

TOI insights

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Abstract

18 opinion articles from the month of May 2020 were mined from Times of India archives relating to the migrant workers crisis. In this analysis the text has been broken down into vectors, tokens and ngrams so as to analyse the context of important phrases and words that link most intimately to the migrant issue.

Preparing the data

The data has first been mined from the internet and parsed from html format to clean text. Further, the text data is organised into a machine-readable dataframe and unrequired special characters like **punctuation** marks and **Upper case** letters have been filtered out.

```
head(article_collection)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 4
##   title_text                                num clean_text
##   <chr> <chr>                                <int> <chr>
## 1 TOI    The so-called symbol of 'livin~      1 "the so called symbol of living m~
## 2 TOI    My heart sank as I saw the vir~      2 "my heart sank as i saw the viral~
## 3 TOI    Several commentators have writ~      3 "several commentators have writte~
## 4 TOI    It's painful for any human to ~      4 "it s painful for any human to se~
## 5 TOI    As the Mahatma Gandhi National~      5 "as the mahatma gandhi national r~
## 6 TOI    The lockdown has shown up the ~      6 "the lockdown has shown up the se~
```

Creating wordclouds

The next step is to make a wordcloud of all the important **Nouns** used in all the **TOI** articles put together. We will do the same for the other publications since this will give us an overview comparison of - what are the different topics/subjects the publications are talking about within the framework of the migrant issue. Below is the wordcloud for TOI in which we can quickly notice some of the important subjects of discussion - **Bihar, Aadhaar, Adityanath, Dhan, Employment, Congress.**

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Figure 1: Figure 1: wordcloud

N-gram analysis

Here we set $n=4$ and essentially extract phrases of 4 neighboring words around a **Noun/Subject** so as to get an idea about the context in which the subject is being talked about.

In this first table, **word1** has been filtered to show the **sentiment lexicon** terms which essentially set the tone for the rest of the phrase. For examples notice the first row - *“bitterly fractious ideological battle”* : bitterly sets the negative tone in this regard. The second row - *“affluent city dwellers deride”* : has been said in the context of Nrega : We can hence infer from this statement that - **city folk tend to not support policies like NREGA**. In index number 18 - the phrase *“diverted payments”* also paints an interesting picture of how these schemes might be perceived.

```
## # A tibble: 21 x 5
##       X1 word1      word2      word3      word4
##   <dbl> <chr>      <chr>      <chr>      <chr>
## 1     5 bitterly  fractious  ideological battle
## 2     6 affluent  city      dwellers   deride
## 3     6 expensive  gravy     train      money
## 4     7 righteous corporate india     blame
## 5    18 jam      trinity   jan        dhan
## 6    18 rejected  payments  diverted   payments
```

```
## 7 20 innovative citizen centric social
## 8 25 leading development economist pranab
## 9 27 conflicting income support schemes
## 10 30 strong institutional social audits
## # ... with 11 more rows
```

In yet another set of 4-grams we can see in index number 27 - “*multiple conflicting income support*”: tends to suggest that the various income support schemes for the poor tend to be viewed as chaotic and confusing since they conflict with each other. Index number 105 - “*extra revolutionary arvind kejriwal*”: suggests a negative, sarcastic view of the Delhi chief minister in this context.

```
## # A tibble: 12 x 5
##      X1 word1      word2      word3      word4
##    <dbl> <chr>    <chr>    <chr>    <chr>
## 1      5 bitterly fractious ideological battle
## 2     18 leveraging jam        trinity    jan
## 3     27 multiple  conflicting income    support
## 4     31 income    support    welfare    programmes
## 5    105 extra    revolutionary arvind    kejriwal
## 6    125 home      sick      ness      kindled
## 7    154 india    unequal    india     india
## 8    156 reverse  hard      fought    gains
## 9    189 pushed    disabled  gayoor    ahmed's
## 10   224 hospitals trauma     centres    orphanages
## 11   246 workers  undermining physical    distancing
## 12   274 tremendously rich      temples    religious
```

Another 4-gram set brings out more interesting observations. Index number 7 - “*corporate india blame nrega*”: another phrase suggesting negative view towards nrega among the urban population of India. An important phrase at index number 61 - “*largest humanitarian crisis dwarfing*”: suggests that the migrant crisis is by no means to be taken lightly since in this context it is viewed as an extremely serious issue that requires immediate attention.

```
## # A tibble: 13 x 5
##      X1 word1      word2      word3      word4
##    <dbl> <chr>    <chr>    <chr>    <chr>
## 1      7 corporate india     blame    nrega
## 2     10 dhan     yojna     smart    city
## 3     27 basic    income    support    combined
## 4     27 conflicting income    support    schemes
## 5     29 communities land      reforms    beneficiaries
## 6     61 largest  humanitarian crisis    dwarfing
## 7     70 easing    direct    benefit    transfers
## 8    154 growing    india     unequal    india
```

```
## 9 187 fellow migrants hard scrabbling
## 10 189 anirudh pushed disabled gayoor
## 11 215 india reopening accessible testing
## 12 246 migrant workers undermining physical
## 13 261 strongly worded passionate observations
```

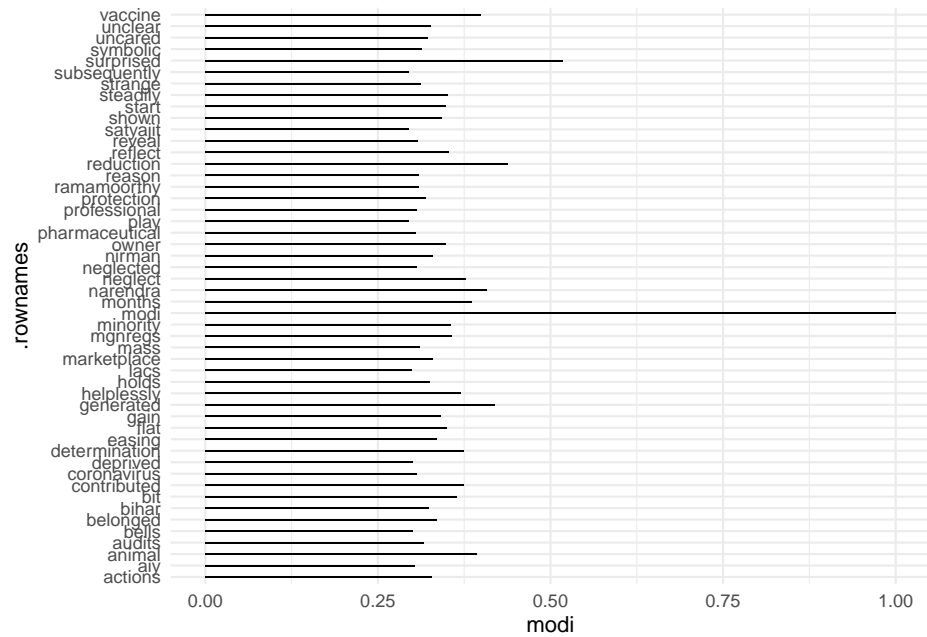
Word similarities

Now we shall essentially convert these words into vectors and see how similar they are on the basis of - How frequently do they occur in the same context or within a sentence of each other.

We will now check words that are similar to the word **Modi** and bring out the top 50 closely correlated words. We can notice that words that are often mentioned in the context of **modi** appear to be - **surprised, outlined, reassure, providing, mismanagement, aadhaar, offered, opportunities**. Some terms like **surprised** seem to be in line with anecdotal evidence of how the prime minister directs policy at times - in surprising moves. Words like **providing, reassure** suggest that the prime minister has taken action regarding this crisis.

```
##      modi      surprised      reduction      generated      narendra
##      1.0000000      0.5175068      0.4382753      0.4187787      0.4078502
##      vaccine      animal      months      neglect      contributed
##      0.3996068      0.3930762      0.3860814      0.3773198      0.3749539
##      determination      helplessly      bit      mgnregs      minority
##      0.3740319      0.3698159      0.3639314      0.3569366      0.3559855
##      reflect      steadily      flat      owner      start
##      0.3527601      0.3513485      0.3494147      0.3483307      0.3478893
##      shown      gain      easing      belonged      nirman
##      0.3429381      0.3404632      0.3351734      0.3347612      0.3300565
##      marketplace      actions      unclear      holds      bihar
##      0.3296125      0.3273781      0.3271464      0.3256649      0.3241468
##      uncared      protection      audits      symbolic      strange
##      0.3217929      0.3196669      0.3164055      0.3137493      0.3120267
##      mass      ramamoorthy      reason      reveal      professional
##      0.3102876      0.3095673      0.3086962      0.3072613      0.3070423
##      coronavirus      neglected      pharmaceutical      aiy      bells
##      0.3069518      0.3069158      0.3053290      0.3031864      0.3009449
##      deprived      lacs      satyajit      play      subsequently
##      0.3007853      0.2988081      0.2953505      0.2953356      0.2941496
```

```
## Warning: 'tidy.matrix' is deprecated.
## See help("Deprecated")
```

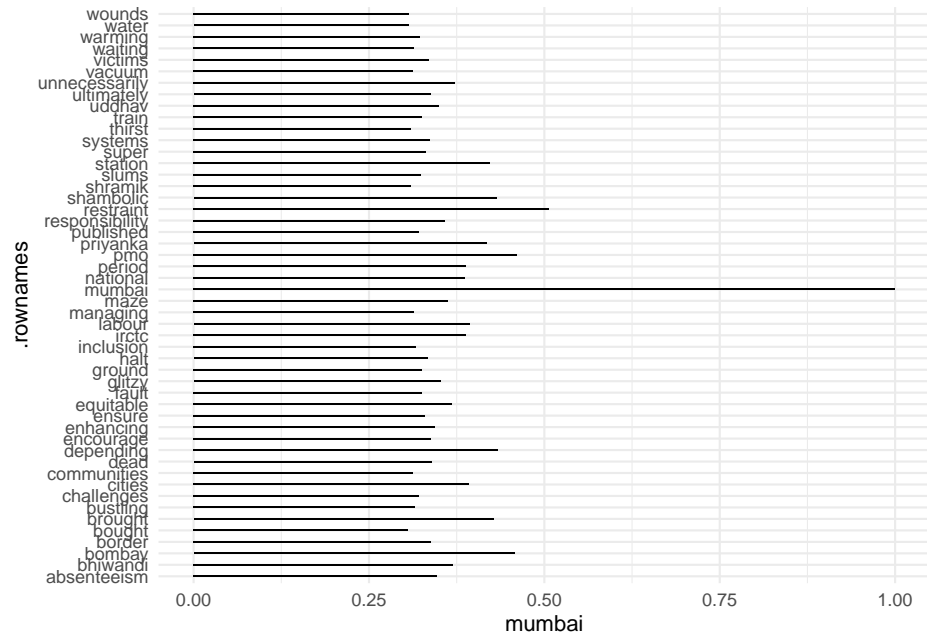


Now we see the top correlated terms for **mumbai** to get an idea about the context in which this city was mentioned as the migrant crisis unfolded. Words like **arrest**, **jail** suggest that the police was probably handling this issue by hard enforcement of lockdown norms. Words like **critisized** suggest that this city has been critisized for the way it handled this crisis. Note that we can make these judgements because analysis suggests a close correlation between these words to the main subject. So in essence, since the word **critisized** has been present within a few words of the word **mumbai** we can say it was probably referring to **mumbai** and not something else.

##	mumbai	restraint	pmo	bombay	depending
##	1.0000000	0.5063127	0.4614587	0.4573265	0.4343722
##	shambolic	brought	station	priyanka	labour
##	0.4316517	0.4274483	0.4222558	0.4176109	0.3932278
##	cities	irctc	period	national	unnecessarily
##	0.3923932	0.3879903	0.3878940	0.3864918	0.3729191
##	bhiwandi	equitable	maze	responsibility	glitzy
##	0.3700400	0.3679636	0.3626228	0.3584705	0.3518065
##	uddhav	absenteeism	enhancing	dead	border
##	0.3503430	0.3473395	0.3441686	0.3391745	0.3381475
##	encourage	ultimately	systems	victims	halt
##	0.3379318	0.3377582	0.3371529	0.3360302	0.3334402
##	super	ensure	ground	fault	train
##	0.3308369	0.3298977	0.3260425	0.3259468	0.3254716
##	slums	warming	published	challenges	inclusion
##	0.3236417	0.3223772	0.3210351	0.3210092	0.3164950

```
##      bustling      waiting      managing      vacuum      communities
##      0.3158299      0.3145329      0.3137902      0.3132575      0.3126908
##      thirst      shramik      wounds      water      bought
##      0.3099424      0.3097115      0.3075812      0.3061962      0.3061707

## Warning: 'tidy.matrix' is deprecated.
## See help("Deprecated")
```

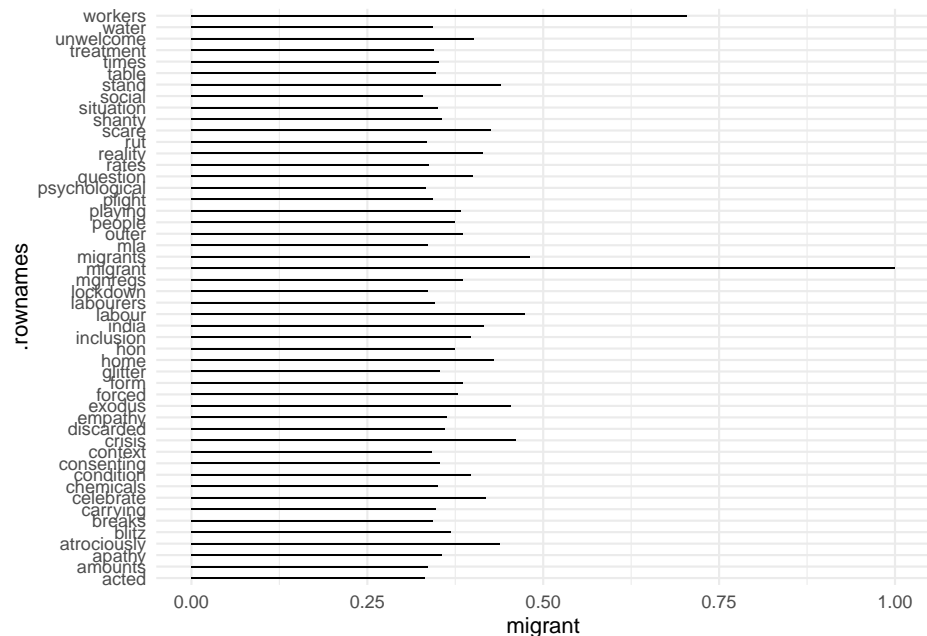


We will now see top correlated terms with the word **migrant** to see the relevant context. We can see that most descriptions of the migrant workers had words like - **tragedy, plight, aggravating, crisis, exodus, unemployment, lockdown** - which give us a view that the conditions of these people are quite horrible and this resulted mainly from the effect of the lockdown. Words like - **governance, delays, semiskilled, passivity** - imply bottlenecks in governance and administration regarding handling this issue.

```
##      migrant      workers      migrants      labour      crisis
##      1.0000000      0.7048118      0.4807049      0.4735181      0.4605119
##      exodus      stand      atrociously      home      scare
##      0.4534140      0.4402268      0.4382190      0.4295203      0.4254909
##      celebrate      india      reality      unwelcome      question
##      0.4184058      0.4156643      0.4138634      0.4009450      0.3997030
##      inclusion      condition      outer      mgnregs      form
##      0.3977806      0.3974949      0.3860645      0.3860130      0.3856370
##      playing      forced      people      hon      blitz
##      0.3833354      0.3793967      0.3750546      0.3748726      0.3691406
##      empathy      discarded      shanty      apathy      consenting
```

```
##      0.3626706      0.3603040      0.3561335      0.3557080      0.3534620
##      glitter          times      situation      chemicals      carrying
##      0.3533026      0.3523568      0.3505019      0.3499113      0.3480529
##      table      labourers      treatment      breaks      water
##      0.3471636      0.3467378      0.3445367      0.3430608      0.3429685
##      plight      context      rates      amounts      mla
##      0.3429000      0.3418471      0.3381601      0.3364791      0.3362329
##      lockdown      rut      psychological      acted      social
##      0.3356980      0.3350790      0.3329768      0.3320390      0.3297252
```

```
## Warning: 'tidy.matrix' is deprecated.
## See help("Deprecated")
```

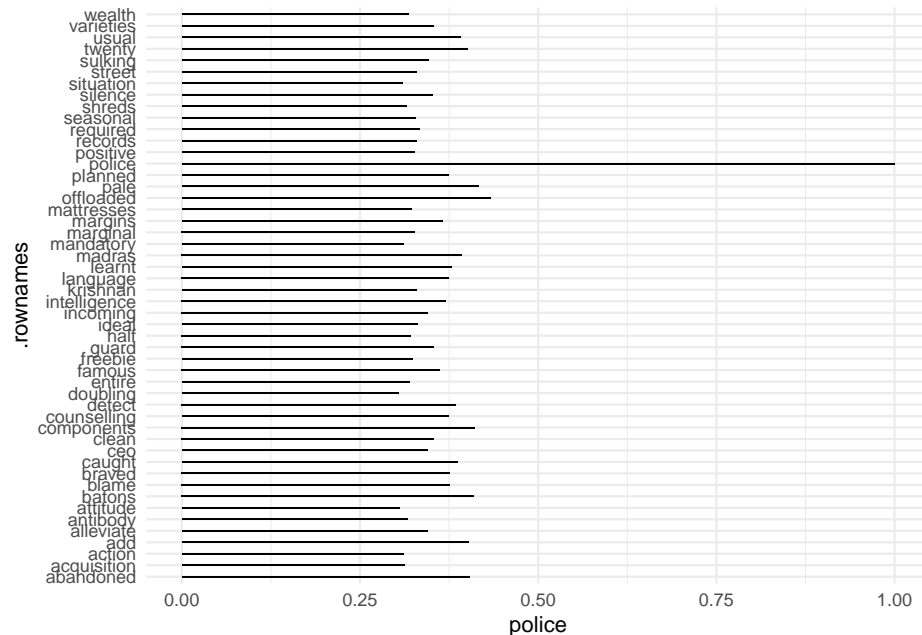


Now we look at top correlations with the word **police** to get an idea about how the police tackled these problems. Words that immediately stand out are - **batons, hawkers, violence, thousands, kilometeres** - which suggests that as hawkers and migrant workers were walking towards their cities, the police sparked violence by hitting them with batons (a probable judgement - not to be taken as fact).

```
##      police      offloaded      pale      components      batons      abandoned
##      1.0000000      0.4328430      0.4159509      0.4112612      0.4097914      0.4039869
##      add      twenty      madras      usual      caught      detect
##      0.4018132      0.4007953      0.3932753      0.3913439      0.3872070      0.3848601
##      learnt      blame      braved      language      planned      counselling
##      0.3781997      0.3763572      0.3761518      0.3746807      0.3740583      0.3737859
```

```
## intelligence      margins      famous      clean      guard      varieties
##      0.3705544      0.3657804      0.3623137      0.3537709      0.3537261      0.3532699
##      silence      sulking      incoming      ceo      alleviate      required
##      0.3514557      0.3465073      0.3453491      0.3450783      0.3448615      0.3337751
##      ideal      records      street      krishnan      seasonal      marginal
##      0.3307246      0.3292142      0.3291955      0.3291886      0.3280849      0.3273618
##      positive      freebie      mattresses      half      entire      wealth
##      0.3268171      0.3235474      0.3223522      0.3215703      0.3193382      0.3180540
##      antibody      shreds      acquisition      action      mandatory      situation
##      0.3165451      0.3148779      0.3122983      0.3111028      0.3106232      0.3100186
##      attitude      doubling
##      0.3056700      0.3040659
```

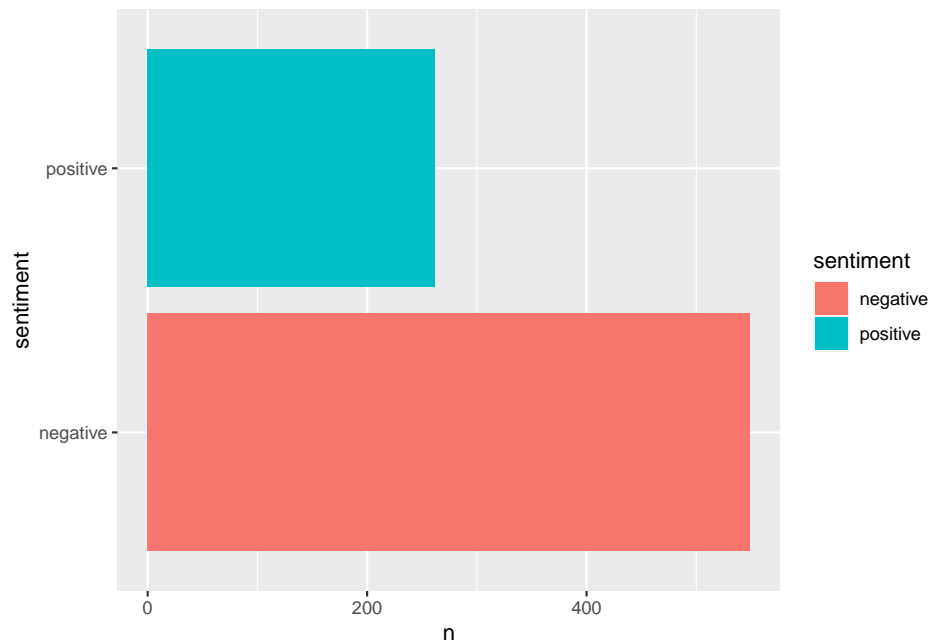
```
## Warning: 'tidy.matrix' is deprecated.
## See help("Deprecated")
```



Overall sentiment

Finally we can judge the overall sentiment of **TOI** coverage on this issue. Presence of words like - plight, violence, struggling, suffer, unemployment - give this topic a more negative tilt as compared to usage of positive words like - relief, support, great initiative, praised.

```
## Joining, by = "word"
```

Topic analysis

Finally, we look at the broad topics on which the articles were largely focussed on within the **migrant workers** framework.

```
## Joining, by = "word"

## Warning: `tbl_df()` is deprecated as of dplyr 1.0.0.
## Please use `tibble::as_tibble()` instead.
## This warning is displayed once every 8 hours.
## Call `lifecycle::last_warnings()` to see where this warning was generated.
```

We can see that broadly two topics have been in focus. The first topic has characteristic words like - **economy, economic, wages, jobs, crore, workforce** - suggesting a finance/economy focussed approach to the migrant issue. The second topic has characteristic words like - **trains, villages, welfare, political** - which suggests a more political and symphthetic view of the subject.

