```
In [1]:
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')
Drive already mounted at /content/drive; to attempt to forcibly remount, call drive.mount
("/content/drive", force remount=True).
In [2]:
import os
import pathlib
from pathlib import Path
os.chdir("/content/drive/My Drive/Akarshan/BERT")
!ls -1
total 21567
-rw----- 1 root root 256508 Dec 28 17:58 'Actual Compare.ipynb'
-rw----- 1 root root 8388432 Dec 26 21:48 BERT5.hdf5
-rw----- 1 root root 488019 Dec 26 22:59 Compare.ipynb
-rw----- 1 root root 476329 Dec 26 23:48 'copy EDA on results.ipynb'
-rw----- 1 root root 255088 Dec 26 23:16 'Copy of Distllbert400000.ipynb'
drwx----- 2 root root 4096 Dec 3 16:27 drwx---- 4 root root 4096 Dec 28 19:29
                                             Data
                                            distilbert
-rw----- 1 root root 251029 Dec 26 22:52 Distllbert400000.ipynb
-rw----- 1 root root 487917 Dec 27 00:17 'EDA on results.ipynb'
drwx----- 2 root root 4096 Dec 18 07:14 'misc model'
-rw----- 1 root root 42836 Dec 28 17:53 model.png
drwx----- 3 root root
                         4096 Dec 3 16:27 papers
-rw----- 1 root root 27317 Dec 29 20:42 Predict.ipynb
-rw----- 1 root root 85578 Dec 26 22:54 Roberta.ipynb
-rw----- 1 root root 5551000 Dec 26 22:48 roBERT.hdf5
-rw----- 1 root root 5551000 Dec 26 22:28 scBERT.hdf5
-rw----- 1 root root 203468 Dec 26 22:53 SciBert400k.ipynb
In [ ]:
!pip install transformers
!pip install tensorflow addons
Collecting transformers
  Downloading transformers-4.15.0-py3-none-any.whl (3.4 MB)
                                     | 3.4 MB 5.2 MB/s
Collecting sacremoses
  Downloading sacremoses-0.0.46-py3-none-any.whl (895 kB)
                                      | 895 kB 56.4 MB/s
Collecting tokenizers<0.11,>=0.10.1
  Downloading tokenizers-0.10.3-cp37-cp37m-manylinux 2 5 x86 64.manylinux1 x86 64.manylin
ux 2 12 x86 64.manylinux2010 x86 64.whl (3.3 MB)
                                   | 3.3 \text{ MB } 32.3 \text{ MB/s} |
Requirement already satisfied: packaging>=20.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages
(from transformers) (21.3)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.17 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (fro
m transformers) (1.19.5)
Requirement already satisfied: importlib-metadata in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packag
es (from transformers) (4.8.2)
Requirement already satisfied: filelock in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from t
ransformers) (3.4.0)
Collecting huggingface-hub<1.0,>=0.1.0
  Downloading huggingface_hub-0.2.1-py3-none-any.whl (61 kB)
                                     | 61 kB 308 kB/s
Requirement already satisfied: tqdm \ge 4.27 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from
transformers) (4.62.3)
Requirement already satisfied: requests in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from t
ransformers) (2.23.0)
Requirement already satisfied: regex!=2019.12.17 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-package
s (from transformers) (2019.12.20)
Collecting pyyaml>=5.1
```

Downloading PyYAML-6.0-cp37-cp37m-manylinux 2 5 x86 64.manylinux1 x86 64.manylinux 2 12

```
_{x86\_64.manylinux2010\_x86\_64.whl} (596 kB)
                                      | 596 kB 55.3 MB/s
Requirement already satisfied: typing-extensions>=3.7.4.3 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dis
t-packages (from huggingface-hub<1.0,>=0.1.0->transformers) (3.10.0.2)
Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing!=3.0.5,>=2.0.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-
packages (from packaging>=20.0->transformers) (3.0.6)
Requirement already satisfied: zipp>=0.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from
importlib-metadata->transformers) (3.6.0)
Requirement already satisfied: chardet<4,>=3.0.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-package
s (from requests->transformers) (3.0.4)
Requirement already satisfied: urllib3!=1.25.0,!=1.25.1,<1.26,>=1.21.1 in /usr/local/lib/
python3.7/dist-packages (from requests->transformers) (1.24.3)
Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packag
es (from requests->transformers) (2021.10.8)
Requirement already satisfied: idna<3,>=2.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (fr
om requests->transformers) (2.10)
Requirement already satisfied: click in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from sacr
emoses->transformers) (7.1.2)
Requirement already satisfied: six in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from sacrem
oses->transformers) (1.15.0)
Requirement already satisfied: joblib in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from sac
remoses->transformers) (1.1.0)
Installing collected packages: pyyaml, tokenizers, sacremoses, huggingface-hub, transform
ers
  Attempting uninstall: pyyaml
    Found existing installation: PyYAML 3.13
    Uninstalling PyYAML-3.13:
      Successfully uninstalled PyYAML-3.13
Successfully installed hugging
face-hub-0.2.1 pyyaml-6.0 sacremoses-0.0.46 tokenizers-0.10
.3 transformers-4.15.0
Collecting tensorflow addons
  Downloading tensorflow addons-0.15.0-cp37-cp37m-manylinux 2 12 x86 64.manylinux2010 x86
64.whl (1.1 MB)
                                 | 1.1 MB 5.1 MB/s
Requirement already satisfied: typeguard>=2.7 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (
from tensorflow addons) (2.7.1)
Installing collected packages: tensorflow-addons
Successfully installed tensorflow-addons-0.15.0
In [ ]:
import numpy as np
import pickle
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.metrics import f1 score
from random import sample
import tensorflow as tf
from keras.models import load model
import transformers
from transformers import pipeline, TFAutoModel, AutoTokenizer
import tensorflow_addons as tfa
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
In [ ]:
def load data(df):
  opstr = ''
  flag = input('for using data enter 1 or for providing input enter 2: ')
  if flag=='1':
    size = int(input('sample size to use: '))
    if not(isinstance(size,int) and size>0 and size<1189321): #lenght of df
      raise Exception('sample size must belong in the range 1 to 1189321 and of type int'
    data=df[['SBE','Label']].sample(size,replace=False)
    # data=df[['SBE', 'Label']].iloc[:size]
    return data
```

```
elif flag=='2':
    def take input():
      value1 = str(input('input sentence below:\n'))
      value2 = int(input('input Label:'))
        if isinstance(value1,str) and value2 in [1,2]:
         pass
      except:
        raise Exception(f'{value1} has to be string and {value2} has to be 0 or 1')
      return value1, value2
    sent = []
    label = []
    flag2= True
    while(flag2):
      sentv,labelv = take_input()
      sent.append(sentv)
      label.append(labelv)
      more input = input('Enter \'y\' for more input: ')
      if not ('y' in more input.lower()):
        flag2 = False
    data = [[value1, value2] for value1, value2 in zip(sent, label)]
    df = pd.DataFrame(data, columns = ['SBE', 'Label'])
    return df
  else:
   print('1')
    raise Exception(f'your input {flag} is neither 1 or 2.')
In [ ]:
def load pipe(model name = './distilbert/model', token name = './distilbert/tokenizer'):
  BERT = TFAutoModel.from pretrained(model name)
  tokenizer = AutoTokenizer.from pretrained(token name)
  pipe = pipeline('feature-extraction', model=BERT,
                  tokenizer=tokenizer, device=1)
  # BERT.save pretrained('distilbert/model')
  # tokenizer.save pretrained('distilbert/tokenizer')
  return pipe
In [ ]:
def to predictor(data, pipe):
  if isinstance(data,pd.DataFrame):
```

features = np.array(pipe(data['SBE'].to list()),dtype='object')

test labels = [ [0,1] if value==1 else [1,0] for value in data['Label'] ]

for idx in range(np.shape(features)[0]):

test\_labels = np.array(test\_labels)

lst.append(sent\_mean)
feature matrix= np.array(lst)

sent mean = np.mean(features[idx][0],axis =0)

lst = []

```
return feature_matrix.astype('float32'),test_labels
  else:
    raise Exception('Data not of type pandas.DataFrame')
In [ ]:
def get preds(feature matrix, test labels, model, printf1 =False, verbose=True):
  opstr = ''
  # if isinstance(feature matrix,str):
    print('3')
    return feature_matrix
  y pr ts = model.predict(feature matrix)[:,1]
  y ts = test labels[:,1]
  def predict with best t(proba, threshould=0.718):
      predictions = []
      for i in proba:
          if i>=1-threshould:
              predictions.append(1)
          else:
              predictions.append(0)
      return predictions
  predictions = predict_with_best_t(y_pr_ts)
  if verbose:
    opstr += f'Threshold used for prediction is {1-0.718:.3f}\n'
    for t,1,p in zip(y_ts,y_pr_ts,predictions):
     opstr += f'Label: {int(t)}, Prediction:{p}, Logit: {1:.3f}\n'
  if printf1:
    f1=f1 score(y ts,predictions)*100
    opstr += f'f1 score: \{f1:.2f\}\n'
  print(opstr)
In [ ]:
def model_predict(data,pipe,model):
  data = load data(df)
  feature matrix, test labels = to predictor(data, pipe)
  get preds(feature matrix, test labels, model)
In [ ]:
files = 'Data//data.csv'
df = pd.read csv(files)
df.dropna(subset = ['SBE'],inplace =True)
In [ ]:
```

```
pipe = load pipe()
model = load model("BERT5.hdf5")
All model checkpoint layers were used when initializing TFDistilBertModel.
All the layers of TFDistilBertModel were initialized from the model checkpoint at ./disti
lbert/model.
If your task is similar to the task the model of the checkpoint was trained on, you can a
lready use TFDistilBertModel for predictions without further training.
In [ ]:
model predict(df,pipe,model) #used random samples of Data
for using data enter 1 or for providing input enter 2: 1
sample size to use: 20
Threshold used for prediction is 0.282
Label: 0, Prediction:1, Logit: 0.439
Label: 0, Prediction: 0, Logit: 0.279
Label: 1, Prediction: 0, Logit: 0.279
Label: 0, Prediction: 0, Logit: 0.279
Label: 0, Prediction:0, Logit: 0.279
Label: 0, Prediction:0, Logit: 0.279
Label: 1, Prediction:1, Logit: 0.463
Label: 1, Prediction:1, Logit: 0.463
Label: 0, Prediction: 0, Logit: 0.279
Label: 0, Prediction:1, Logit: 0.318
Label: 0, Prediction:1, Logit: 0.318
Label: 0, Prediction: 0, Logit: 0.279
Label: 1, Prediction:0, Logit: 0.258
Label: 0, Prediction: 0, Logit: 0.279
Label: 0, Prediction:1, Logit: 0.463
Label: 0, Prediction: 0, Logit: 0.039
Label: 0, Prediction: 0, Logit: 0.279
In [ ]:
df[['SBE','Label']].sample(10)
Out[]:
                                          SBE Label
 66250
          This result that a contributory pension system...
                                                 1
109640
          In these sections, we study the noncanonical H...
  4180
         Bernaschi et al. _CITE_ accelerated the LBM po...
707069
            The resulting fields are no longer potential, ...
```

```
109640 In these sections, we study the noncanonical H... 0
4180 Bernaschi et al. _CITE_ accelerated the LBM po... 1
707069 The resulting fields are no longer potential, ... 1
381311 In addition, with the new definition of the pa... 1
770955 If we denote by _MATH_ the smallest box (recta... 0
82927 From these two observations, we can calculate ... 0
904626 As in the _MATH_ algorithm, a node chooses the... 0
316079 According to the statements of the researchers... 1
251280 Our new approach can merge some multicast sess... 0
```

```
In [ ]:
```

```
model_predict(df,pipe,model)
```

for using data enter 1 or for providing input enter 2: 2 input sentence below:

This result that a contributory pension system is friendlier to the poor than a flat-bene

```
fit system seems paradoxical and yet is often observed.
input Label:1
Enter 'y' for more input: y
input sentence below:
In these sections, we study the noncanonical Hamiltonian dynamics of a gyrostat in Newton
ian interaction with two spherical rigid bodies.
input Label:0
Enter 'y' for more input: y
input sentence below:
Bernaschi et al. CITE accelerated the LBM portion of MURPHY, a multi-scale simulation c
ode for fluids with embedded particles that combines LBM to capture fluid flow with a mod
ified molecular dynamics solver for suspended solid particles.
input Label:1
Enter 'y' for more input: y
input sentence below:
The resulting fields are no longer potential, but remain divergence-free.
input Label:1
Enter 'y' for more input: y
input sentence below:
In addition, with the new definition of the parameters \_{MATH}\_ and \_{MATH}\_, the differentia
tion of MATH can be formulated as MATHDISP
input Label:1
Enter 'y' for more input: y
input sentence below:
If we denote by MATH the smallest box (rectangle with sides parallel to the axes) conta
ining the hole MATH , MATH , and by MATH the smallest box containing MATH , then the
checking can be reduced to the non-absorbed holes MATH for which MATH.
input Label:0
Enter 'y' for more input:
Threshold used for prediction is 0.282
Label: 1, Prediction:1, Logit: 0.495
Label: 0, Prediction: 0, Logit: 0.279
Label: 1, Prediction:1, Logit: 0.495
Label: 1, Prediction:0, Logit: 0.258
Label: 1, Prediction:1, Logit: 0.318
Label: 0, Prediction: 0, Logit: 0.279
In [ ]:
```

```
In [ ]:
In [ ]:
In [3]:
import pandas as pd
files = 'Data//data.csv'
df = pd.read csv(files)
df.dropna(subset = ['SBE'],inplace =True)
In [20]:
df[['SBE','Label']].sample(10)
Out[20]:
                                                   SBE Label
 990050
              In the cases of _MATH_ or _MATH_, the fitting ...
                                                            0
1145886
              For p53, peaks in total nuclear concentration ...
                                                            1
 1094958
               This assumption can be restrictive and easily ...
               In this method, the right-hand side of _REF_ i...
 202128
                                                            1
```

0

0

1

0

0

464976

484968

958525

1118994

389402

826619

Then, for any \_MATH\_, it implies that \_MATHDIS...

Now consider \_MATH\_ and the corresponding edge...

So the core's radius is related to both the nu...

A rigorous analytic formula is derived for the...

We stress that this is only a necessary (but n...

Note that, if PCA is applied, the first princi...