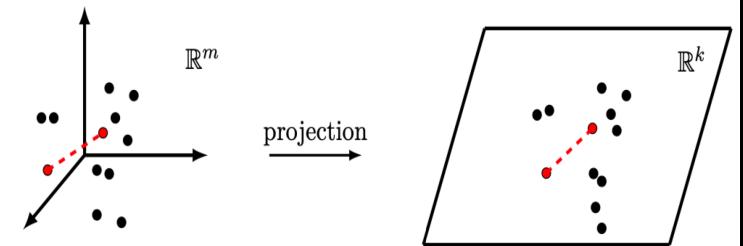


# 05

# Optimized Singular Value Decomposition Methods for Image compression

akankshk



PROTOTYPE FOR RANDOMIZED SVD

Given an  $m \times n$  matrix  $\mathbf{A}$ , a target number  $k$  of singular vectors, and an exponent  $q$  (say  $q = 1$  or  $q = 2$ ), this procedure computes an approximate rank- $2k$  factorization  $\mathbf{U}\Sigma\mathbf{V}^*$ , where  $\mathbf{U}$  and  $\mathbf{V}$  are orthonormal, and  $\Sigma$  is nonnegative and diagonal.

#### Stage A:

- 1 Generate an  $n \times 2k$  Gaussian test matrix  $\Omega$ .
- 2 Form  $\mathbf{Y} = (\mathbf{A}\mathbf{A}^*)^q \mathbf{A}\Omega$  by multiplying alternately with  $\mathbf{A}$  and  $\mathbf{A}^*$ .
- 3 Construct a matrix  $\mathbf{Q}$  whose columns form an orthonormal basis for the range of  $\mathbf{Y}$ .

#### Stage B:

- 4 Form  $\mathbf{B} = \mathbf{Q}^*\mathbf{A}$ .
- 5 Compute an SVD of the small matrix:  $\mathbf{B} = \tilde{\mathbf{U}}\Sigma\mathbf{V}^*$ .
- 6 Set  $\mathbf{U} = \mathbf{Q}\tilde{\mathbf{U}}$ .

## Image reconstructed using CSVD

1079x1553 (k=600)



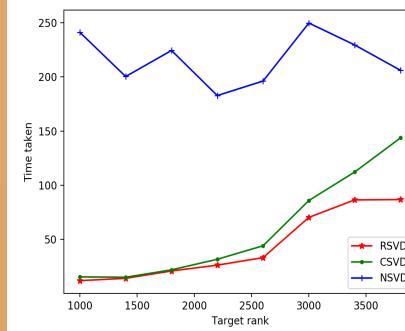
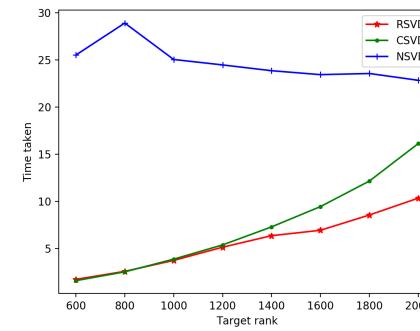
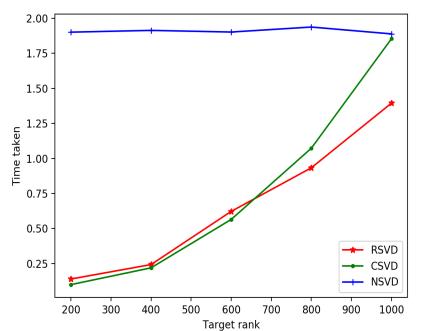
2848x4096 (k=1000)



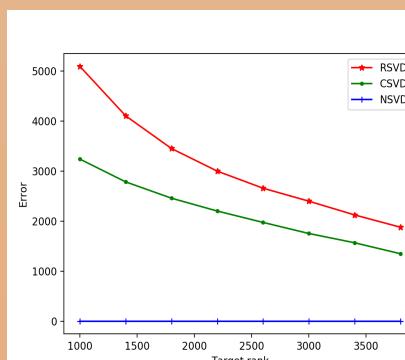
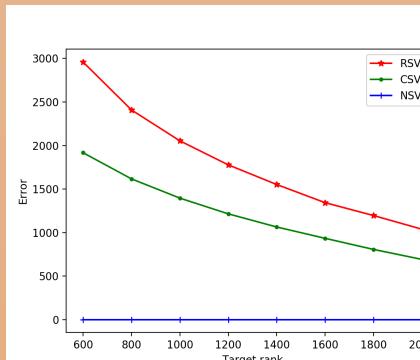
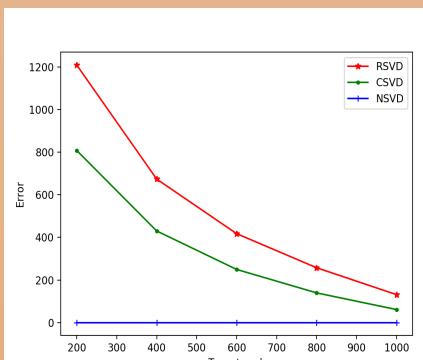
5696x8191 (k=1500)



## Time taken vs target rank (k)



## Error vs target rank (k)



## References

- 1) Erichson N. Benjamin, Steven L. Brunton and J. Nathan Kutz 2017: Compressed Singular Value Decomposition for Image and Video Processing. 2017 IEEE Xplore: IEEE International Conference on Computer Vision Workshops (ICCVW). DOI: 10.1109/ICCVW.2017.222
- 2) Halko N., P. G. Martinsson, And J. A. Tropp 2011: Finding Structure with Randomness: Probabilistic Algorithms For Constructing Approximate Matrix Decompositions. SIAM Rev., 53(2), 217–288. DOI: 10.1137/090771806
- 3) Erichson, N. B., Voronin, S., Brunton, S. L., & Kutz, J. N. (2016). Randomized matrix decompositions using R. arXiv preprint arXiv:1608.02148.

Return:  $\mathbf{U} \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times k}$ ,  $\mathbf{S} \in \mathbb{R}^{k \times k}$  and  $\mathbf{V} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times k}$