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**Course:** *Databases and Data Warehousing*

**Instructor:** *Prof. Divyakant Agrawal*

**TAs:** *Saideep, Sriharshitha, Tanu Goyal*

## **Homework Assignment III**

**Assigned :** *5:45 PM, 13th September*

**Deadline :** *11:55 PM, 20th September*

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### **Instructions to load database**

- Download the Database file from the link given below:  
click here!
- Start Docker and copy the file to it:  
click here!
- Open Mysql console and Delete database 'COMPANY' if it already exists.
- Now in Mysql console use command SOURCE <path to COMPANY.sql>.

**Specify the following queries in SQL on the COMPANY database schema (100 points)**

1. Print the names of all the employees who earn more than the average salary.  
`SELECT Fname,Lname From EMPLOYEE where Salary > (Select avg(Salary) from EMPLOYEE);`
2. List the names of employees who are supervisors but have no dependents.  
`SELECT Fname,Lname From EMPLOYEE S where S.Ssn in (select Super_ssn from EMPLOYEE) AND S.ssn not in (Select Essn from DEPENDENT);`
3. Print the names of all the employees in decreasing order of their throughput of making money (throughput is defined by the amount they earn per hour of their work).  
`SELECT S.Fname,S.Lname,S.Salary/SUM(W.Hours) From EMPLOYEE S join WORKS_ON W on S.Ssn = W.Essn group by S.ssn order by S.Salary/SUM(W.Hours) DESC;`
4. Print the department name of the company in decreasing order of their average employee throughput.  
`SELECT DNAME,AVG(THROUGHPUT)`

```
FROM (SELECT ESSN,DNO,SALARY/SUM(HOURS) AS THROUGHPUT
FROM EMPLOYEE, WORKS_ON WHERE ESSN=SSN GROUP BY ESSN)
AS T,DEPARTMENT WHERE DNO=DNUMBER GROUP BY DNO OR-
DER BY AVG(THROUGHPUT) DESC;
```

5. List the names of projects and the number of employees that work on it in decreasing order of employee count.

```
select P.Pname,count(E.Ssn) from EMPLOYEE E join WORKS_ON W on
E.Ssn=W.Essn join PROJECT P on P.Pnumber=W.Pno group by Pno order
by count(E.Ssn) DESC;
```

6. For each department with more than 3 employees, retrieve the dept number and number of employees earning more than 37k.

```
Select Dep.Dname,Count(Emp.Ssn) from EMPLOYEE Emp join DEPART-
MENT Dep on Emp.Dno = Dep.Dnumber Where Emp.Salary>37000 and
Dep.Dnumber in (select D.Dnumber from EMPLOYEE E join DEPART-
MENT D on E.Dno = D.Dnumber group by D.Dnumber having count(E.Ssn)>3)
group by Dep.Dnumber;
```

7. Retrieve employee names of all the employees not working on either project 1 or 2. (make sure output has no duplicate SSN) (assume (Fname, Minit, Lname) is unique for an employee)

```
SELECT FNAME,MINIT,LNAME FROM EMPLOYEE WHERE SSN NOT
IN (SELECT ESSN FROM WORKS_ON WHERE PNO in (1,2));
```

8. Retrieve the names of all employees who work in the department that has the employee with the highest salary among all employees.

```
SELECT FNAME,MINIT,LNAME FROM EMPLOYEE WHERE DNO=(select
DNO FROM EMPLOYEE GROUP BY DNO ORDER BY MAX(SALARY)
DESC LIMIT 1);
```

9. Retrieve the names of all employees whose supervisor's supervisor has '888665555' for Ssn.

```
SELECT E.FNAME,E.MINIT,E.LNAME FROM EMPLOYEE E, EMPLOYEE
S WHERE E.SUPER_SSN=S.SSN AND S.SUPER_SSN='888665555';
```

10. Retrieve the names of employees who make at least \$ 10,000 more than the employee who is paid the least in the company.

```
SELECT FNAME, LNAME FROM EMPLOYEE WHERE Salary > (SELECT
min(Salary) FROM EMPLOYEE)+10000;
```