

## Maths Test

Answer any five questions:

Mark:-  $7 \times 5 = 35$

1. If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & -2 & 1 \\ 4 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ , then show that  $A^3 - 23A - 40I = 0$

2. If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 \\ 2 & 0 & 3 \\ 3 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 2 \\ -1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & -4 \\ 2 & 0 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ ,

find  $A(BC) = A(BC)$ .

3. If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & \sqrt{3} & 2 \\ 4 & 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ ,

Verify that i)  $(A')' = A$

ii)  $(A+B)' = A' + B'$ .

4. If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 4 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & -6 \end{bmatrix}$ , verify that  $(AB)' = B'A'$ .

5. If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 & 3 \\ -1 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$  then find  $2A - B$ ,

$3A - 4B$ , and  $B - 3A$ .

6. If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{3} & 1 & -1 \\ 2 & 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & \sqrt{5} & 1 \\ -2 & 3 & \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$  find  $A+B$  and  $B+A$ .