BNH.AI

Phase II - Identification

- ❏ 1. Assess nature and materiality of incident through:

  - ❏ Disparate impact analysis
  - ❏ Input distribution drift
  - ❏ Residual analysis
  - ❏ Reject on negative impact (RONI) analysis
  - ❏ Prediction distribution drift
  - ❏ Sensitivity analysis

  - ❏ Scanning new and past AI system traffic for:
    - ❏ Training data
    - ❏ Duplicate data
  - ❏ Score insiders with affected AI system (in case of insider attack)

- ❏ 2. Categorize incident as AI failure or AI attack:

AI failures:
- ❏ API mismatches
- ❏ Data drift
- ❏ Data entanglement
- ❏ Discrimination
- ❏ Error propagation
- ❏ Feedback loops
- ❏ Inability to scale
- ❏ Instability
- ❏ Lack of accountability:
  - ❏ Inability to explain predictions
  - ❏ Inconsistent or inaccurate explanations
  - ❏ No consumer-appeal capability
- ❏ Silencing of monitoring alerts
- ❏ System failures:
  - ❏ Application software
  - ❏ Hardware
  - ❏ Network
- ❏ Unintended or "off-label" use
- ❏ Unauthorized data usage

AI attacks:
- ❏ Adversarial examples
- ❏ Deep fake
- ❏ Denial of service (DoS/DDoS)
- ❏ Data poisoning
- ❏ Evasion
- ❏ Impersonation
- ❏ Man-in-the-middle
- ❏ Membership inference
- ❏ Model backdoor
- ❏ Model extraction
- ❏ Model inversion
- ❏ Third-party Trojan
- ❏ Training data breach
- ❏ Transfer learning Trojan

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Phase II - Identification (Cont.)

❏ 3. Notify management and response staff, depending on materiality and in accordance with existing incident response plans:
  ❏ Encrypted channels
  ❏ Known impact
  ❏ Need to know basis
  ❏ Agree on update/communications cadence

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