

## Singleton

Reference: [Java Singleton Class - GeeksforGeeks](#)

Singleton Pattern says that just **"define a class that has only one instance and provides a global point of access to it"**.

In other words, a class must ensure that only single instance should be created, and single object can be used by all other classes.

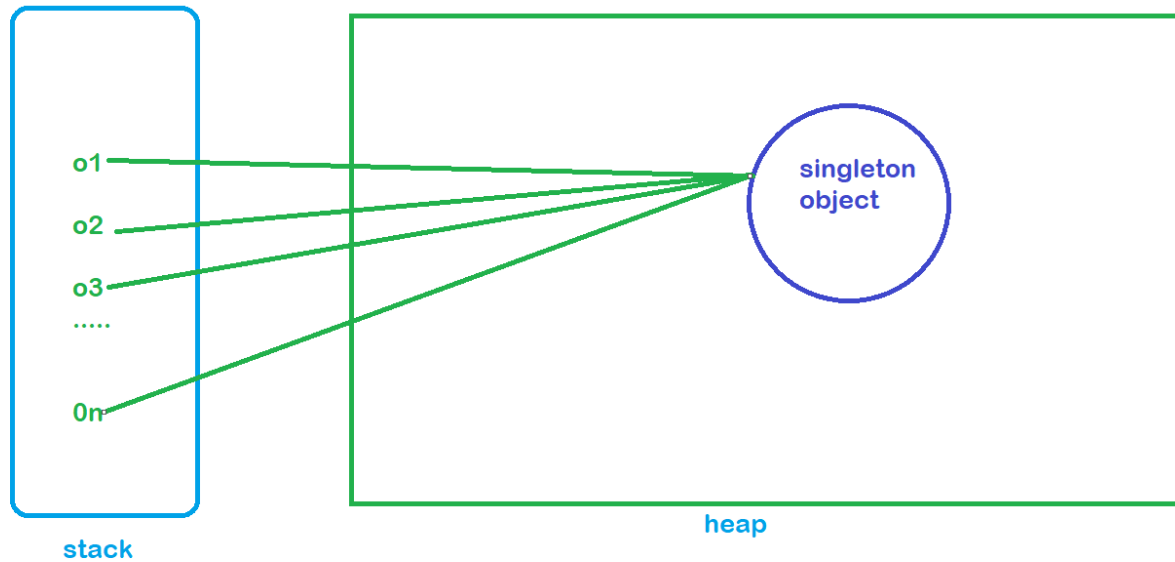
The most popular approach is to implement a Singleton by creating a regular class and making sure it has:

- A private constructor
- A static field containing its only instance
- A static factory method for obtaining the instance

### Eager initialization

Object created at the time of class loading, drawback is even client does not need it, it has been create by default. Thread safe. Reflection can break it.

```
public class EagerInitialization {  
  
    private static final EagerInitialization INSTANCE = new EagerInitialization();  
  
    private EagerInitialization() {  
        //Logic  
    }  
  
    public static EagerInitialization getInstance() {  
        return INSTANCE;  
    }  
  
}  
  
package com.hdfc.singleton;  
  
public class SingletonTest {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        EagerInitialization object1 = EagerInitialization.getInstance();  
        EagerInitialization object2 = EagerInitialization.getInstance();  
  
        System.out.println(object1.hashCode());  
        System.out.println(object2.hashCode());  
        System.out.println(object1.equals(object2));  
    }  
}
```



### Lazy Initialization

When needed, it creates the object, but not thread safe.

Reflection can break it.

```
public class LazyInitializationSingleton {
    private static LazyInitializationSingleton INSTANCE;

    private LazyInitializationSingleton() {
        super();
    }

    public static LazyInitializationSingleton getInstance() {
        if(null == INSTANCE) //thread -1 & thread-2
            INSTANCE = new LazyInitializationSingleton();
        return INSTANCE;
    }
}
```

```
//Runtime is singleton class
//Runtime object1 = Runtime.getRuntime();
//Runtime object2 = Runtime.getRuntime();
//Runtime object3 = Runtime.getRuntime();
```

## Static Block Singleton

Provide place for exception handling, thread safe.

```

package com.hdfc.singleton;

public class StaticBlockSingleton {

    private static StaticBlockSingleton INSTANCE;

    static {
        try{

            //Logic to connect db
            //db server name
            //user name
            //pass word

            INSTANCE = new StaticBlockSingleton();
        }catch (Exception e){
            throw new RuntimeException("something went wrong");
        }finally {
            //close connection
        }
    }

    private StaticBlockSingleton() {
        //logic
    }

    public static StaticBlockSingleton getInstance() {
        return INSTANCE;
    }

}

```

## Thread safe

Since synchronized on all method, not performance effective.

```

package com.hdfc.singleton;

public class ThreadSafeSingleton {

    private static ThreadSafeSingleton INSTANCE;

    private ThreadSafeSingleton() {
        //Logic
    }

    public synchronized static ThreadSafeSingleton getInstance() {
        //withouth thread logic
        //

        if(null == INSTANCE)
            INSTANCE = new ThreadSafeSingleton();
        return INSTANCE;

        //
    }
}

```

```

        //withouth thread Logic

        //1100 Lines
    }
}

```

### Thread safe double check locking singleton

Better performance the synchronized method.

```

package com.hdfc.singleton;

public class DoubleCheckSynchronizedBlock {

    private static DoubleCheckSynchronizedBlock INSTANCE;

    private DoubleCheckSynchronizedBlock() {
        //Logic
    }

    public static DoubleCheckSynchronizedBlock getInstance() {
        //withouth thread Logic
        //

        if (null == INSTANCE) {
            synchronized (DoubleCheckSynchronizedBlock.class) {
                if (null == INSTANCE) {
                    INSTANCE = new DoubleCheckSynchronizedBlock();
                }
            }
        }
        return INSTANCE;

        //
        //withouth thread Logic

        //1100 Lines
    }
}

```

### BillPughSingleton: thread safe.

```

package com.hdfc.singleton;

public class BillPughSingleton {

    private BillPughSingleton() {

    }

    public static BillPughSingleton getInstance() {
        return Helper.INSTANCE;
    }

    //Eager Initilization
    //static inner class
}

```

```

    private static class Helper { //static -> there should be only one copy
        private static final BillPughSingleton INSTANCE = new BillPughSingleton(); //private are accessible from BillPughSingleton
    }

}

```

## EnumSingleton

Java 5 introduced enum

Enum are by default singleton and thread safe.

Cannot be broken using reflection.

```

package com.hdfc.singleton;

public enum EnumSingleto {
    INSTANCE1; //cannot break using reflection
}

```

## Break singleton using reflection.

Homework : try to break all singleton implementations using reflection.

```

package com.hdfc.singleton;

import java.lang.reflect.Constructor;
import java.lang.reflect.InvocationTargetException;

public class BreakSingletonUsingReflection {
    public static void main(String[] args) throws InvocationTargetException, InstantiationException, IllegalAccessException {

        EagerInitilization object1 = EagerInitilization.getInstance();
        EagerInitilization object2 = null;

        Constructor[] declaredConstructors = EagerInitilization.class.getDeclaredConstructors();
        for(Constructor constructor: declaredConstructors){
            constructor.setAccessible(true);
            object2 = (EagerInitilization)constructor.newInstance(null);
        }

        System.out.println(object1.hashCode());
        System.out.println(object2.hashCode());

        System.out.println(object1.equals(object2));
    }
}

```

## Break Singleton using Serialization.

If parent implemented Serializable the child considered as Serializable.

```
package com.hdfc.singleton;

import java.io.Serializable;

class Parent implements Serializable {}

public class EagerInitilization extends Parent {

    private static final EagerInitilization INSTANCE = new EagerInitilization();

    private EagerInitilization() {
        //Logic
    }

    public static EagerInitilization getInstance() {
        return INSTANCE;
    }

    //read the documentation : https://docs.oracle.com/javase/8/docs/api/java/io/Serializable.html
    //this method is used by serialztion/deserialziation process.
    //callback method
    protected Object readResolve(){
        return getInstance();
    }
}

package com.hdfc.singleton;

import java.io.*;

public class BreakUsingSerialiazation {
    public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException, ClassNotFoundException {

        EagerInitilization object = EagerInitilization.getInstance();
        serializeEagerInitilization(object);

        EagerInitilization object2 = deSerializeEagerInitilization();
        System.out.println(object.hashCode());
        System.out.println(object2.hashCode());
        System.out.println(object.equals(object2));
    }

    public static void serializeEagerInitilization(EagerInitilization object) throws IOException {
        FileOutputStream fos = new FileOutputStream("eager.serialized");
        ObjectOutputStream oos = new ObjectOutputStream(fos);
        oos.writeObject(object);
        oos.flush();
        oos.close();//Closes the stream. This method must be called to release any resources associated with
the stream.
    }

    public static EagerInitilization deSerializeEagerInitilization() throws IOException, ClassNotFoundExcep-
tion {
```

```

        FileInputStream fos = new FileInputStream("eager.serialized");
        ObjectInputStream oos = new ObjectInputStream(fos);
        EagerInitialization object = (EagerInitialization) oos.readObject();
        oos.close();//Closes the stream. This method must be called to release any resources associated with
the stream.
        return object;
    }
}

```

## Break singleton using clone

```

package com.hdfc.singleton;

class Parent implements Cloneable{}
public class LazyInitializationSingleton extends Parent {

    private static LazyInitializationSingleton INSTANCE;

    private LazyInitializationSingleton() {
        super();
    }

    public static LazyInitializationSingleton getInstance() {
        if(null == INSTANCE) //thread -1 & thread-2
            INSTANCE = new LazyInitializationSingleton();
        return INSTANCE;
    }

    @Override
    protected Object clone() throws CloneNotSupportedException {
        throw new RuntimeException("Clone not supported for singleton class");
    }
}

```