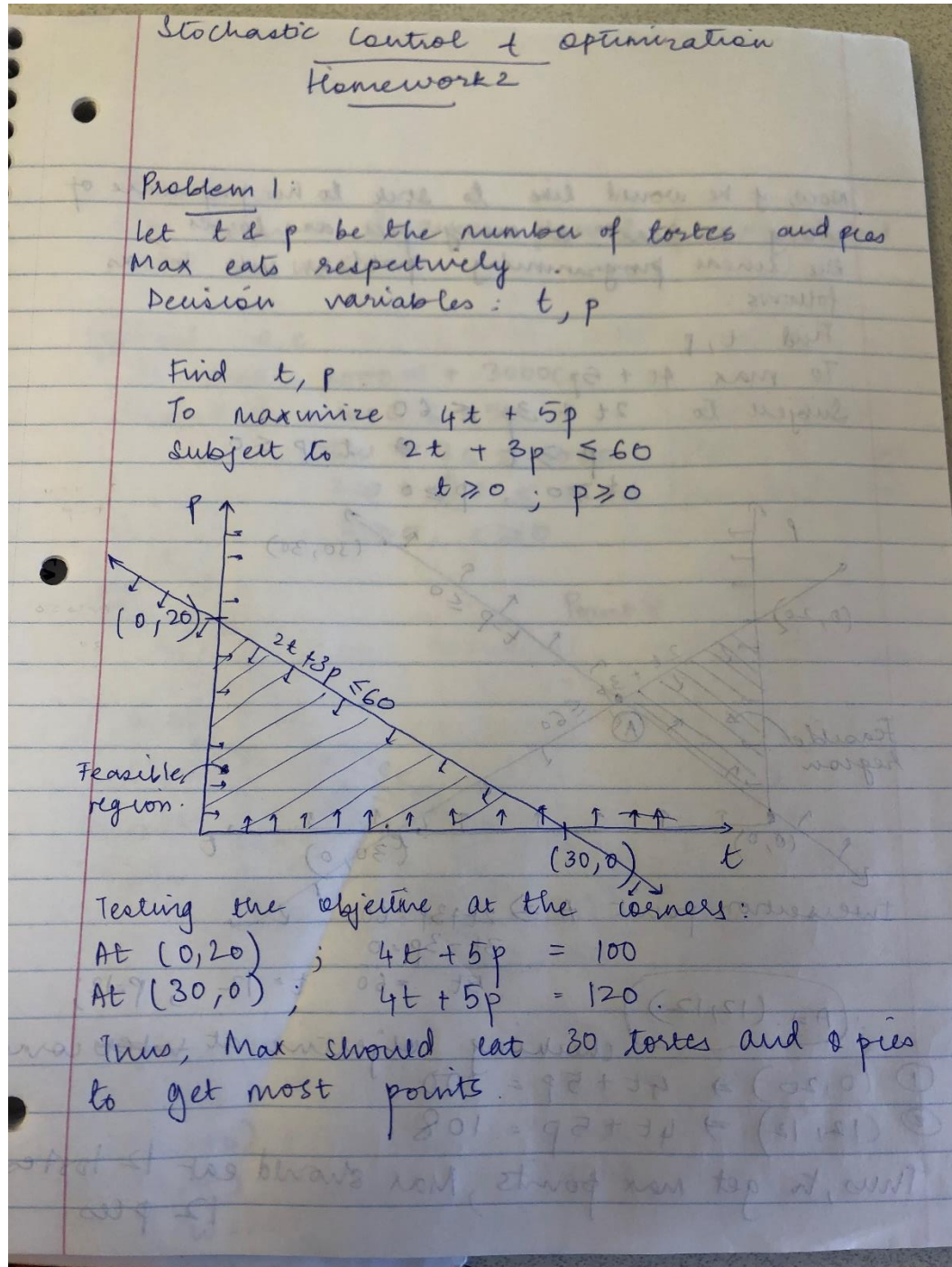


## Homework 2

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Problem 1 :



Now, if he would like to stick to his preference of eating at least as many pies as tostones, the linear programming problem will be as follows:

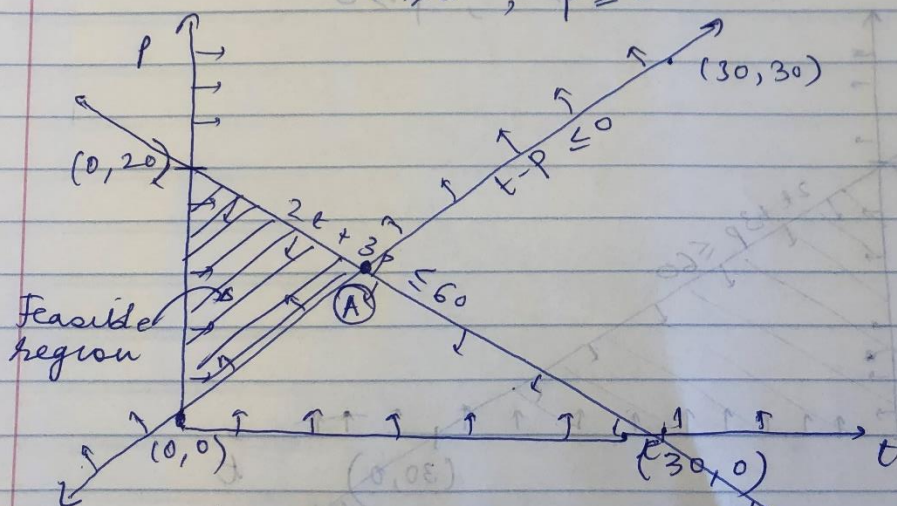
Find  $t, p$

To max  $4t + 5p$

Subject to  $2t + 3p \leq 60$

$p \geq t \Rightarrow t - p \leq 0$

$t \geq 0, p \geq 0$



Intersection point  $A \Rightarrow 2t + 3p = 60$

$$3t - 3p = 0$$

$$5t = 60$$

$$t = 12; p = 12;$$

$\therefore A \Rightarrow (12, 12)$

checking objective at ~~inter~~ corners

①  $(0, 20) \Rightarrow 4t + 5p = 100$

②  $(12, 12) \Rightarrow 4t + 5p = 108$

Thus, to get max points, Max should eat 12 tostones & 12 pies



# Problem 2:

Problem 2:

let number of acres planted for wheat and corn be  $w, c$ .

(1a) Find  $w, c$

To Max  $2000w + 3000c$

Subject to  $w + c \leq 450$

$3w + 2c \leq 1000$

$2w + 4c \leq 1200$

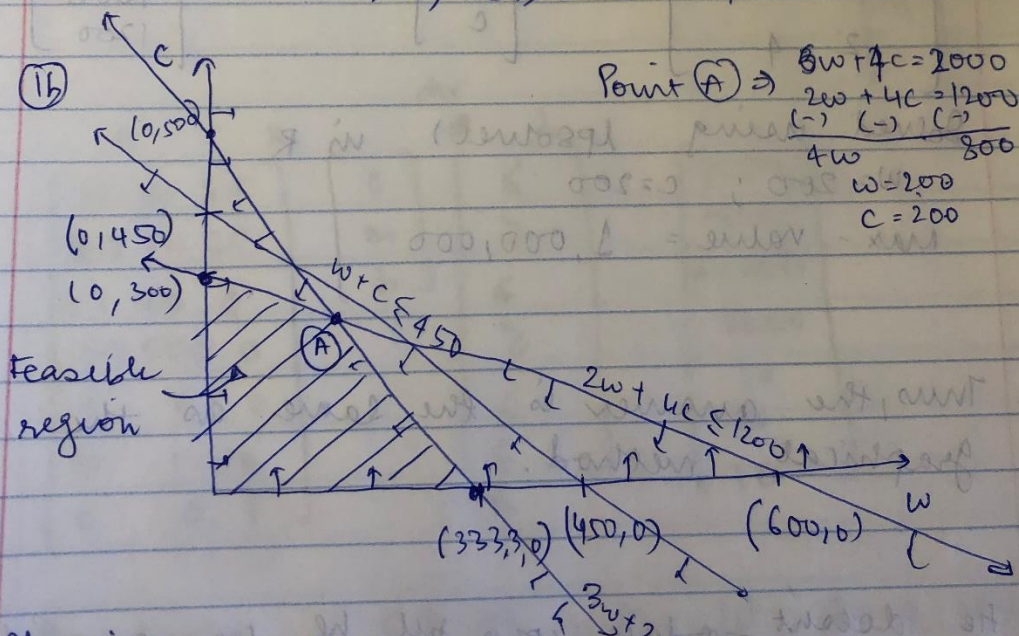
$w \geq 0, c \geq 0$

$(0, 450), (450, 0)$

$(333.3, 0), (0, 500)$

$(600, 0), (0, 300)$

(1b)



Checking corners:

$(0, 300) \Rightarrow 2000w + 3000c = 900,000$

$(200, 200) \Rightarrow 2000w + 3000c = 1,000,000$

$(333.3, 0) \Rightarrow 2000w + 3000c = 666,666$

$w = 200, c = 200$

② Find  $w, c$   
 $\max C^T x$   
 Subject to  $Ax \leq b$

$$C^T x \Rightarrow [2000 \quad 3000] \begin{bmatrix} w \\ c \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A x \leq b$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 \\ 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} w \\ c \end{bmatrix} \leq \begin{bmatrix} 450 \\ 1000 \\ 1200 \end{bmatrix}$$

Solved using `lpsolve()` in R

$$w = 200; \quad c = 200$$

$$\text{Max-value} = 1,000,000$$

Thus, the answer is the same as the graphical method.

③ He doesn't produce corn till he has 600 tons of fertilizer and discontinues producing wheat when he has 1800 tons of fertilizers.

R CODE:

```
c <- c(2000,3000)
A <- matrix(c(1,3,2,1,2,4),3,2)
dir <- c("<=", "<=", "<=")
b <- c(450, 1000, 1200)

s<-lp("max",c,A,dir,b)
s$solution

## [1] 200 200

s$objval

## [1] 1e+06

for(i in seq(from=200, to=2200, by=100)){
  c <- c(2000,3000)
  A <- matrix(c(1,3,2,1,2,4),3,2)
  dir <- c("<=", "<=", "<=")
  b <- c(450, 1000, i)
  s<-lp("max",c,A,dir,b)
  cat("Solution for",i," fertilizer is:",s$solution)
  print(s$objval)
}

## Solution for 200 fertilizer is: 100 0[1] 2e+05
## Solution for 300 fertilizer is: 150 0[1] 3e+05
## Solution for 400 fertilizer is: 200 0[1] 4e+05
## Solution for 500 fertilizer is: 250 0[1] 5e+05
## Solution for 600 fertilizer is: 300 0[1] 6e+05
## Solution for 700 fertilizer is: 325 12.5[1] 687500
## Solution for 800 fertilizer is: 300 50[1] 750000
## Solution for 900 fertilizer is: 275 87.5[1] 812500
## Solution for 1000 fertilizer is: 250 125[1] 875000
## Solution for 1100 fertilizer is: 225 162.5[1] 937500
## Solution for 1200 fertilizer is: 200 200[1] 1e+06
## Solution for 1300 fertilizer is: 175 237.5[1] 1062500
## Solution for 1400 fertilizer is: 150 275[1] 1125000
## Solution for 1500 fertilizer is: 125 312.5[1] 1187500
## Solution for 1600 fertilizer is: 100 350[1] 1250000
## Solution for 1700 fertilizer is: 50 400[1] 1300000
## Solution for 1800 fertilizer is: 0 450[1] 1350000
## Solution for 1900 fertilizer is: 0 450[1] 1350000
## Solution for 2000 fertilizer is: 0 450[1] 1350000
## Solution for 2100 fertilizer is: 0 450[1] 1350000
## Solution for 2200 fertilizer is: 0 450[1] 1350000
```

As we can see from the output above, the farmer doesn't produce corn till he has 600 tons of fertilizer and discontinues producing wheat when he has 1800 tons of fertilizer.



Problem 3:

Problem 3 :

let  $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5$  be respective investments

Find  $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5$

To max  $13x_1 + 16x_2 + 16x_3 + 14x_4 + 39x_5$

Subject to  $11x_1 + 53x_2 + 5x_3 + 5x_4 + 29x_5 \leq 40$

$3x_1 + 6x_2 + 5x_3 + x_4 + 34x_5 \leq 20$

$x_1 \geq 0, x_2 \geq 0, x_3 \geq 0, x_4 \geq 0, x_5 \geq 0$

Problem 4:

Problem 4:

Find  $c, m, b$

To min  $0.18c + 0.23m + 0.05b$

Subject to  $2000 \leq 72c + 121m + 65b \leq 2250$

$5000 \leq 107c + 500m \leq 50,000$

$0 \leq c \leq 10$

$0 \leq m \leq 10$

$0 \leq b \leq 10$

For solve:  $C^T x \Rightarrow [0.18 \ 0.23 \ 0.05] \begin{bmatrix} c \\ m \\ b \end{bmatrix}$

A	x	dir	b
$\begin{bmatrix} 72 & 121 & 65 \\ 107 & 500 & 0 \\ 107 & 500 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} c \\ m \\ b \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} \leq \\ \geq \\ \leq \\ \geq \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 2250 \\ 2000 \\ 50000 \\ 5000 \end{bmatrix}$
$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$		$\begin{bmatrix} < \\ \leq \\ \leq \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix}$

On solving,  $c = 10, m = 10, b = 4.923077$   
 with minimum cost = \$4.35

Problem 5:

Problem 5:

Find  $x_1, x_2, x_3$  and  $y_1, y_2, y_3$   
Forest 1
Forest 2

To max  $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + y_1 + y_2 + y_3$

Subject to

$$0 \leq x_1 \leq 2 \quad 0 \leq y_1 \leq 3$$

$$0 \leq x_2 \leq 2.6 \quad 0 \leq y_2 \leq 3.6$$

$$0 \leq x_3 \leq 2.8 \quad 0 \leq y_3 \leq 4.8$$

$$2 \geq x_1 + y_1 \geq 1.2$$

$$2 \geq x_2 + y_2 \geq 1.5$$

$$3 \geq x_3 + y_3 \geq 2$$

$$C^T x = [1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1] \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ y_1 \\ y_2 \\ y_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

A	x		b
$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ y_1 \\ y_2 \\ y_3 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{matrix} \leq \\ \leq \\ \leq \\ \leq \\ \leq \\ \leq \end{matrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2.6 \\ 2.8 \\ 3 \\ 3.6 \\ 4.8 \end{bmatrix}$
$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$		$\begin{matrix} \geq \\ \geq \\ \geq \end{matrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$
$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$		$\begin{matrix} \geq \\ \geq \\ \geq \end{matrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 1.2 \\ 1.5 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$

Thus,  $x_1 = 2, x_2 = 2, x_3 = 2.8, y_1 = 0, y_2 = 0, y_3 = 0.2$  with the total tons of weight extracted = 7