

1. True or False: A recursive definition of the set of integers \mathbb{Z} is

Basis Step: $20 \in \mathbb{Z}$
 Recursive Step: If $x \in \mathbb{Z}$, then $x - 1 \in \mathbb{Z}$

Key idea: To define a set, we need to specify which elements are in and which elements are out. A description that gives some, but not all, integers is not a definition of the set of integers.

2. When $B = \{\text{A}, \text{C}, \text{U}, \text{G}\}$ is the set of RNA bases, consider the recursively defined set X given by:

Basis Step: $\text{AA} \in X, \text{CC} \in X, \text{UU} \in X, \text{GG} \in X$
 Recursive Step: If $x \in X$ and $b \in B$ then $bx b \in X$

where $bx b$ is the result of string concatenations.

Give three example elements of X and an English description of the set.

Key idea: To build new example elements we can start with an element from the basis step and then apply a rule from the recursive step finitely many times.

3. Write in roster method the set given by the Cartesian product

$$\{1, 2\} \times \{a, b, c\}$$

Key idea: Cartesian product does not require the sets to have the same size as one another or to have the same types of elements as one another.

4. Consider the function d_2 : The set of ordered pairs of ratings 4-tuples $\rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ given by

$$d_2((x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4), (y_1, y_2, y_3, y_4)) = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^4 (x_i - y_i)^2}$$

Let $z = (1, 1, 1, 1)$ be a ratings 4-tuple and consider the set

$$\{x \mid d_2(x, z) = 1\}$$

Rewrite this set using the roster method.

Key idea: The input to this function is an ordered pair each of whose components is a ratings 4-tuple.

5. Rewrite the set

$$\{r_{\text{nalen}}(x) \mid x \in S \text{ and } r_{\text{nalen}}(x) < 2\}$$

using the roster method.

Key idea: The set builder definition for this set can be read as “The collection of all outputs of the function r_{nalen} when the input is taken from the set of RNA strands for which r_{nalen} gives value less than 2.” Informally, we consider just RNA strands whose r_{nalen} value is less than 2 and collect their r_{nalen} values into our set.