LeetCode SQL Problem Solving Questions With Solutions

LeetCode SQL Solutions

175. Combine Two Tables | Easy | LeetCode

Table: Person

| TEXT | | | | |
|------|-------------|---|---------|---|
| + | | + | | + |
| | Column Name | | Туре | |
| + | | + | | + |
| | PersonId | | int | |
| | FirstName | | varchar | |
| | LastName | | varchar | |
| + | | | | |

PersonId is the primary key column for this table.

Table: Address

```
text

+----+
| Column Name | Type |
+----+
| AddressId | int |
| PersonId | int |
| City | varchar |
| State | varchar |
+----+
AddressId is the primary key column for this table.
```

Write a SQL query for a report that provides the following information for each person in the Person table, regardless if there is an address for each of those people:

```
TEXT
FirstName, LastName, City, State
```

Solution

```
SELECT p.FirstName, p.LastName, a.City, a.State
FROM Person p
LEFT JOIN Address a
ON p.PersonId = a.PersonId;
```

176. Second Highest Salary | Easy | LeetCode

Write a SQL query to get the second highest salary from the Employee table.

For example, given the above Employee table, the query should return 200 as the second highest salary. If there is no second highest salary, then the query should return null.

Solution

```
#Solution 1:

SELECT Max(Salary) SecondHighestSalary

FROM Employee WHERE Salary < (SELECT MAX(Salary) FROM Employee)

#Solution 2:

WITH CTE AS (SELECT DISTINCT Salary

FROM Employee

ORDER BY Salary DESC

LIMIT 2)

SELECT Salary as SecondHighestSalary

FROM CTE

ORDER BY Salary Asc

LIMIT 1;
```