Lab 1: Installing Jupyter Notebook and Diving into ggplot

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Lab 1 Overview

- 1. Organization
- 2. Icebreaker
- 3. Getting set up with R and Jupyter
- 4. Additional R and ggplot basics
- 5. Troubleshooting (if time permits)

Office Hours

Derek Hansen: M 9:00-10:30amYanxin Jin: Tu 8:30-10:00am

Jing Ouyang: Wed 12:00pm-1:30pmBrian Manzo: Th 9:00-10:30am

Contact

- Homework and lecture question: Piazza
 - All GSIs and Prof. Tan can answer
 - Option to be anonymous to other students (but GSIs and Prof. Tan will see your name)
- For other concerns related to the course: dereklh@umich.edu
 - Please put [STATS 306] in your heading

Lab

- 1.5 hours
- All notes from this Lab will be available on Github: https://github.com/dereklhansen/stats306_lab (https://github.com/dereklhansen/sta
 - Jupyter notebook files (".ipynb") and PDFS (".pdf") available
 - You can use Binder to view and run Jupyter notebooks on Github: https://mybinder.org/v2/gh/dereklhansen/stats306_lab/master (https://mybinder.org/v2/gh/dereklhansen/stats306_lab/master)
 - But you'll need to download them to your own machine to save your edits
- Recordings will be uploaded to Canvas
- 10 minute break halfway through
- · Please keep your mic muted unless actively speaking
- · No webcams required unless we are doing an interactive activity

Homework submission

• Write your homework in jupyter notebook and submit .ipynb file to the main course Canvas page (STATS 306 001)

Icebreaker

- Name?
- Major?
- Year?
- Fun fact (e.g. what motivated you to take this course?)

Getting set up with R and Jupyter

- I'm going to walk through an easy way to get up and running with R and Jupyter without the command line
- https://docs.anaconda.com/anaconda/navigator/tutorials/r-lang/ (https://docs.anaconda/navigator/tutorials/r-lang/ (https://docs.anaconda.com/anaconda/navigator/tutorials/ (https://docs.anaconda.com/anaconda/navigator/tutorials/ (https://docs.anaconda/navigator/tutorials/ (https://docs.anaconda/navigator/tutorials/ (https://docs.anaconda/navigator/tutorials/ (https://docs.anaconda/navigator/tutorials/ (https://docs.anaconda/navigator/ (https://docs.anaconda/navigator/ (<a href="https://docs.anaconda.

Additional R and ggplot basics

Here we'll demonstrate another dataset: the diamonds dataset.

```
In [6]: suppressMessages(library(tidyverse))
    head(diamonds)
```

A tibble: 6×10

carat	cut	color	clarity	depth	table	price	X	У	z
<dbl></dbl>	<ord></ord>	<ord></ord>	<ord></ord>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>	<int></int>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>
0.23	Ideal	Е	SI2	61.5	55	326	3.95	3.98	2.43
0.21	Premium	Е	SI1	59.8	61	326	3.89	3.84	2.31
0.23	Good	Е	VS1	56.9	65	327	4.05	4.07	2.31
0.29	Premium	1	VS2	62.4	58	334	4.20	4.23	2.63
0.31	Good	J	SI2	63.3	58	335	4.34	4.35	2.75
0.24	Very Good	J	VVS2	62.8	57	336	3.94	3.96	2.48

```
summary(diamonds)
In [7]:
                                       color
                                                 clarity
           carat
                             cut
                                                                  depth
                              : 1610 D: 6775
        Min. :0.2000 Fair
                                                SI1
                                                     :13065
                                                              Min.
                                                                   :43.00
                            : 4906
        1st Qu.:0.4000
                                      E: 9797
                                                              1st Qu.:61.00
                      Good
                                                VS2
                                                      :12258
        Median :0.7000
                      Very Good:12082
                                      F: 9542
                                                SI2
                                                      : 9194
                                                              Median :61.80
        Mean :0.7979
                       Premium :13791
                                       G:11292
                                                VS1
                                                      : 8171
                                                              Mean :61.75
        3rd Qu.:1.0400
                       Ideal
                               :21551
                                       H: 8304
                                                VVS2
                                                      : 5066
                                                              3rd Qu.:62.50
              :5.0100
                                       I: 5422
                                                VVS1
                                                     : 3655
                                                              Max. :79.00
        Max.
                                       J: 2808
                                                (Other): 2531
                         price
           table
                                         : 0.000
        Min. :43.00 Min. : 326 Min.
                                                   Min.
                                                         : 0.000
                                    1st Qu.: 4.710
                                                  1st Qu.: 4.720
        1st Qu.:56.00 1st Qu.: 950
        Median :57.00 Median : 2401
                                    Median : 5.700 Median : 5.710
        Mean :57.46 Mean : 3933 Mean : 5.731 Mean : 5.735
        3rd Qu.:59.00 3rd Qu.: 5324
                                    3rd Qu.: 6.540 3rd Qu.: 6.540
        Max.
            :95.00 Max. :18823
                                    Max. :10.740 Max. :58.900
        Min.
             : 0.000
        1st Ou.: 2.910
        Median : 3.530
        Mean : 3.539
        3rd Qu.: 4.040
        Max. :31.800
```

R's built-in help

Just about everything in R is documented. Use the help function to open up a pop-up about the object in question.

```
In [8]: help(diamonds)
In [9]: ?diamonds
```

- Here the help for the diamonds dataset says: "A dataset containing the prices and other attributes of almost 54,000 diamonds".
- It also describes the variables in each of the columns.

Saving and loading R objects

- An important part of data analysis is saving your work so you can read it in later.
- The saveRDS function will save an object as a file
- The readRDS function will read a saved object from a file
- Use ".rds" or ".RDS" file extensions
- Note: "RDS" files can only be read by R!
- · By default, saves in the current directory

```
In [10]: saveRDS(diamonds, "diamonds.rds")
    diamonds2 <- readRDS("diamonds.rds")
    diamonds2</pre>
```

carat	cut	color	clarity	depth	table	price	x	у	z
<dbl></dbl>	<ord></ord>	<ord></ord>	<ord></ord>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>	<int></int>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>
0.23	Ideal	Е	SI2	61.5	55	326	3.95	3.98	2.43
0.21	Premium	Е	SI1	59.8	61	326	3.89	3.84	2.31
0.23	Good	Е	VS1	56.9	65	327	4.05	4.07	2.31
0.29	Premium	1	VS2	62.4	58	334	4.20	4.23	2.63
0.31	Good	J	SI2	63.3	58	335	4.34	4.35	2.75
0.24	Very Good	J	VVS2	62.8	57	336	3.94	3.96	2.48
0.24	Very Good	1	VVS1	62.3	57	336	3.95	3.98	2.47
0.26	Very Good	Н	SI1	61.9	55	337	4.07	4.11	2.53
0.22	Fair	Е	VS2	65.1	61	337	3.87	3.78	2.49
0.23	Very Good	Н	VS1	59.4	61	338	4.00	4.05	2.39
0.30	Good	J	SI1	64.0	55	339	4.25	4.28	2.73
0.23	Ideal	J	VS1	62.8	56	340	3.93	3.90	2.46
0.22	Premium	F	SI1	60.4	61	342	3.88	3.84	2.33
0.31	Ideal	J	SI2	62.2	54	344	4.35	4.37	2.71
0.20	Premium	Е	SI2	60.2	62	345	3.79	3.75	2.27
0.32	Premium	Е	l1	60.9	58	345	4.38	4.42	2.68
0.30	Ideal	1	SI2	62.0	54	348	4.31	4.34	2.68
0.30	Good	J	SI1	63.4	54	351	4.23	4.29	2.70
0.30	Good	J	SI1	63.8	56	351	4.23	4.26	2.71
0.30	Very Good	J	SI1	62.7	59	351	4.21	4.27	2.66
0.30	Good	1	SI2	63.3	56	351	4.26	4.30	2.71
0.23	Very Good	Е	VS2	63.8	55	352	3.85	3.92	2.48
0.23	Very Good	Н	VS1	61.0	57	353	3.94	3.96	2.41
0.31	Very Good	J	SI1	59.4	62	353	4.39	4.43	2.62
0.31	Very Good	J	SI1	58.1	62	353	4.44	4.47	2.59
0.23	Very Good	G	VVS2	60.4	58	354	3.97	4.01	2.41
0.24	Premium	1	VS1	62.5	57	355	3.97	3.94	2.47
0.30	Very Good	J	VS2	62.2	57	357	4.28	4.30	2.67
0.23	Very Good	D	VS2	60.5	61	357	3.96	3.97	2.40
0.23	Very Good	F	VS1	60.9	57	357	3.96	3.99	2.42
:	:	:	÷	:	:	÷	:	÷	÷
0.70	Premium	Е	SI1	60.5	58	2753	5.74	5.77	3.48
0.57	Premium	Е	IF	59.8	60	2753	5.43	5.38	3.23
0.61	Premium	F	VVS1	61.8	59	2753	5.48	5.40	3.36
0.80	Good	G	VS2	64.2	58	2753	5.84	5.81	3.74
0.84	Good	1	VS1	63.7	59	2753	5.94	5.90	3.77
0.77	Ideal	Е	SI2	62.1	56	2753	5.84	5.86	3.63

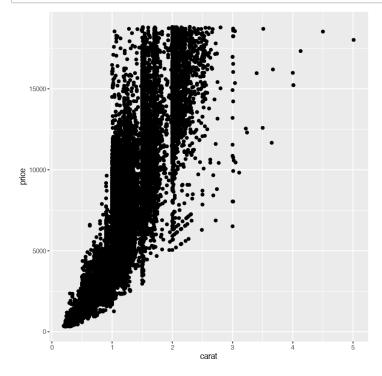
carat	cut	color	clarity	depth	table	price	x	у	z
<dbl></dbl>	<ord></ord>	<ord></ord>	<ord></ord>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>	<int></int>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>
0.74	Good	D	SI1	63.1	59	2753	5.71	5.74	3.61
0.90	Very Good	J	SI1	63.2	60	2753	6.12	6.09	3.86
0.76	Premium	I	VS1	59.3	62	2753	5.93	5.85	3.49
0.76	Ideal	I	VVS1	62.2	55	2753	5.89	5.87	3.66
0.70	Very Good	Е	VS2	62.4	60	2755	5.57	5.61	3.49
0.70	Very Good	Е	VS2	62.8	60	2755	5.59	5.65	3.53
0.70	Very Good	D	VS1	63.1	59	2755	5.67	5.58	3.55
0.73	Ideal	I	VS2	61.3	56	2756	5.80	5.84	3.57
0.73	Ideal	I	VS2	61.6	55	2756	5.82	5.84	3.59
0.79	Ideal	I	SI1	61.6	56	2756	5.95	5.97	3.67
0.71	Ideal	Е	SI1	61.9	56	2756	5.71	5.73	3.54
0.79	Good	F	SI1	58.1	59	2756	6.06	6.13	3.54
0.79	Premium	Е	SI2	61.4	58	2756	6.03	5.96	3.68
0.71	Ideal	G	VS1	61.4	56	2756	5.76	5.73	3.53
0.71	Premium	Е	SI1	60.5	55	2756	5.79	5.74	3.49
0.71	Premium	F	SI1	59.8	62	2756	5.74	5.73	3.43
0.70	Very Good	Е	VS2	60.5	59	2757	5.71	5.76	3.47
0.70	Very Good	Е	VS2	61.2	59	2757	5.69	5.72	3.49
0.72	Premium	D	SI1	62.7	59	2757	5.69	5.73	3.58
0.72	Ideal	D	SI1	60.8	57	2757	5.75	5.76	3.50
0.72	Good	D	SI1	63.1	55	2757	5.69	5.75	3.61
0.70	Very Good	D	SI1	62.8	60	2757	5.66	5.68	3.56

- More useful functions from the "readr" package (part of the tidyverse) are read_csv and write_csv
- These read and write "Comma Separated Value" files, which are text files that can be read as spreadsheets into programs such as Excel
- A lot of datasets come in CSV format
- Pretty much all data analysis programs support CSV (R, Python, SAS, Stata, Excel, etc)
- You can specify the variable type of each column, or R will guess automatically

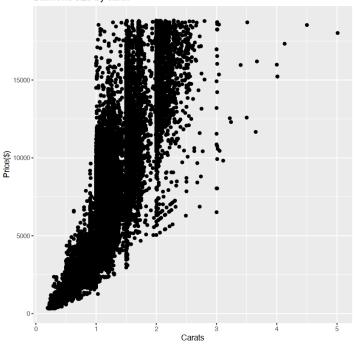
Many more file formats that R can read and write to:

- read_tsv, read_delim for text files with different text seperators
- haven package for reading to/from Stata, SAS, SDSS
- readxl package for reading to/from Excel
 - Generally better to just use CSV with Excel possible!

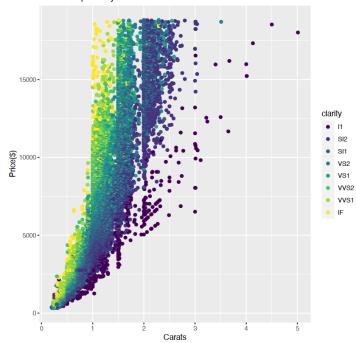
Creating the first plot



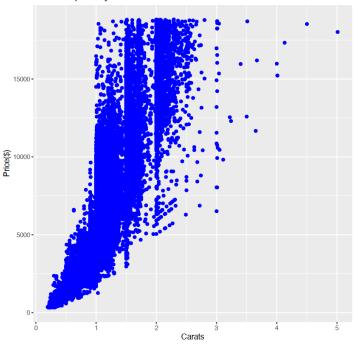
Diamond size by carat



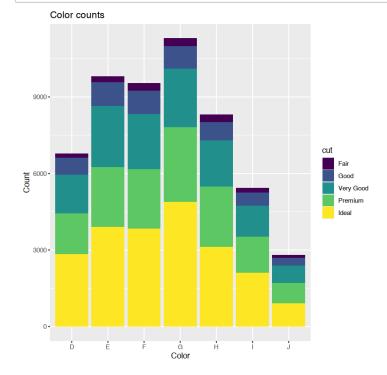
Diamond price by carat count



Diamond price by carat count



```
In [16]: ggplot(data = diamonds) +
    # geom_point(mapping = aes(x = carat, y = price, color = clarity)) +
    geom_bar(mapping = aes(x = color, fill = cut)) +
    labs(x = 'Color', y = 'Count') +
    ggtitle('Color counts')
```



Package documentation

```
?head
?tail
?geom_bar
```

You can always google the package documentations as well. For example, can you find the documentation page for rnorm?

Exercise

- 1. What is the default value of the mean and standard deviation used by the ``rnorm'' function in R to generate a value from a normal distribution?
- 2. Create a boxplot of `price' grouped by the levels in the `cut' variable. (see Jupyt er notebook for snippets for a hint)

Facets

If we want more segmented plots