How to Create a New PostgreSQL Database and Set It Up for Django

1. Install PostgreSQL (if not already installed)

• On Ubuntu/Debian:

```
sudo apt update
sudo apt install postgresql postgresql-contrib
```

• On macOS (using Homebrew):

```
brew install postgresql
```

• On Windows: Download and install PostgreSQL from PostgreSQL's website.

2. Access PostgreSQL Command Line

- 1. Open the terminal.
- 2. Switch to the postgres user (Linux/macOS):

```
sudo -i -u postgres
```

3. Open PostgreSQL CLI:

psql

3. Create a New Database

1. Create the database:

```
createdb yourdbname
```

Replace yourdbname with the name you want for your database.

2. Verify the database creation:

\1

This lists all databases. Ensure yourdbname is in the list.

4. Create a New Database User (if needed)

1. Create a new user:

```
CREATE USER yourdbuser WITH PASSWORD 'yourpassword';
```

2. Grant privileges to the user:

sql

```
GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON DATABASE yourdbname TO yourdbuser;
```

Replace yourdbuser, yourpassword, and yourdbname with your desired username, password, and database name.

5. Configure Django to Use the New Database

- 1. Open your Django project's Settings.py file.
- 2. **Update the DATABASES setting:**

```
python
Copy code
DATABASES = {
    'default': {
        'ENGINE': 'django.contrib.gis.db.backends.postgis',
        'NAME': 'yourdbname',
        'USER': 'yourdbuser',
        'PASSWORD': 'yourpassword',
        'HOST': 'localhost',
        'PORT': '5432',
    }
}
```

Replace yourdbname, yourdbuser, and yourpassword with your database name, user, and password.

6. Create and Apply Migrations

1. Delete existing migration files (if starting fresh):

```
find . -path "*/migrations/*.py" -not -name "__init__.py" -delete
find . -path "*/migrations/*.pyc" -delete
```

2. Create new initial migrations:

```
python manage.py makemigrations
```

3. Apply the new migrations:

```
python manage.py migrate
```

4. Verify the migrations:

```
python manage.py showmigrations
```

7. Verify the Database Schema

1. Connect to the database using PostgreSQL CLI:

```
sh
Copy code
psql -d yourdbname
```

2. List tables:

```
sql
Copy code
\dt
```

Ensure that the tables created by your migrations are present.

3. Check the structure of a specific table (optional):

```
sql
Copy code
\d tablename
```

Replace tablename with the name of the table you want to inspect.

8. Run Your Django Development Server

1. Start the Django development server:

```
sh
Copy code
python manage.py runserver
```

2. Access your application:

Open your web browser and navigate to http://127.0.0.1:8000 to ensure your Django application is running correctly.