Lecture 3

May 17, 2023

1 Lecture 3

1.1 Dictionary

```
[1]: my_dict= {"Name": "Akash", "Age":20}
my_dict
[1]: {'Name': 'Akash', 'Age': 20}
[2]: my_dict["Age"] = 21
my_dict
[2]: {'Name': 'Akash', 'Age': 21}
[3]: my_dict.items()
[3]: dict_items([('Name', 'Akash'), ('Age', 21)])
[4]: my_dict.keys()
[4]: dict_keys(['Name', 'Age'])
[5]: my_dict.values()
[5]: dict_values(['Akash', 21])
```

1.2 Conditional statements

1.2.1 If else statements

```
[6]: #if
    a=10
    b=5

if a==10:
    print(b)
```

5

```
[7]: #if...else
    a=7
    b=5

if a==10:
    print(b)
else:
    print(a)
```

7

```
[8]: #elif
    a=7
    b=5

if a==10:
    print(b)
elif a==7:
    print(a+b)
else:
    print(a)
```

12

1.3 Iterative statements

1.3.1 for loop

```
[9]: n=10
for i in range(n): #range(start, stop, stepsize)
    print(i, end=" ")
```

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

```
[10]: #Iterate through list
my_list = ["Akash", "Vishal", "Raju", "Ram"]
for i in my_list:
    print(i, end=" ")
```

Akash Vishal Raju Ram

1.3.2 while loop

```
[11]: n=10
      i=0
      while i<n:
          print(i, end=" ")
          i+=1
     0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
[12]: #while loop with continue
      n=10
      i=0
      while i<n:
          if i==6:
             i+=1
              continue
          print(i, end=" ")
         i+=1
     0 1 2 3 4 5 7 8 9
[13]: #while loop with break
     n=10
      i=0
      while i<n:
          if i==6:
             i+=1
              break
          print(i, end=" ")
          i+=1
     0 1 2 3 4 5
[14]: #while loop with pass
      n=10
      i=0
      while i<n:
          if i==6:
             i+=1
             pass
          print(i, end=" ")
```

0 1 2 3 4 5 7 8 9

i+=1

1.4 Functions

1.4.1 User defined functions

```
[15]: #Prime number check function
      def isprime(n):
          for i in range(2,n//2):
              if(n\%i==0):
                  return False
          return True
      n=7
      print(isprime(7))
     True
[16]: #Circle area function
      import math
      def circ_area(r):
          return math.pi*r*r
      r = float(input("Enter the radius of your circle: "))
      print("Area of your circle is ", circ_area(r))
     Enter the radius of your circle: 3
     Area of your circle is 28.274333882308138
[17]: #Rectange area function
      def rect_area(1, b):
          return 1*b
      1 = float(input("Enter the length of your rectangle: "))
      b = float(input("Enter the breadth of your rectangle: "))
      print("Area of your rectange is ", rect_area(1, b))
     Enter the length of your rectangle: 3
     Enter the breadth of your rectangle: 4
     Area of your rectange is 12.0
[18]: #BMI calculation function
      def bmi(w, h):
          return w/(h*h)
      w = float(input("Enter your weight(in kg): "))
      h = float(input("Enter your height(in m): "))
      print("Your BMI is ", bmi(w, h))
```

```
Enter your weight(in kg): 60
Enter your height(in m): 1.75
Your BMI is 19.591836734693878
```

1.4.2 Builtin functions

```
[19]: a= range(1, 11)
print(len(a))
```

10

1.4.3 Lambda functions

```
[20]: #One argument

x = lambda a:a+10
print(x(10))
```

20

```
[21]: #Two argument

x = lambda a,b:a+b
print(x(10, 20))

x = lambda a,b:a*b
print(x(10, 20))
```

30 200

```
[22]: #Three argument

x = lambda a,b,c:a+b+c
print(x(10, 20, 30))
```

60

1.5 Numpy

```
[23]: #loading packages
import numpy as np
```

```
[24]: #creating an array
arr = np.array([1,2,3,4,5])
print(arr)
```

[1 2 3 4 5]

```
[25]: #checking dimension of array
     print(arr.ndim)
     1
[26]: #creating an 2D array
     arr = np.array([[1,2,3,4,5], [6,7,8,9,10]])
     print(arr)
     [[1 2 3 4 5]
      [678910]]
[27]: #checking dimension of array
     print(arr.ndim)
     2
[28]: #creating an 3D array
     arr = np.array([[[1,2,3,4,5], [6,7,8,9,10], [11,12,13,14,15]]])
     print(arr)
     [[[1 2 3 4 5]
       [678910]
       [11 12 13 14 15]]]
[29]: #checking dimension of array
     print(arr.ndim)
     3
     1.5.1 Zero and one array
[30]: #zero array
     a= np.zeros(10)
     print(a)
     [0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
[31]: #one array
     a= np.ones(10)
     print(a)
     [1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.]
[32]: #increasing dimensions
     a= np.zeros([3, 3, 4])
                            #([kD, ..., 3D, 2D, 1D])
     print(a)
```

```
[[[0. 0. 0. 0.]
       [0. 0. 0. 0.]
       [0. 0. 0. 0.]]
      [[0. 0. 0. 0.]
       [0. 0. 0. 0.]
       [0. 0. 0. 0.]]
      [[0. 0. 0. 0.]
       [0. 0. 0. 0.]
       [0. 0. 0. 0.]]]
[33]: type(arr)
[33]: numpy.ndarray
     1.5.2 Functions of numpy
[34]: arr = np.array([10,20,30,40,50])
      print(arr.size)
     5
[35]: arr[4].dtype
[35]: dtype('int64')
[36]: #Find index position of maximum element in array by using argmax()
      print(arr)
      print(arr.argmax())
     [10 20 30 40 50]
[37]: #Find index position of minimum element in array by using argmin()
      print(arr)
      print(arr.argmin())
     [10 20 30 40 50]
[38]: # arange function
      a = np.arange(15) #end
      b = np.arange(0, 15) #start, end
      c = np.arange(0, 15, 2) #start, end, step
```

```
print(a)
     print(b)
     print(c)
     [0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14]
     [0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14]
     [ 0 2 4 6 8 10 12 14]
[39]: # Reshape function
     a = np.arange(12)
     a = a.reshape(3,4)
     print(a)
              #Multiples of 12 ex: 1,12 3,4 4,3 etc.
     # Create 3D array using reshape
     a = a.reshape(3,2,2) #Multiples of 12 ex: 1,12 3,4 4,3 etc.
     print(a)
     [[ 0 1 2 3]
     [4567]
     [8 9 10 11]]
     [[[ 0 1]
      [2 3]]
     [[4 5]
      [6 7]]
     [[ 8 9]
      [10 11]]]
[40]: # shape function
     print(a.shape)
     (3, 2, 2)
[41]: # max function
     print(a.max())
     11
[42]: # min function
     print(a.min())
     0
```

1.5.3 Slicing

```
[43]: arr = np.array([10,20,30,40,50])
      print(arr[1:3])
     [20 30]
[44]: arr = [10,20,30,40,50]
      print(arr[2:5])
     [30, 40, 50]
[45]: arr[::-1]
[45]: [50, 40, 30, 20, 10]
     1.5.4 Exercise
[46]: arr = np.array([[1,2],[2,3],[3,4],[4,5]])
      print(arr)
     [[1 2]
      [2 3]
      [3 4]
      [4 5]]
[47]: print(arr.size)
     print(arr.ndim)
     8
     2
```