**BNH
.AI**

Phase III - Containment

- ❏ 1. Follow previously agreed upon "Watch and Learn" vs. "Disrupt and Disconnect" plan
- ❏ 2. Characterize breadth of attack or failure:
  - ❏ 2. 1 Identify and isolate affected system(s):

AI failure

- ❏ Determine if affected AI systems are impacting additional systems
- ❏ Collect system logs for affected AI systems to profile:
  - ❏ CPU/GPU
  - ❏ Disk
  - ❏ Memory
  - ❏ Network
- ❏ Test affected AI system API
- ❏ Compare affected systems' outputs to documented objectives
- ❏ Compare affected systems' behavior/use to intended use and constraints
- ❏ Analyze AI systems' training and input data for restricted information
- ❏ Verify data lineage
- ❏ Analyze user comments regarding the affected AI systems
- ❏ Assess AI system input and prediction distribution drift
- ❏ Segment affected AI systems input data by performance and disparate impact
- ❏ Assess user-appeal and operator-override capacities
- ❏ Test affected systems' explanations against simulated data

- ❏ Analyze input data near probability thresholds

Adversarial attacker

- ❏ Use intrusion detection systems (HIDS/HIPS/NIDS/NIPS) to assess unauthorized assets in any affected systems:
  - ❏ Files
  - ❏ Network
  - ❏ Processes
  - ❏ System calls
- ❏ Use PCAP or other network forensic devices to replay old traffic and identify additional affected systems
- ❏ Identify repetitive or anomalous traffic for affected systems
- ❏ Analyze logs, queries, or scripts for training or development data systems
- ❏ Verify data lineage
- ❏ Analyze AI system production scoring code
- ❏ Verify version control integrity

Phase III - Containment (Cont.)

- ❏ 3. Determine losses
    - ❏ Use PCAP, host-based forensics, analysis of AI system endpoint traffic, and analysis of AI training data to determine the type and sensitivity of the loss and how assets were impacted
    - ❏ 3.1 Type and Sensitivity of Loss:

❏ Biometrics	❏ Model outcomes (e.g., loans, insurance policies, promotions, etc.)	❏ Statistical or ML models (encoded data and proprietary logic)
❏ Internal documents		
❏ Public documents		
❏ Images		
❏ Identities	❏ Operational data	❏ Training data
❏ Internal messages	❏ Sound and video	❏ Other
❏ Metered compute	❏ Source code	

- ❏ 3.2 Impact of Incident:
    - ❏ Confidentiality
    - ❏ Integrity
    - ❏ Availability
- ❏ 4. Initial assessment of compliance and legal liabilities:

- ❏ **Fairness**:
    - ❏ Model discrimination
    - ❏ Representativeness of data
    - ❏ Insufficient testing
    - ❏ Insufficient monitoring

- ❏ **Privacy**
    - ❏ Privacy policies
    - ❏ Explainability
    - ❏ Legal basis for collection
    - ❏ Retention Limitations

- ❏ **Security**:
    - ❏ Data security
    - ❏ Model security
    - ❏ Safety standards
    - ❏ Breach reporting

- ❏ **Other**:
    - ❏ Contractual obligations
    - ❏ Deceptive practices
    - ❏ Warranties
    - ❏ Previously generated documentation

Phase III - Containment (Cont.)

- ❏ 5. If necessary or appropriate, alert FBI or other law enforcement
- ❏ 6. If necessary or appropriate, alert CFPB, FDA, FRB, FTC, or other federal regulatory body
- ❏ 7. If necessary or appropriate, alert state regulators and attorneys general
- ❏ 8. If necessary or appropriate, inform public:
  - ❏ Customer notifications
  - ❏ Industry requirements
  - ❏ Partner and third-party notifications
  - ❏ US-CERT
  - ❏ AI incident databases
- ❏ 9. Consider and prepare for reputational harm associated with failure or attack:
  - ❏ Internal communications
  - ❏ Public relations & external communications
  - ❏ Legal privilege