

Modern History Class:5

Anglo-Maratha Wars

3 Wars(1775-1818)

First Anglo Maratha War(1775-1782)



- Peshwa: PM of Maratha Empire under Chatrapati(King) later they became ruler and King was nominal

LIST: 1)Balaji Vishwanath 2) Baji Rao I 3) Balaji Bajirao 4) Madhav-Rao I 5) Narayan-Rao 6) Raghunath-Rao 7) Madhav-Rao II 8) Baji Rao II 9) Nana Sahib

- Balaji bajirao or Nana saheb(3 Peshwa) lost Third Battle of Panipat 24 Jan 1761 against Ahmed Shah Durrani(Afghanistan)
- His son Vishas rao died in that battle
- Then His another Son Madhav Rao became Peshwa and recovered few territories he had lost

- British were in tension to see Maratha Power Growing
- When Madhav Rao died there was struggle for the head between.
- Brother of Madhav Rao, Narayan Rao became Peshwa but his uncle Raghunath Rao wanted to.
- Raghunath went to British and Gave them two territories Salsette and Bassein in return British gave him 2500 Soldiers : **Treaty of Surat 1775**
- British and Raghunath Rao attacked the Peshwa and won
- British Calcutta Council under Warren Hastings changed the Treaty and Signed new **Treaty of Purandar 1776**, Between Calcutta Council and Maratha Minister **Nana Phadnavis** and Raghunath Rao was cheated
- Raghunath Rao was given pension and Salsette was taken by British
- British Centre at Bombay Violated this Treaty and Helped Raghunath Rao

• In 1777 Nana Phadnavis Not considering this treaty allotted a port at west coast to French, This made British Angry

- British Moved their force towards Pune and there was a battle at Wadgaon Between Maratha and British in which Maratha under **Mahadji Shinde** Won.

British Presidency of Bombay was forced to Sign **the Treaty of Wadgaon in 1779**. English has to return all the territories captured by them and additional ₹41K as fine to Mahadji Shinde
(Raghunath Rao was imprisoned)

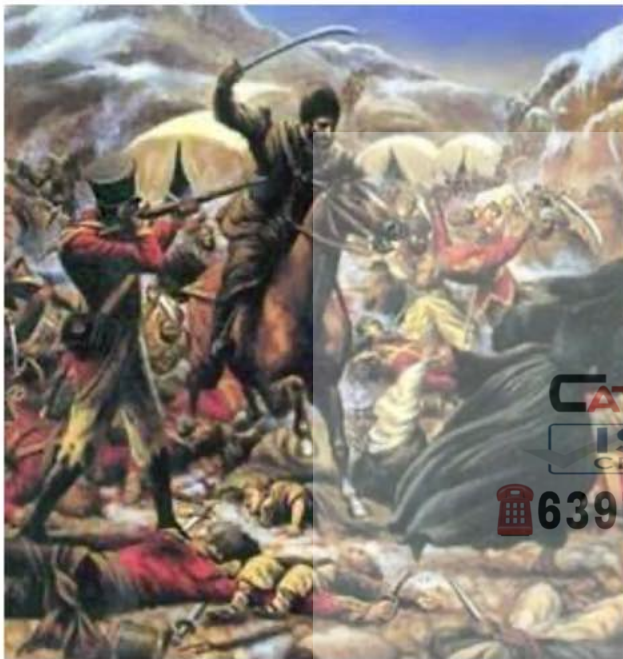
- Warren Hastings said that Bombay Presidency has no legal right to sign any treaty & sent forces from Bengal which defeated Mahadji Shinde resulting into another Treaty
- After that few more battles were taken place resulting into **Treaty of Salbai 1782**

Results: British retain some territories like Salsette and Broach, Also get Guarantee from Maratha that they will take British Possessions back from Hyder Ali.

Also British asked Maratha not to give any territory to French.

British Accepted Madhav Rao-2(S/O Narayana Rao as Peshwa)

Second Anglo Maratha War(1803-05)



Anglo-Maratha War



After Tipu Sultan Death the only Powerful people in South were Marathas

At that time maratha power consist of 5 Chief groups And they have internal Problems btw themselves

FIVE MAJOR CHIEFS OF MARATHA CONFEDERACY



PESHWAS
(PUNE)



GAEKWADS
(BARODA)



HOLKARS
(INDORE)



SCINDIAS
(GWALIOR)



BHONSLES
(NAGPUR)

After that death of Madhav Rao-2 ,Bajirao-2 S/O raghunath Rao was made Peshwa .

Battle of Poona 1802 : Yashwant Rao holker of Indore defeated the Peshwas and Scindia's

Bajirao-2 asked British for help and signed **Treaty of Bassein** with them,Gave them Bassein and allowed British forces to stay there for help

But Scindias and bhosale not accepted this Treaty resulting into **Second Anglo Maratha War 1803.**

Later Holkars also joined the War against British but Everyone Failed as British Army defeated all of them.

Scindia Signed **Treaty of Surji-Anjan gaon-1803**

TREATY OF SURJI-ANJANGAON IN 1803



SCINDIAS
(GWALIOR)

- ROHTAK
- GANGA-YAMUNA DOAB
- GURGAON
- DELHI AGRA REGION
- BROACH
- BUNDELKHAND
- AHMEDNAGAR FORT


Bhosle Signed Treaty of Deogaon in 1803

TREATY OF DEOGAON IN 1803

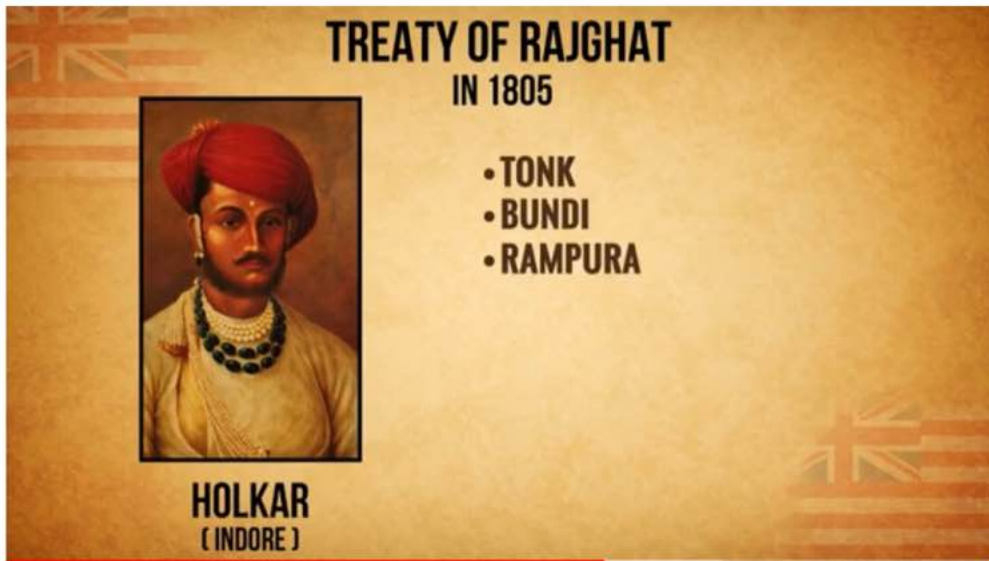


BHONSLE
(NAGPUR)

- CUTTACK
- BALASORE
- WEST OF WARDHA RIVER

 **6397788939**

Holkar signed Treaty of Rajghat 1805



Third Anglo Maratha War(1817-1818)



Last attempt from Maratha to get back everything which they have lost to British in second war as they were irritated with British Interference in there internal Matters

The Major reason of this War was British Issues with Pindaris and British felt that Marathas are supporting them

Except Scindia all Maratha Groups get together to Attack on British



Daulat Rao Scindia of Gwalior remain Neutral in this War.

British defeated all of them in series of Battles like Peshwa was defeated in Battle of Khadki and Koregaon

After War **Treaty of Gwalior 1817** was signed where Scindia had to give away Rajasthan to British, Prince of Rajputs were nominal head of state **Treaty of Mandsaur was signed Between British and Holkar in 1818, Infant was make the Ruler**

Peshwa surrendered in 1818 and he was removed and pension was allotted to him

Most of Peshwa territory became part of Bombay presidency..His Adopted son Nanasaheb was one of the leader in Revolt of 1857.

This Third war Ended Maratha Power and all the Maratha Territories were surrendered to British

"Maratha Lost because they dont even have unity among themselves" Neither they understand the political strength of British

