

Assignment 7

September 15, 2018

```
In [2]: using Distributions;
        using Gadfly, Cairo;
```

```
white_panel = Theme(panel_fill = colorant"white",
                    default_color= colorant"blue",
                    major_label_font_size=14pt,
                    minor_label_font_size=10pt,
                    major_label_color=colorant"black",
                    minor_label_color=colorant"black");
```

```
# Q1.a Find the probability that the down time is not more than 2 hours.
ans_1a = cdf(Gamma(4,1.5), 2)
```

```
Out[2]: 0.04649430286533402
```

```
In [4]: # Q2.a If $700 is budgeted to cover repairs for next week, what is the probability that
        # will exceed the budgeted amount?
```

```
p_x_moreThan700 = cdf(Normal(600,40),700);
p_x_lessThan700 = 1 - p_x_moreThan700
```

```
Out[4]: 0.006209665325776159
```

```
In [34]: # How much should be budgeted weekly for maintenance and repairs to ensure that the pro
        # that the budgeted amount will be exceeded in any given week is only 0.1?
        # which mean at what point on the normal distribution will it exceed 90%
```

```
ans_2b = 1 - cdf(Normal(600,40),651)
# When the budget exceeds $651 it will exceed 90%
```

```
Out[34]: 0.10115462099558581
```

```
In [6]: # Q3.a Suppose that a batch with more than 30% impurities cannot be sold. What is the pr
        # a randomly selected batch cannot be sold for this reason? (This is a Beta distribution
        # the parameters and write Julia code)
```

```
# alpha=4 beta=2
p_x_lessThan30 = cdf(Beta(4,2), 0.3);
p_x_moreThan30 = 1 - p_x_lessThan30
```

Exercise for lecture 6 :

①

$$b). \alpha = 4, \beta = 1.5, l = 30x + 2$$

$$E(x) = \alpha\beta = 6 \quad \alpha\beta^2 = \sigma^2(x)$$
$$\boxed{\sigma^2(x) = 9} \quad \boxed{E(x) = 6}$$

$$\sigma^2(x) = E(x^2) - [E(x)]^2$$

$$9 = E(x^2) - 36$$

$$\boxed{E(x^2) = 45}$$

$$E(l) = E(30x + 2) = 30E(x) + 2$$
$$= 30(6) + 2$$

$$\boxed{E(30x + 2) = 182}$$

$$\sigma^2(l) = E(l^2) - [E(l)]^2$$

$$= E(900x^2 + 4 + 120x) - (182)^2$$

$$= 900E(x^2) + 4 + 120E(x) - (182)^2$$

$$= 900(45) + 4 + 120(6) - (182)^2$$

$$= 40500 + 424 - 33124$$

$$\boxed{\sigma^2(l) = 8700}$$

Out[6]: 0.96922

In [35]: *# Q3 b. Suppose that the dollar value of each batch is given by $v = 10 - 0.75x$. Find the
and variance of v*

```
Expected = mean(Beta(4,2))
```

```
Variance = var(Beta(4,2))
```

```
E_x = 10 - 0.75*Expected
```

Out[35]: 9.5

In [11]: *# 4 What is the probability that a randomly selected bearing of this type will fail in
hours? (Write Julia code)*

```
ans_4a = cdf(Weibull(4,2),2)
```

Out[11]: 0.6321205588285577

In [9]: *# pdf of the distributions
5.1 Gamma*

```
x1 = collect(0:1:24*7);
```

```
y1 = pdf.(Gamma(4,1.5),x1)
```

```
myplot = plot(layer(x=x1, y=y1, Geom.line, Theme(default_color=colorant"orange")),  
Coord.Cartesian(xmin=0, xmax=24*7), Guide.ylabel("p(x)"));  
draw(PNG(5inch, 5inch), myplot)
```


(3)

$$b). \alpha = 4, \beta = 2$$

$$E(V) = E(10 - 0.75x) \\ = 10 - 0.75 E(x)$$

$$E(x) = \frac{\alpha}{\alpha + \beta} = \frac{4}{6} = 0.66$$

$$\sigma^2(x) = \frac{\alpha\beta}{(\alpha + \beta)^2 (\alpha + \beta + 1)} = \frac{8}{(6)^2 (7)} = 0.03$$

$$E(V) = 10 - 0.75(0.66) \\ = 10 - 0.495$$

$$E(V) = 9.5$$

$$\sigma^2(V) = E(V^2) - [E(V)]^2 \\ = E(100 + (0.75x)^2 - 15x) - (9.5)^2$$

$$= 100 - 15(0.66) + 0.56(E(x^2)) - 90.25$$

$$\sigma^2(V) = 0.107$$

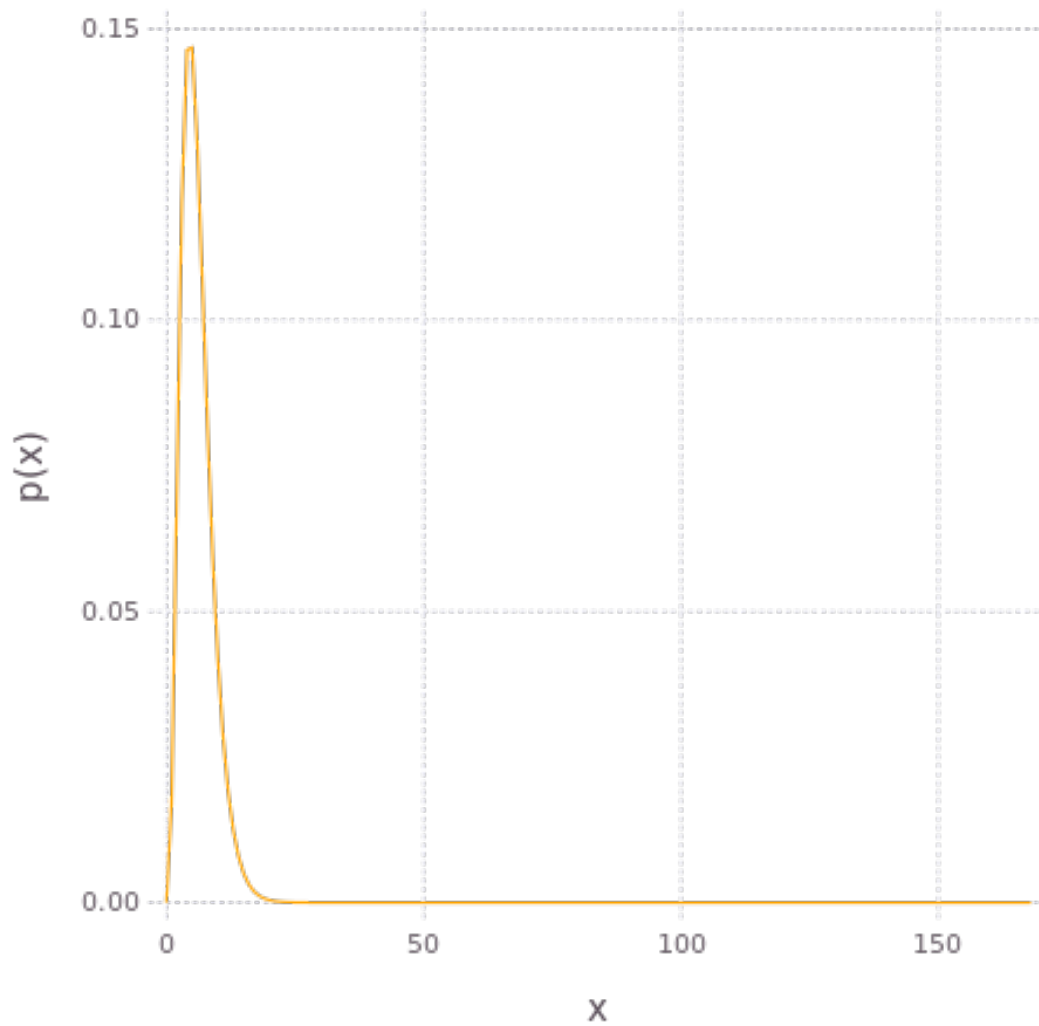
(4)

$$b). y = \theta^{1/y} \left(x \left(1 + \frac{1}{y} \right) \right)$$

$$= 4^{1/2} \left(x \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} \right) \right)$$

$$= 4^{1/2} (x(1.5))$$

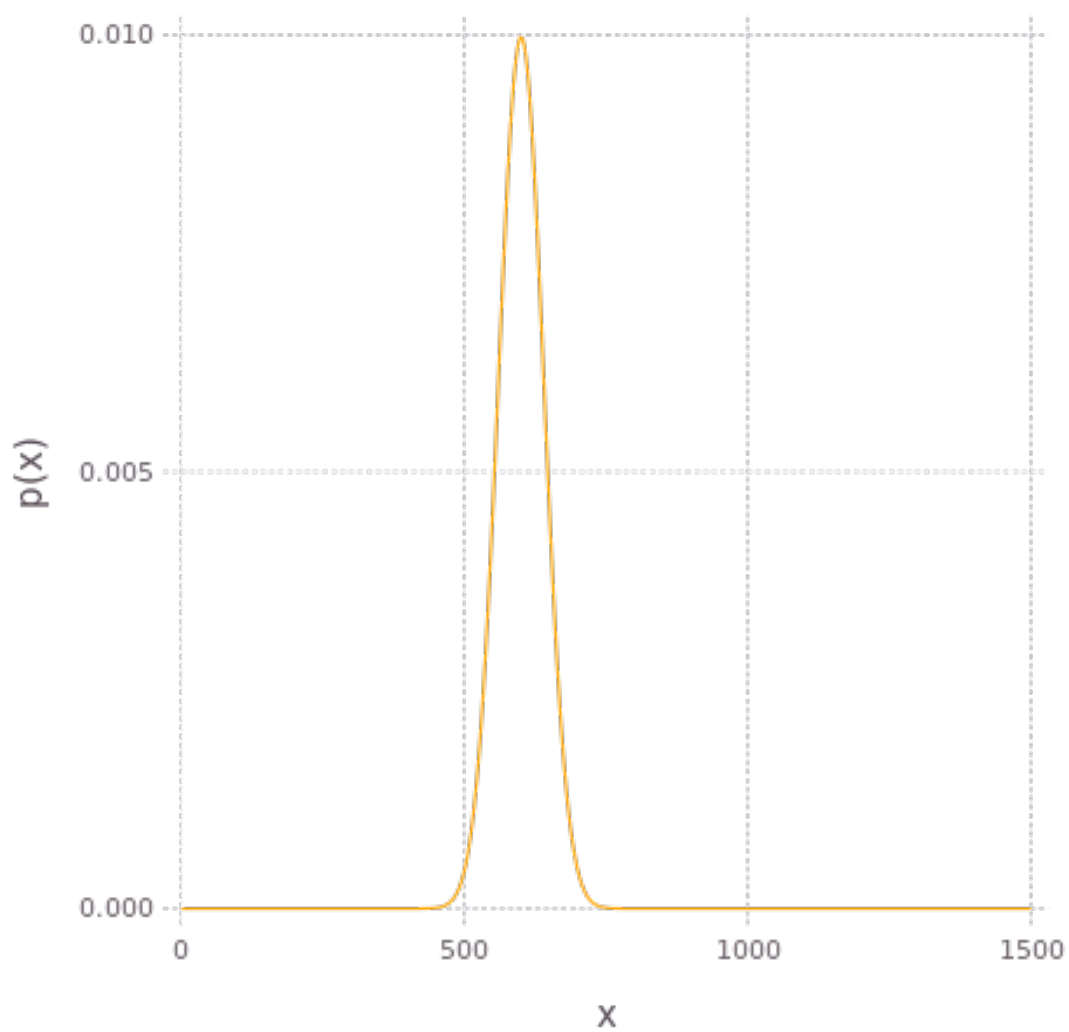
$$= 2(x(1.5))$$



Out[9]: false

In [10]: # 5.2 Normal

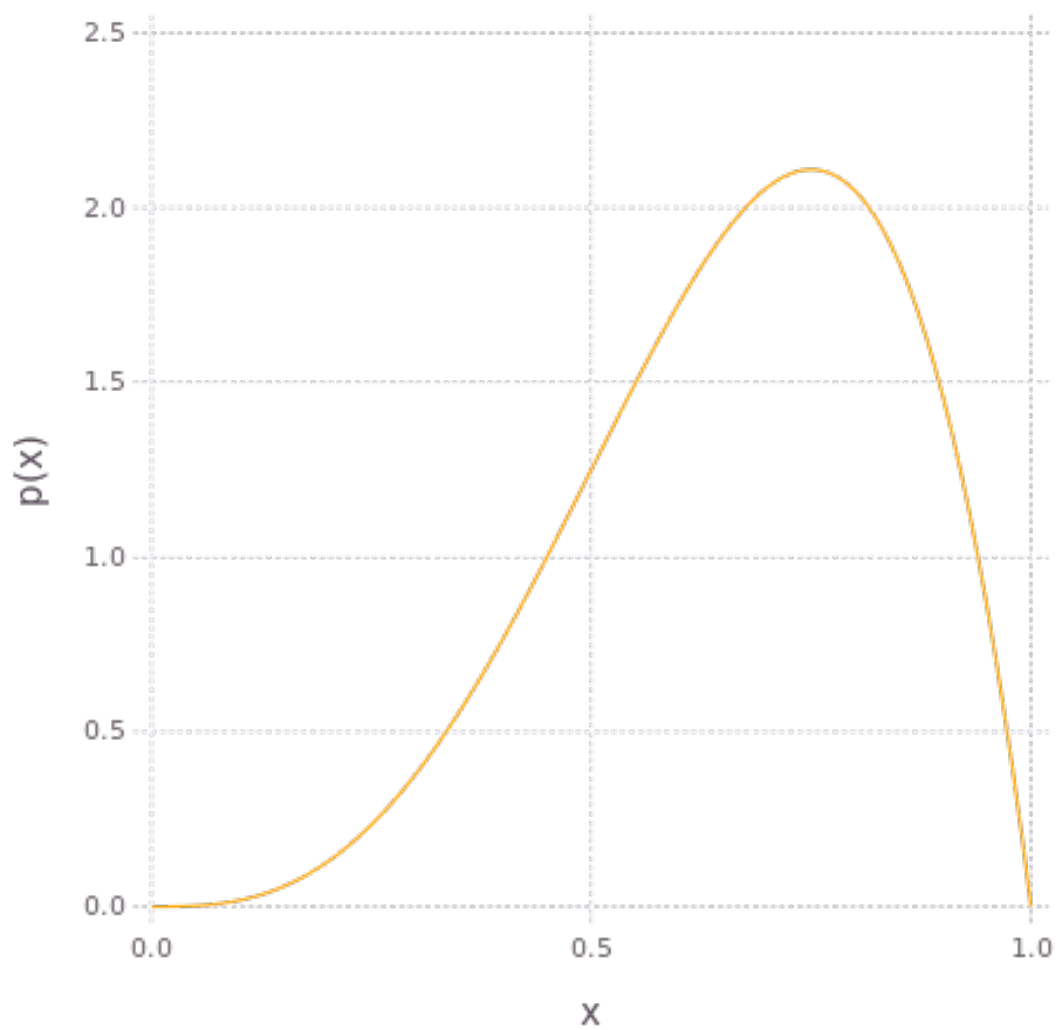
```
x2 = collect(0:1:1500)
y2 = pdf.(Normal(600,40),x2)
myplot = plot(layer(x=x2, y=y2, Geom.line, Theme(default_color=colorant"orange")),
Coord.Cartesian(xmin=0, xmax=1500), Guide.ylabel("p(x)"));
draw(PNG(5inch, 5inch), myplot)
```



Out[10]: false

In [12]: # 5.3 Beta

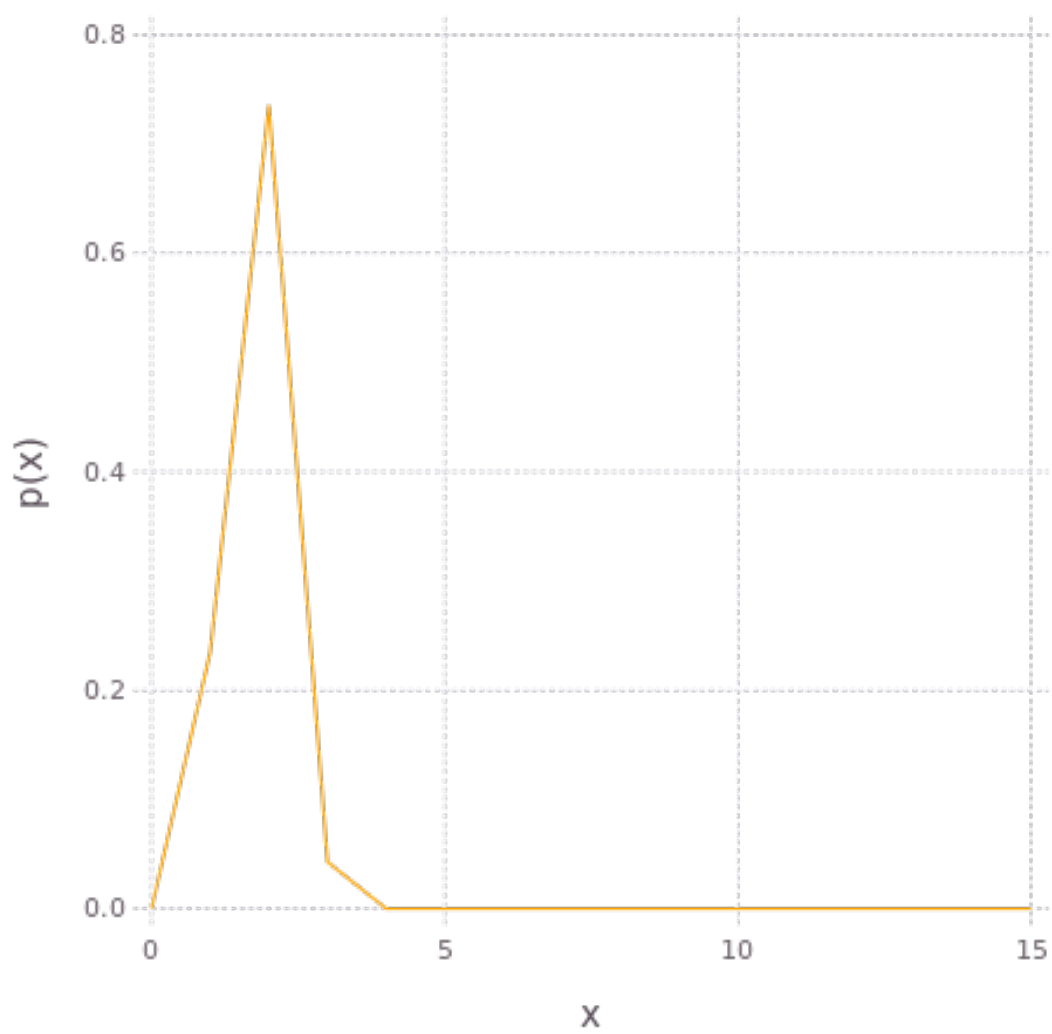
```
x3 = collect(0:0.01:1)
y3 = pdf.(Beta(4,2),x3)
myplot = plot(layer(x=x3, y=y3, Geom.line, Theme(default_color=colorant"orange")),
Coord.Cartesian(xmin=0, xmax=1), Guide.ylabel("p(x)"));
draw(PNG(5inch, 5inch), myplot)
```



Out[12]: false

```
In [13]: # 5.4 Weibull
x4 = collect(0:1:15)
y4 = pdf.(Weibull(4,2),x4)

myplot = plot(layer(x=x4, y=y4, Geom.line, Theme(default_color=colorant"orange")),
Coord.Cartesian(xmin=0, xmax=15), Guide.ylabel("p(x)"));
draw(PNG(5inch, 5inch), myplot)
```



Out[13]: false

In []: