

# Power of Two

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Check if a number is a power of two using bit manipulation.

## Power of Two (Bit Manipulation)

### Problem

Given an integer **n**, check whether it is a **power of 2**.

A number is a power of two if:

1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, ...

These numbers have **only ONE ‘1’** in their binary form.

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### Key Bit Trick

## Important Property

For any power of 2:

$n \& (n - 1) == 0$

## Why this works?

Example:

$n = 8 \rightarrow 1000$

$n-1=7 \rightarrow 0111$

1000

0111

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0000

Because a power of 2 has only one set bit.

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## Algorithm Steps

1. Number must be **positive**
2. Check:

```
(n & (n - 1)) == 0
```

## Java Code

```
public class PowerOfTwo {  
  
    public static boolean isPowerOfTwo(int n) {  
        // Step 1: number must be positive  
        if (n <= 0) return false;  
  
        // Step 2: bit manipulation trick  
        return (n & (n - 1)) == 0;  
    }  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int n = 16;  
  
        if (isPowerOfTwo(n))  
            System.out.println(n + " is a Power of Two");  
        else
```

```
        System.out.println(n + " is NOT a Power of Two");  
    }  
}
```