

Definitions: A **set** is an unordered collection of elements. When A and B are sets, $A = B$ (set equality) means

$$\forall x(x \in A \leftrightarrow x \in B)$$

When A and B are sets, $A \subseteq B$ (“ A is a **subset** of B ”) means

$$\forall x(x \in A \rightarrow x \in B)$$

When A and B are sets, $A \subsetneq B$ (“ A is a **proper subset** of B ”) means

$$(A \subseteq B) \wedge (A \neq B)$$