

Ratings encoding

In the table below, each row represents a user’s ratings of movies: ✓ (check) indicates the person liked the movie, ✕ (x) that they didn’t, and • (dot) that they didn’t rate it one way or another (neutral rating or didn’t watch). Can encode these ratings numerically with 1 for ✓ (check), −1 for ✕ (x), and 0 for • (dot).

Person	Fyre	Frozen II	Picard	Ratings written as a 3-tuple
P_1	✕	•	✓	
P_2	✓	✓	✕	
P_3	✓	✓	✓	
P_4	•	✕	✓	

Defining sets

To define sets:

To define a set using **roster method**, explicitly list its elements. That is, start with $\{$ then list elements of the set separated by commas and close with $\}$.

To define a set using **set builder definition**, either form “The set of all x from the universe U such that x is ...” by writing

$$\{x \in U \mid \dots x \dots\}$$

or form “the collection of all outputs of some operation when the input ranges over the universe U ” by writing

$$\{\dots x \dots \mid x \in U\}$$

We use the symbol \in as “is an element of” to indicate membership in a set.

Example sets: For each of the following, identify whether it’s defined using the roster method or set builder notation and give an example element.

$$\{-1, 1\}$$

$$\{0, 0\}$$

$$\{-1, 0, 1\}$$

$$\{(x, x, x) \mid x \in \{-1, 0, 1\}\}$$

$$\{\}$$

$$\{x \in \mathbb{Z} \mid x \geq 0\}$$

$$\{x \in \mathbb{Z} \mid x > 0\}$$

$$\{\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{C}, \mathbf{U}, \mathbf{G}\}$$

$$\{\mathbf{AUG}, \mathbf{UAG}, \mathbf{UGA}, \mathbf{UAA}\}$$

Defining functions ratings

Recall our representation of Netflix users' ratings of movies as n -tuples, where n is the number of movies in the database. Each component of the n -tuple is -1 (didn't like the movie), 0 (neutral rating or didn't watch the movie), or 1 (liked the movie).

Consider the ratings $P_1 = (-1, 0, 1)$, $P_2 = (1, 1, -1)$, $P_3 = (1, 1, 1)$, $P_4 = (0, -1, 1)$

Which of P_1 , P_2 , P_3 has movie preferences most similar to P_4 ?

One approach to answer this question: use **functions** to define distance between user preferences.

For example, consider the function d_0 :

given by

→

$$d_0((x_1, x_2, x_3), (y_1, y_2, y_3)) = \sqrt{(x_1 - y_1)^2 + (x_2 - y_2)^2 + (x_3 - y_3)^2}$$

Extra example: A new movie is released, and P_1 and P_2 watch it before P_3 , and give it ratings; P_1 gives ✓ and P_2 gives ✗. Should this movie be recommended to P_3 ? Why or why not?

Extra example: Define a new function that could be used to compare the 4-tuples of ratings encoding movie preferences now that there are four movies in the database.