Friction! - It is a property of two 1 surfaces in contact by virtue & which a resisting force is developed so as to oppose the sliding motion between two surfaces. This resisting force is called as "friction: force".

- FF will act in opposite motion to the direction of motion
- Impending motion is the state of the body in which the body is on the verge of motion.
- This state do the body is called as Limiting Equipoium.
 - Each surface exerts a force on other one. They form action-reaction pair.

Types of Friction- D Dry friction - between two dry surfaces - Coulomb's friction.

exists because of irregulators of surfaces.

2) Fluid friction! - between particles or layers of fluids (liquids or gases) It exists because of cohesive force or intermolecular attraction

Types of dry friction - D static friction

2) Kinetic friction It is experienced

when the booky is at

while Rolling over restor in = m.

other surface other surface

Limiting Friction: - (FL): It is the maximum friction force that can be developed between two surfaces in contact under the given situation before the motion starts.

Impending motion: - It is the state of a body when the body is on the verge of motion.

This condition is called as limiting equilibrium.

-> Friction Force will be maximum when the body is in impending motion. i.e. limiting =m.

Forces on the block (body) are -

- i) weight of the body = mg = W
- 2) Normal reaction from the surface. both ob them will not cause a motion.
- of the block will not move NR as FF7 P
 - · If P is 1, then FF will also 1.
 - · But there is a limitation of FF to increase
 - : when P>FF body will go in impending motion & then start moving. The FF will drop down.
- . FF is maximum when body is in impending motion or limiting = m. - The force required to maintain motion with uniform velocity is mandravaducen less than the limiting FF.

4 cases: - 1) P not present, body in =m, no motion, all Forces & reactions one in =m

- 2) Papplied but not large enough to set the body in motion.
 - 3) Papplied is just enough to start the motion of the body
 - 4) Papplied overcomes all opposing forces and sets the body in motion.

Angle of repose: - It is the minimum angle
between the inclined plane and the horizontal
between the inclined plane and the horizontal
out which the body tends to slide down the
slope under its own
weight without application
weight without application

Factors on which foiction depends:

1) Nature of the surfaces in contact
2) Normal reaction (NR) bet the surfaces in contact

Normal Reaction NR! - If a body is resting on quantice and is not moving, there exists a force exerted by the surface on the body in contact with it which prevents the body from passing through the surface it which prevents the body from passing through the surface. NR exists even this is NR which is Lar to the surface. NR exists even though Friction force is not existing.