by means of addressing.

3.1.8 Test in diagnosis mode request (PERMITTED for PLS and LSI)

Telegram number: 33H (TSTANF_TGM)

Transfer parameters: Test number DATA TYPE: BYTE

Description: See Error / test telegram.

PLS and LSI are differentiated by means of addressing.

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3.1.9 Memory dump request (PERMITTED for PLS and LSI)

Telegram number: 34H (MEMANF_TGM)	
Transfer parameters:	
	Start address DATA TYPE: LONG with LSI, UNIT with PLS Length of data byte to be read DATA TYPE: BYTE
Start	Start address of memory dump
address	
DATA TYPE:	
LONG with LSI	
UNIT with PLS	
Number n of	Number n of transferred data bytes;
data bytes 1	n is limited to 0xFF bytes.
DATA TYPE:	
BYTE	
Description: See memory dump telegram.	
PLS and LSI are differentiated by means of addressing.	



3.1.10 LSI configuration request

Telegram number: 38H (LSIKFGANF_TGM)

Transfer parameters: None

Description: The saved LSI hardware configuration is requested.

3.1.11 MF definitions request

Telegram number: 39H (UWFANF_TGM)

Transfer parameters: MF number

Description: An MF definition is requested for a specific MF number.

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3.1.12 Configure the safe protective field (permitted only in setup or balancing mode)

•		
Telegram number: 40H (BSFKFG_TGM) Transfer parameters: Mode;		
•	PF No., PF name, LSI ONLY	
	Minute, Hour,	
	Day, Month, Year	
	RADIUS; EXP or	
	LI, RE, HO, EXP or	
	segment data, EXP.	
	Number of protective field varies between 1 and 8.	
DATA TYPE:		
BYTE		
LSI ONLY		
	Name for the protective field consists of 8 ASCIII characters.	
DATA TYPE:		
CHAR[8]		
LSI ONLY	OOL Destangular DE	
	00H Rectangular PF	
	01H Radial PF (semicircle with radius R) 02H Segmented PF (as configuration WF)	
	02H Segmented PF (as configuration WF) Range from 0 to 59	
DATA TYPE:	Range nom 0 to 59	
BYTE		
	Range from 0 to 23	
DATA TYPE:	range nom o to 20	
BYTE		
	Range from 1 to 31	
DATA TYPE:	ŭ	
BYTE		
Month I	Range from 0 to 11, January is 0.	
DATA TYPE:		
BYTE		
	Range from 95 to max. of UNIT	
	Corresponds to current year minus 1900.	
UNIT		
	Radius of PF semicircle	
DATA TYPE:		
UNIT		
	Distance (left) from sensor in cm.	
DATA TYPE:		
UNIT	Distance (sinh) from some in an	
	Distance (right) from sensor in cm.	
DATA TYPE:		
UNIT		



HO DATA TYPE: UNIT	Height of rectangle, viewed from sensor, in cm.
or segment data	AS, EP[1] to EP[AS+1]
AS DATA TYPE: BYTE	Number of segments - variable between 9 and max. 360. The number must be an integral divisor of 180 and for a sensor aperture angle of 180 °. Oxfe is transferred with 360 segments.
EP[1] DATA TYPE: UNIT	Radius for the corner point [1] in units of 1 cm.
:	;
EP[AS+1] DATA TYPE: UNIT	Radius for the corner point [AS+1] in units of 1 cm.
EXP DATA TYPE: UNIT	XOR checksum of the expanded values for the 361 measuring points.
Description: Configuration of the safe protective field via three corner points of a rectangle with distance left and right and height viewed from the sensor. The expanded checksum ensures reliable transfer as the LSI calculates and returns the checksum in accordance with the same algorithm. The second configuration option is the radius specification for a semicircle as PF. The third option is similar to the configuration of a warning protective field. Between 9 and max. 180 segments or 10 to max. 181 segment points can be specified. These are connected by means of approximated straight lines. The default PF is a semicircle with a radius of 4 meters (in versions 04.xx of 50 meters.)	

The following table and calculations must be used for the expansion algorithm:

```
#define TAN OF
                        0xFFFF
                                 /* Overflow value for the tangent; unsigned int */
                                  /* Scaling factor for the tangent table */
#define TAN NORM
                          512
#define COS NORM
                          4096
                                   /* Scaling factor for the cosine table */
#define MESS_PRO_SCAN 361
                                    /* 361 measurements per scan */
/* Table for COSINE (Alpha)*COS NORM from 0° to 90°, with 0.5° Delta */
static const unsigned int cos tab[181] =
                        {4096, 4096, 4095, 4095, 4094, 4092, 4090, 4088, 4086, 4083,
                         4080, 4077, 4074, 4070, 4065, 4061, 4056, 4051, 4046, 4040,
                         4034, 4027, 4021, 4014, 4006, 3999, 3991, 3983, 3974, 3966,
                         3956, 3947, 3937, 3927, 3917, 3906, 3896, 3884, 3873, 3861,
                         3849, 3837, 3824, 3811, 3798, 3784, 3770, 3756, 3742, 3727,
                         3712, 3697, 3681, 3666, 3650, 3633, 3617, 3600, 3582, 3565,
                         3547, 3529, 3511, 3492, 3474, 3455, 3435, 3416, 3396, 3376,
                         3355, 3335, 3314, 3293, 3271, 3250, 3228, 3206, 3183, 3161,
                         3138, 3115, 3091, 3068, 3044, 3020, 2996, 2971, 2946, 2921,
                         2896, 2871, 2845, 2820, 2793, 2767, 2741, 2714, 2687, 2660,
                         2633, 2605, 2578, 2550, 2522, 2493, 2465, 2436, 2408, 2379,
                         2349, 2320, 2290, 2261, 2231, 2201, 2171, 2140, 2110, 2079,
```



```
2048, 2017, 1986, 1954, 1923, 1891, 1860, 1828, 1796, 1763,
                        1731, 1699, 1666, 1633, 1600, 1567, 1534, 1501, 1468, 1434,
                        1401, 1367, 1334, 1300, 1266, 1232, 1198, 1163, 1129, 1095,
                        1060, 1026, 991, 956, 921, 887, 852, 817, 782, 746,
                         711, 676, 641, 605, 570, 535, 499, 464, 428, 393,
                         357, 321, 286, 250, 214, 179, 143, 107, 71, 36,
                         1 };
                             *************
/* Table for TANGENT (Alpha)*TAN_NORM from 0° to 89.5° with 0.5° Delta;
 The scaled values for the tangent are too large from 89.5° onwards.
 The values are therefore rounded off with 0xFFFF = 65535 */
static const unsigned int tan_tab[181] =
                      { 0,
                            4.
                                 9, 13, 18, 22, 27, 31, 36, 40,
                        45, 49, 54, 58, 63, 67, 72, 77, 81, 86,
                        90, 95, 100, 104, 109, 114, 118, 123, 128, 132,
                        137, 142, 147, 152, 157, 161, 166, 171, 176, 181,
                       186, 191, 197, 202, 207, 212, 217, 223, 228, 233,
                       239, 244, 250, 255, 261, 267, 272, 278, 284, 290,
                       296, 302, 308, 314, 320, 326, 332, 339, 345, 352,
                       359, 365, 372, 379, 386, 393, 400, 407, 415, 422,
                       430, 437, 445, 453, 461, 469, 477, 486, 494, 503,
                       512, 521, 530, 540, 549, 559, 569, 579, 589, 599,
                       610, 621, 632, 644, 655, 667, 679, 692, 705, 718,
                       731, 745, 759, 774, 788, 804, 819, 836, 852, 869,
                       887, 905, 924, 943, 963, 984, 1005, 1027, 1050, 1073,
                      1098, 1123, 1150, 1178, 1206, 1236, 1267, 1300, 1334, 1369,
                      1407, 1446, 1487, 1530, 1576, 1624, 1675, 1728, 1786, 1846,
                      1911, 1980, 2054, 2133, 2218, 2309, 2409, 2517, 2634, 2763,
                      2904, 3060, 3233, 3426, 3643, 3889, 4170, 4494, 4871, 5317,
                      5852, 6506, 7322, 8371, 9770,11727,14662,19552,29332,58669,
                      TAN_OF \;
:: Function: Formation of the expanded checksum for the protective field.
static void CreateExpandChecksum(UINT uSchutzfeldTyp)
  UINT uRadius /* Radius supplied by the user */
  UINT uHoehe /* Rectangle height supplied by the user */
  UINT uRechtsabstand /* Right-hand distance of rectangle from sensor supplied by the user */
  UINT uLinksabstand /* Left-hand distance of rectangle from sensor supplied by the user */
  UINT cbAnzahlSegmente /* Number of segments supplied by the user */
  UINT auEckpunkt[cbAnzahlSegmente+1] /* Array of configured corner points
                                   supplied by the user */
       DWORD tan_alpha = 0; tan_beta = 0;
       UINT alpha = 0; beta = 0;
       UINT Messwertzaehler = 0; Messungen pro Segment = 0;
       UINT seg point 1 = 0; seg point 2 = 0;
       UINT segment cnt = 0;
       UINT index = 0; delta = 0;
       UINT SF_distanz = 0; SF_distanz2 = 0;
 switch(uSchutzfeldTyp)
   /* In the case of a semicircle, the expanded checksum is equal to the supplied radius */
   case SCHUTZFELD_HALBKREIS:
```



```
uExpandChecksum = uRadius;
 break;
case SCHUTZFELD_RECHTECK:
    /* !!! Important !!!; Sensor turning anti-clockwise => scan begin right */
    /* Determine the two limit angles alpha and beta; As in table, TAN_NORM is also */
    /* used here for scaling. Intercept tangent overflow */
 tan_alpha =((unsigned long)( uHoehe) * TAN_NORM) / (unsigned long) uRechtsabstand;
 if (tan_alpha >= TAN_OF)
                                  tan_alpha = TAN_OF;
 alpha = 0:
 while ( (tan_alpha > tan_tab[alpha]))
                                           alpha ++;
 tan_beta = ((unsigned long) uHoehe * TAN_NORM) / ((unsigned long) uLinksabstand);
                                 tan beta = TAN OF;
 if (tan beta >= TAN OF)
 beta = 0:
 while ( (tan beta > tan tab[beta]))
                                         beta ++;
 /* Expansion algorithm for rectangle */
 uExpandChecksum = 0;
 for (Messwertzaehler = 0; Messwertzaehler < MESS PRO SCAN; Messwertzaehler++)
 {
   if (Messwertzaehler < alpha)
     SF distanz = (unsigned int) (((unsigned long) uRechtsabstand * COS NORM) /
               (unsigned long)(cos_tab[Messwertzaehler]) );
   else if ((Messwertzaehler == alpha))
     SF_distanz = (unsigned int) ( ((unsigned long) uRechtsabstand * COS_NORM) /
               (unsigned long)(cos_tab[Messwertzaehler]) );
     SF_distanz2 = (unsigned int)( ((unsigned long) uHoehe * COS_NORM) /
               (unsigned long)(cos_tab[180 - Messwertzaehler]));
     if(SF_distanz > SF_distanz2) SF_distanz = SF_distanz2;
   else if ((Messwertzaehler > alpha) && (Messwertzaehler <= 180))
     SF_distanz = (unsigned int)( ((unsigned long) uHoehe * COS_NORM) /
               (unsigned long)(cos_tab[180 - Messwertzaehler]));
   else if ((Messwertzaehler > 180) && (Messwertzaehler < (360 - beta)))
     SF distanz = (unsigned int)( ((unsigned long) uHoehe * COS NORM) /
               (unsigned long)(cos tab[Messwertzaehler - 180]));
   else if ( (Messwertzaehler == (360 - beta)) )
     SF_distanz = (unsigned int)( ((unsigned long) uHoehe * COS_NORM) /
               (unsigned long)(cos tab[Messwertzaehler - 180]));
     SF_distanz2 = (unsigned int)( ((unsigned long) uLinksabstand * COS_NORM) /
               (unsigned long)(cos tab[360 - Messwertzaehler]));
     if(SF_distanz > SF_distanz2) SF_distanz = SF_distanz2;
   else if ((Messwertzaehler > (360 - beta)) && (Messwertzaehler <= 360))
     SF_distanz = (unsigned int)( ((unsigned long) uLinksabstand * COS_NORM) /
               (unsigned long)(cos_tab[360 - Messwertzaehler]));
```

}



```
uExpandChecksum ^= SF_distanz;
 break;
case SCHUTZFELD_SEGMENTE:
 Messungen_pro_Segment = (MESS_PRO_SCAN - 1) / cbAnzahlSegmente;
 /* Initialization of the expansion algorithm for the segmented bumper protective field */
 Messwertzaehler = 0:
 /* Determine first segment corner point */
 /* Mask 0x1fff corresponds to the internal counter mask */
 seg_point_2 = auEckpunkt[0] & 0x1fff;
 /* Expansion algorithm */
 uExpandChecksum = 0;
 for (segment cnt = 0; segment cnt < cbAnzahlSegmente; segment cnt++)
   seg point 1 = \text{seg point } 2;
   seg_point_2 = auEckpunkt[segment_cnt+1]& 0x1fff;
   uExpandChecksum ^= auEckpunkt[segment_cnt];
   Messwertzaehler++;
   /* Distinction between positive and negative delta since unsigned int */
   if (seg point 2 \ge seg point 1)
     delta = ((seg_point_2 - seg_point_1) << 5) / Messungen_pro_Segment;</pre>
     for (index = 1; index < Messungen_pro_Segment; index++)
       uExpandChecksum ^= seg_point_1 + ((delta * index) >> 5);
       Messwertzaehler ++;
     }
   }
   else
     delta = ((seg_point_1 - seg_point_2) << 5) / Messungen_pro_segment;</pre>
     for (index = 1; index < Messungen_pro_segment; index++)
     {
       uExpandChecksum ^= seg_point_1 - ((delta * index) >> 5);
       Messwertzaehler ++;
     }
   }
 /* Last measured value */
 uExpandChecksum ^= auEckpunkt[segment cnt];
  break;
```



3.1.13 Confirmation of the configured safe protective field (permitted only in setup or balancing mode)

Telegram number: 41H (BSFCONF_TGM)		
Transfer parameters: Field number, status, PLS number		
Status	00H > NOT OK	
DATA TYPE:	01H > OK; Verification can begin	
BYTE	02H > End of verification	
Field number	Range 1 to 8	
DATA TYPE:		
BYTE		
LSI ONLY		
PLS number	Range from 1 to 4;	
DATA TYPE:	This parameter shows which PLS is used for verification.	
BYTE		
LSI ONLY		
Description: If confirmed with OK, the new PF is transferred after verification.		
Otherwise the current PF remains active.		

3.1.14 Change the password for setting up the protective field (permitted only in setup or balancing mode)

Telegram number: 42H (PWCHG_TGM)	
Transfer parameters: Status, PW type, password string 1	
Status	00H > New password
DATA TYPE:	01H > Confirmation of new password
BYTE	·
PW type	00H > Password for SICK service and authorized customers.
DATA TYPE:	01H > Password for maintenance.
BYTE	
Password	String with length 8 comprising '0'-'9', 'a'-'z', 'A'-'Z' and '_'.
string 1	
Description: When the password is changed, this telegram must be sent twice,	
whereby the status must change from 00H to 01H.	

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3.1.15 Configure the warning field

Telegram number: 43H (KSFKFG_TGM)	
	eters: WF No., AS, EP[1],, EP[AS+1]
WF number DATA TYPE: BYTE LSI ONLY	The number of warning fields varies between 1 and 8. The warning field name consists of 8 ASCII characters. This is identical to the associated PF name and is saved in the same place.
AS DATA TYPE: BYTE	Number of segments - variable between 9, 10, 15, 30, 45, 90 and max. 180. The number must be an integral divisor of 90 or the maximum
	number must be 180.
EP[1] DATA TYPE: UNIT	Radius for the corner point [1] in units of 1 cm.
÷	:
EP[AS+1]	Radius for the corner point [AS+1] in units of 1 cm.
DATA TYPE: UNIT	
The	infiguration of the warning field via the corner points of the segments. The corner points are connected via approximated straight lines and are connected for the individual measured values.
The warning field can be configured on-line as a function of the defined parameters (provided that it is stored in the volatile memory), i.e. the LSI remains in monitoring mode while the newly configured warning field is transferred and the outputs remain in the 'green state' if the protective field is free. However, it should be noted that the sensor system assigns highest priority to monitoring the protective fields and the cyclical self-	
tes	is. ARNING:
Attempts to reconfigure the warning field in the monitoring mode could cause data transfer errors as the interface interrupts must be disabled temporarily. This state can be bypassed easily by transferring the configuration data again. A repetition rate of 3 is recommended.	

3.1.16 Define the restart behavior (permitted only in setup or balancing mode, PLS only)

Telegram number: 44H (WANL_TGM)	
Transfer parameters: Mode, Time in seconds	
Mode	00H > Restart after actuation of restart button (default
DATA TYPE:	setting)
BYTE	01H > Restart after n seconds
	02H > Without restart inhibit
Time DATA TYPE: BYTE	In the case of mode 01H, the time in seconds, after which the sensor enables the outputs when the protective field is free, is transferred here.
	This parameter is not used for the other two modes.
Description: This parameter determines the sensor behavior when the protective field	
is free after it has signaled INTERVENTION.	
The selected setting must be confirmed again with WANLCFRM_TGM.	



3.1.17 Configured protective fields request

Telegram number: 45H (SFANF_TGM)	
Transfer parameters: Field number, field type	
Field number DATA TYPE: BYTE	Range 1 to 8
Protective field type DATA TYPE: BYTE	00H > Safe protective field (PF) 01H > Warning field (WF)
Description: The configuration of the protective fields programmed in the sensor is requested.	

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3.1.18 Teach-in mode for PF configuration (permitted only in setup or balancing mode)

Telegram number: 46H (LMOD_TGM)		
Transfer parameters: Field number, action, etc		
Field number DATA TYPE: BYTE LSI ONLY	Range 1 to 8	
PF Name DATA TYPE: CHAR[8] LSI ONLY	The name for the protective field consists of 8 ASCIII characters.	
PLS number DATA TYPE: BYTE LSI ONLY	Range from 1 to 4; This parameter shows which PLS is used for teaching-in.	
Action: DATA TYPE: BYTE	00H Start teach-in mode 01H Regular end of teach-in mode 02H Abort teach-in mode	
Minute DATA TYPE: BYTE	Range from 0 to 59	
Hour DATA TYPE: BYTE	Range from 0 to 23	
Day DATA TYPE: BYTE	Range from 1 to 31	
Month DATA TYPE: BYTE	Range from 0 to 11, January is 0.	
Year DATA TYPE: UNIT	Range from 95 to max. of UNIT Corresponds to current year minus 1900.	
Description: The sensor receives a signal at the start and end of the teach-in mode. If the teach-in mode is aborted, the LSI does not expect verification. The taught-in data can be used by the host as the editing basis for a manually processed PF. The date and time are also transferred when the teach-in mode is started. (not possible with PLS316)		

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3.1.19 Confirm restart definition (permitted only in startup or balancing mode, PLS only)

Telegram number: 47H (WANLCFRM_TGM)		
Transfer parameters: Mode, Time in seconds		
Mode	00H > Restart after actuation of restart button (default	
DATA TYPE:	setting)	
BYTE	01H > Restart after n seconds	
	02H > Without restart inhibit	
Time	In the case of mode 01H, the time in seconds, after which the	
DATA TYPE:	sensor enables the outputs when the protective field is free, is	
BYTE	transferred here.	
	This parameter is not used for the other two modes.	
Description: This parameter confirms the sensor behavior after it has signaled		
INTERVENTION when the protective field is free.		
The restart definition is activated in the sensor if it has been defined		
correctly.		

3.1.20 Perform balancing (permitted only in balancing mode) (PERMITTED for PLS and LSI)

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Telegram number: 50H (AGL_TGM)		
Transfer parameters: Mode; Serial number;		
Mode	00H Reference measurement balancing	
DATA TYPE:		
BYTE	02H Enter serial number PLS	
	03H Enter serial number LSI	
	04H	
	reserved for LSI final test.	
	OAH	
Serial number		
•	Description: The system is notified of which type of balancing is to be performed.	
Mode 0 : The amplitude of the test target is taught-in.		
Mode 1: The amplitudes of the light grid for the contamination		
monitoring function are taught-in.		
Mode 2 : The standard settings for the sensor are activated. The		
EEPROM is initialized. For this reason, the two other balancing modes		
must also be performed.		
The baud rate is set to 9600 baud.		
Mode 3 : The standard settings for the LSI are activated. The EEPROM		
is initialized.		
	Mode 4 to 0AH reserved for final check.	
The baud rate is set to 9600 baud.		
PLS and LSI are selected by means of addressing.		

3.1.21 Define startup test (permitted in only startup or balancing mode, PLS only)

Telegram number: 60H (ANLDEF_TGM)	
Transfer parameters: Mode;	
Mode	00H Without startup testing
DATA TYPE:	01H With startup testing
BYTE	
Description: The sensor is notified of whether the system should function with or	
without startup testing.	
The selected setting must be confirmed again with ANLCFRM.	

3.1.22 Confirm startup test (permitted only in startup or balancing mode, PLS only)

Telegram number: 61H (ANLCFRM_TGM)	
Transfer parameters: Mode;	
Mode	00H Without startup testing
DATA TYPE:	01H With startup testing
BYTE	
Description: The startup test definition is confirmed to the sensor. This telegram	
ensures that the most recent definition is valid.	

3.1.23 Define switching output WF or contamination (permitted only in startup or balancing mode, PLS only)



Telegram number: 62H (OUTPUTDEF_TGM)	
Transfer parameters: Mode;	
Mode	00H Output switches both with WF violation and contamination
DATA TYPE:	warming or error (default setting).
BYTE	01H Output switches only with WF violation.
	02H Output switches only with contamination warning or error.
Description: The sensor is notified of how high the sensor system is to logically	
connect the switching output.	

3.1.24 Define scan rate (permitted only in setup or balancing mode, PLS only)

Telegram number: 63H (RSPTIMEDEF_TGM)	
Transfer parameters: Scan rate	
Scan rate DATA TYPE: BYTE	Minimum setting 2 (default for balancing) Maximum setting 16.
Description: This parameter defines the scan rate (between 2 and 16) for protective field violation.	

3.1.25 Confirm definition of scan rate (permitted only in setup or balancing mode, PLS only)

Telegram number: 64H (RSPTIMECFRM_TGM)	
Transfer parameters: Scan rate	
Scan rate DATA TYPE: BYTE	Minimum setting 2 (default for balancing) Maximum setting 16.
Description: This parameter confirms the scan rate (between 2 and 16) for protective	
field violation.	

3.1.26 Define WF type (permitted only in setup and balancing mode, only to PLS SW version 03.09)

Telegram number: 65H (WSFTYPDEF_TGM)	
Transfer parameters: WF type;	
Туре	00H WF is present in volatile memory range.
DATA TYPE:	01H WF is present in nonvolatile memory range.
BYTE	Default setting for balancing is nonvolatile
Description: Definition of WF type, volatile or nonvolatile.	

3.1.27 Define a permanent baud rate (permitted only in setup or balancing mode)

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Telegram numb	per: 66H (BRPERMDEF_TGM)
Transfer param	eters: Mode for PowerON;
Туре	00H The baud rate is set to 9600 baud with PowerON.
DATA TYPE:	01H The configured baud rate remains set even after PowerON.
BYTE	Default setting with balancing is baud rate 9600 baud with
	PowerON.
Description: Definition of the sensor behavior with PowerOn for the current baud rate.	

3.1.28 Define LSI address (permitted only in setup or balancing mode)

Telegram number: 67H (ADRDEF_TGM)	
Transfer parameters: Address;	
Address	Current LSI address to be set.
DATA TYPE:	
BYTE	
Description: Definition of current LSI address.	

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3.1.29 Switch laser on/off (PERMITTED for PLS only)

Telegram number: 68H (LASER_TGM)

Transfer parameters: Desired state of laser sender.

Status

Desired state of laser sender:

00H laser sender is deactivated, OSSDs are in red

state.

01H laser sender is activated, the LSI state is similar

to a change from red to green

state.

Description: The laser sender can be switched on and off in each operating mode.

The LSI behavior when the sender is switched off is similar to after a

protective field violation. If the sender is reactivated, the LSI first

changes to the green state after checking the valid restart parameters.

3.1.30 Define application variant (PERMITTED for PLS only)

DEFINE APPLICATION VARIANT		
(PERMITTED ONLY IN SETUP AND BALANCING MODE)		
Telegram numb	er: 69H (APPVARDEF_TGM)	
Transfer parame	eters: Desired application variant.	
State	Desired application variant:	
DATA TYPE:	00H Area protection variant.	
BYTE	01H AGV variant	
Description: In the AGV variant, a glare message is ignored if the protective fields		
have a radius of less than 110 cm. In addition, the anti-manipulation		
protection test only comes into effect for a period of two hours.		
In the variant for area protection, a glare is always regarded as a		
violation of the protective field. The test period of the anti-manipulation		
protection is 3 seconds.		

CONFIRMATION FOR DEFINITION OF APPLICATION VARIANTS	
(PERMITTED ONLY IN SETUP AND BALANCING MODE)	
Telegram number: 6AH (APPVARCFRM_TGM)	
Transfer parameters: Desired application variant.	
State	Desired application variant:
DATA TYPE:	00H Variant for area protection.
BYTE	01H AGV variant
Description: see above	



3.1.31 Define LSI configuration (permitted only in setup or balancing mode)

Telegram numbe	Telegram number: 70H (LSIKFGDEF_TGM)		
Transfer parameters: Various configuration parameters.			
PLS variant	04 4 Meters Vers.		
DATA TYPE:	07 7 Meters Vers.		
BYTE	50 50 Meters Vers.		
Number of	Number of PLS connected p (max. 4)		
sensors	γ ()		
DATA TYPE:			
BYTE			
Name of	Name of sensors 1 to 4.		
sensor 4 times	Name consists of fixed length CHAR[8].		
DATA TYPE:	Unused characters are filled with SPACE.		
Char[8] 4 times			
4 dummy bytes	Reserved		
DATA TYPE:			
BYTE			
Application	Bit 0 = desired application variant:		
variant	00H Variant for area protection		
DATA TYPE:	01H AGV variant.		
BYTE	Comment: In the AGV variant a glare message is ignored		
	if the protective fields have a radius of less than 110 cm . In		
	addition, the test of the anti-manipulation protection only		
	comes into effect for a period of 2 hours.		
	In the variant for area protection, a glare message is always		
	regarded as a protective field violation. The test period of the		
	anti-manipulation protection is 3 seconds.		
	Bit 2 = desired evaluation algorithm: 00H Standard evaluation		
	01H Pixel evaluation		
	Bit 3 = reserved		
	to		
	Bit 7 = reserved		
	Dit / = reserved		
Inputs	Bit 0: port A used if 1		
DATA TYPE:	Bit 1: port B used if 1		
BYTE	Bit 2: port C used if 1		
5112	Bit 3: port D used if 1		
	Bit 4: Restart A used if 1		
	Bit 5: Restart B used if 1		
	Bit 6: Incremental encoder used if 1		
	Bit 7: RESERVED		
Outputs	Bit 0: OSSD A available if 1		
DATA TYPE:	Bit 1: OSSD B available if 1		
BYTE	Bit 2: free		
	Bit 3: free		
	Bit 4: free		
	Bit 5: free		
	Bit 6: free		
1	Bit 7: free		



Protection check DATA TYPE: BYTE	Bit 0: Contactor monitoring OSSD A is carried out if 1 Bit 1: Contactor monitoring OSSD B is carried out if 1			
Dummy DATA TYPE: BYTE	Reserved			
Number of fields DATA TYPE: BYTE	Number of protective / warning pairs / triplets: s Valid between MIN 1 and MAX 8			
Field name 8 times DATA TYPE: Char[8] 8 times	Name of fields 1 to 8 with pairs. Name consists of fixed length CHAR[8]. Unused characters are filled with SPACE.			
Dummy DATA TYPE: BYTE	Reserved			
Number of monitoring cases DATA TYPE: BYTE	Possible definitions of monitoring cases Valid between MIN 1 and MAX 10 The names of the MF are determined with the MF definition.			
INC Count 1 DATA TYPE: UNIT	Number of pulses from the INC encoder 1 per cm			
INC Count 2 DATA TYPE: UNIT	Number of pulses from the INC encoder 2 per cm			
INC tolerance DATA TYPE: UNIT	Difference between the two INC encoders in %			
DUMMY DATA TYPE: UNIT	Dummy byte			
Address DATA TYPE: BYTE	Current LSI address to be set.			
Restart OSSD A DATA TYPE: BYTE OSH > Restart after actuation of restart button A O1H > Restart after n seconds O2H > Without restart inhibit (default setting) Comment: This parameter determines the LSI behavior a signaled INTERVENTION when the protectifiee.				
Restart time OSSD A DATA TYPE: BYTE	In the case of the 01H mode, the time in seconds, after which the LSI enables the output A when the protective field is free, is transferred here . This parameter is not relevant for the other two modes.			



Restart OSSD B DATA TYPE: BYTE	00H > Restart after actuation of restart button B 01H > Restart after n seconds 02H > Without restart inhibit (default setting) Comment: This parameter determines the LSI behavior after it has signaled INTERVENTION when the protective field is free.		
Restart time OSSD B DATA TYPE: BYTE	In the case of the 01H mode, the time in seconds, after which the LSI enables the output B when the protective field is free, is transferred here. This parameter is not relevant for the other two modes.		
Startup testing DATA TYPE: BYTE	00H Without startup testing 01HWith startup testing		
Baud rate DATA TYPE: UNIT	Baud rate: 40H > Configuration for 38400 baud. 41H > Configuration for 19200 baud. 42H > Configuration for 9600 baud. 48H > Configuration for 500000 baud.		
Description:			



3.1.32 Confirmation for LSI configuration definition (permitted only in setup or balancing mode)

Telegram number: 71H (LSIKFGCFRM_TGM)			
Transfer parameters: Configuration parameters.			
PLS variant	04 4 Meters		
DATA TYPE:	07 7 Meters		
BYTE	50 50 Meters		
Number of	Number of PLS connected p (max. 4)		
sensors			
DATA TYPE:			
BYTE	Name of concern 4 to 4		
Name of sensor 4 times	Name of sensors 1 to 4.		
DATA TYPE:	Name consists of fixed length CHAR[8]. Unused characters are filled with SPACE.		
Char[8] 4 times	Ondsed Gharacters are filled with Or AGE.		
4 dummy bytes	Reserved		
DATA TYPE:			
BYTE			
Application	Bit 0 = desired application variant:		
variant	00H Variant for area protection		
DATA TYPE:	01H AGV variant.		
BYTE	Comment: In the AGV variant a glare message is ignored		
	if the protective fields have a radius of less than 110 cm . In		
	addition, the anti-manipulation protection test only comes in		
	effect for a period of 2 hours.		
	In the variant for area protection, a glare message is always regarded as a protective field violation. The test period of the		
	anti-manipulation protection is 3 seconds.		
	Bit 2 = desired evaluation algorithm:		
	00H Standard evaluation		
	01H Pixel evaluation		
	Bit 3 = reserved		
	to		
	Bit 7 = reserved		
Inpute	Rit 0: port A used if 1		
Inputs DATA TYPE:	Bit 0: port A used if 1 Bit 1: port B used if 1		
BYTE	Bit 2: port C used if 1		
DITE	Bit 3: port D used if 1		
	Bit 4: Restart A used if 1		
	Bit 5: Restart B used if 1		
	Bit 6: Incremental encoder used if 1		
	Bit 7: RESERVED		
Outputs	Bit 0: OSSD A available if 1		
DATA TYPE:	Bit 1: OSSD B available if 1		
BYTE	Bit 2: free		
	Bit 3: free		
	Bit 4: free		
	Bit 5: free Bit 6: free		
	Bit 7: free		
	DR 7. 1100		



Protection check DATA TYPE: BYTE	Bit 0: Contactor monitoring OSSD A is carried out if 1 Bit 1: Contactor monitoring OSSD B is carried out if 1	
Dummy DATA TYPE: BYTE	Reserved	
Number of fields DATA TYPE: BYTE	Number of protective / warning pairs / triplets: s Valid between MIN 1 and MAX 8	
Field name 8 times DATA TYPE: Char[8] 8 times	Name of fields 1 to 8 with pairs. Name consists of fixed length CHAR[8]. Unused characters are filled with SPACE.	
Dummy DATA TYPE: BYTE	Reserved	
Number of monitoring cases DATA TYPE: BYTE	Possible definitions of monitoring case Valid between MIN 1 and MAX 10	
INC Count 1 DATA TYPE: UNIT	Number of pulses from the INC encoder 1 per cm	
INC Count 2 DATA TYPE: UNIT	Number of pulses from the INC encoder 2 per cm	
INC tolerance DATA TYPE: UNIT	Difference between the two INC encoders in %	
DUMMY DATA TYPE: UNIT	DUMMY BYTE	
Address DATA TYPE: BYTE	Current LSI address to be set.	
Restart OSSD A DATA TYPE: BYTE	00H > Restart after actuation of restart button A 01H > Restart after n seconds 02H > Without restart inhibit (default setting) Comment: This parameter determines the LSI behavior after it has signaled INTERVENTION when the protective field is free.	
Restart time OSSD A DATA TYPE: BYTE	In the case of the 01H mode, the time in seconds, after which the LSI enables the output A when the protective field is free, is transferred here. This parameter is not relevant for the other two modes.	
Restart OSSD B DATA TYPE: BYTE	00H > Restart after actuation of restart button B 01H > Restart after n seconds 02H > Without restart inhibit (default setting) Comment: This parameter determines the LSI behavior after it has signaled INTERVENTION when the protective field is free.	



Restart time OSSD B DATA TYPE:	In the case of the 01H mode, the time in seconds, after which the LSI enables the output B when the protective field is free, is transferred here.		
BYTE	This parameter is not relevant for the other two modes.		
Startup testing	00H Without startup testing		
DATA TYPE:	01HWith startup testing		
BYTE	•	Ğ	
Baud rate	Baud rate:		
DATA TYPE:	40H >	Configuration for 38400 baud.	
UNIT	41H >	Configuration for 19200 baud.	
	42H >	Configuration for 9600 baud.	
	48H >	Configuration for 500000 baud.	
Description:			



Telegram number: 72H (UWFDEF_TGM)				
Transfer parameters: MF parameters				
MF No.	MF No.: 1			
DATA TYPE:	MF number or index.			
BYTE	None of ME 4			
MF name DATA TYPE:	Name of MF 1	-U \ D[0]		
Char[8]	Name consists of fixed length C Unused characters are filled wit			
Input diagram		r INC values which activate these		
DATA TYPE:	MF is defined as follows.	THE TAILES WHEN ASSIVATE WISSE		
UNIT	BIT 0 and 1 for input A:	$A_LOW = 0x0002$		
	•	$A_HIGH = 0x0001$		
		$A_UNDEF = 0x0003$		
	BIT 2 and 3 for input B:	B_LOW = 0x0008		
		B_HIGH = 0x0004		
	BIT 4 and 5 for input D:	B_UNDEF = 0x000C C_LOW = 0x0020		
	Di i 4 and 3 for input D.	$C_LOW = 0x0020$ $C_HIGH = 0x0010$		
		C UNDEF = 0x0030		
	BIT 6 and 7 for input C:	D LOW = 0x0080		
	•	D_HIGH = 0x0040		
	$D_{\text{UNDEF}} = 0x00C0$			
	BIT 8 and 9 free			
	BIT 10 and 11 for INC values:	I_INACTIVE = 0x0000		
Active PLS	Determines the sensor active fo	I_ACTIVE = 0x0C00		
DATA TYPE:	Valid between 1 and 4.			
BYTE	vana botwoon i ana n			
Active field pair	·			
DATA TYPE:	Valid between 1 and 8.			
BYTE	DEOEDVED			
DUMMY	RESERVED			
DATA TYPE: BYTE				
Output diagram	Bit 0: OSSD A is addressed if 1			
DATA TYPE:	Bit 1: OSSD B is addressed if 1			
BYTE	Bit 2: to BIT 7: free			
	Only one OSSD must be assign	ned to one MF.		
Dummy	Reserved			
DATA TYPE:				
DUMMY	RESERVED			
reference	NESERVED			
DATA TYPE:				
BYTE				
Scan rate	Minimum setting: 2 (default wit	th balancing)		
DATA TYPE:	Maximum setting: 16.	J.		
BYTE				
NextCase1	Next monitoring case no. 1 - 15, 0xFF means any sequence			
Byte	Nove monitoring and a 4.5	OVEE magne and accurate		
NextCase2 Byte	Next monitoring case no. 1 - 15	, uxer means any sequence		
טאנפ				



MaxSpeed	Maximum speed for this monitoring case with in cm/sec	
DATA TYPE:		
INT		
MinSpeed	Minimum speed for this monitoring case in cm/sec	
DATA TYPE:		
INT		
Description: The definition described for a MF repeats itself n times for the total		
number of defined monitoring fields.		



3.1.34 Confirm definition of a monitoring case (permitted only in setup or balancing mode) LSI ONLY

Telegram number: 73H (UWFCFRM_TGM)				
Transfer parameters: MF parameters				
MF No.	MF No.: 1			
DATA TYPE:	MF number or index.			
BYTE				
MF name	Name of MF 1			
DATA TYPE:	Name consists of fixed length C	HAR[8].		
Char[8]	Unused characters are filled with	n SPACE.		
Input diagram	The mask for the input status or INC values which activate these			
DATA TYPE:	MF is defined as follows.			
UNIT	BIT 0 and 1 for input A:	$A_LOW = 0x0002$		
		$A_HIGH = 0x0001$		
		$A_UNDEF = 0x0003$		
	BIT 2 and 3 for input B:	$B_LOW = 0x0008$		
		$B_{HIGH} = 0x0004$		
		$B_UNDEF = 0x000C$		
	BIT 4 and 5 for input D:	$C_LOW = 0x0020$		
		$C_HIGH = 0x0010$		
		$C_{\text{UNDEF}} = 0x0030$		
	BIT 6 and 7 for input C:	$D_LOW = 0x0080$		
		$D_{HIGH} = 0x0040$		
	$D_{\text{UNDEF}} = 0x00C0$			
	BIT 8 and 9 free			
	BIT 10 and 11 for INC values:	$I_{\text{INACTIVE}} = 0 \times 0000$		
4 // 5/0		I_ACTIVE = 0x0C00		
Active PLS	Determines the sensor active for	r this MF.		
DATA TYPE: BYTE	Valid between 1 and 4.			
Active field pair	Determines the protective and w	varning fields active for this ME		
DATA TYPE:	Valid between 1 and 8.	raining helds active for this wir.		
BYTE	valid between 1 and 6.			
DUMMY	RESERVED			
DATA TYPE:	REGERVED			
BYTE				
Output diagram	Bit 0: OSSD A is addressed if 1			
DATA TYPE:	Bit 1: OSSD B is addressed if 1			
BYTE	Bit 2: to BIT 7: free			
- · · -	Only one OSSD must be assign	ed to one MF.		
Dummy	Reserved			
DATA TYPE:				
UNIT				
DUMMY	RESERVED			
DATA TYPE:				
BYTE				
Scan rate	Minimum setting: 2 (default with	balancing)		
DATA TYPE:	Maximum setting: 16.	<i>5,</i>		
BYTE	Ŭ			
NextCase1	Next monitoring case no. 1 - 15,	0xFF means any sequence		
Byte				
NextCase2	Next monitoring case no. 1 - 15, 0xFF means any sequence			
Byte	,	, ·		
- /				



MaxSpeed	Maximum speed for this monitoring case with in cm/sec	
DATA TYPE:		
INT		
MinSpeed	Minimum speed for this monitoring case in cm/sec	
DATA TYPE:		
INT		
Description: The definition described for a MF repeats itself n times for the total		
number of defined monitoring fields.		



3.1.35 Saving the configuration values in E2Prom (permitted only in setup or balancing mode) LSI ONLY

Telegram number: 74H (CFGSAVE_TGM)		
Parameters: Status selection of telegrams to be saved		
Acceptance data	Bit 0:	Configuration in EEPROM if 1
DATA TYPE:	Bit 1:	MF 1 into EEPROM if 1
UNIT	Bit 2:	MF 2 into EEPROM if 1
	Bit 3:	MF 3 into EEPROM if 1
	Bit 4:	MF 4 into EEPROM if 1
	Bit 5:	MF 5 into EEPROM if 1
	Bit 6:	MF 6 into EEPROM if 1
	Bit 7:	MF 7 into EEPROM if 1
	Bit 8:	MF 8 into EEPROM if 1
	Bit 9:	MF 9 into EEPROM if 1
	Bit 10:	MF 10 into EEPROM if 1
	Bit 11:	MF 11 into EEPROM if 1
	Bit 12:	MF 12 into EEPROM if 1
	Bit 13:	MF 13 into EEPROM if 1
	Bit 14:	MF 14 into EEPROM if 1
	Bit 15:	MF 15 into EEPROM if 1

3.1.36 Shifting PLS into LSI mode (permitted only in setup or balancing mode)

Telegram number: 77H (LSIMODE_TGM)			
Transfer parameters:			
Mode state	00H LSIMODE OFF		
DATA TYPE:	01H LSIMODE ON		
BYTE			
Description: The	Description: The flag for operation with LSI is not saved in volatile memory in		
EE	PROM.		
This flag is read after RESET.			
If it is active, the PLS changes to the operating mode "all measured			
values continuously".			
Baud rate 500 Kbaud, permanent.			
LED state can be controlled via LEDSET_TGM			
OSSDs are red as standard, and the LED.			
The transfer report has no parity bit.			

3.1.37 Controlling the red/green LED of PLS (in LSI mode only)



Telegram number: 78H (LEDSET_TGM)			
Transfer parameters:			
LED state	Bits 0 and 1: 00H	LED Red	
DATA TYPE:	01H	LED Green	
BYTE	02H	LED red and LED yellow for RESTART	
	Information REQUIRED		
	Bits 2 to 7: Number of scans up to PLS without received		
	LEDS	ET_TGM remains in the previous LED state.	
Description: The	Description: The LED and OSSDs can only be controlled via this telegram in the		
imL	imLSI mode.		
The PLS does not respond to the telegram since the PLS must			
continuously send its measured values.			
The	The status block in the measured value telegram 0B0H shows the state		
of t	he LED.		



3.2 Data direction LSI -> host

The telegram numbers 0x80 to 0x8F are reserved for internal LSI telegrams.

3.2.1 Message after Power On (response possible from PLS and LSI)

Telegram number: 90H (PWON_TGM)		
Transfer parameters: String with name and SW version		
String E.g.: "LSI, 01.00" or "PLS, 03.07a".		
Description: After Power On, the LSI uses this message to notify the host that it is		
ready.		
The LSI sends this telegram both after hardware reset and requested		
software reset.		

3.2.2 Confirmation of the SW reset telegram (response possible from PLS and LSI)

Telegram number: 91H (INIT_ACK_TGM)	
Transfer parameters: None	
Description: After INIT_TGM for a SW reset is received, the LSI sends this ACK and	
performs a SW reset after approx. 10 milliseconds.	

3.2.3 Not Acknowledge (e.g. with forbidden operating mode change) (response possible from PLS and LSI)

Telegram number: 92H (NACK_TGM)	
Transfer parameters: None	
Description: If a telegram was received correctly but the requested function cannot	
be executed, the LSI sends this NACK telegram to the host, e.g. with an	
invalid operating mode change or an invalid number of segments in a	
measured value request.	

3.2.4 Response to change of operating mode

Telegram number: A0H (BMACK_TGM)	
Transfer parameters: Status	
Status	00H Mode change performed successfully.
DATA TYPE:	01H Mode change not possible - password incorrect
BYTE	02H Mode change not possible - LSI FAULT

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3.2.5 Response to measure value request (response possible from PLS and LSI)

Tologram numb	or: BOH (MM) TOM)			
Telegram number: B0H (MW_TGM)				
Transfer param				
Status block:	_	red in LSI mode of PLS!!!		
OSSD status	OSSD status:			
DATA TYPE:	Bit 0: OSSD1	0-> RED, 1-> GREEN		
BYTE	Bit 1: OSSD2	,		
	Bit 2: LED RED/GREEN	·		
10 individual	Bit 3: LED YELLOW 0-> OFF, 1-> CONSTANTLY ON			
test addresses	contamination error			
in	Bit 4: LED YELLOW	1-> FLASHING 1 Hz contamination		
monitoring	warning			
mode	Bit 5: LED YELLOW	1-> FLASHING 4 Hz Fatal Error		
DATA TYPE	Bit 6: LED YELLOW	1-> FLASHING 1 Hz RESTART		
UNIT	REQU.			
	1st test address: RTC STA	ART -> 0xffff		
	2nd test address: RTC 2 -			
	3rd test address: RTC_3 ->			
Last 2 test	4th test address: RTC_4 ->			
numbers	5th test address: RTC_51 -> 0x0005			
DATA TYPE	_	6th test address: RTC_51 -> 0x0005		
BYTE	_			
LSI ONLY	7th test address: RTC_511 -> 0xfff7			
LSI UNLI	8th test address: RTC_5121 -> 0x0009 9th test address: RTC_5122 -> 0x000d			
	_			
	10th test address: RTC_EN	ND -> 0x0001		
	Loot ourrent toot corried o	with a [O MAY TEST ND]		
		out: n [0 MAX_TEST_NR]		
		out: n-1 or 0 if n == MAX_TEST_NR		
DI O NI	MAX_TEST_NR = 76 for			
PLS No.	00H > Measured values			
DATA TYPE:	01H > Measured values			
BYTE	02H > Measured values			
LSI ONLY	03H > Measured values			
	04H > Measured values	of PLS4		
AMW	Number of measured value	ues transmitted (2 bytes)		
DATA TYPE:				
UNIT				
MW[1]	MW[1] violated, measure	d distance		
DATA TYPE:				
UNIT				
:	:			
MW[AMW]	MW[AMW] violated, meas	sured distance		
DATA TYPE:				
UNIT				
	L			



- Description: Transfers the measured values from a scan to the host.
 - Structure of a transmitted measured value:
 - Bit [0..12]: Measured distance from the measuring point in units of 1cm. Range from 0...(2¹³-1) (0cm ... approx. 81 m)
 - Bit [13]: Glare flag. Flag is set if glare was detected in this segment.
 - Bit [14]: WF-V-Flag. Flag is set if WF was violated in this measuring point
 - Bit [15]: PF-V-Flag. Flag is set if PF was violated in this measuring point.
 - If the LSI sends the minimum measured value per segment, the number of measured values to be transmitted is determined by the following algorithm:
 - If both protective fields are stored in segmented form, the number of measured values corresponds to the highest number of segments in the protective or warning field.
 - 2.) If the protective field is stored in radial or rectangular form, the number of measured values corresponds to the number of measured values in the warning field.



3.2.6 PLS sensor status

Telegram numb	er: B1H (SS_TGM)	
Transfer parameters: SW version, operating mode, status,etc.		
SW version	Version of software 7 ASCII character, e.g." 01.00 ".	
Operating mode	Mode: 00H > Setup mode for configuring the protective	
DATA TYPE: BYTE	field 01H > Balancing mode 10H > Diagnosis mode 20H >Monitoring mode: min. measured values per segment are output continuously. 21H > Monitoring mode: min. measured values per segment are only output on request. With INTERVENTION the measured values are output for every scan. 22H > Monitoring mode: minimum vertical distance to sensor is output continuously. 23H > Monitoring mode: minimum vertical distance to sensor is only output on request . With INTERVENTION the minimum distance is output with each scan. 24H > Monitoring mode: all measured values of a scan are output continuously without request. 25H > Monitoring mode: Measured values on request	
Status DATA TYPE: BYTE	only, also no data for protective field violation. if > 0 , sensor faulty (error or fatal error)	
Serial number DATA TYPE: CHAR[9]	8-digit number, 8 ASCII characters.	
Variant byte DATA TYPE: BYTE	00H: WF in VOLATILE memory range 01H: WF in NONVOLATILE memory range	
Contamination values DATA TYPE: UNIT	8 integer values with the current amplitude values measured through the front screen	
Reference contamination values DATA TYPE: UNIT	4 integer values with the current amplitude values of the reference diodes.	
Balancing values of the contamination channels	8 integer values with the amplitude values measured through the front screen during balancing	



Balancing values of the reference contamination channels DATA TYPE: UNIT	4 integer values with the amplitude values of the reference channels measured through the front screen during balancing.
Motor speed DATA TYPE: UNIT	Integer value in microseconds for 1/90 rotation time.
PLL of TICs DATA TYPE: UNIT	Integer value in microseconds for 1048576 periods of the TICs.
DA-AD Test values DATA TYPE: UNIT	6 integer values for the DAC and ADCs.
DAC Offset DATA TYPE: UNIT	Integer in DAC-INCs.
TIC Offset DATA TYPE: UNIT	Integer in TIC-INCs.
Amplitude Reference target DATA TYPE: UNIT	Integer value for the amplitude of the reference target in mV.
Balance value TIC Offset DATA TYPE: UNIT	Integer value in TIC INCs during reference measurement balancing.
Balance value Amplitude Reference target DATA TYPE: UNIT	Integer value in mV of the amplitude received during reference measurement balancing.
Glare current (DC) DATA TYPE: UNIT	Integer value in mV for the amplitude of the direct current during the glare test.
Glare current (differ.) DATA TYPE: UNIT	Integer value in mV for the amplitude of the differential current during the glare test.
Stop comparator thresholds DATA TYPE: UNIT	2 integer values in DAC-INCs for the two stop comparator thresholds.



Correction comparator thresholds DATA TYPE: UNIT	5 integer values in DAC-INCs for the five correction comparator thresholds.
Restart mode DATA TYPE: BYTE	00H > Restart after actuation of restart button (default setting) 01H > Restart after n seconds 02H > Without restart inhibit
Restart time DATA TYPE: UNIT	Time for automatic restart in units of 5 ms.
Startup test DATA TYPE: BYTE	00H Without startup testing 01H With startup testing
Definition of 3rd switching output DATA TYPE: BYTE	00H Output switches both with WF violation and contamination warning or error. 01H Output switches only with WF violation. 02H Output switches only with contamination warning or error.
Baud rate DATA TYPE: UNIT	Integer value for active baud rate in sensor 500000 baud: 0x8001 334000 baud: 0x8002 250000 baud: 0x8003 200000 baud: 0x8004 111000 baud: 0x8008 58800 baud: 0x8010 38400 baud: 0x8019 19200 baud: 0x8033 9600 baud: 0x8067
No. of evaluations DATA TYPE: BYTE	Byte value for the number of evaluations with protective field violation. Must be between 1 and 15.
Permanent baud rate DATA TYPE: BYTE	00H: The baud rate is set to 9600 baud with PowerON. 01H: The configured baud rate remains set with PowerON .
Sensor address DATA TYPE: BYTE	Range from 0 to 127.
Application variant DATA TYPE: BYTE	00H Area protection variant 01H AGV variant.
Glare evaluation DATA TYPE: BYTE	00H: Glare evaluation is inactive; only in the case of protective fields with a radius smaller than or equal to 110 cm. 01H: Glare evaluation is active.
Laser ON/OFF switching DATA TYPE: BYTE	00H: Laser is switched off. 01H: Laser is switched on.
Description: Sup	oplies the sensor status to the host



3.2.7 LSI status

Telegram number: B1H (LSISS_TGM)		
	neters: SW version, operating mode, status,etc/	
SW version	Version of software 7 ASCII character, e.g." 01.00a".	
Operating	Mode:	
mode	00H > Setup mode for configuring the protective	
DATA TYPE:	field	
BYTE	01H > Balancing mode	
	10H > Diagnosis mode	
	20H >Monitoring mode: min. measured values per segment are output continuously.	
	21H > Monitoring mode: min. measured values per segment are only output on request. With	
	INTERVENTION the measured values are output for every scan.	
	22H >Monitoring mode: minimum vertical distance to sensor is output continuously.	
	23H > Monitoring mode: minimum vertical distance to sensor is only output on request . With	
	INTERVENTION the minimum distance is output	
	with each scan.	
	24H > Monitoring mode: all measured values of a scan are output continuously without	
	request.	
	25H > Monitoring mode: Measured values on request only, also no data for protective field violation.	
Status DATA TYPE:	if > 0, LSI faulty (error or fatal error)	
BYTE	O district manufacture of ACOU share at any	
Serial number DATA TYPE: CHAR[8]	8-digit number, 8 ASCII characters.	
PLS variant	04 4 Meters	
DATA TYPE:	07 7 Meters	
BYTE	50 50 Meters	
Baud rate	Integer value for active baud rate in the LSI	
DATA TYPE:	38400 baud: 0x40	
UNIT	19200 baud: 0x41	
	9600 baud: 0x42	
Permanent	00H: Baud rate is set to 9600 BAUD with PowerON.	
baud rate	01H: The configured baud rate remains set with PowerON .	
DATA TYPE:		
BYTE	Dongs from 0 to 107	
LSI address DATA TYPE:	Range from 0 to 127.	
BYTE		
Glare	00H: Glare evaluation is inactive; only in the case of protective	
evaluation	fields with a radius smaller than or equal to 110 cm.	
DATA TYPE:	01H: Glare evaluation is active.	
BYTE		
· · -	I	



Active MF DATA TYPE: BYTE Status of outputs DATA TYPE: BYTE	Active MF in the LSI range from 1 to 10. LOW NIPPEL > active monitoring case HIGH NIPPEL > active monitoring case Both MF active with simultaneous evaluation -> Toggle measured value request between the active MFs Bit 0 > OSSD A
	The logical level of the inputs, as processed by the processor, is given in the status. Bit 0: Port A Bit 1: Port B Bit 2: Port C Bit 3: Port D Bit 4: Restart A Bit 5: Restart B Bit 6: free Bit 7: free
Speed in cm/sec DATA TYPE: UNIT	Speed of INC 1 currently measured
Speed in cm/sec DATA TYPE: UNIT	Speed of INC 2 currently measured
Function variant DATA TYPE: BYTE	The active function variant in the LSI gives the number of PLS modules connected value Meaning O No module connected 1 1 PLS 2 2 PLS 3 3 PLS 4 4 PLS
Description: Supplies the LSI status to the host	



3.2.8 Error message / test message (response possible from PLS and LSI)

Telegram number: B2H (ERR_TGM)		
Transfer parameters: Error type 1, error number 1 or test number 1,, error type n,		
error number n.		
Error type 1	Provides information about the type of error	
DATA TYPE:	0 -> no error, test OK	
BYTE	1 -> Information	
	2 -> Warning	
	3 -> Error	
	4 -> Fatal error	
	17 -> LSI channel 1 Information	
	18 -> LSI channel 1 Warning	
	19 -> LSI channel 1 Error	
	20 -> LSI channel 1 Fatal error	
	33 -> LSI channel 2 Information	
	34 -> LSI channel 2 Warning	
	35 -> LSI channel 2 Error	
	36 -> LSI channel 2 Fatal error	
Error	Describes the error.	
number 1		
DATA TYPE:		
BYTE		
Error type n DATA TYPE:	Provides information about the type of error	
BYTE	0 -> no error, test OK 1 -> Information	
DITE	2 -> Warning	
	3 -> Error	
	4 -> Fatal error	
	17 -> LSI channel 1 Information	
	18 -> LSI channel 1 Warning	
	19 -> LSI channel 1 Error	
	20 -> LSI channel 1 Fatal error	
	33 -> LSI channel 2 Information	
	34 -> LSI channel 2 Warning	
	35 -> LSI channel 2 Error	
	36 -> LSI channel 2 Fatal error	
Error	Describes the error.	
number n		
DATA TYPE:		
BYTE		
Description: Describes the errors which occur with a test or error message request. If		
a test request is made, only the result of the relevant test is output. In		
the case of an error request, however, the entire contents of the error		
memory are output. An overview of the possible errors is provided at the		
end of this document.		

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3.2.9 Memory dump on request only in diagnosis mode (response possible from PLS and LSI) $\,$

Telegram number: B4H (MEMRD_TGM)		
Transfer parameters: Start address of the memory dump, number n of		
data bytes transmitted, data bytes 1 to n		
Start	Start address of memory dump	
address		
DATA TYPE:		
LONG with LSI		
UNIT with PLS		
Number n of	Number n of transferred data bytes;	
data bytes 1	n is limited to 0xFF bytes.	
DATA TYPE:		
BYTE		
Data bytes 1		
DATA TYPE:		
BYTE		
Description: Provides a memory dump from the specified memory address in the		
address range 0x0 to 0xFFF. The number of data bytes transferred is		
limited to 0xFF bytes.		

3.2.10 LSI configuration data

Telegram number: B8H (LSIKFG_TGM)	
Transfer parameters: LSI configuration data	
PLS variant	04 4 Meters
DATA TYPE:	07 7 Meters
BYTE	50 50 Meters
Number of	Number of PLS connected p (max. 4)
sensors	
DATA TYPE:	
BYTE	
Sensor name 4	Name of sensors 1 to 4.
times	Name consists of fixed length CHAR[8].
DATA TYPE:	Unused characters are filled with SPACE.
Char[8] 4 times	
4 dummy bytes	Reserved
DATA TYPE:	
BYTE 4 times	



Application variant DATA TYPE: BYTE	Bit 0 - Bit 1 = Desired application variant: 00H Variant for area protection 01H AGV variant. Comment: In the AGV variant, a glare message is ignored if the protective fields have a radius of less than 110 cm. In addition, the anti-manipulation protection only comes into effect for a period of two hours. In the variant for area protection, a glare is always regarded as a violation of the protective field. The test period of the anti-manipulation protection is 3 seconds. Bit 4 - Bit 7 = Desired evaluation algorithm: Bit 2 = desired evaluation algorithm: 00H Standard evaluation 01H Pixel evaluation Bit 3 = reserved to Bit 7 = reserved
Inputs DATA TYPE: BYTE	Bit 0: port A used if 1 Bit 1: port B used if 1 Bit 2: port C used if 1 Bit 3: port D used if 1 Bit 4: Restart A used if 1 Bit 5: Restart B used if 1 Bit 6: Incremental encoder used if 1 Bit 7: RESERVED
Outputs DATA TYPE: BYTE	Bit 0: OSSD A available if 1 Bit 1: OSSD B available if 1 Bit 2: free Bit 3: free Bit 4: free Bit 5: free Bit 6: free Bit 7: free
Protection check DATA TYPE: BYTE	Bit 0: Contactor monitoring OSSD A is carried out if 1 Bit 1: Contactor monitoring OSSD B is carried out if 1
Dummy DATA TYPE: BYTE	Reserved
Number of fields DATA TYPE: BYTE	Number of protective / warning pairs / triplets: s Valid between MIN 1 and MAX 8
Field name 8 times DATA TYPE: Char[8] 8 times	Name of fields 1 to 8 Name consists of fixed length CHAR[8]. Unused characters are filled with SPACE.
Dummy DATA TYPE: BYTE	Reserved



Number of	Possible definitions of monitoring cases n	
monitoring cases	Valid between MIN 1 and MAX 10	
DATA TYPE:		
BYTE INC Count 1	Number of pulses from the INC encoder 1 per cm	
DATA TYPE:	Number of pulses from the INC encoder 1 per cm	
UNIT		
INC Count 2 DATA TYPE:	Number of pulses from the INC encoder 2 per cm	
UNIT		
INC tolerance	Differential of both INC encoders in % [0 - 50%]	
DATA TYPE: UNIT		
DUMMY	RESERVED	
DATA TYPE: UNIT		
Address	Current LSI address to be set.	
DATA TYPE:		
BYTE Restart	00H > Restart after actuation of restart button A	
OSSD A	01H > Restart after n seconds	
DATA TYPE: BYTE	02H > Without restart inhibit (default setting) Comment: This parameter determines the LSI behavior after it has	
BITE	signaled INTERVENTION when the protective field is	
	free.	
Restart time	In the case of the 01H mode, the time in seconds, after which the	
OSSD A	LSI enables the output A when the protective field is free, is	
DATA TYPE: BYTE	transferred here. This parameter is not relevant for the other two modes.	
Restart	00H > Restart after actuation of restart button B	
OSSD B DATA TYPE:	01H > Restart after n seconds 02H > Without restart inhibit (default setting)	
BYTE	Comment: This parameter determines the LSI behavior after it has	
	signaled INTERVENTION when the protective field is	
	free.	
Restart time	In the case of the 01H mode, the time in seconds, after which the	
OSSD B DATA TYPE:	LSI enables the output B when the protective field is free, is transferred here.	
BYTE	This parameter is not relevant for the other two modes.	
Startup testing	00H Without startup testing	
DATA TYPE: BYTE	01HWith startup testing	
Baud rate	Baud rate:	
DATA TYPE:	40H > Configuration for 38400 baud.	
UNIT	41H > Configuration for 19200 baud. 42H > Configuration for 9600 baud.	
	48H > Configuration for 500000 baud.	
Description: The	e LSI hardware configurations are transferred to the host.	



3.2.11 MF definition data

Telegram number: B9H (UWF_TGM)		
Transfer parameters: MF parameters		
MF No.	MF No.: 1	
DATA TYPE:	MF number or index.	
BYTE		
MF name	Name of MF 1	
DATA TYPE:	Name consists of fixed length Ch	
Char[8]	Unused characters are filled with	
Input diagram	The mask for the input status or	INC values which activate these
DATA TYPE:	MF is defined as follows.	A LOW 0v0000
UNIT	BIT 0 and 1 for input A:	A_LOW = 0x0002 A HIGH = 0x0001
		A_IIIGIT = 0x0001 A UNDEF = 0x0003
	BIT 2 and 3 for input B:	B LOW = 0x0008
	Bit 2 and 5 for input B.	B_HIGH = 0x0004
		B_UNDEF = 0x000C
	BIT 4 and 5 for input D:	C LOW = 0x0020
		$C_HIGH = 0x0010$
		C_UNDEF = 0x0030
	BIT 6 and 7 for input C:	$D_LOW = 0x0080$
		$D_{HIGH} = 0x0040$
		$D_UNDEF = 0x00C0$
	BIT 8 and 9 free	
	BIT 10 and 11 for INC values:	$I_{NACTIVE} = 0x0000$
A :: 51.0	5	I_ACTIVE = 0x0C00
Active PLS	Determines the sensor active for	this MF.
DATA TYPE: BYTE	Valid between 1 and 4.	
Active field pair	Determines the protective and w	arning fields active for this ME
DATA TYPE:	Valid between 1 and 8.	arriing helds active for this ivii .
BYTE	valid botween 1 and 6.	
DUMMY	RESERVED	
DATA TYPE:		
BYTE		
Output diagram	Bit 0: OSSD A is addressed if 1	
DATA TYPE:	Bit 1: OSSD B is addressed if 1	
BYTE	Bit 2: to BIT 7: free	
	Only one OSSD must be assigned	ed to one MF.
Dummy	Reserved	
DATA TYPE:		
UNIT	DEOED! (ED	
DUMMY	RESERVED	
DATA TYPE:		
BYTE Scan rate	Minimum cotting: 2 /dafault with	halancing)
DATA TYPE:	Minimum setting: 2 (default with Maximum setting: 16.	balanding)
BYTE	maximum setting. 10.	
NextCase1	Next monitoring case no. 1 - 15,	0xFF means any sequence
Byte	TOX HOMENING COSC NO. 1 - 10,	on i modilo dily soquenoc
NextCase2	Next monitoring case no. 1 - 15,	0xFF means any sequence
Byte	To,	z :sa.is a.i., soquenos
-,		



MaxSpeed DATA TYPE: UNIT	Maximum speed for this monitoring case with in cm/sec
MinSpeed DATA TYPE: UNIT	Minimum speed for this monitoring case in cm/sec
Description: An MF definition is transferred to the host.	

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Response to WF configuration

Response to WF configuration			
Telegram numb	Telegram number: C0H (BSFACK_TGM)		
Transfer parameters: Status, PF no., PF name, mode, time, date, PF values (LI, RE,			
HO or RADIUS	or segment data), EXP		
Status	Provides information about the success of the configuration		
DATA TYPE:	00H -> configuration aborted. Current PF remains active.		
BYTE	01H -> configuration transferred.		
PF Number	Number of protective field varies between 1 and 8		
DATA TYPE:	'		
BYTE			
LSI ONLY			
PF Name	The name for the protective field consists of 8 ASCIII characters.		
DATA TYPE:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
CHAR[8]			
LSI ONLY			
Mode	00H -> Rectangular PF		
DATA TYPE:	01H -> Radial PF (semicircle with radius R)		
BYTE	02H -> Segmented PF		
Minute	Range from 0 to 59		
DATA TYPE:			
BYTE			
Hour	Range from 0 to 23		
DATA TYPE:	Trange from 6 to 25		
BYTE			
Day	Range from 1 to 31		
DATA TYPE:	Range nom 1 to 51		
BYTE			
Month	Range from 0 to 11, January is 0.		
DATA TYPE:	Trange nom o to 11, bandary is o.		
BYTE			
Year	Range from 95 to max. of UNIT		
DATA TYPE:	Corresponds to current year minus 1900.		
UNIT	Corresponds to surroin your minus 1000.		
RADIUS	Radius of PF semicircle		
DATA TYPE:	Tradia of 11 definition		
UNIT			
LI	Distance (left) from sensor.		
DATA TYPE:	2.5.555 (151.) 115111 55115611		
UNIT			
RE	Distance (right) from sensor.		
DATA TYPE:	Distance (right) from concern		
UNIT			
HO	Height of rectangle viewed from sensor.		
DATA TYPE:	Trongitt of rootaligio viewod from ourson.		
UNIT			
Segment	Segment data		
data with	Cogmont data		
data with			
AS	Number of segments - variable between 9 and max. 360.		
DATA TYPE:	The number must be an integral divisor of 90 or max. 180		
BYTE	Oxfe is transferred with 360 segments.		
EP[1]	Radius for the corner point [1] in units of 1 cm.		
DATA TYPE:	Tradice for the corner point [1] in units of 1 offi.		
UNIT			
•	•		



EP[AS+1] DATA TYPE: UNIT	Radius for the corner point [AS+1] in units of 1 cm.
EXP DATA TYPE: UNIT	XOR checksum of the expanded values for the 361 measuring points.
Description: Returns the data received for the configuration.	



3.2.12 Response to PF configuration

Telegram number: C1H (BSFCFRM_TGM)		
Transfer parameters: PF number, status, PLS number		
Status		
DATA TYPE:	00H -> Configuration aborted. Current PF remains active.	
BYTE	01H -> Configuration transferred, verification was successful.	
	02H -> Internal error. Default error for PF is active.	
	03H -> Verification is active.	
	04H -> Date and time of protective field not acceptable.	
PF Number	Number of protective field varies between 1 and 8	
DATA TYPE:		
BYTE		
LSI ONLY		
PLS number	Range from 1 to 4;	
DATA TYPE:	This parameter shows which PLS is used for verification.	
BYTE		
LSI ONLY		
Description: Describes the reception of the PF confirmation.		
Status 02H sets the warning flag to error status		
. With status 04, the LSI has received a protective field with a date which		
is c	is older than the date already stored in the sensor.	

3.2.13 Confirm new password

Telegram number: C2H (PWACK_TGM)		
Transfer parameters: Password change status		
Status	00H -> New password was not transferre	ed.
DATA TYPE:	01H -> New password was transferred.	
BYTE	02H -> New password must be confirmed	d by user.
PW type	00H > Password for SICK service and a	uthorized customers.
DATA TYPE:	01H > Password for maintenance.	
BYTE		
Description: Describes the password change or that confirmation of the		
new password is expected.		
	•	



3.2.14 Response to WF configuration

Telegram number: C3H (KSFACK_TGM)		
Transfer param	Transfer parameters: PF number, configuration status	
Status	00H -> Configuration not OK	
DATA TYPE:	01H -> Configuration OK	
BYTE		
PF Number	Number of protective field varies between 1 and 8	
DATA TYPE:		
BYTE		
LSI ONLY		
Description: Provides information about the success of the configuration		

3.2.15 Response to restart definition (PLS only)

Telegram number: C4H (WANLACK_TGM)	
Transfer parameters: Restart definition status, mode, time in seconds	
Status	00H -> Definition not transferred.
DATA TYPE:	01H -> Definition transferred.
BYTE	02H -> Definition received, please confirm.
Mode	00H > Restart after actuation of restart button (default
DATA TYPE:	setting)
BYTE	01H > Restart after n seconds
	02H > Without restart inhibit
Time	In the case of mode 01H, the time in seconds, after which the
DATA TYPE:	sensor enables the outputs when the protective field is free, is
BYTE	transferred here.
	This parameter is not used for the other two modes.
Description: Describes the success of the restart definition	



3.2.16 Configuration data of programmed protective fields

Telegram number: C5H (SFDAT_TGM)	
Transfer parameters: Number, name, protective field type, protective field data	
verification flag	0: PF not verified.
for PF	1: PF not verified.
BYTE	PARAMETERS ONLY FOR LSI
LSI ONLY	
PF Number	Field number varies between 1 and 8.
DATA TYPE:	
BYTE	
LSI ONLY	
PF Name	Field name consists of 8 ASCIII characters.
DATA TYPE:	
CHAR[8]	
LSI ONLY	
Protective field	00H -> PF; Rectangular configuration.
type	01H -> PF; Radial configuration.
DATA TYPE:	02H -> PF; Configuration with n segments.
BYTE	03H -> WF; Configuration with n segments.
	04H -> PF; Taught-in protective field.
	07H -> PF; Dynamic protective field
Minute	Range from 0 to 59
DATA TYPE:	Not with warning fields.
BYTE	
Hour	Range from 0 to 23
DATA TYPE:	Not with warning fields.
BYTE	D (4) 04
Day	Range from 1 to 31
DATA TYPE:	Not with warning fields.
BYTE	Danna franc 0 to 44 January's 0
Month	Range from 0 to 11, January is 0.
DATA TYPE:	Not with warning fields.
BYTE	Dange from 05 to may of LINIT
Year DATA TYPE:	Range from 95 to max. of UNIT
UNIT	Corresponds to current year minus 1900.
UNII	Not with warning fields.



Protective field Protective field type 00H: LI, RE, HO as corner values of data rectangle in cm. DATA TYPE: UNIT Protective field type 01H: RADIUS of PF in cm. **DATA TYPE: UNIT** Protective field type 02H: n segments, DATA TYPE: BYTE n+1 radii of equidistant segments of PF in cm. **DATA TYPE: UNIT** Protective field type 03H: n segments, DATA TYPE: BYTE n+1 radii of equidistant segments of WF in cm. **DATA TYPE: UNIT** Protective field type 04H: 361 radii of taught-in measuring points in cm DATA TYPE: UINT. Protective field type 07H: Data of dynam. protective field see Dynam. PF configuration. Description: Supplies the data of the field programmed in the sensor.

3.2.17 Response in teach-in mode

Telegram number: C6H (LMODACK_TGM)	
Transfer parameters: Status	
Status	00H -> Teach-in mode not terminated correctly.
DATA TYPE:	01H -> Teach-in mode terminated, verification can begin.
BYTE	03H -> Teach-in mode is active.
PLS number	Range from 1 to 8
DATA TYPE:	This parameter shows which PLS is used for teaching-in.
BYTE	
LSI ONLY	
Description: Describes success of PF configuration in teach-in mode.	

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3.2.18 Response to balancing (response possible from PLS and LSI)

Telegram number: D0H (AGLACK_TGM)		
Transfer parameters: Status		
Status	00H -> Balancing not OK.	
DATA TYPE:	01H -> Balancing OK.	
BYTE		
Description: Describes the success of the balancing.		

3.2.19 Response to start test definition (PLS only)

Telegram number: E0H (ANLACK_TGM)	
Transfer parameters: Status, mode;	
Status	00H -> Startup test definition not accepted.
DATA TYPE:	01H -> Startup test confirmation received, the
BYTE	desired definition is active in sensor.
	02H -> Startup test definition received, please confirm.
Mode	00H Without startup testing
DATA TYPE:	01H With startup testing
BYTE	
Description: Describes the success of the startup test definition.	

3.2.20 Response to output definition (PLS only)

Telegram number: E2H (OUTPUTACK_TGM)	
Transfer parameters: Status, mode	
Status	00H -> Initial definition not accepted.
DATA TYPE:	01H -> Initial definition transferred.
BYTE	
Mode	00H Output switches both with WF violation and contamination
DATA TYPE:	warning or error.
BYTE	01H Output switches only with WF violation.
	02H Output switches only with contamination warning or error.
Description: Describes the success of the initial definition.	

3.2.21 Response to scan rate definition (PLS only)

Telegram number: E4H (RSPTIMEACK_TGM)	
Transfer parameters: Status, mode;	
Status	00H -> Scan rate definition not accepted.
DATA TYPE:	01H -> Scan rate confirmation received, the desired definition
BYTE	is active in sensor.
	02H -> Scan rate definition received, please confirm.
Scan rate	Between 2 and 16.
DATA TYPE:	Default value for balancing is 2.
BYTE	
Description: Describes the success of the scan rate definition.	

3.2.22 Response to WF type definition (PLS only)



Telegram number: E5H (WSFTYPACK_TGM)	
Transfer parameters: Status, type	
Status	00H -> WF type definition not accepted.
DATA TYPE:	01H -> WF type definition is transferred.
BYTE	
Туре	00H WF is stored in volatile memory.
DATA TYPE:	01H WF is stored in nonvolatile memory.
BYTE	·
Description: Describes the success of the WF type definition.	

3.2.23 Response to permanent baud rate definition

Telegram number: E6H (BRPERMACK_TGM)	
Transfer parameters: Status, type	
Status	00H -> Perm. baud rate definition not accepted.
DATA TYPE:	01H -> Perm. baud rate definition transferred.
BYTE	
Туре	00H Baud rate is set to 9600 baud after POWER ON.
DATA TYPE:	01H Baud rate is not changed after POWER ON .
BYTE	
Description: Describes the success of the permanent baud rate definition.	

3.2.24 Response to LSI / PLS address definition

Telegram number: E7H (ADRACK_TGM)	
Transfer parameters: Status, address	
Status	00H -> Address definition not accepted.
DATA TYPE:	01H -> Address definition transferred.
BYTE	
Address	Current sensor address
DATA TYPE:	
BYTE	
Description: Describes success of address definition.	

3.2.25 Response to laser on / off switching (response possible from PLS)

Telegram number: E8H (LASERACK_TGM)		
Transfer parameters: Status, state		
Status	00H -> Laser state change not accepted.	
DATA TYPE:	01H -> Last state change not transferred.	
BYTE		
State	00H Laser switched off	
DATA TYPE:	01H Laser switched on	
BYTE		
Description: Describes success of switching laser sender on / off.		



3.2.26 Define response to application variant

DEFINE RESPONSE TO APPLICATION VARIANT	
Telegram number: E9H (MNPTESTACK_TGM)	
Transfer parameters: Status, state;	
Status	00H -> Anti-manipulation protection definition not accepted.
DATA TYPE:	01H -> Anti-manipulation protection confirmation received, the
BYTE	desired definition is active in sensor.
	02H -> Anti-manipulation protection definition received, please
	confirm.
Anti-	00H -> Anti-manipulation protection is deactivated.
manipulation	01H -> Anti-manipulation protection is active.
protection state	Default value for balancing is active anti-manipulation protection.
DATA TYPE:	
BYTE	
Description: Describes success of activating/deactivating anti-manipulation	
protection.	



3.2.27 Response to LSI configuration (permitted only in setup or balancing mode)

Tologram numb	ON FOLL / LOWEC ACK TOM
	er: F0H (LSIKFGACK_TGM)
	eters: Status, various parameters;
Status	00H -> LSI configuration definition not accepted.
DATA TYPE:	01H -> LSI configuration confirmation received, the desired
BYTE	definition is active in the LSI.
	02H -> LSI configuration definition received, please confirm.
PLS variant	04 4 Meters
DATA TYPE:	07 7 Meters
BYTE	50 50 Meters
Number of	Number of PLS p connected (max. 4)
	Number of PLS p connected (max. 4)
sensors	
DATA TYPE:	
BYTE	
Sensor name 4	Name of sensors 1 to 4.
times	Name consists of fixed length CHAR[8].
DATA TYPE:	Unused characters are filled with SPACE.
Char[8] 4 times	
4 dummy bytes	Reserved
DATA TÝPÉ:	
BYTE	
Application	Bit 0 - Bit 1 = Desired application variant:
variant	00H Variant for area protection
DATA TYPE:	01H AGV variant.
BYTE	
DIIE	Comment: In the AGV variant, a glare message is ignored if the
	protective fields have a radius of less than 110 cm. In addition, the
	anti-manipulation protection test only comes into effect for a period
	of two hours.
	In the variant for area protection, a glare is always regarded as a
	violation of the protective field. The test period of the anti-
	manipulation protection is 3 seconds.
	Bit 4 - Bit 7 = Desired evaluation algorithm:
	Bit 2 = desired evaluation algorithm:
	00H Standard evaluation
	01H Pixel evaluation
	Bit 3 = reserved
	to
	Bit 7 = reserved
Inputs	Bit 0: port A used if 1
DATA TYPE:	Bit 1: port B used if 1
BYTE	Bit 2: port C used if 1
	Bit 3: port C used if 1
	Bit 4: Restart A used if 1
	Bit 5: Restart B used if 1
	Bit 6: Incremental encoder used if 1BIT 4: free
	Bit 7: RESERVED



Outputs	Bit 0: OSSD A available if 1
DATA TYPE:	Bit 1: OSSD A available if 1
BYTE	Bit 2: free
DITE	
	Bit 3: free
	Bit 4: free
	Bit 5: free
	Bit 6: free
	Bit 7: free
Protection	Bit 0: Contactor monitoring OSSD A is carried out if 1
check	Bit 1: Contactor monitoring OSSD B is carried out if 1
DATA TYPE:	G
BYTE	
Dummy	Reserved
DATA TYPE:	1.Cool ved
BYTE	
	Niverbana fanatastina ingenia na alamintahan
Number of	Number of protective / warning pairs / triplets: s
fields	Valid between MIN 1 and MAX 8
DATA TYPE:	
BYTE	
Field name 8	Name of fields 1 to 8 with pairs.
times	Name consists of fixed length CHAR[8].
DATA TYPE:	Unused characters are filled with SPACE.
Char[8] 8 times	
Dummy	Reserved
DATA TYPE:	1.CSCI VCG
BYTE	
	Describite definitions of manifestors and
Number of	Possible definitions of monitoring case
monitoring	Valid between MIN 1 and MAX 10
cases	
DATA TYPE:	
BYTE	
INC Count 1	Number of pulses from the INC encoder 1 per cm
DATA TYPE:	
UNIT	
INC Count 2	Number of pulses from the INC encoder 2 per cm
DATA TYPE:	
UNIT	
INC tolerance	Difference between the two INC encoders in %
	Diligione permeen the two line eliconers III 30
DATA TYPE:	
UNIT	DUM MAY DYTE
DUMMY	DUMMY BYTE .
DATA TYPE:	
UNIT	
Address	Current LSI address to be set.
DATA TYPE:	
BYTE	
Restart	00H > Restart after actuation of restart button A
OSSD A	01H > Restart after n seconds
DATA TYPE:	02H > Without restart inhibit (default setting)
BYTE	Comment: This parameter determines the LSI behavior after it has
DITE	
	signaled INTERVENTION when the protective field is
	free.



Restart time OSSD A DATA TYPE: BYTE Restart OSSD B DATA TYPE: BYTE	In the case of the 01H mode, the time in seconds, after which the LSI enables the output A when the protective field is free, is transferred here. This parameter is not relevant for the other two modes. 00H > Restart after actuation of restart button B 01H > Restart after n seconds 02H > Without restart inhibit (default setting) Comment: This parameter determines the LSI behavior after it has signaled INTERVENTION when the protective field is free.						
Restart time OSSD B	In the case of the 01H mode, the time in seconds, after which the LSI enables the output B when the protective field is free, is						
DATA TYPE: BYTE	transferred here.						
Startup testing	This parameter is not relevant for the other two modes.						
DATA TYPE:	00H Without startup testing						
BYTE	01HWith startup testing						
Baud rate	Baud rate:						
DATA TYPE:	40H > Configuration for 38400 baud.						
UNIT	41H > Configuration for 19200 baud.						
	42H > Configuration for 9600 baud.						
	48H > Configuration for 500000 baud.						
Description: Des	Description: Describes the success of the scan rate definition.						



3.2.28 Response to monitoring case definition (permitted only in setup or balancing mode)

Telegram numb	er: F2H (UWFACK_TGM)								
	Transfer parameters: Status, MF parameters								
Status	00H -> MF definition not accepte	ad .							
DATA TYPE:	01H -> MF confirmation received, the desired definition is active in								
		a, the desired definition is active in							
BYTE	the LSI.								
	02H -> MF definition received, pl	lease confirm.							
MF No.	MF No.: 1								
DATA TYPE:	MF number or index.	MF number or index.							
BYTE									
MF name	Name of MF 1								
DATA TYPE:	Name consists of fixed length Ch	HAR[8].							
Char[8]	Unused characters are filled with	n SPACE.							
Input diagram	The mask for the input status or								
DATA TYPE:	MF is defined as follows.								
UNIT	BIT 0 and 1 for input A:	$A_LOW = 0x0002$							
01111	Bit o and i for inpacti.	A HIGH = 0x0001							
		A_INCIT = 0x0001 A UNDEF = 0x0003							
	BIT 2 and 3 for input B:	B LOW = 0x0008							
	Bit 2 and 3 for input B.	B HIGH = 0x0004							
		_							
	DIT 4 and 5 familiary 1 D	B_UNDEF = 0x000C							
	BIT 4 and 5 for input D:	$C_LOW = 0x0020$							
		$C_{HIGH} = 0x0010$							
		$C_{UNDEF} = 0x0030$							
	BIT 6 and 7 for input C:	$D_LOW = 0x0080$							
		$D_HIGH = 0x0040$							
		$D_UNDEF = 0x00C0$							
	BIT 8 and 9 free								
	BIT 10 and 11 for INC values:	$I_{NACTIVE} = 0x0000$							
		$I_ACTIVE = 0x0C00$							
Active PLS	Determines the sensor active for	this MF.							
DATA TYPE:	Valid between 1 and 4.								
BYTE									
Active field pair	Determines the protective and w	arning fields active for this MF							
DATA TYPE:	Valid between 1 and 8.	arring riolae active for time ivii :							
BYTE	valia between 1 and 6.								
DUMMY	RESERVED								
DOMINIY DATA TYPE:	NLJERVED								
BYTE									
	Dit O. OCCD A in address of 11.4								
Output diagram	Bit 0: OSSD A is addressed if 1								
DATA TYPE:	Bit 1: OSSD B is addressed if 1								
BYTE	Bit 2: to BIT 7: free								
	Only one OSSD must be assigned	ed to one MF.							
Dummy	Reserved								
DATA TYPE:									
UNIT									
DUMMY	RESERVED								
DATA TYPE:									
BYTE									



Scan rate DATA TYPE: BYTE	Minimum setting: 2 (default with balancing) Maximum setting: 16.				
NextCase1 Byte	Next monitoring case no. 1 - 15, 0xFF means any sequence				
NextCase2 Byte	Next monitoring case no. 1 - 15, 0xFF means any sequence				
MaxSpeed DATA TYPE: INT	Maximum speed for this monitoring case with in cm/sec				
MinSpeed DATA TYPE: INT	Minimum speed for this monitoring case in cm/sec				
Description: The definition described for a MF repeats itself n times for the total number of defined monitoring fields.					

3.2.29 Saving the configuration data (F4H)

Telegram number: F4H (CFGACK_TGM)					
Parameters: Status selection of telegrams to be saved					
Transfer mode		Error-free transmission if 1			
DATA TYPE:		(transfer configuration into EEPROM)			
BYTE		Error-free transmission if 0			
		(ignore configuration)			
Acceptance data	Bit 0:	Pagin configuration in EEDDOM if 1			
Acceptance data DATA TYPE:		Basic configuration in EEPROM if 1			
UNIT	Bit 1:	MF 1 into EEPROM if 1			
UNIT	_	MF 2 into EEPROM if 1			
		MF 3 into EEPROM if 1			
	Bit 4:	MF 4 into EEPROM if 1			
	Bit 5:	MF 5 into EEPROM if 1			
	Bit 6:	MF 6 into EEPROM if 1			
	Bit 7:	MF 7 into EEPROM if 1			
	Bit 8:	MF 8 into EEPROM if 1			
	Bit 9:	MF 9 into EEPROM if 1			
	Bit 10:	MF 10 into EEPROM if 1			
	Bit 11:	MF 11 into EEPROM if 1			
	Bit 12:	MF 12 into EEPROM if 1			
	Bit 13:	MF 13 into EEPROM if 1			
	Bit 14:	MF 14 into EEPROM if 1			
	Bit 15:	MF 15 into EEPROM if 1			



3.2.30 Response to shifting PLS into LSI mode

Telegram numb	Telegram number: F7H (LSIMODEACK_TGM)					
Transfer parame	Transfer parameters:					
Status	00H -> LSI mode change not successful.					
DATA TYPE:	01H -> LSI mode change successful.					
BYTE						
Mode state	00H LSIMODE OFF					
DATA TYPE:	01H LSIMODE ON					
BYTE						
Description: PLS	S changes to "All measured values continuously" operating mode					
Bau	Baud rate 500 Kbaud, not permanent					
LED state can be controlled via LEDSET_TGM						
OSSDs red as standard, LED also.						



4 Overview of telegrams implemented

4.1 Data direction host -> sensor / LSI

i Data direction i	1001	/ 3CH301 / LOI		1			
INITIALIZATION AND RESET	HEAD ER	10H (INIT_TGM)	B C C			_	
SELECTING AND CHANGING THE OPERATING MODE	HEAD ER	20H (BM_TGM)	Mode	Password string	B C C		
MEASURED VALUE REQUEST	HEAD ER	30H (MWANF_TGM)	Mode	No. of segments	ВСС		
SENSOR STATUS REQUEST	HEAD ER	31H (SSANF_TGM)	B C C				
ERROR TELEGRAM REQUEST	HEAD ER	32H (ERRANF_TGM)	B C C				
TESTING DIAGNOSIS MODE REQUEST	HEAD ER	33H (TSTANF_TGM)	TEST NUMBER	B C C			
MEMORY DUMP IN DIAGNOSIS MODE REQUEST	HEAD ER	34H (MEMANF_TGM)	START ADDRESS	NUMBER N OF DATA	DATA1N	B C C	
LSI CONFIGURATION REQUEST	HEAD ER	38H (LSIKFGANF_TGM)	B C C				
MF DEFINITIONS REQUEST	HEAD ER	39H (UWFANF_TGM)	NUMBER OF MF	B C C			
CONFIGURE THE BUMPER PROTECTIVE FIELD	HEAD ER	40H (BSFKFG_TGM)	Mode, Date, Time	LI, RE, HO, EXP OR RADIUS OR SEGMENT DATA	B C C		
CONFIRMATION OF THE CONFIGURATION BUMPER PROTECTIVE FIELD	HEAD ER	41H (BSFCONF_TGM)	Status	B C C		•	
CHANGE THE PASSWORD	HEAD ER	42H (PWCHG_TGM)	Status	PW type	Password string 1	B C C	
CONFIGURE THE COLLISION PROTECTION FIELD	HEAD ER	43H (KSFKFG_TGM)	AS	EP[1]		EP[AS+1]	B C C
DEFINE THE RESTART BEHAVIOR (PERMITTED ONLY IN SETUP OR BALANCING MODE, PLS ONLY)	HEAD ER	44H (WANL_TGM)	Mode	B C C			
CONFIGURED PROTECTIVE FIELDS REQUEST	HEAD ER	45H (SFANF_TGM)	Protectiv e field type	B C C		_	
TEACH-IN MODE	HEAD ER	46H (LMOD_TGM)	Action	Date, Time	ВСС		
CONFIRM RESTART DEFINITION (PERMITTED ONLY IN STARTUP OR BALANCING MODE, PLS ONLY)	HEAD ER	47H (WANLCFRM_TGM)	Mode	B C C			
CONFIGURE DYNAMIC PROTECTIVE FIELD	HEAD ER	48H (DYNSFKFG_TGM)	Dyn. PF paramete rs	B C C			
CONFIGURATION OF DYNAMIC PROTECTIVE FIELD CONFIRMATION	HEAD ER	49H (DYNSFCONF_TGM)	Status	B C C			
PERFORM BALANCING	HEAD ER	50H (AGL_TGM)	Mode	Serial number	B C C		

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DEFINE STARTUP TEST (PERMITTED IN ONLY STARTUP OR BALANCING MODE, PLS ONLY)	HEAD ER	60H (ANLDEF_TGM)	Mode	B C C
CONFIRM STARTUP TEST (PERMITTED ONLY IN STARTUP OR BALANCING MODE, PLS ONLY)	HEAD ER	61H (ANLCFRM_TGM)	Mode	B C C
DEFINE SWITCHING OUTPUT WF OR CONTAMINATION (PERMITTED ONLY IN STARTUP OR BALANCING MODE, PLS ONLY)	HEAD ER	62H (OUTPUTDEF_TGM)	Mode	B C C
DEFINE SCAN RATE (PERMITTED ONLY IN SETUP OR BALANCING MODE, PLS ONLY)	HEAD ER	63H (RSPTIMEDEF_TGM)	Number	B C C
CONFIRM DEFINITION OF SCAN RATE (PERMITTED ONLY IN SETUP OR BALANCING MODE, PLS ONLY)	HEAD ER	64H (RSPTIMECFRM_TGM)	Number	B C C
DEFINE THE WF TYPE (PERMITTED ONLY IN SETUP OR BALANCING MODE, PLS ONLY)	HEAD ER	65H (WSFTYPDEF_TGM)	Туре	B C C
DEFINITION OF PERMANENT BAUD RATE WITH POWERON	HEAD ER	66H (BRPERMDEF_TGM)	Mode	B C C
DEFINITION OF LSI ADDRESS	HEAD ER	67H (ADRDEF_TGM)	Address	B C C
SWITCH LASER SENDER ON/OFF	HEAD ER	68H (LASER_TGM)	State	B C C
DEFINE LSI CONFIGURATION	HEAD ER	70H (LSIKFGDEF_TGM)	KFG paramete rs	B C C
CONFIRMATION FOR LSI CONFIGURATION DEFINITION	HEAD ER	71H (LSIKFGCFRM_TGM)	KFG paramete rs	B C C
DEFINITION OF MONITORING CASE	HEAD ER	72H (UWFDEF_TGM)	MF paramete rs	B C C
CONFIRM DEFINITION OF A MONITORING CASE	HEAD ER	73H (UWFCFRM_TGM)	MF paramete rs	B C C
Save the configuration values in E2Prom	HEAD ER	74H (CFGSAVE_TGM)	PARAMETE RS	
Switch PLS to LSI mode	HEAD ER	77H (LSIMODE_TGM)	B C C	
Control red/green LED of PLS in LSI	HEAD ER	78H (LEDSET_TGM)	Parameters	B C C



4.2 Data direction sensor / LSI -> host

				_				
MESSAGE AFTER POWER ON	HEAD ER	90H (PON_TGM)	Name	SW version	B C C			
MESSAGE AFTER POWER ON	HEAD ER	91H (INIT_ACK_TGM)	B C C					
MESSAGE AFTER POWER ON	HEAD ER	92H (NACK_TGM)	B C C					
OPERATING MODE CHANGE	HEAD ER	A0H (BMACK_TGM)	Status	B C C				
MEASUREMENT	HEAD ER	B0H (MW_TGM)	AMW	MW[1]		MW [AMW]	B C C	
SENSOR STATUS	HEAD ER	B1H (SS_TGM)	SW Version	Oper. mode	Statu s	Ser- ial number		В С С
ERROR MESSAGE TEST MESSAGE	HEAD ER	B2H (ERR_TGM)	Error type	Error number / test number	othe r error	B C C		
MEMORY DUMP	HEAD ER	B4H (MEMRD_TGM)	Start address	Number n of Data bytes 1	s Data	B C C		
LSI CONFIGURATION DATA	HEAD ER	B8H (LSIKFG_TGM)	LSI config. parameters	B C C				
MF DEFINITION DATA	HEAD ER	B9H (UWF_TGM)	MF parameters	B C C				
RESPONSE TO PF CONFIGURATION	HEAD ER	C0H (BSFACK_TGM)	Status, Mode, Date, Time	LI, RE, HO, EXP OR RADIUS OR SEGMENT DATA	EX B P C			
RESPONSE TO PF CONFIRMATION	HEAD ER	C1H (BSFCFRM_TGM)	Status	B C C	•	1		
CONFIRM NEW PASSWORD	HEAD ER	C2H (PWACK_TGM)	Status, PW type	B C C				
RESPONSE TO WF CONFIGURATION	HEAD ER	C3H (KSFACK_TGM)	Status	B C C				
RESPONSE TO RESTART DEFINITION (PLS ONLY)	HEAD ER	C4H (WANLACK_TGM)	Status	Mode B C C				
CONFIGURATION DATA OF PROTECTIVE FIELD	HEAD ER	C5H (SFDAT_TGM)	Protective field type, Date, Time	Protective field data 1		Protective field data n		
RESPONSE IN TEACH-IN MODE	HEAD ER	C6H (LMODACK_TGM)	Status	B C C				
RESPONSE TO DYNAM. PF CONFIGURATION	HEAD ER	C8H (DYNSFACK_TGM)	Status, Dyn. PF data	B C C				
RESPONSE TO DYNAM. PF CONFIRMATION	HEAD ER	C9H (DYNSFCFRM_TGM)	Status	B C C				
RESPONSE TO PERFORM BALANCING	HEAD ER	D0H (AGLACK_TGM)	Status	B C C				

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RESPONSE TO START TEST DEFINITION (PLS ONLY)	HEAD ER	E0H (ANLACK_TGM)	Status	Mode	B C C	
RESPONSE TO OUTPUT DEFINITION (PLS ONLY)	HEAD ER	E2H (OUTPUTACK_TGM)	Status	MODE	B C C	
RESPONSE TO SCAN RATE DEFINITION (PLS ONLY)	HEAD ER	E4H (RSPTIMEACK_TGM)	Status	Number	B C C	
RESPONSE TO WF TYPE DEFINITION (PLS ONLY)	HEAD ER	E5H (WSFTYPACK_TGM)	Status	Type B C C		
RESPONSE TO PERM. BAUD RATES DEFINITION	HEAD ER	E6H (BRPERMACK_TGM)	Status	Туре	B C C	
RESPONSE TO DEFINE LSI ADDRESS	HEAD ER	E7H (ADRACK_TGM)	Status	Address	B C C	
RESPONSE TO SWITCHING LASER SENDER ON/OFF	HEAD ER	E8H (LASERACK_TGM)	Status	State	B C C	
RESPONSE TO LSI CONFIGURATION	HEAD ER	F0H (LSIKFGACK_TGM)	Status	LSI config. parameters	B C C	
RESPONSE TO MONITORING CASE DEFINITION	HEAD ER	F2H (UWFACK_TGM)	Status	MF parameters	B C C	
Response to Configure values in E2Prom	HEAD ER	F4H (CFGACK_TGM)	Status	PARAMETERS		
Response to shifting PLS into LSI mode	HEAD ER	F7H (LSIMODEACK_TGM)	Status	B C C		

The names in brackets next to the telegram numbers are the constant definitions which are also used in the system software of the sensor.



5 Overview of the mode restrictions with regard to the various telegram requests from the user

X indicates that the telegram request is permitted in the corresponding operating mode.

	Monitoring mode	Diagnosis mode	Balancing mode	Setup mode
INIT_TGM	X	Х	Х	Х
BM_TGM	X	Х	Х	Х
MWANF_TGM	X	Х	Х	Х
SSANF_TGM	X	X	Χ	X
ERRANF_TGM	X	X	Χ	X
KSFKFG_TGM	(X)	(X)	Χ	X
SFANF_TGM	Χ	X	X	X
MEMANF_TGM	Χ	X	X	X
LSIKFGANF_TGM	Χ	X	Χ	X
UWFANF_TGM	Χ	X	Χ	X
TSTANF_TGM	(with fatal error)	Х		
AGL_TGM			Х	(Contaminati on measurement permitted)
WANL_TGM			Χ	X
WANLCFRM_TGM			Χ	X
ANLDEF_TGM			X	X
ANLCFRM_TGM			Χ	X
OUTPUTDEF_TGM			Χ	X
RSPTIMEDEF_TGM			X	X
RSPTIMECFRM_TGM			Χ	X
WFTYPDEF_TGM			Χ	X
BSFKFG_TGM			Χ	Χ
BSFCONF_TGM			Х	X
DYNSFKFG_TGM			Х	X
DYNSFCONF_TGM			Х	X
PWCHG_TGM			Х	X
LMOD_TGM			Χ	X
BRPERMDEF_TGM			Χ	X
ADRDEF_TGM			X	X
LASER_TGM	X	X	Χ	X
LSIKFGDEF_TGM			X	X
LSIKFGCFRM_TGM			Х	Х
UWFDEF_TGM			Х	X
UWFCFRM_TGM			X	X
LSIMODE_TGM			Х	X
LEDSET_TGM	Χ			



6 Abbreviations and notes

The data type BYTE corresponds to the range 0 to 255, length 1 byte. The data type UINT corresponds to the range 0 to 2¹⁶-1, length 2 bytes.

Hexadecimal values are used in the following representations:

- 0xAA
- 0AAH
- 0AAh

The designations for the protective field can vary between:

- SPF for safe protective field
- BSP for bumper protective field
- PF for protective field

The designations for the warning field can vary between:

- WPF for warning protective field
- KSK for collision protective field
- WF for warning field

The designation for a monitoring case or the monitoring case definition is MF or MFD.

The control characters used in the transfer protocol are defined as follows:

- STX 002H
- ACK 006H
- DLE 010H
- NAK 015H