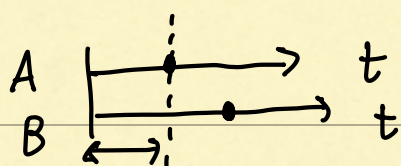


- EVENT A IS POISSON WITH RATE  $\lambda_A$
- EVENT B IS POISSON WITH RATE  $\lambda_B$

THEN THE FIRST EVENT OF EITHER A OR B IS  
POISSON WITH RATE  $\lambda = \lambda_A + \lambda_B$

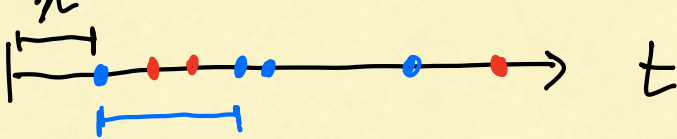
RACING PROPERTY



- IF A POISSON PROCESS WITH RATE  $\lambda$  HAS TWO TYPES, A AND B, AND EACH EVENT IS TYPE A WITH PROBABILITY  $p_A$  (AND B WITH  $(1-p_A)$ ),  
INDEPENDENT OF OTHER EVENTS,  
THEN

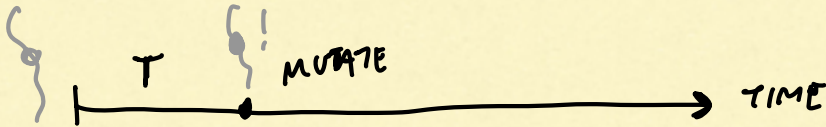
TYPE A EVENTS ARE POISSON WITH RATE  
 $p_A \lambda$

TYPE B EVENTS ARE POISSON WITH RATE  
 $(1-p_A) \lambda$



THINNING PROPERTY

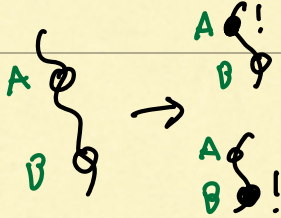
## EX MUTATIONS



$\lambda = 1 \text{ yr}^{-1}$

$E[T] = \frac{1}{\lambda} = 1 \text{ yr}$

### CASE 1

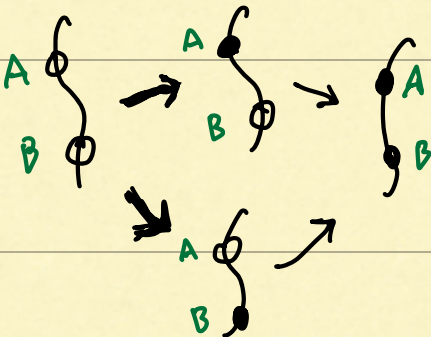


TWO LOCI, TIME TO FIRST MUTATION

POISSON WITH RATE  $\lambda + \lambda = 2\lambda$

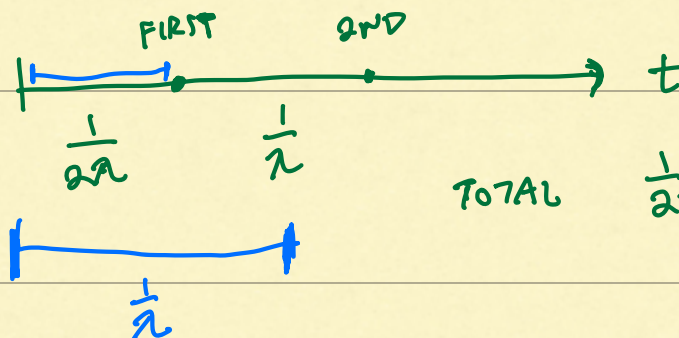
$E[\text{FIRST}] = \frac{1}{2\lambda} = 0.5 \text{ yr}$

### CASE 2



TWO LOCI, TIME TO SECOND MUTATION?

$E[\text{SECOND}] = ?$

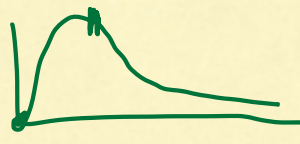


TOTAL  $\frac{1}{2\lambda} + \frac{1}{\lambda} = 1.5 \frac{1}{\lambda}$

$1.5 \frac{1}{\lambda}$

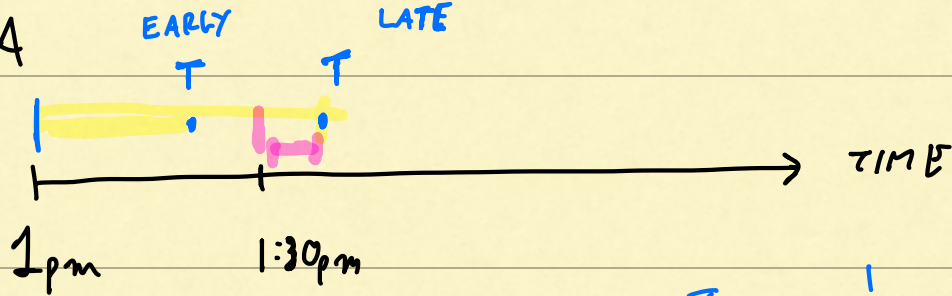


NEXT EVENT



END EVENT

PS 4 A



NOT

$$\frac{1}{\lambda} - 30\text{min} = 0$$

PARTITION: MUTUALLY EXCLUSIVE, COMPLETELY EXHAUSTIVE

$$X_1, X_2, X_3 \dots$$

$$P(Z) = P(Z|X_1)P(X_1) + \dots + P(Z|X_n)P(X_n)$$

$$E[Z] = E[Z|X_1]P(X_1) + \dots + E[Z|X_n]P(X_n)$$

LAW OF TOTAL EXPECTATION