

Master in Data Science – Introduction

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November 27, 2019

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1 The Data Scientists

2 The Data Science Process

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Why data science?

The intelligente use of data:

- has become a source of competitive advantage
 - Better knowledge about the market
 - Better knowledge about your customers

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The data science process

Data → Information → Decision

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The goal

Data-Driven Decision Making

What is a data scientist?

Key skills

- Fitting in an **organization**, leading projects in a heterogeneous environment, aligning with strategy
- Data-Analytic **Thinking**
- How to extract **knowledge** from data

The three facets of a data scientist

- Functional (domain knowledge)
- Analytical (how to extract knowledge from data)
- Technical (how to implement the data science process)

What is a data scientist?

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The three facets of a data scientist

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Question

- Are the three facets equally important?
- Which facet is the most important?

Skills demanded in job postings

Analytical skills

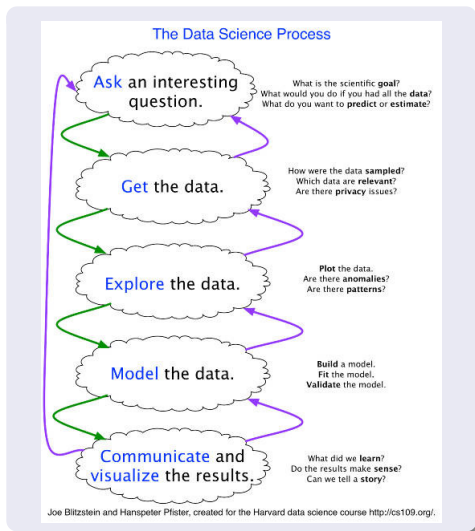
- Machine Learning
- Statistics
- Bias towards engineering and scientific backgrounds

Technical skills

- R
- Python
- SQL
- Hadoop, Spark and Big Data (covered only partially)
- Visualization technologies (Tableau, Qlik)
- Excel

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The Data Science process



- 1 Ask a question
 - *Domain expertise*
- 2 Get and prepare the data
 - *Python, Pandas, R*
- 3 Explore the data
 - *Pandas, Matplotlib, R, Spark, Tableau*
- 4 Model the data
 - *Python Scikit-Learn, R, Spark*
- 5 Communicate the results
 - *Tableau*

<http://www.kdnuggets.com/2016/03/data-science-process-rediscovered.html>

But it is always iterative...

Very rarely (never?) you will do it in just one pass



https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cross_Industry_Standard_Process_for_Data_Mining

What kind of questions can we answer to?

Machine Learning & Statistics Applications

Supervised Learning

- Classification
- Regression
- Ranking

Unsupervised Learning

- Clustering
- Association Mining
- Segmentation
- Dimension Reduction

Reinforcement Learning

- Decision Process
- Reward System
- Recommendation Systems

<http://www.kdnuggets.com/2015/09/questions-data-science-can-answer.html>

What kind of questions can we answer to?

Classifications of questions

- Is this A or B ?
 - Binary classification
- Is this A , B , C or D ?
 - Multi-class classification
- Is this normal or weird?
 - Anomalies detection
- How much or how many?
 - Regression
- How is this data organized?
 - Unsupervised learning
 - Dimensionality reduction
- What should I do now?
 - Recommendation systems

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The (main) program

■ Intro to data science

- Setup environment, working with the command line, intro to Git

■ Data analysis

- Python for Data Analysis
- Intro to Statistical Programming (R)

■ Machine Learning and Statistics (R, Python)

- Including a brief introduction to **Deep Learning**

■ Big Data

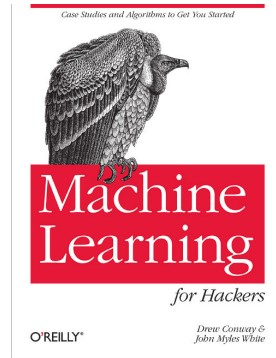
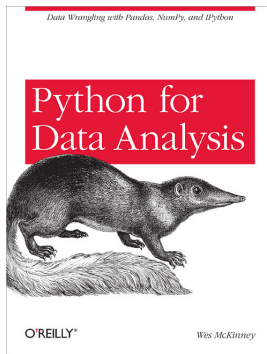
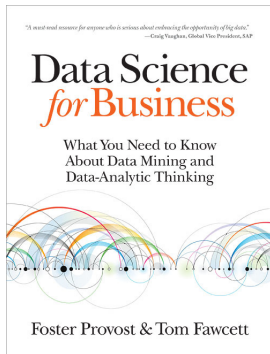
- Very brief intro to Hadoop and Spark, using Python
- First steps in Google Cloud Platform

■ Visualization and Business Intelligence

- Dashboards development with Tableau
- Brief intro to D3.js

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Recommended books



Share promiscuously

You need visibility

- Use the social networks to position yourself as a data scientist
 - **Crucial:** Profile in [LinkedIn](#) and share, share, share!
 - Share frequently about your progress in the master
- Share your code in [Github](#) or Bitbucket
 - Try to use it frequently, so it always shows recent activity
 - Don't worry if you don't know Git, we will see in the first session
- Don't mix (too much) your personal postings with your data scientist postings
 - For instance, use Facebook for your personal network, and Twitter for your professional postings

Recommended readings

Amadeus Data Scientists series

<http://www.amadeus.com/blog/tag/data-scientist/>

Guía de las profesiones de Internet

<http://www.avanzaentucarrera.com/llegaraser/profesiones-y-profesionales-de-internet>

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Key ideas to remember during the master

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- If you look too hard at a set of data, you will find something – but it **might not generalize beyond** the data you are looking at.

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- Formulating **data science solutions** and evaluating the results involve thinking carefully about the **context in which they will be used**.

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- Formulating **data science solutions** and evaluating the results involve thinking carefully about the **context in which they will be used**.
- It's not about the technologies. Technology will always change very fast. **Learn the concepts**, apply them with technology. **Be open to learning** new technologies (and sometimes it will also imply learning new concepts). **The only constant is change**.

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Program for this week

Intro to data science

We have just completed this part.

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The environment

Setting up the environment

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Starting with Git

Intro to Git, and the importance of sharing our source code

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Getting familiar with the command line

Many times the shell command line is enough to answer to a lot of questions