

Tab 1

PROJECT REPORT

Online Banking Management System

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College NAME:VIT BHOPAL UNIVERSITY

SUBJECT:CSE

TOPIC:**Online Banking Management System**

Tab 2

1. [Introduction](#)

This report details the design and implementation of a rudimentary **Online Banking Management System (OBMS)** developed in Python. The system is designed to simulate core banking functionalities, allowing users to create accounts, manage deposits and withdrawals, check balances, and close accounts. The project serves as a practical demonstration of **Object-Oriented Programming (OOP)** principles, data structure management, and basic input/output handling.

2. [Problem Statement](#)

The primary challenge addressed by this project is the need for a simple, self-contained system to **model the fundamental operations of a bank**. Specifically, the system must securely manage individual account data (holder name, account number, balance) and provide a reliable interface for transactional activities (deposit, withdrawal) while ensuring data integrity and preventing common financial errors like overdrafts or negative transactions.

3. [Functional Requirements](#)

Major functional modules used, clear input/output structure, a logical workflow of how the user interacts with the system, user and data management, data input and processing

ID	Requirement	Description
1	Account Creation	Allow a user to create a new account with a name

		and optional initial deposit.
2	Unique ID Generation	Automatically generate a unique account number for every new account.
3	Deposit	Allow users to add funds to an existing account. Must validate that the amount is positive.
4	Withdrawal	Allow users to remove funds from an existing account. Must validate that the amount is positive and that sufficient balance exists (no overdraft).
5	Balance Check	Allow users to view the current balance of a specific account.
6	Display Details	Allow users to view all details (Name, Number,

		Balance) of a specific account.
7	Close Account	Allow users to close an account, provided the balance is zero.
8	Display All	Allow the bank operator to view details of all active accounts.

4.Non Functional Requirements

These define **how well** the system performs.

- **Security:** Account numbers must be unique, and transactions must be validated against business rules (e.g., preventing negative deposits and overdrafts).
- **Usability:** The system must provide a clear, menu-driven command-line interface (CLI) for ease of use.
- **Maintainability:** The code should be well-structured using OOP principles for easy modification and scaling.
- **Performance:** All core operations (lookup, deposit, withdrawal) should execute instantly, given the small scale and in-memory nature of the database.
- **Reliability:** The system must handle non-numeric inputs gracefully using exception handling (try/except).

5. System Architecture

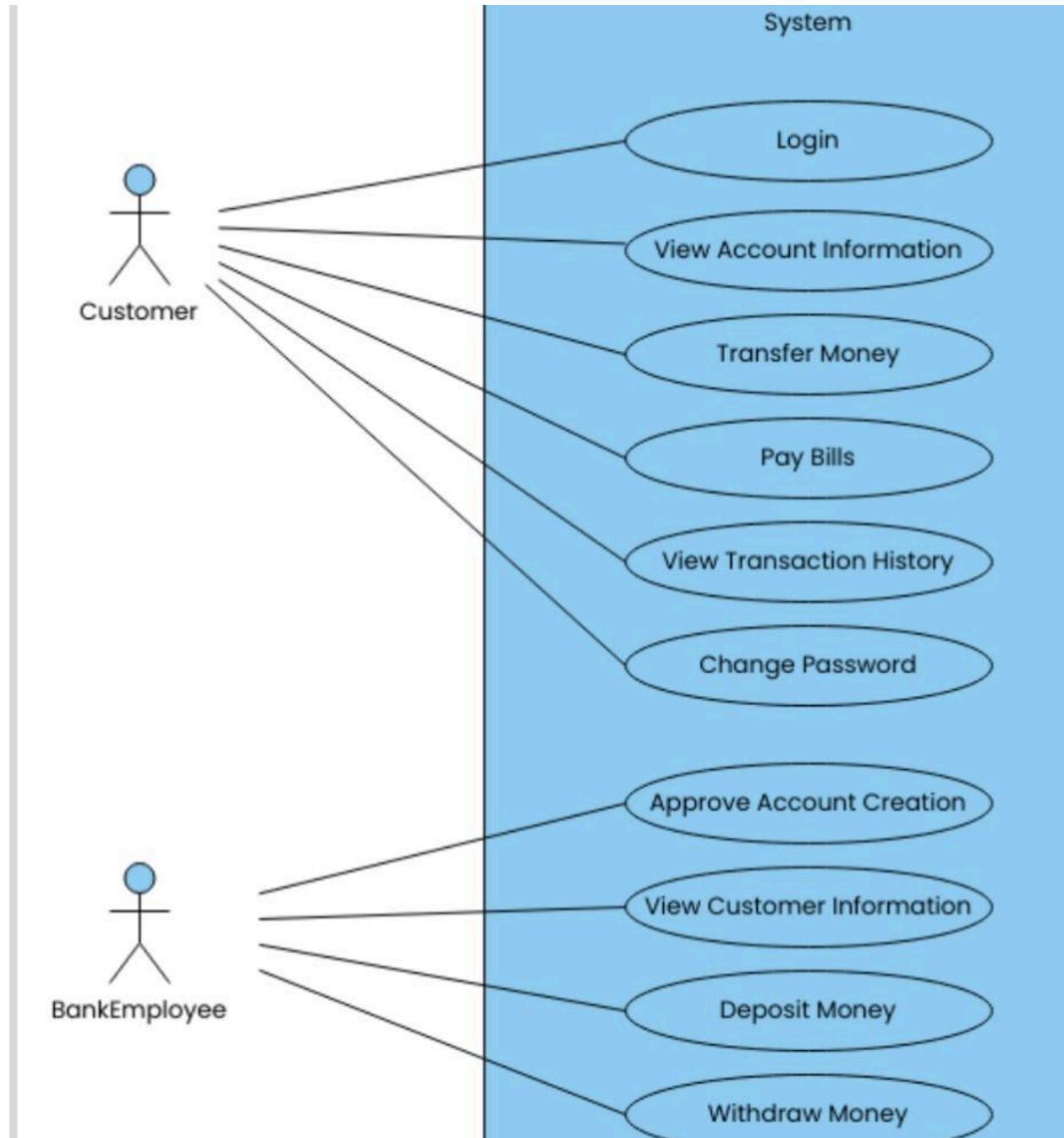
```

+-----+
|  User (Human)  |
+-----+
      |
      | (Interacts with)
      V
+-----+
|  main() Function  |
| (CLI Interface)   |
+-----+
      |
      | (Controls / Orchestrates calls to)
      V
+-----+
|  Bank Class      |
| (Account Manager) |
+-----+
      |
      | <>-- (Manages/Contains multiple)
      V
+-----+
|  Account Class   |
| (Individual Account) |
+-----+
      ^
      | (Bank uses for IDs)
      |
+-----+
|  random Module   |
| (Python Standard) |
+-----+

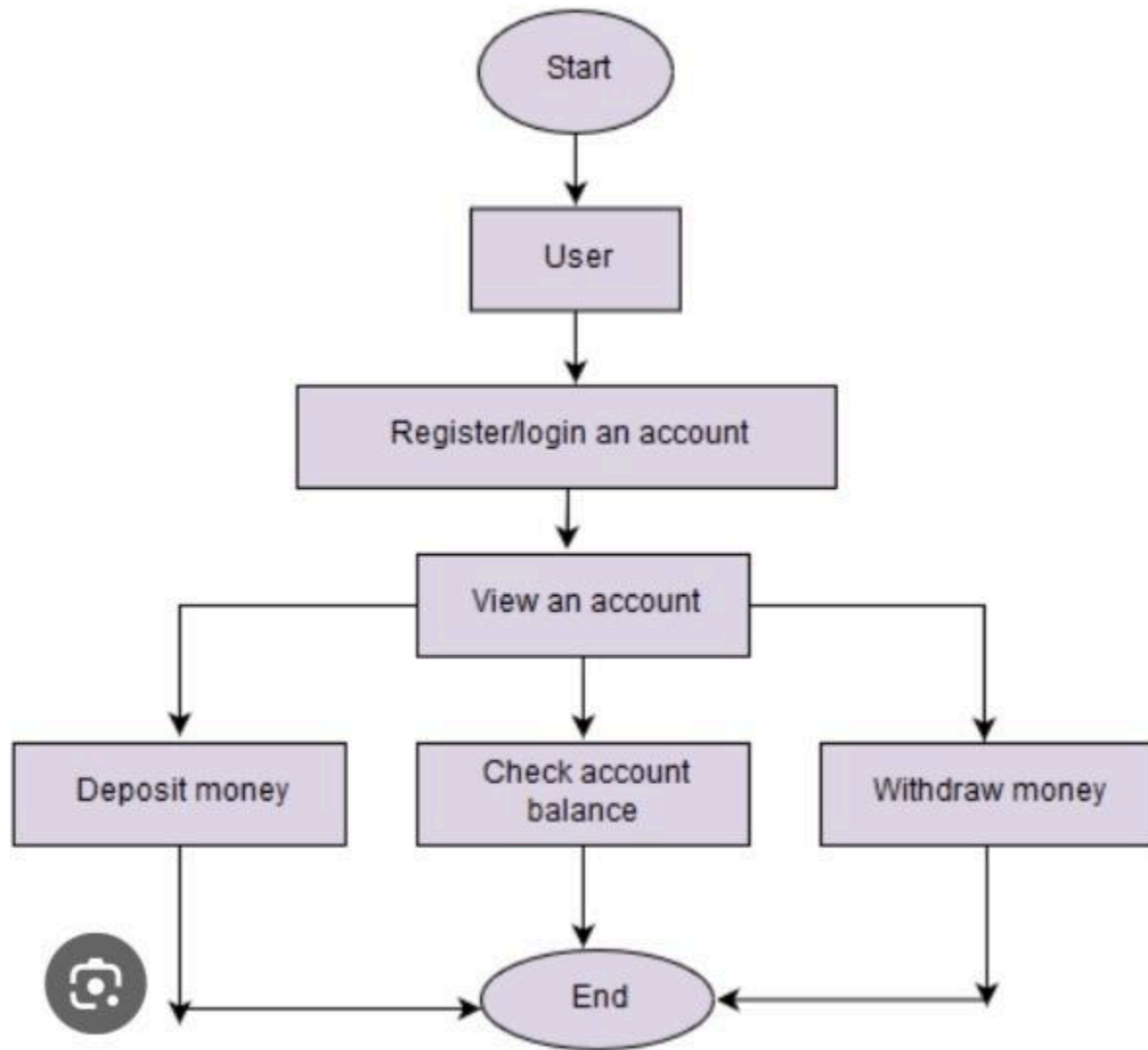
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7.Design Diagrams

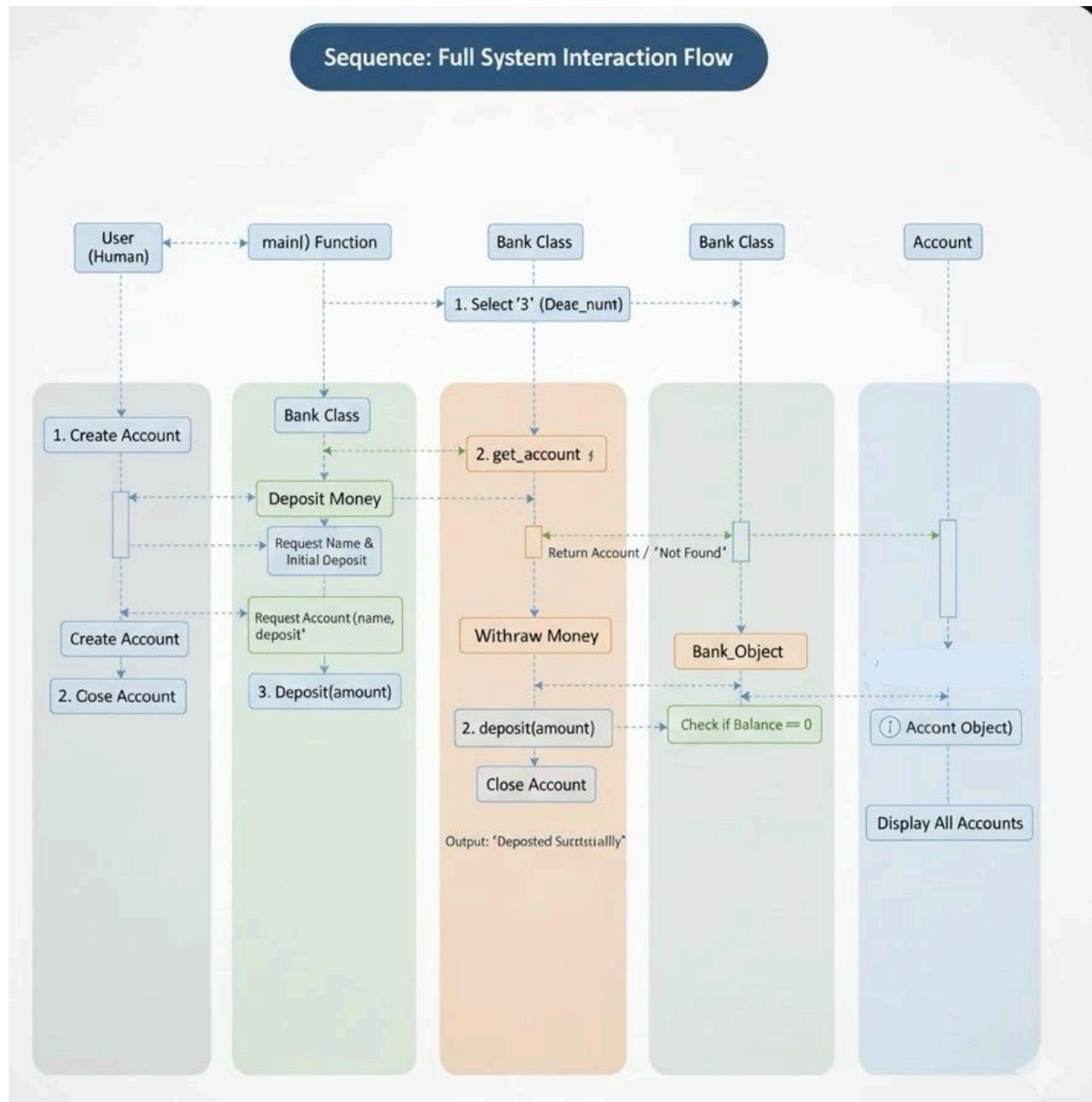
Case diagram



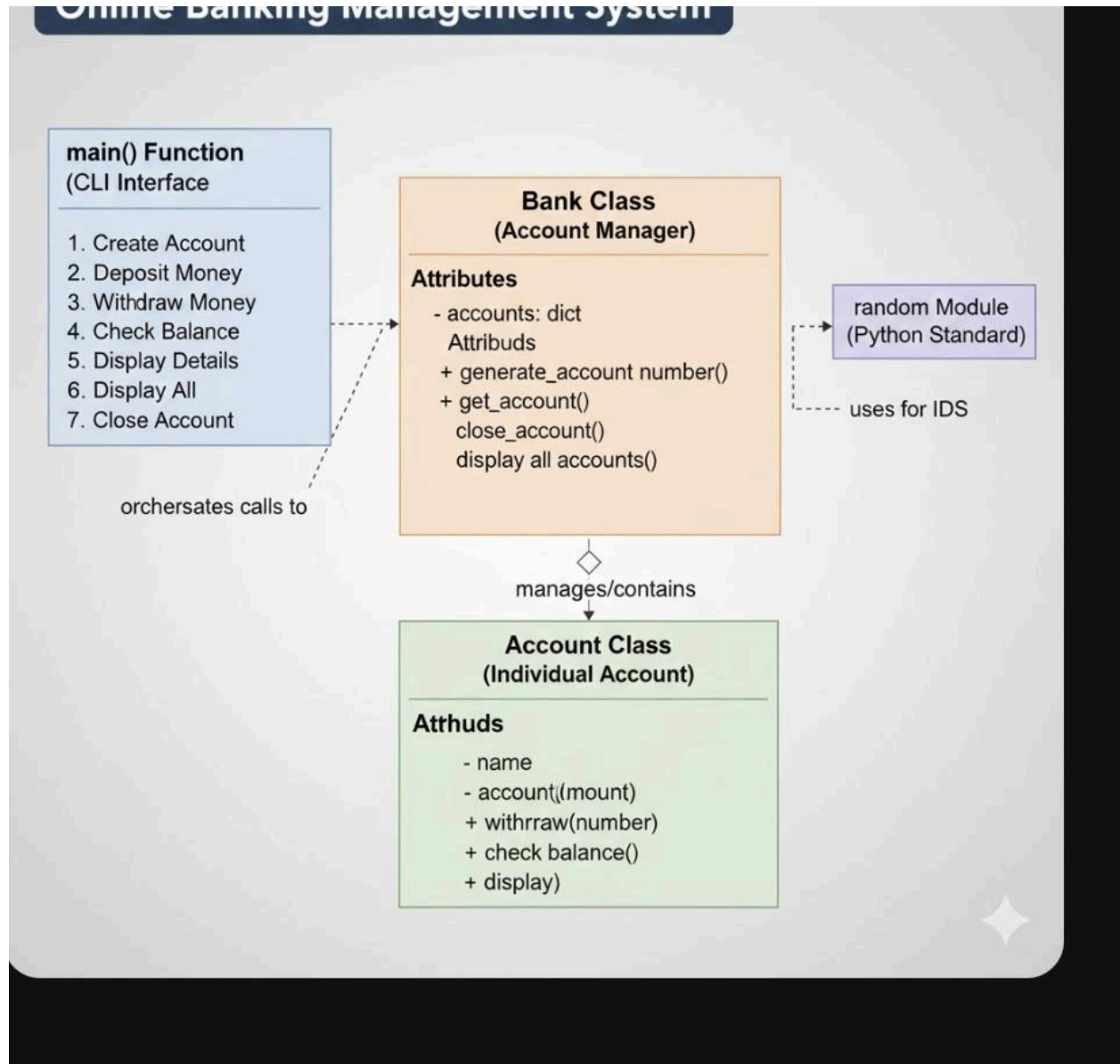
Workflow diagram

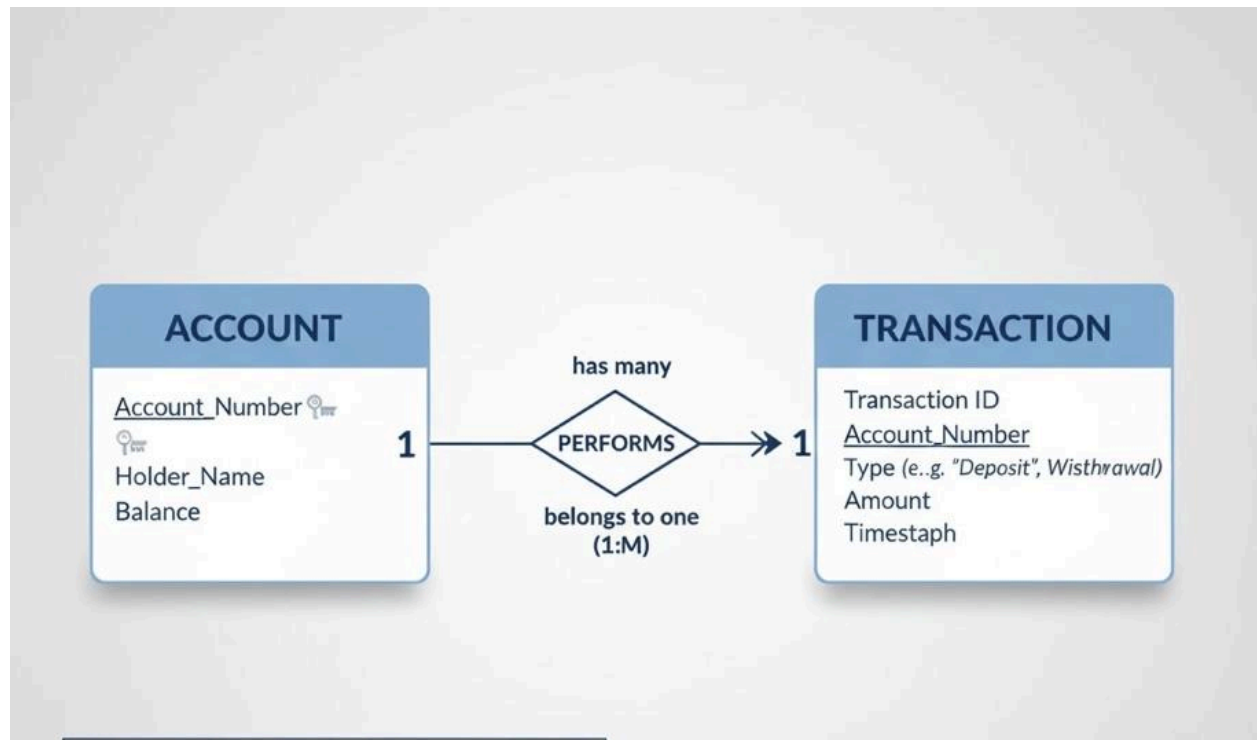


Sequence diagram



Class component diagram





Design decisions and rationale

Design Decision	Rationale
OOP Structure (Classes)	Encapsulates data (e.g., <code>balance</code>) and behavior (e.g., <code>deposit</code>) together, improving modularity and maintainability.
<code>Bank</code> Uses a Dictionary	Using <code>self.accounts = {}</code> provides O(1) (constant time) lookup efficiency when retrieving an account, which is crucial for quick transactions.
In-Memory Storage	Appropriate for a simple demonstration/prototype. It keeps the project self-contained and avoids dependency on external files or databases.
Transaction Validation Logic	Placing validation logic (<code>amount > 0</code> , <code>amount <= balance</code>) directly inside the <code>deposit</code> and <code>withdraw</code> methods ensures that the integrity of the

	<code>\text{Account}</code> object can never be compromised by bad data.
Command-Line Interface (CLI)	Simplest implementation for basic input and output, suitable for a Python script focus.

Implementation Details

The system was implemented using **Python 3.x**.

- **Modules Used:** random for generating unique account IDs.
- **Data Structures:** The Bank class uses a **dictionary** to store accounts, mapping the unique account number (string key) to the Account object (value).
- **Key Methods:**
 - **generate_account_number:** Uses a while True loop and random.randint to ensure the generated ID is unique before returning it.
 - **withdraw:** Includes a crucial if/elif/else block to check for amount > 0 and amount <= self.balance before updating the balance.
 - **main loop:** Handles user interaction and calls the appropriate method on the Bank or Account object.

Screenshots/results

--WELCOME TO THE BANK MANAGEMENT SYSTEM --

1. CREATE NEW ACCOUNT
2. DEPOSIT MONEY
3. WITHDRAW MONEY
4. CHECK BALANCE
5. DISPLAY ACCOUNT DETAILS
6. DISPLAY ALL ACCOUNTS
7. CLOSE AN ACCOUNT
8. EXIT

Enter your choice (1-8): 1

Enter Account Holder Name: sara

Enter Initial Deposit Amount (min 0.0): 300

ACCOUNT CREATED SUCCESSFULLY.
Assigned Account Number: 229472
Initial Deposit: ₹300.00

--WELCOME TO THE BANK MANAGEMENT SYSTEM --

1. CREATE NEW ACCOUNT
2. DEPOSIT MONEY
3. WITHDRAW MONEY
4. CHECK BALANCE
5. DISPLAY ACCOUNT DETAILS
6. DISPLAY ALL ACCOUNTS
7. CLOSE AN ACCOUNT
8. EXIT

Enter your choice (1-8):
=====

--WELCOME TO THE BANK MANAGEMENT SYSTEM --

1. CREATE NEW ACCOUNT
2. DEPOSIT MONEY
3. WITHDRAW MONEY
4. CHECK BALANCE
5. DISPLAY ACCOUNT DETAILS
6. DISPLAY ALL ACCOUNTS
7. CLOSE AN ACCOUNT
8. EXIT

Enter your choice (1-8): 1

Enter Account Holder Name: NANDINI SINGH

Enter Initial Deposit Amount (min 0.0): 20000

ACCOUNT CREATED SUCCESSFULLY.
Assigned Account Number: 700191
Initial Deposit: ₹20000.00

```
--WELCOME TO THE BANK MANAGEMENT SYSTEM --
1. CREATE NEW ACCOUNT
2. DEPOSIT MONEY
3. WITHDRAW MONEY
4. CHECK BALANCE
5. DISPLAY ACCOUNT DETAILS
6. DISPLAY ALL ACCOUNTS
7. CLOSE AN ACCOUNT
8. EXIT
```

```
-----
Enter your choice (1-8): 3
Enter Account Number: 700191
Enter withdrawal amount: 2800
₹2800.00 withdrawn successfully.
```

```
--WELCOME TO THE BANK MANAGEMENT SYSTEM --
1. CREATE NEW ACCOUNT
2. DEPOSIT MONEY
3. WITHDRAW MONEY
4. CHECK BALANCE
5. DISPLAY ACCOUNT DETAILS
6. DISPLAY ALL ACCOUNTS
7. CLOSE AN ACCOUNT
8. EXIT
```

```
-----
Enter your choice (1-8): 4
Enter Account Number: 700191
Current Balance: ₹17200.00
```

Testing Approach

<u>1</u>	<u>create new account with initial deposit</u>	<u>account "Sara" gets created with mentioned deposit</u>
<u>2</u>	<u>withdraw amount</u>	<u>amount 2800 gets withdrawn</u>
<u>3</u>	<u>viewing current balance</u>	<u>current balance is displayed.</u>

Challenges Faced, Learnings, and Key Takeaways

Challenges Faced

- **Handling Floating-Point Precision:** When dealing with currency (float), precision issues can arise (though less prominent in this simple model). The use of **:.2f formatting** in all print statements was critical to display the currency correctly to two decimal places.
- **Input Handling (Robustness):** Ensuring the system didn't crash when a user entered text instead of a number for a monetary amount required careful implementation of the try...except ValueError block in the main function.

Learnings and Key Takeaways

- **OOP is Crucial for Modeling:** The distinct Account and Bank classes clearly demonstrated the power of **encapsulation** and **separation of concerns** in software design.
- **Data Structure Choice:** The efficiency of the system is heavily reliant on choosing the dictionary (dict) for account storage, showcasing the importance of **algorithmic thinking**.

- **Defensive Programming:** Writing code that anticipates user error (like the checks in withdraw and the try/except blocks) is essential for building reliable systems.

[Future Enhancements](#)

Enhancement	Description
Data Persistence	Implement saving account data to a file (\$\text{.csv}\$ or \$\text{.json}\$) so accounts are not lost when the program closes.
GUI Development	Replace the CLI with a graphical user interface (GUI) using libraries like Tkinter or PyQt for a more modern user experience.
User Authentication	Implement a simple PIN/Password check for \$\text{withdraw}\$ and \$\text{close_account}\$ methods to enhance security.

Transaction History	Add a list to the <code>Account</code> class to log all <code>deposit</code> and <code>withdraw</code> actions.
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[REFERENCES](#)

This project was developed using:

- **Python 3.10+ documentation**
- **Official Python random module documentation**
- **Object-Oriented Programming (OOP) design patterns**