

#### Question 4.

Prove that the following function is convex for  $x > 0 ; x \in R$ :

$$g(x) = - \prod_{i=1}^n x_i^{p_i}, \quad p_i \geq 0 ; \sum_i p_i = 1$$

We will use the composition statement from the book from Stephen Boyd. (page 86), which says:

If  $f(x)$  is concave and positive, then  $1/f(x)$  is convex.

Indeed: Let's take  $f(x)$  concave positive function ( $f(x) > 0$ ). The composition function will be  $h(x) = \frac{1}{x}$ , which is convex ( $h''(x) > 0$ ), and decreasing ( $h'(x) < 0$ ) for  $x \in R^+$ . Then:

$$g(x) = h(f(x)) = \frac{1}{f(x)}$$

Showing that its second derivative is positive:

$$g''(x) = \underbrace{h''(f(x))}_{>0} \underbrace{f'(x)^2}_{>0} + \underbrace{h'(f(x))}_{<0} \underbrace{g''(x)}_{<0} > 0$$

In our case, proving that  $-\prod_{i=1}^n x_i^{p_i}$  is convex is equal to proving that  $\prod_{i=1}^n x_i^{p_i}$  is concave.

From the previous statement, since  $\prod_{i=1}^n x_i^{p_i}$  is positive ( $x > 0 ; p_i \geq 0 \forall i$ ) and concave, it is equal to proving that  $\frac{1}{\prod_{i=1}^n x_i^{p_i}}$  is convex. Rewriting. Need to prove:

$$g_2(x) = \left( \prod_{i=1}^n x_i^{p_i} \right)^{-1} = \prod_{i=1}^n x_i^{-p_i}$$

Is convex.

Using exp and log trick to turn multiplication into sum:

$$g_2(x) = e^{\log(\prod_{i=1}^n x_i^{-p_i})} = e^{\sum_{i=1}^n \log(x_i^{-p_i})} = e^{\sum_{i=1}^n -\log(x_i^{p_i})}$$

Since  $\log$  is a concave function for positive values, thus  $-\log$  is convex. So,

$$y = \sum_{i=1}^n -\log(x_i^{p_i})$$

Is the sum of convex functions, thus is also convex.

Further,  $e^y$  is also convex, since it is a composition of 2 convex functions, where  $y$  is convex, and  $e$  is convex and non-decreasing. Thus, we prove that  $g_2(x)$  is convex, thus  $g(x)$  is also convex.