Programming Fundamental A Hitchhiker Guide to Coding with Python

Lesson 4. Power of Iterations

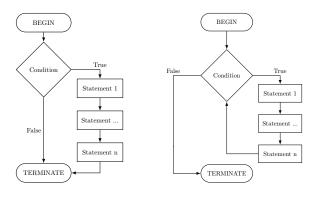
Akarate Singta

Department of Mathematics Faculty of Science and Technology, RMUTT

Lesson Outline

1	Understanding of Python Loops
2	Python List
3	Loop through a List
	Lesson 4: Power of Iterations Programming Fundamental
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Conditions vs Loops



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Python While Loops

```
BEGIN
   loop_ex1.py
   k = 1
                                                         k = 1
   while k < 5:
      print(k)
       k = k + 1
                                           False
                                                                       True
                                                         k < 5
  print('Done')
5
                                                                      PRINT
       python loop_ex1.py
                                           PRINT
                                           "Done"
                                                                      k = k + 1
    Done
```

Lesson 4: Power of Iterations Programming Fundamental

TERMINATE

Lesson 4: Power of Iterations

Programming Fundamental

```
times_table.py
```

```
print('Times-table Generator')
n = 1
k = int(input('Enter an integer: '))
while n <= 12:
    x = n * k
print(k, '*', n, '=', x)
n = n + 1
print('-' * 25)</pre>
```

```
>_ python times_table.py
Times-table Generator
Enter an integer: 9
9 * 1 = 9
9 * 2 = 18
9 * 3 = 27
9 * 4 = 36
9 * 5 = 45
9 * 6 = 54
9 * 7 = 63
9 * 8 = 72
9 * 9 = 81
9 * 10 = 90
9 * 11 = 99
9 * 12 = 108
```

ftimes_table.py

```
print('Times-table Generator')
    run = 1
2
    while run > 0:
       n = 1
       k = int(input('Enter an integer: '))
        while n <= 12:
            y = n * k
            print(k, '*', n, '=', x)
           n = n + 1
        print('-' * 25)
   print('Program is terminated.')
11
```

```
>_ python ftimes_table.py
Times-table Generator
Enter an integer: 9
9 * 1 = 9
9 * 2 = 18
9 * 3 = 27
9 * 4 = 36
9 * 5 = 45
9 * 6 = 54
9 * 7 = 63
9 * 8 = 72
9 * 9 = 81
9 * 10 = 90
9 * 11 = 99
9 * 12 = 108
Enter an integer:
```

```
rtimes_table.pv
                                              >_ python rtimes_table.py
                                              Times-table Generator
                                              Enter an integer: 9
   print('Times-table Generator')
                                              9 * 1 = 9
2
    run = 1
    while run > 0:
                                              9 * 2 = 18
                                              9 * 3 = 27
       n = 1
4
                                              9 * 4 = 36
       k = int(input('Enter a number: '))
5
       while n <= 12:
                                              9 * 5 = 45
                                              9 * 6 = 54
            x = n * k
                                              9 * 7 = 63
            print(k,'*',n,'=',x)
8
                                              9 * 8 = 72
            n = n + 1
9
       print('-' * 25)
                                              9 * 9 = 81
10
                                              9 * 10 = 90
       key = input('Continue? ')
       if kev == 'exit':
                                              9 * 11 = 99
12
                                              9 * 12 = 108
           run = -1
13
   print('Program is terminated.')
14
                                              Continue?
```

```
circle_area.py
```

```
pi = 3.14159265359
  rum = 1
  while run > 0:
    r = float(input('Enter a radius: '))
    area = pi * r ** 2
    print('Area is', area)
    print('-' * 25)
    key = input('Continue? ')
    if key == 'exit' or key == 'Exit':
        rum = -999
    print('Program is terminated')
```

Write a Python program to find

$$1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + 1000$$
.

summation_1.py

```
1    summation = 0
2    k = 1
3    N = 1000
4    while k <= N:
5     summation = summation + k
6    k = k + 1
7    print('Summation is', summation)</pre>
```

>_ python summation_1.py Summation is 500500

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Write a Python program to find

$$1+3+5+\ldots+999.$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^{500} (2k-1)$$

summation_2.py

```
>_ python summation_2.py summation = 0 Summation is 250000
```

k = 1
 N = 500
while k <= N:
 x = 2*k - 1
summation = summation + x
 k = k + 1
print('Summation is', summation)</pre>

Write a Python program to find

$$\frac{1}{2 \cdot 3} + \frac{2}{3 \cdot 4} + \frac{3}{4 \cdot 5} + \ldots + \frac{998}{999 \cdot 1000}.$$



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Write a Python program to find

$$\left(\frac{1}{2\cdot 3}\right) \times \left(\frac{2}{3\cdot 4}\right) \times \left(\frac{3}{4\cdot 5}\right) \times \ldots \times \left(\frac{998}{999\cdot 1000}\right).$$



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Write a Python program to find

$$n! = (n)(n-1)(n-2)\cdots(3)(2)(1)$$

for any positive integer n.

Exercise

Guessing Game

The computer has a secret integer from 1 to 50. A player keeps guessing numbers until he find the computer's number, and the computer will tell the player each time if the guess was too high or too low.

Write a Python program for this game.



Challenge!

Guessing Game+

This is as same as the previous guessing game, but it comes with options allowing player to choose a difficulty. Each difficulty affects the secret integer lying in different ranges as follows:

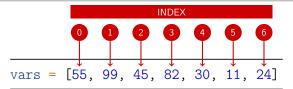
Difficulty	Secret Integer Range
Easy	[1, 10]
Normal	[1, 50]
Hard	[-100, 100]
Custom	[?, ?]

Write a Python program for this game.

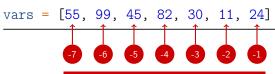
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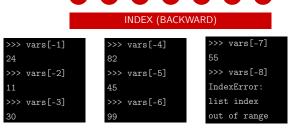
vars = [55, 99, 45, 82, 30, 11, 24]

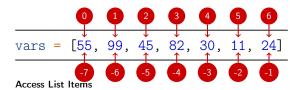
0	
	_
	_
	_



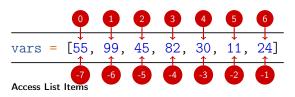
>>> vars[6]
24
>>> vars[7]
IndexError:
list index
out of range







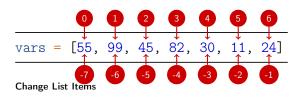
```
>>> vars[1]
99
>>> vars[0:3]
[55, 99, 45]
>>> vars[2:6]
[45, 82, 30, 11]
```

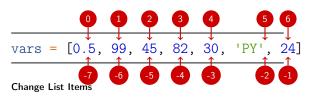


>>> vars[1:]
[99, 45, 82, 30, 11, 24]
>>> vars[-6:]
[99, 45, 82, 30, 11, 24]

>>> vars[:5]
[55, 99, 45, 82, 30]
>>> vars[:-2]
[55, 99, 45, 82, 30]

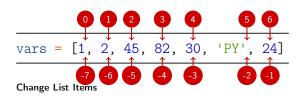
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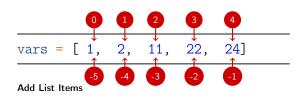
>>> vars[0:2] = [1, 2]

>>> vars
[1, 2, 45, 82, 30, 'PY', 24]



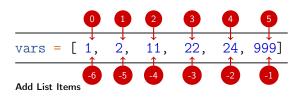
>>> vars[2:6] = [11, 22]

>>> vars
[1, 2, 11, 22, 24]

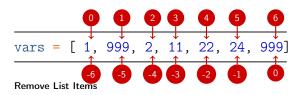


>>> vars.append(999)

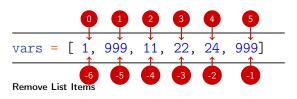
>>> vars
[1, 2, 11, 22, 24, 999]



>>> vars.insert(1, 999)

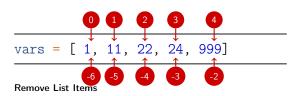


>>> vars.remove(2)

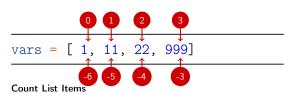


>>> vars.remove(999)

>>> vars
[1, 11, 22, 24, 999]



>>> vars.pop(3)



>>> len(vars) 4

```
xlist = [ 1, 11, 22, 999]
ylist = [888, 168]
```

Join Lists

```
>>> xlist + ylist
[1, 11, 22, 999, 888, 168]
>>> ylist + xlist
[888, 168, 1, 11, 22, 999]
>>> 2 * xlist
[1, 11, 22, 999, 1, 11, 22, 999]
```

Write a Python program to find a summation of items in xlist.

```
summation.py
```

>_ python summation.py Summation is 1298.27

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summation.py

```
>_ python summation.py
n = 0 --> sumx = 3.22
n = 1 --> sumx = 5.02
n = 2 --> sumx = 51.02
n = 3 --> sumx = 51.35
n = 4 --> sumx = 55.85
n = 5 --> sumx = 143.85
n = 6 --> sumx = 220.08
n = 7 --> sumx = 364.29
n = 8 --> sumx = 401.06
n = 9 --> sumx = 500.40
n = 10 --> sumx = 560.72
n = 11 --> sumx = 564.72
n = 12 --> sumx = 610.05
n = 13 --> sumx = 845.05
n = 14 --> sumx = 1298.27
Summation is 1298.27
```

Python For Loop

```
summation.py
```

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While-loop vs For-loop

```
while_loop.pv
                                         for_loop.pv
1 xlist = [3.22, 1.80, 46,
                                     1 xlist = [3.22, 1.80, 46,
    \leftrightarrow 0.33, 4.5, 88, 76.23,
                                         \leftrightarrow 0.33, 4.5, 88, 76.23,
    \hookrightarrow 144.21, 36.77, 99.34,
                                         \leftrightarrow 144.21, 36.77, 99.34,
    \leftrightarrow 60.32, 4.00, 45.33,
                                         \leftrightarrow 60.32, 4.00, 45.33,
    sumx = 0
                                         sumx = 0
   num = len(xlist)
                                         num = len(xlist)
5
    n = 0
    while n < num:
                                        for n in range(num):
       sumx = sumx + xlist[n]
                                            sumx = sumx + xlist[n]
      n = n + 1
8
9
    print('Summation is', sumx) 10
                                         print('Summation is', sumx)
10
```

Different Types of For-loop

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```
summation_f_1.py
```

```
1 xlist = [3.22, 1.80, 46,
   \leftrightarrow 0.33, 4.5, 88, 76.23,
   \rightarrow 144.21, 36.77, 99.34,
   \leftrightarrow 60.32, 4.00, 45.33,
   sumx = 0
2
   num = len(xlist)
5
   for n in range(num):
       sumx = sumx + xlist[n]
6
   print('Summation is', sumx)
```

```
summation f 2.pv
```

```
1 xlist = [3.22, 1.80, 46]
   \leftrightarrow 0.33, 4.5, 88, 76.23,
    \leftrightarrow 60.32, 4.00, 45.33,
    sumx = 0
   for x in xlist:
      sumx = sumx + x
 6
8 print('Summation is', sumx)
```

Write a Python program to find a summation of numbers in data.

```
summation_for.py
                                       summation_while.py
   data = ['tha', 'THB', 60,
                                       data = ['tha', 'THB', 60,
                                   1
           'eng', 'GHB', 55,
                                               'eng', 'GHB', 55,
                                    2
2
           'deu', 'EUR', 75,
                                               'deu', 'EUR', 75,
                                   3
3
           'jap', 'YEN', 46,
                                               'jap', 'YEN', 46,
                                    4
            'esp', 'EUR', 78]
                                               'esp', 'EUR', 78]
5
    sumn = 0
                                        sumn = 0
6
    num = len(data)
                                       num = len(data)
                                        n = 2
   for n in range(2, num, 3):
                                       while n < num:
        sumn = sumn + data[n]
                                            sumn = sumn + data[n]
10
                                   10
                                          n = n + 3
11
                                   11
   print('Summation is', sumn)
                                        print('Summation is', sumn)
12
                                   12
```

collect.py

Write a Python program to collect numbers from 10 inputs.

```
data = [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]
for n in range(10):
    x = float(input('Enter a number: '))
data[n] = x
print(data)
```

```
>_ python collect.py
Enter a number: 34
Enter a number: 33
Enter a number: 23
Enter a number: 66
Enter a number: 34
Enter a number: 34
Enter a number: 23
Enter a number: 12
Enter a number: 55
Enter a number: 56
[34.0, 33.0, 23.0, 44.0, 66.0, 34.0, 23.0, 12.0, 55.0, 56.0]
```

Write a Python program to collect numbers from 10 inputs.

```
collect.py

data = []
for n in range(10):
    x = float(input('Enter a number: '))
data.append(x)
print(data)
```

```
>_ python collect.py
Enter a number: 34
Enter a number: 33
Enter a number: 23
Enter a number: 66
Enter a number: 34
Enter a number: 34
Enter a number: 12
Enter a number: 55
Enter a number: 56
[34.0, 33.0, 23.0, 44.0, 66.0, 34.0, 23.0, 12.0, 55.0, 56.0]
```

Write a Python program to collect exam scores from a number of students. Inputs must be positive numbers or zero. The program stops collecting with a negative input.

```
collect.pv
data = [ ]
run = True
while run:
   x = float(input('Enter a number: '))
   if x \ge 0:
        data.append(x)
   else:
        run = False
print(data)
```

```
>_ python collect.py
Enter a number: 34
Enter a number: 33
Enter a number: 23
Enter a number: 44
Enter a number: 82
Enter a number: -9
[34.0, 33.0, 23.0,
    44.0. ....
    82.0]
```