

LOAD and CLEAN DATA

In [1]: `import pandas as pd`

In [2]: `df = pd.read_csv('Telecom_Customer_Churn.csv')
df['total_charges'] = pd.to_numeric(df['total_charges'], errors = 'coerce')
df = df.dropna(subset=['total_charges'])
df.head()`

Out[2]:

	customer_id	gender	senior_citizen	partner	dependents	tenure	phone_service	multiple_lines
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0	7590-VHVEG	Female	0	Yes	No	1	No	No
1	5575-GNVDE	Male	0	No	No	34	Yes	No
2	3668-QPYBK	Male	0	No	No	2	Yes	No
3	7795-CFOCW	Male	0	No	No	45	No	No
4	9237-HQITU	Female	0	No	No	2	Yes	No

5 rows × 21 columns



ENCODE CATEGORIES for ML

In [3]: `from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder

categorical_cols = ['gender', 'partner', 'dependents', 'phone_service', 'multiple_lines',
 'internet_service', 'online_security', 'online_backup', 'device_protection',
 'tech_support', 'streaming_tv', 'streaming_movies', 'contract',
 'paperless_billing', 'payment_method', 'churn']

for col in categorical_cols:
 df[col] = LabelEncoder().fit_transform(df[col])`

FEATURES and TARGET

In [4]: `x = df.drop(['customer_id', 'churn'], axis=1)
y = df['churn']`

BINARY CLASSIFICATION MODEL for CHURN

Train/Test Split & Model Training

```
In [5]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier

x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
model = RandomForestClassifier(random_state=42)
model.fit(x_train, y_train)
print(f"Train Accuracy: {model.score(x_train, y_train)}")
print(f"Test Accuracy: {model.score(x_test, y_test)}")
```

Train Accuracy: 0.9984025559105432

Test Accuracy: 0.7920511000709723

MODEL EXPLAINABILITY (ELI5/SHAP)

Using ELI5

```
In [6]: import eli5
from eli5.sklearn import PermutationImportance

perm = PermutationImportance(model, random_state=42).fit(x_test, y_test)
eli5.show_weights(perm, feature_names=x.columns.tolist())
```

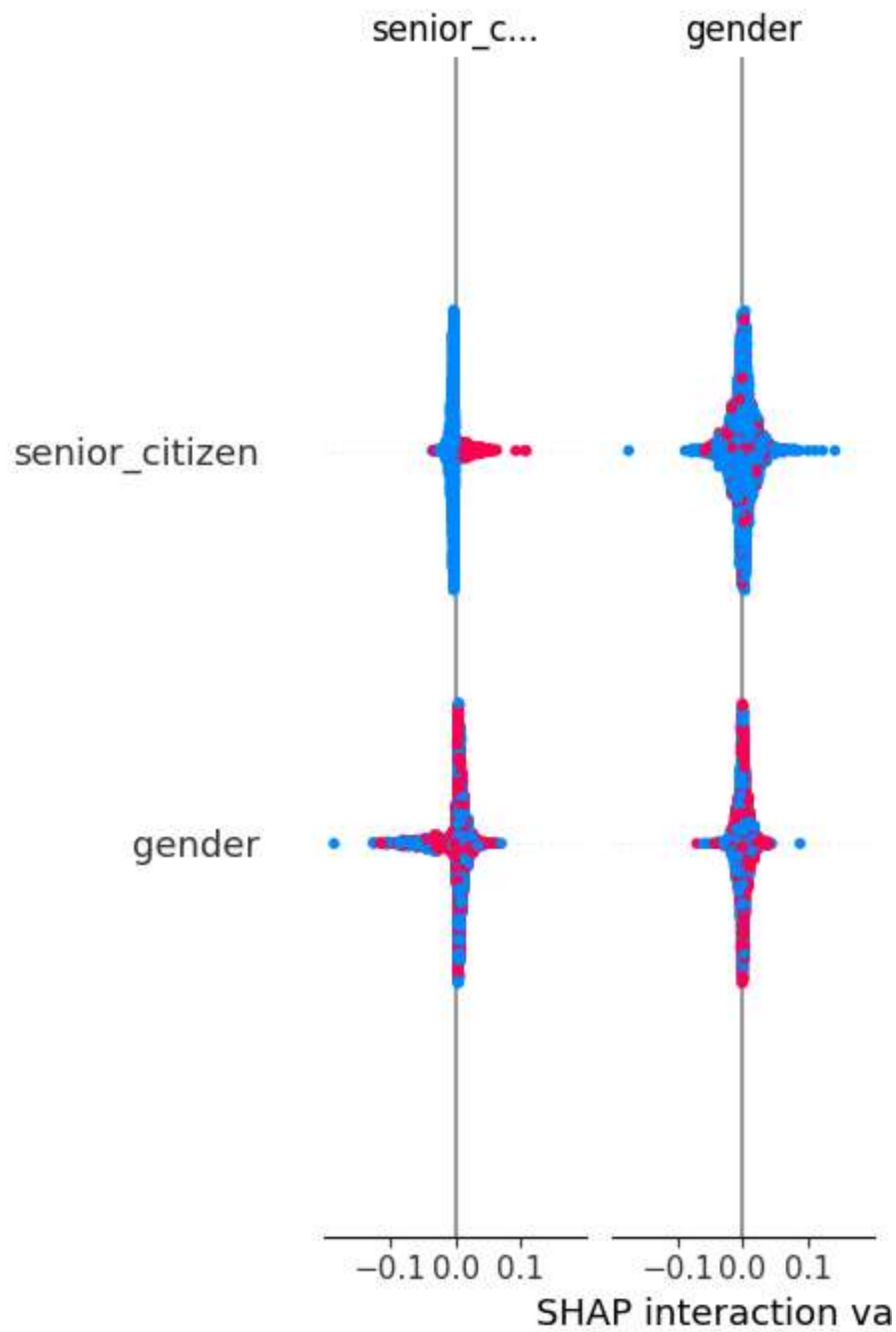
Out[6]:

Weight	Feature
0.0172 ± 0.0066	tenure
0.0163 ± 0.0187	contract
0.0075 ± 0.0105	online_security
0.0065 ± 0.0080	monthly_charges
0.0062 ± 0.0066	internet_service
0.0061 ± 0.0088	tech_support
0.0037 ± 0.0032	senior_citizen
0.0011 ± 0.0053	gender
0.0003 ± 0.0011	phone_service
-0.0004 ± 0.0050	partner
-0.0006 ± 0.0030	payment_method
-0.0016 ± 0.0071	paperless_billing
-0.0016 ± 0.0017	device_protection
-0.0023 ± 0.0053	streaming_tv
-0.0034 ± 0.0045	online_backup
-0.0045 ± 0.0023	multiple_lines
-0.0065 ± 0.0055	streaming_movies
-0.0068 ± 0.0130	total_charges
-0.0074 ± 0.0031	dependents

Using SHAP

```
In [7]: import shap

explainer = shap.TreeExplainer(model)
shap_values = explainer.shap_values(x_test)
shap.summary_plot(shap_values, x_test)
```



Customer Segmentation

```
In [8]: # Default all as Dormant
df['segment'] = 'Dormant'
# At Risk criteria: Low tenure & high monthly charges
df.loc[(df['tenure'] < 12) & (df['monthly_charges'] > df['monthly_charges'].mean())
# Loyal criteria: Long tenure & not churned
df.loc[(df['tenure'] >= 24) & (df['churn'] == 0), 'segment'] = 'Loyal'

df['segment'].value_counts()
```

```
Out[8]: segment
      Loyal      3366
      Dormant    2722
      At Risk     955
      Name: count, dtype: int64
```

Saving Charts

```
In [9]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      plt.savefig('churn_rate_chart.png')
```

<Figure size 640x480 with 0 Axes>

Tables (Data Frames)

```
In [10]: df.head().to_csv('sample_table.csv')
```

```
In [12]: importances = model.feature_importances_
      features = x.columns
      feat_imp = pd.DataFrame({'Feature': features, 'Importance': importances})
      feat_imp = feat_imp.sort_values('Importance', ascending=False)
      feat_imp.to_csv('feature_importance.csv', index=False)
```