	GRADUATE ROTATIONAL INTERNSHIP PROGRAM (GRIP)
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	TASK1:PREDICTION USING SUPERVISED ML
	Predict the percentage of student on basis of how many hour in a day they study.
In [1]:	<pre>#Import libraries import warnings warnings.filterwarnings("ignore") import pandas as pd import numpy as np import seaborn as sns import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import sklearn %matplotlib inline</pre>
In [2]:	<pre>#import dataset data=pd.read_csv("My_data.csv") data.head()</pre>
Out[2]:	Hours     Scores       0     2.5     21       1     5.1     47       2     3.2     27       3     8.5     75
In [3]:	4 3.5 30  #check the information about our dataset
	<pre>data.info()  <class 'pandas.core.frame.dataframe'=""> RangeIndex: 25 entries, 0 to 24 Data columns (total 2 columns):     # Column Non-Null Count Dtype</class></pre>
In [4]: Out[4]:	<pre>data.describe()</pre>
Out[4].	count 25.00000 25.00000 mean 5.012000 51.480000 std 2.525094 25.286887 min 1.100000 17.000000 25% 2.700000 30.000000 50% 4.800000 47.000000 75% 7.400000 75.000000 max 9.200000 95.000000
<pre>In [5]: Out[5]:</pre>	<pre>#checking for missing or null value are present or not data.isna().sum()  Hours  0 Scores  0</pre>
In [6]:	data.shape
Out[6]: In [7]:	<pre>#ploting our dataset to get clear understanding about our dataset data.plot(x="Hours", y="Scores", style="o")</pre>
	plt.title("Hours Vs Scores") plt.xlabel("Hour Of study") plt.ylabel("Score") plt.legend() plt.show()  Hours Vs Scores
	90 - Scores  80 - 70 - 9 60 - 9 70 -
	20 - 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 Hour Of study
In [8]: Out[8]:	# correlation is useful to find out relation among them. data.corr()  Hours Scores Hours 1.000000 0.976191
In [9]:	Scores 0.976191 1.000000  sns.distplot(data["Hours"])
Out[9]:	<pre><axessubplot:xlabel='hours', ylabel="Density"></axessubplot:xlabel='hours',></pre> 0.14  0.12  0.10  \frac{2}{9} 0.08  0.06  0.04
n [10]:	From the above graph we conclude that hour of study and score are strongly corelation with each other  sns.distplot(data["Scores"]);
	0.0175 0.0125 0.0005 0.0005 0.0005 0.0005 0.0005 0.00005 0.000
n [11]:	<pre>Now we building linear regression model  x=data.iloc[:,:-1] y=data.iloc[:,-1]</pre>
n [12]:	<pre>#splitting the dataset into train and test set from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test=train_test_split(x, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=0)</pre>
n [13]: ut[13]:	y_test 5
	19 69 16 30 11 62 Name: Scores, dtype: int64
n [14]: ut[14]:	<pre># training our model from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression model=LinearRegression() model.fit(x_train,y_train)  LinearRegression()</pre>
n [15]: ut[15]:	<pre>algo=LinearRegression() algo.fit(x_train,y_train) LinearRegression()</pre>
n [16]:	<pre>#visualize the training test result plt.scatter(x_train,y_train,color="blue") plt.plot(x_train,model.predict(x_train),color="red") plt.title("Hours vs Scores (Training set)") plt.xlabel("Hours") plt.ylabel("Score")</pre>
	Hours vs Scores (Training set)  80  40  20
n [18]:	plt.scatter(x_test,y_test,color="blue") plt.plot(x_test,y_pred,color="red") plt.title("Hours vs Scores (Testing set)") plt.xlabel("Hours") plt.ylabel("Score") plt.show()
	Hours vs Scores (Testing set)  70 - 60 - 90 - 30 -
	20 - 2 3 4 5 6 7 Hours
n [19]:	<pre>#pred=algo.predict(x_test) df=pd.DataFrame({"Actual":y_test, "Predict":y_pred})</pre>
n [20]: ut[20]:	Actual         Predict           5         20         16.884145           2         27         33.732261           19         69         75.357018           16         30         26.794801           11         62         60.491033
n [21]:	<pre>prediction=algo.predict([[9.5]]) prediction</pre>
n [22]:	array([96.16939661]) sns.distplot(y_pred)
out[22]:	<pre>sns.distplot(y_pred)  <axessubplot:ylabel='density'>  00200 00175 00150 200125 00100 00075 00050</axessubplot:ylabel='density'></pre>
In [23]:	from sklearn import metrics print('Mean Absolute Error:', metrics.mean_absolute_error(y_test, y_pred))

Mean Absolute Error: 4.18385989900298

s=model.predict([[h]])
print(f"If students studies for {h} hour per/day then he/she will score {s}% marks")

If students studies for 9.25 hour per/day then he/she will score [93.69173249]% marks

In [24]:

h=9.25