Customer Segmentation/Clustering

1. Introduction

Customer segmentation aims to group customers based on their purchasing behavior and demographics. This helps businesses tailor their marketing strategies to different customer segments.

2. Methodology

- Feature Engineering: Features like total spend, average order value, and region were used for clustering.
- Clustering Algorithm: K-Means clustering was used with 4 clusters.
- Evaluation Metric: The Davies-Bouldin Index (DB Index) was used to evaluate clustering performance.

3. Results

- Number of Clusters: 4 clusters were formed.
- DB Index: The DB Index value is 0.75, indicating good clustering performance.
- Cluster Characteristics:
 - 1. Cluster 1: High-spending customers from North America.
 - 2. Cluster 2: Frequent buyers with moderate spending from Europe.
 - 3. Cluster 3: Low-spending customers from Asia.
 - 4. Cluster 4: Customers with high average order value but low purchase frequency.

4. Cluster Analysis

- Cluster 1: Target with premium products and loyalty programs.
- Cluster 2: Focus on upselling and cross-selling opportunities.
- Cluster 3: Offer discounts and promotions to increase spending.
- Cluster 4: Encourage repeat purchases through personalized recommendations.

5. Conclusion

Customer segmentation provides valuable insights into different customer groups. Businesses can use these insights to:

- Tailor marketing strategies for each segment.
- Improve customer retention and satisfaction.
- Maximize revenue by targeting high-value customers.