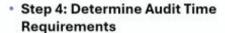






- Completed during the application process and serves as a foundational input
- Step 2: Confirm Audit Criteria
  - Specifies standards being audited (e.g., ISO 27001, ISO 27701, ISO 42001)
- Step 3: Establish the Audit Frequency
  - Usually, spans a 3-year cycle but could vary based on transfer audits from another certification body; special audits





- Based on headcount and audit criteria
- Step 5: Establish Audit Team and Resources
  - Lead auditors, supporting staff, and technical experts, as needed
- Step 6: Develop the Audit Schedule
  - Initial certification audits require two stages



## Reviewing & Adjusting the Audit Program

- Annual Review
  - Conducted ahead of the audit and after reapplication to ensure suitability
- Reasons for Adjustments
  - Findings from prior audits necessitating additional focus
  - New risks to the management system requiring updates
  - Organizational changes, such as scope expansion or turnover, affecting criteria, team composition, or time requirements



## Tips for a Successful Audit Program

- Scalability: flexible to accommodate changes in scope year-over-year
- Consistency: a well-structured audit plan promotes professionalism and thoroughness
- Resource Allocation: properly allocated time and competent auditors ensure audit objectives are met
  - Periodic auditor rotation maintains impartiality and independence

