Project 1

<Mastermind>

CIS-7- 43527

Name: Koksal, Attila

Date: 4/15/2022

Introduction

This project revolves around the game, Mastermind. I am doing this game since it's a game that is really enjoying and fun to play.

Summary

The program is 185 lines of code. This project meets the criteria of the first project because of how it implements a simple version of the game Mastermind in C++ code. This project utilizes pointers, arrays, and many more as well as 13 variables are used in this project. 32 constructs were utilized in this project. It was challenging for me, especially to be able to provide the user the hints to help with guessing the correct answer when the user got a guess wrong since it used the user's previous input to construct the hints provided thereafter. It took approximately 15 hours, including research, review, debugging, and coding, in total to complete this project.

Description

With the goal of creating a playable mastermind game, there are various sections and challenges to be completed. These steps include using a random number generator to generate a random correct answer for the user to try to guess at for a designated number of guesses depending on the chosen difficulty level. Then, enable the user to input possible combinations to try to get the correct answer through the usage of hints, which are derived from the user's previous inputs in order to assist the user in getting the correct answer and winning the game. The hints by far is the most complex part in this entire game but also the most interesting since the user can use those to increase his/her chance at winning the game. At the end of the # of total guesses available depending on the selected difficulty, if the user doesn't guess within that range, they lose whereas if they are able to guess then they are proclaimed the winner. The user can play the game for as long as he/she wants to unless provided with a "no," which thereby the program concludes to an end.

Pseudocode

Select the difficulty level of Mastermind to play

While game is not over

Enter a guess

If the guess is correct

Print player win

If player wants to play game again

Continue game

End the game

If the guess is incorrect

Print the number of pegs with the correct color and position

Print the number of pegs with the correct color, but in the wrong position

Notify user how many guesses are left to use

Ask user to enter another guess

Repeat steps above until either the user loses or wins the game

Variables

string choice = "";

- The name of the variable is called choice.
- Its type is a string.
- It stores which difficulty level the player chooses to play the game in.
- It is located on line 23.

int guesses;

- The name of the variable is called guesses.
- Its type is an integer.
- It stores the number of guesses available at each difficulty level.
- It is located on line 36.

char answer [8];

- The name of the variable is called answer.
- Its type is a character array holding 4 elements.
- It stores the randomly generated correct answer for the game.
- It is located on line 50.

bool repeat = true;

- The name of the variable is called repeat.
- Its type is a boolean.
- It determines how long the player wants to play the game for.
- It is located on line 51.

int numBlack = 0;

- The name of the variable is called numBlack.
- Its type is an integer.
- It represents the # of black pegs.
- It is located on line 53.

int numWhite = 0;

- The name of the variable is called numWhite.
- Its type is an integer.

- It represents the # of white pegs.
- It is located on line 54.

string guess;

- The name of the variable is called guess.
- Its type is a string.
- It stores the guess given by the user as input for the game to be played.
- It is located on line 68.

bool correct = false;

- The name of the variable is called correct.
- Its type is a boolean.
- It sets the correct answer automatically to false before any input is taken.
- It is located on line 69.

int z = 0;

- The name of the variable is called z.
- Its type is an integer.
- It acts as a placeholder for the game code to run.
- It is located on line 70.

string repeatagain = "";

- The name of the variable is called repeatagain.
- Its type is a string.
- It stores the user's input for if they want to play the game again.
- It is located on line 102.

bool exact = true;

- The name of the variable is called exact.
- Its type is a boolean.
- It checks in assumption that the given input guess is in fact correct.
- It is located on line 139.

int rightColorAndPlacement;

- The name of the variable is called rightColorAndPlacement.
- Its type is an integer.
- It keeps a total of # of pegs that are right color/right spot to use in the hints section.
- It is located on line 140.

int rightColorWrongSpot;

- The name of the variable is rightColorWrongSpot.
- Its type is an integer.
- It keeps a total of # of pegs that are right color/wrong spot to use in the hints section.

- It is located on line 141.

int wrongWhiteGuessed = 0;

- The name of the variable is called wrongWhiteGuessed.
- Its type is an integer.
- It tracks the # of incorrectly-placed pegs that are white to use in the second hint.
- It is located on line 143.

int wrongBlackGuessed = 0;

- The name of the variable is called wrongBlackGuessed.
- Its type is an integer.
- It tracks the # of incorrectly-placed pegs that are black to use in the second hint.
- It is located on line 144.

Program

```
// Mastermind
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
#include <cstdlib>
#include <ctime>
using namespace std;
bool validGuess(string);//determines if a player's guess is even
string capitalize(string);//used to make every letter uppercase in an input string
bool hintCreator(string, char*, int, int);//creates the hints for the game and checks if user has
guessed the correct combination
int main(int argc, char** argv){
  string choice = "";
```

```
cout << "Welcome to Mastermind." << endl;</pre>
cout << "Please select a difficulty level:" << endl;</pre>
cout << "1 = Easy. 2 = Medium. 3 = Hard." << endl;//Select a difficulty
cin >> choice;
while (choice != "1" && choice != "2" && choice != "3"){//ask again if choice isn't valid
  cout << "Invalid choice. Please enter a 1, 2, or 3: ";
  cin >> choice;
}
int guesses;
if (choice == "1"){
  guesses = 12;
  cout << "Easy selected!" << endl;</pre>
}
else if (choice == "2"){
  guesses = 10;
  cout << "Medium selected!" << endl;</pre>
}
else{
  guesses = 8;
  cout << "Hard selected!" << endl;</pre>
}//the difficulty level decides how many guesses the player gets
char answer [8];//initialize a character array of length 4
bool repeat = true;//determine how long player wants to play the game
do{
```

```
int numBlack = 0;//# of black pegs
     int numWhite = 0;//# of white pegs
     srand(time(0));//set up a time using srand()
     for (int i = 0; i < 8; i++){//for each character
       if(rand() % 2 == 0){//generate a random number and then determine if value is odd or
even
          answer[i] = 'W';//randomly assign every peg to be white or black
          numWhite++;
       }
       else{
          answer[i] = 'B';
          numBlack++;
       }
     }
     string guess;
     bool correct = false;
     int z = 0;
     while (z < guesses && !correct){//game code
       cout << "Enter a guess: ";//ask for a guess from the user
       cin >> guess;
       while (!validGuess(guess)){//Once a guess is made, validate it and if it's not valid, keep
asking until one that qualifies is received
          cout << "Invalid input. Please enter a four-character input consisting solely of B and
W" << endl;
          cout << "Enter a guess: ";</pre>
          cin >> guess;
       }
```

correct = hintCreator(capitalize(guess), answer, numWhite, numBlack);//create hints for the given guess and determine if guessed correctly

```
if(correct){//if user is correct, they win the game
          cout << "Congratulations, you win!" << endl;</pre>
        }
       else{//if user is wrong, notify user of many guesses they have left
          cout << "Incorrect! You have " << guesses-z << " guesses left!" << endl;</pre>
       }
       z++;//increment z
     }
     if(!correct){//if number of guesses is exceeded, the player loses
       cout << "You're all out of guesses! I win!" << endl;
       cout << "The code was ";</pre>
       for (int q = 0; q < 8; q++){//print the actual answer to the game
            cout << answer[q];</pre>
        }
       cout << "!" << endl;
     }
     cout << "Play again? (y/n) "; //ask the user if they want to play again after the game has
concluded
     string repeatagain = "";
     cin >> repeatagain;
```

```
while(repeatagain != "y" && repeatagain != "Y" && repeatagain != "n" && repeatagain !=
"N"){//validate the user's given input
       cout << "Invalid input. Enter either 'y' or 'n': ";</pre>
       cin >> repeatagain;
     if(repeatagain == "n" || repeatagain == "N"){
       repeat = false;
     }//if user doesn't want to play again, the do-while loop breaks and if user does want to play
again, just let the loop continue as it is
  }while(repeat);
}
bool validGuess(string guess){//determines if a player's guess is even
  if(guess.length() != 8){//if player inputs a four character long guess, then don't accept it
     return false;
  }
  for(int i = 0; i < 8; i++){//if guess has four letters, then go through the input and check if each
letter is either a w, W, b, or B
     if(toupper(guess[i]) != 'W' && toupper(guess[i]) != 'B'){
       return false;//if input is wrong at all, then invalid guess
     }
  }
  return true;//if true still, then valid guess from player
}
string capitalize(string s){//used to make every letter uppercase in an input string
```

```
for(int i = 0; i < s.length(); i++){
     s[i] = toupper(s[i]);
}
return s;
}</pre>
```

bool hintCreator(string guess, char* answer, int numW, int numB){//creates the hints for the game and checks if user has guessed the correct combination

bool exact = true;//the assumption that the guess is in fact correct

int rightColorAndPlacement = 0;//keeps totals of # of pegs that are right color/right spot and right color/wrong spot to use in the hints section

```
int rightColorWrongSpot = 0;
```

```
int wrongWhiteGuessed = 0;
```

int wrongBlackGuessed = 0;//tracks the # of incorrectly-placed pegs that are white and black to use in the second hint

```
for(int i = 0; i < 8; i++){//for every letter of the given guess
```

if(guess[i] == answer[i]){//check to see if it matches with the corresponding peg in the given guess

rightColorAndPlacement++;//increment the number of perfectly right pegs

 $if(guess[i] == 'W') \{ /\! / keeps \ track \ of \ if \ the \ perfectly \ correct \ peg \ is \ white \ or \ black \ and \ this \ comes \ into \ account \ when \ providing \ the \ second \ hint$

```
numW--;
}
else if(guess[i]== 'B'){
   numB--;
}
```

}

```
else{//if the peg in the given guess and the corresponding peg in the correct answer are not
the same
      exact = false;//if so, change the value of exact
      if(guess[i] == 'W'){//record an incorrect peg either white or black in the two counter
variables below
         wrongWhiteGuessed++;
       }
      else if(guess[i]== 'B'){
         wrongBlackGuessed++;
       }
  }
  if (wrongWhiteGuessed >= numW) {
    rightColorWrongSpot += numW;
  }
  else {
    rightColorWrongSpot += wrongWhiteGuessed;
  }
  if (wrongBlackGuessed >= numB) {
    rightColorWrongSpot += numB;
  }
  else {
    rightColorWrongSpot += wrongBlackGuessed;
  }
  cout << "You have " << rightColorAndPlacement << " pegs of the correct color and position."
```

<< endl;

```
cout << "You have " << rightColorWrongSpot << " pegs that are the right color, but in the
wrong position." << endl << endl;

return exact;//returns if player guess is the exact answer
}</pre>
```