

Duration: 30 classroom hours + 30 lab hours (60hrs)

Objective: To introduce the student to RDBMS and Facilitate Hands On Experience on (Object Relational

Database)

Prerequisites: Knowledge of programming in C++ Clarity of Object Oriented concepts

Evaluation method: Theory exam– 40% weightage

Lab exam – 40% weightage Internal exam– 20% weightage

List of Books / Other training material

Text Book:

1. MySQL Developer's Library by Paul DuBois / Pearson

Reference:

- 1. Professional NoSQL [eBook] by Shashank Tiwari / Wiley
- 2. Mysql: The Complete Reference 1st Edition by Vikram Vaswani / Mcgraw Hill Education
- 3. MySQL High Availability 1st Edition by Charles Bell O'reilly
- 4. Oracle 9i DBA Certification Guide
- 5. Oracle 9i Beginners Guide PL/SQL Guide Orilley's
- 6. Creating your MySQL Database: Practical Design Tips and Techniques by Marc Delisle / Packt Publishing
- 7. High Performance MYSQL, 3rd Edition by SCHWARTZ / Shroff Publishers
- 8. MURACH'S MYSQL by Joel Murach / Shroff Publisher
- 9. MySQL Cookbook: Solutions for Database Developers and Administrators by DuBois / O'Reilly Media
- 10. Nosql for Dummies by Fowler Adam Fowler / John Wiley & Sons
- 11. Beginning Databases with PostgreSQL: From Novice to Professional 2nd Revised edition by Richard Stones Neil Matthew Stones Matthew / Apress
- 12. Practical PostgreSQL 1st Edition by Joshua Drake John Worsley / O'Reilly

Session 1:

Lecture

- Introduction to DBMS What is DBMS, Its need
- Areas where DBMS are used
- Types of DBMS: Introduction to Hierarchical Model, Network and Relational Models, Object Oriented Database
- Data models (conceptual physical and logical)

Assignment – Reading:

Read and understand Chapters for the next session

Session 2:

Lecture:



- Data Integrity & integrity rules
- Codd's 12 rules for a Relational Database (conclusion)
- Need for Normalization.

Assignment - Reading:

Read and understand Chapters for the next session

Session 3:

Lecture:

- Various normalization forms1st normal form, 2nd normal form
- 3rd normal form,
- Introduction to 4th, BCNF, etc
- Need for De-normalization

Assignment – Reading:

Read and understand Chapters for the next session

Session 4:

Lecture:

- DDL Commands
- DML & DCL Commands
- Inbuilt Functions

Assignment – Lab:

SQL Practice Questions Including:-

DDL Commands: Create/Alter/Drop/Grant/Revoke DML Commands: Select/Insert/Update/Delete/Truncate

DCL Commands: RollBack Commit

Number Functions: -

Single Value Functions: NVL, ABS, CEIL etc Group Value Functions: AVG, COUNT, MAX etc

Assignment – Reading:

Read and understand Chapters for the next session Case study on Oracle Architecture

Session 5:

Lecture:

- Grouping Things Together (Group By, Having Clause)
- Advance Sub-queries (Correlated Sub query, Outer Joins)
- Set Operators (UNION, UNION ALL, INTERSECT, MINUS)

Assignment – Lab:

SQL Practice Questions:-

Queries containing Group By, Having Clause, Correlated Queries, SubQueries, Outer Joins and Set Operators

Assignment – Reading:



Read and understand Chapters for the next session

Session 6

Lecture:

- Types of Views
- Creating Complex View
- Using Temporary Tables
- Family Trees & Connect BY

Assignment - Lab:

SQL Practice Questions Including
Creating Simple/Complex Views,
Creating Temporary Tables,
Use of Connect by Clause

Assignment - Reading:

Read and understand Chapters for the next session

Session 7

Lecture:

- Introduction to MySQL Programming
- Exceptions

Assignment - Lab:

SQL Practice Questions covering MySQL programming & Exceptions

Assignment – Reading:

Read and understand Chapters for the next session

Session 8

Lecture:

- Cursors
- Procedures
- Functions

Assignment - Lab:

SQL Practice Questions covering Cursors, Procedures & Functions

Assignment - Reading:

Read and understand Chapters for the next session

Session 9

Lecture:

- Triggers
- Indexes

Assignment - Lab:

SQL Practice Questions covering index and Triggers

Assignment – Reading:

Read and understand Chapters for the next session



Session 10

Lecture:

- Clusters
- Snapshots

Assignment - Lab:

SQL Practice Questions including Index, clusters, snapshots

Assignment – Reading:

Read and understand Chapters for the next session

Session 11 & 12: NO SQL

Lecture:

- Introduction to No SQL database
- Data Persistence on Server-Side via NoSQL
- Does not use SQL-like query language (which supports the idea of "tables")
- Longer persistence
- Store massive amounts of records
- Many systems are optimized for retrieval (query) and appending (write) operations
- Systems can be scaled
- High availability
- Semi-structured data
- Support for numerous concurrent connections
- Indexing of records for faster retrieval
- Difference between a RDBMS and a No SQL database
- Understanding the Storage Architecture
 - Working with Column-Oriented Databases
 - Document Store Internals

Assignment - Lab:

Practice Questions including SQL write Operations.

Assignment - Reading:

Read and understand Chapters for the next session

Session 13 & 14: Lecture: NO SQL

- How to Configure and access the store using the Admin Console
- Performing CRUD Operations

Creating Records

Accessing Data

Updating and Deleting Data

- Working with Language Bindings
- Querying NoSQL Stores
- NoSQL database MongoDB
- The big ideas: documents, collections
- MongoDB is a document-based database system



- The abstract idea of a document data encapsulation into some file format. In the case of MongoDB, JSON is used.
- If you are familiar with relational databases and SQL, then analogies: tables => collections; records (or rows) => documents
- Each document can have different fields from other documents
- All documents must have an _id field
 - o Similarities Between SQL and MongoDB Query Features
 - Accessing Data from Column-Oriented Databases Like HBase
- Schema structure for Oracle NoSQL database
 - Changing Document Databases
 - Schema Evolution in Column-Oriented Databases
 - Data Evolution in Key/Value Stores
- What is MongoDB Internals
- Essential Concepts behind a Database Index
- Indexing and Ordering in MongoDB
- Creating and Using Indexes in MongoDB

Assignment - Lab:

Practice Questions including CRUD Operations

MongoDB Operations

Practice Questions including Column-Oriented Databases

Selecting a database to use

Showing all collections in database

Finding / querying documents in a collection

Inserting documents into a collection

Deleting documents in a collection

Update documents in a collection

Practice to create and using Indexes in MongoDB

Session 15

Lecture:

- What is BigData
- Using MySQL as a NoSQL Solution
- Mostly Immutable Data Stores
- Migrating from RDBMS to NoSQL

Assignment - Lab:

Practice how to Migrating from RDBMS to NoSQL.