```
for(int i = 0; i < messageChar.length; i++)
{
    revMessage.add(messageChar[messageChar.length-i]);
}</pre>
```

Logic error: the array is trying to input a value into an undefined index

```
for(int i = messageChar.length-1; i>=0;i--)
{
    revMessage.add(messageChar[i]);
}
```

Fixed by decreasing i and thus keeping the index of messageChar to be added as i.

```
[on (int j =0; j < messageChar.length; j++)
{
    if(revMessage.get(j) != messageChar[j])
    {
        System.out.println("Your phrase is NOT a Palindrome.");
        break;
    }
    else
    {
        System.out.println("Your phrase IS a Palindrome.");
        break;
    }
}</pre>
```

Logic error: the "is a palindrome" statement only accounts for if the first and last letter of the phrase are the same rather than the entire phrase.

```
for(int j =0; j< messageChar.length;j++)
{
    if(revMessage.get(j) != messageChar[j])
    {
        pdrome = false;
        break;
    }
    else
    {
        pdrome = true;
    }
}

if (pdrome = false)
{
        System.out.print("Your message is NOT a Palindrome.");
}

else
{
        System.out.print("The message IS a Palindrome.");
}</pre>
```

Syntax error: in if statement i am using the sign to make pdrome equal to false rather than comparing it.

```
boolean pdrome = false;

for(int j =0; j< messageChar.length;j++)
{
    if(revMessage.get(j) != messageChar[j])
    {
        pdrome = false;|
        break;
    }
    else
    {
        pdrome = true;
    }
}

if (pdrome == false)
{
    System.out.print("Your message is NOT a Palindrome.");
}

else
{
    System.out.print("The message IS a Palindrome.");
}</pre>
```

Both issues are fixed here by using a boolean variable to hold true as long as reverse character is the same as original message character.