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Title: Stack Implementation in java

Aims:

- Getting practice with Stack
- Getting practice with push, peek, pop, size and isempty methods.

Tasks:

- 1. Execute the following code,
 - a. Stack class with push, pop and peek method.

```
public class stack {
  int stack[]=new int[5];
  int top=0;
  public void push(int data)
     stack[top]=data;
     top++;
  }
  public int pop()
     int data;
     top--;
     data=stack[top];
     stack[top]=0;
     return data;
  }
  public int peek()
     int data;
     data=stack[top-1];
     return data;
  }
  public void display()
     for(int i=0; i<stack.length; i++)
     {
```

```
System.out.print(" "+stack[i]);
    }
  }
}
b. Main class
    public class main_method {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
         stack st=new stack();
         st.push(2);
         st.push(3);
         System.out.println("The peek value is : "+st.peek());
         st.push(5);
         st.push(7);
         System.out.println("The pop value is : "+ st.pop());
         st.display();
       }
    }
c. Size method (To identify the size of the array)
    public int size()
         return top;
d. isEmpty() method
    public boolean isEmpty()
         return top<=0;
e. Checking stack overflow
    public void push(int data)
         if(top==5)
           System.out.println("Stack is full");
         else{
         stack[top]=data;
         top++;
         }
```

}

Exercise:

- 1. Create a stack with the size seven.
- 2. Push 12, 34, 45, 56 into the stack
- 3. Peek 34 inside the stack
- 4. Also push 33 and 55 into that stack
- 5. Peek top element into the stack
- 6. Pop top element and display
- 7. Also push 3 more element and display
- 8. Explain the error
- 9. Also pop up to 8 element and explain the error.
- 10. Modify the code for overcoming error that you are faced in (8) and (9).

Discussion:

- Usage of Stack in practical situation
- Advantages and Disadvantages of Stack
- Stack overflow and Stack Underflow error