

# Classes & Objects

#### **Destructor**

For a C++ class, a destructor is a special method that handles object destruction, generally focused on preventing memory leaks. Class destructors don't take arguments as input and their names are always preceded by a tilde  $\,\sim\,$ .

```
City::~City() {
   // Any final cleanup
}
```

#### **Class Members**

A class is comprised of class members:

- Attributes, also known as member data, consist of information about an instance of the class.
- Methods, also known as member functions, are functions that can be used with an instance of the class.

```
class City {
    // Attribute
    int population;

public:
    // Method
    void add_resident() {
        population++;
    }
};
```

#### Constructor

For a C++ class, a constructor is a special kind of method that enables control regarding how the objects of a class should be created. Different class constructors can be specified for the same class, but each constructor signature must be unique.

```
#include "city.hpp"

class City {

   std::string name;
   int population;

public:
   City(std::string new_name, int new_pop);
};
```



## **Objects**

In C++, an *object* is an instance of a class that encapsulates data and functionality pertaining to that data.

### City nyc;

#### Class

A C++ class is a user-defined data type that encapsulates information and behavior about an object. It serves as a blueprint for future inherited classes.

```
class Person {
};
```

## **Access Control Operators**

C++ classes have access control operators that designate the scope of class members:

- · public
- private

public members are accessible everywhere; private members can only be accessed from within the same instance of the class or from friends classes.

```
class City {
  int population;

public:
  void add_resident() {
    population++;
  }

private:
  bool is_capital;
};
```