Delphini-1 Project: Satellite Tracking Applications

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1 Introduction

I have developed two satellite tracking applications for the control room. The first application, Satellite Earth View (SEV) displays a view of Earth from the satellite's position in orbit. The second application, Satellite Map View (SMV) displays the satellite's current position on an interactive map. The front end of the applications are based on Google's mapping platform. This is done to ensure maximum compatibility, flexibility and extendability. The back end (the computation of the satellite's position) is written in Python and compiled in a module called sattrack.

1.1 Satellite Earth View

SEV shows a satellite-tracking view of Earth, see Fig. 1. The application is powered by Google Earth Pro, a free mapping software available on Windows, Mac and Linux. Google Earth has support for a wide range of custom made input, such as graphical overlays, animated tours, etc. This input is created in the Keyhole Markup Language (KML), which is a format based on the Extensible Markup Language (XML). KML is the official standard recognized by the Open Geospatial Consortium. I have developed a simple Python routine that will create a KML file containing a track of the satellite's coordinates (specified by latitude, longitude and altitude) as a function of time. The Python routine uses a two-line element set as input and simply computes coordinates from a chosen start date to an end date. By opening the KML file in Google Earth, it is possible to play back the track. It is possible to display a view from satellite's position at any time (past, current or future). Note that SEV does not take into account any information about the camera (e.g. field of view, resolution, etc.). It simply presents a view of Earth from a given set of (latitude, longitude, altitude). The camera angle, playback speed, etc. is customizable. Google Earth has support for displaying a daily updated cloud cover map and accurate day/night lighting.

1.2 Satellite Map View

SMV displays the satellite's current position, live updating, on a interactive 2D map, see Fig. 2. The front end of SMV is written in HTML and JavaScript (using the Google Maps Javascript API) and will run in any modern webbrowser. The back end is powered by sattrack. In addition to showing the satellite's current position, it is possible to plot map overlays in the KML format. Examples include showing the orbit, a marker indicating the ground station, markers showing positions of scheduled images, etc. These overlays can be constructed either directly from KML files or using the graphical interface of Google My Maps (google.com/mymaps).



Figure 1: SEV showing the view of Earth underneath the ISS on $14/12\ 2017\ 6:31$ UTC. It is possible to remove the satellite icon and orbit for a cleaner look.

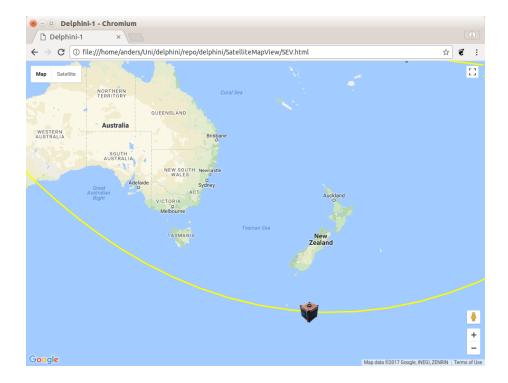


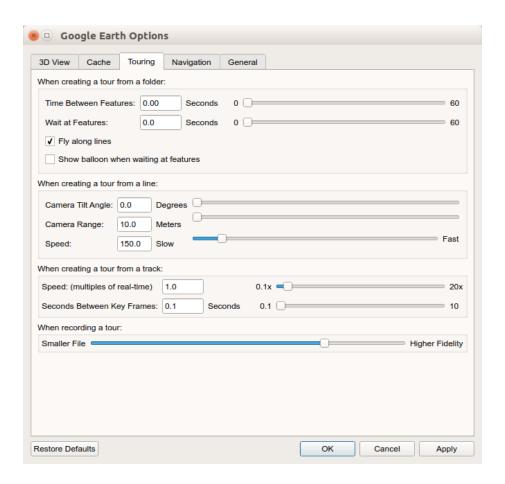
Figure 2: SMV showing a live updating map of ISS's position and orbit.

2 User Manual

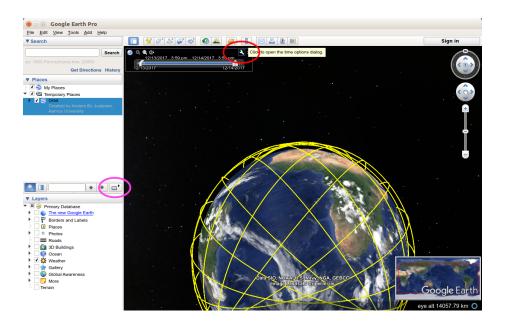
The routines are hosted at github.com/ajustesen/delphini. The Python routines are written for Python 2.7 and requires the modules numpy and ephem. The routines have been tested with the latest version of these modules on Ubuntu 16.04. The instructions (and this report) are also contained in the README file in the repository.

2.1 Instructions for Satellite Earth View

- Download and install Google Earth Pro.
- Under Tools -> Options -> Touring, use the following settings:



- Create a KML file using the Python script create_KML_file.py (instructions inside) and open it with Google Earth.
- Make sure that Google Earth is set to UTC time in the Date and Time Options by clicking the icon highlighted in red below:



- To start SEV, press the Play Tour button highlighted above in pink.

SEV will start playing from the startdate you set in the create_KML_file.py script. To sync SEV to a realtime view, simply navigate to the current date and time. You can toggle layers (such as day/night view, cloud map, etc.) in the side bar under Layers.

2.1.1 Instructions for Satellite Map View

The executable Python script compute_coordinates must be running in a terminal. When compute_coordinates is active, it will update the coordinates every 250ms and save them to a file coord.js.

- Make sure that compute_coordinates has execute permission (chmod +x compute_coordinates).
- Start compute_coordinates with a TLE file in the terminal, e.g.:

```
./compute_coordinates ISS.TLE
```

Optionally use the --verbose flag to display coordinates in the terminal. If you want to change the KML overlay (to plot e.g. the orbit), simply change the url to your favorite KML file in SMV.html at this point in the code (the default KML layer shows the ground station but not the orbit):

```
/* Load KML layer from URL or local path */
new google.maps.KmlLayer({
   map: map,
   url: 'https://www.google.com/maps/d/kml?mid=1919HD6uTNVHiKjLJFXtOXJqB00cuDFEe',
   preserveViewport: true
});
```

 $-\ With\ {\tt compute_coordinates}\ running, simply\ open\ {\tt SEV.html}\ in\ a\ web\ browser.$